"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair to-day and Sunday; light to moderate west winds.
For full weather report see Page 20.

VOL. LX...NO. 19,460. * * * NEW YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 6, 1911.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. Elsewhere. TWO CENTS.

BRITISH STATE AID TO HELP ALL LABOR

Lloyd-George Hopes to Embrace Every Section of Workers in His Insurance Plan.

ITS BENEFITS TO WOMEN

Chancellor Foresees an Uplift of the Medical Profession by Its Means, and Much Less Illness.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 5.—Mr. Lloyd-George is extremely pleased with the reception accorded his Insurance bill, which, by common consent, is the largest application of State Socialism ever attempted by any country. The Chancellor hopes, as he says in an interview which will be printed in The Daily Mail to-morrow, to build the measure up to a structure of vital reform affecting the life of the entire nation. It is to be extended till it embraces every section of the working population.

"Will domestic servants be included in its operation?" he was asked.

"They will," the Chancellor said. "Each servant will have her card, and 6d. (12 cents) in stamps must be affixed to it each week, 3d. coming from the servant and 3d. from the employer. When she changes places she will take the card with her. She will join one of the approved friendly societies, her card standing for her subscription to it, and in case of sickness she will receive free medical attendance and medicine, a sickness allowance of 7s. 6d. a week for the first three months, and 5s. a week for the next three months, just like any other woman.

"There is a provision in regard to domestic servants and certain other women which I ought to have mentioned in my speech. Take the case of a servant who marries young. When she marries she drops her contributions and ceases to receive sick benefits unless her husband is State insured, in which case she would, when occasion arose, receive a maternity allowance; but if she becomes a widow, at whatever age, and resumes work, she can instantly resume her contributions at exactly the same rate as when a young woman, and receive the same benefits as before. She may be 50 years of age, at which friendly societies would not accept her under present conditions. That makes no difference. We accept her at the same rate as if she were 16."

"Does that apply only to domestic servants?"

Working Girls and Clerks Included.

"By no means. A typist, shopgirl, restaurant girl, Lancashire factory girl, and other girls under the same scale will all get the same terms.

"Clerks also come under the sickness benefit scheme. In this respect ours is an improvement on the German scheme, for the Germans are only at the stage of contemplating the inclusion of clerks."

"Does a charwoman, shoeblack, or a hawker come in?"

"That is a kind of case very difficult to deal with. We hope to include such people in proportion, but many of them, I am afraid, will have to be excluded. Who employs them? Who is to pay their 3d. a week? Somebody must. If they can do it themselves, well and good; but it is to be feared that in many cases they cannot. Wherever we can bring them in we shall.

"A golf club will be regarded as the employer of its caddies, for instance, and pay its employes' contribution. Small tradesmen can come in. A cobbler, suburban dressmaker, and village blacksmith can come in. I can well imagine that many small tradesmen will think it worth while to join for the sake of the advantages of a well-organized and well-controlled scheme of State assistance. In a time of illness, a shopkeeper, clerk, artisan, and laborer are all treated alike."

"What is the position of a boy under 16 who is at work?"

"We collect from him. We collect from everybody who is at work, whatever his age, unless it be over 65. A lad under 16 receives, in case of illness, free doctoring and medicine, and the benefits of a sanatorium if he becomes consumptive. We invest the money we receive from the young practically for the benefit of the young, and they receive the advantage of it later. Say that a lad joins at 15. The benefit accrues to him when he is 31, just when, in all probability, he is married and bringing up a young family."

Lloyd-George denied that the scheme would result in the creation of a great number of new officials.

Scheme Not Bureaucratic.

"Its great advantage is that it is not bureaucratic. The bulk of the work falls upon approved friendly societies. Naturally we must have a few officials to superintend their operations; but it will not be necessary for us to engage an army of officers in London and throughout the provinces to administer the funds. It will be done by the societies themselves, and that is a part of the scheme to which I am very much attached. This is entirely a matter for the societies themselves. What they spend in salaries they cannot have in benefits, and the amount of the benefits offered by the various societies will create a healthy rivalry between them.

"The plan therefore combines the advantages of State control with that

Continued on Page 3.

ONE SHANLEY'S TO CLOSE.

Business of Old Times Square Restaurant to be Transferred to the New.

The doors of Shanley's old restaurant in Times Square will be finally closed to-night and the business will be transferred to the new restaurant on the opposite side of the square, which was opened in last November.

Shanley Brothers started their restaurant business in this city twenty years ago at Sixth Avenue and Twenty-third Street. The venture was so successful that a year later a place was opened at Thirtieth Street and Broadway. Then when Oscar Hammerstein came to Forty-second Street and Broadway the Shanleys came with him and for a long time theirs was the only first-class restaurant in the neighborhood. It very soon became the evening haunt of Tammany politicians, including "Big Tim," "Little Tim," Richard Croker, Andrew Freedman, and others, who gave their dinner parties there.

Tom Shanley, head of the firm of Shanley Brothers, said last night that the lease had expired long ago and the restaurant since then had been rented from month to month.

The "old guard" will be in force for the last dinner to-morrow night, and when the doors close at midnight will fall in line and march across the square to the new restaurant headed by the orchestra.

TIRED OF BEING AN ALDERMAN

Nothing in It, Says Finley, and Back to Police Force for Him.

Alderman Finley believes that he would rather be a policeman than a "city father," and has asked the assistance of the Legislature to help him make the change. The Alderman is a Hearst man and is serving his first term as the representative in the Thirty-fourth District, the Bronx, one of the largest in the city. He is a plumber and used to be a policeman, having resigned from the force in 1902. Under the law he can only be reinstated by the permission of the Legislature. A personal bill to this end has been introduced by Assemblyman Egan.

"What is there in being a cop?" asked the Alderman yesterday. "The salary of an Alderman is $2,000 and I will get only $1,400 if I go back on the force, but what is $2,000 when you have taken out the price of picture show tickets and what you have to spend in buying drinks and cigars for your constituents and helping out the poor in the district? There's nothing in it, and I would rather be back 'pounding the pavement' any day.

"I guess I am too honest to be an Alderman. Some of them seem to make a good living and something else besides out of it, but I can't do it. It's the force for me."

SAVES HETTY GREEN'S RENT.

Her Son Thanks Janitor and Tells of Marriage Offers.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, May 5.—Col. E. H. R. Green, son of Hetty Green, went this afternoon with a real estate man to his mother's property at 324 North Third Street, and arranged to collect $1,400 over-due rent for the last seven months. He had a glass of beer in Albert Tolstrups's bar in the building, posed with the janitor for a photograph and departed.

Col. Green complimented J. C. Hossing, the janitor, on his faithfulness in sticking to the work without pay, and in spending $5 to have ashes hauled away. He assured Hossing he could keep the job.

"We might have worried about it if the building had been occupied by rich persons," said Green. "They are the hardest to collect from. The worst tenant we have of any of our properties in the United States is worth $10,000,000. It is almost impossible to get him to pay his rent promptly.

"By the way, I am still getting letters from women who want to marry me. I don't know just how that thing started, but some newspaper printed that I wanted a wife, and the mails have been groaning under the burden of letters to me ever since. One girl in Cincinnati writes regularly once a week. She has reached the point now where she calls me lovey-dovey and darling.

"She said in her last letter that she knew I must be busy caring for 'our money,' but that she hoped I would soon find time to run over and marry her."

RECEIVES $200,000 ALIMONY.

Part for Mrs. Case Is in Insurance, the Rest in Yearly Payments.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 5.—By the terms of a divorce decree, signed to-day, Mrs. Isabel Case was awarded alimony which will aggregate $200,000 in twenty years. The decree runs against Elmer G. Case, Secretary of the Case & Martin Pie Company. Mrs. Case was granted the custody of two children and $5,000 a year. Case was also ordered to pay the yearly premium on a $100,000 endowment policy, which has twenty years to run and which is made out in favor of Mrs. Case.

The $5,000 yearly payments are to cease in twenty years when the policy comes due, by which time Case will have paid $100,000 in alimony, and Mrs. Case will have received $200,000.

The alimony agreement which was attached to the decree is the largest on record in the Cook County courts. Mrs. Case obtained her divorce on the testimony of detectives, who had followed her husband and a young woman to several hotels.

R. B. Roosevelt Estate Fire-Swept.

SAYVILLE, L. I., May 5.—Fire swept this afternoon over a portion of the Lotus Lake estate of the late Robert B. Roosevelt, uncle of Col. Roosevelt. The estate is now the property of Robert B. Roosevelt, Jr., and John E. Roosevelt. The fire started at the railroad track, which is not far from the house, and swept the south and west slopes of the hill. The flames reached within seventy-five feet of the house before they were got under control. The Sayville Fire Department and all the farmers in the neighborhood battled with the flames. Many fine pine trees were destroyed.

Pinkerton Man Joins Dougherty.

George H. Young, 315 West 143d Street, was sworn in yesterday as secretary to Second Deputy Commissioner George S. Dougherty at Police Headquarters by Commissioner Cropsey. Mr. Young has been with the Pinkerton agency for five years, during the last two years of which he was assistant to Mr. Dougherty. His salary will be $3,000.

A SUMMER APPETIZER—A teaspoonful of Horsford's Acid Phosphate in a glass of water stimulates appetite and quenches thirst.—Adv.

HOE SALE, FIRST PART, BRINGS IN $997,363

Just Missed a Million by a Mistake Which Caused Return of a Book Sold for $3,000.

SMITH INVESTED $523,007

Paid $10,000 for a Book Which Previously Sold for $250—Part II. at Auction in November.

Through an error in the cataloguing of Part I. of the Robert Hoe library sale, which ended yesterday afternoon, the receipts fell slightly below $1,000,000. The error consisted in crediting to one issue of a book, published at Amsterdam in 1655, an early view of New York, whereas the view is in another edition of the same work. The item was therefore withdrawn. It is believed that the book with the map would have brought $3,000 at least.

As it was the grand total reached $997,363. The day's single session brought $42,876. The attendance was good, and the competition keen. Some of those who had been most conspicuous in the other sessions were, however, absent, among them being Miss Greene, J. Pierpont Morgan's librarian; Bernard Quaritch of London, Dr. L. A. Berg of Frankfort-on-Main, and Mme. Theophile Belin of Paris. George D. Smith, who has been at every session day and night from the start to the finish, occupied his usual seat in the first row in the auction hall, and Henry E. Huntington, as usual, was at his side. Smith's purchases total $523,007, or more than one-half of the entire receipts.

In this account are probably included the Gutenberg Bible and whatever other books he bought for Mr. Huntington. The total of Bernard Quaritch's purchases is about $90,000, which includes some of the rarities, which he is credited with having bought for J. Pierpont Morgan.

The highest price yesterday was $10,000 paid by Smith for a fine copy of John Winthrop's "Declaration of Former Passages and Proceedings betwixt the English and the Narrowgansetts with their Confederates," published at Cambridge, Mass., in 1645 by John Daye. It is the first book on a historical subject, printed in English America, and, chronologically, the third surviving example of Daye's press at Cambridge. It is of great rarity, being one of only four known copies, two of which are in public institutions.

New England made a short effort to get this rarity. George E. Littlefield of Boston and George Parker Winship of the John Carter Brown Library of Providence, R. I., took a prominent part in the struggle for its possession. Mr. Winship himself bid up to $2,000 and another representative of the library hung on until three times that sum was offered. Mr. Littlefield kept at it until the bidding reached $4,000, when he quit. Dodd & Livingston, Frederick W. Morris, and Mr. Smith continued the contest until Mr. Smith got up to $10,000. This quieted the others. This is a new record price with a vengeance, the previous record, it is said, being only $250.

Another new record was established by a copy of "Les Euvres" of Francois Villon, Paris, 1532, for which Smith paid $3,800. It brought about $3,000 at the sale of Baron de la Roch-Lacarelle's library. For a first French edition of "Miroir Historical," Paris, 1495, Mr. Smith gave $900. It is a work remarkable on account of its typographical precision and beauty.

One of the most interesting volumes sold yesterday was a copy of William Wycherley's "Miscellany Poems," London, 1704, an autograph presentation copy from the author. On the fly leaf, in his handwriting, is the inscription: "For ye Ayrse lady in Kent. Mrs. Jane Twisden, from her most humble servant, W. Wycherley." On the same fly leaf is a curious manuscript copy of twenty-two lines "To Mrs. Twisden on the above written compliment of the critick." This book was knocked down for $2,000 (Smith.)

A copy of the seventh edition by Hawkins of Walton's "Complete Angler," London, 1808, extra illustrated, brought $1,150 (Smith), and a splendid extra illustrated copy of the Pickering edition of the same work, London, 1836, $2,300 (Hill). Smith paid $875 for a work published in London in 1590, with this odd title:

"A Warning for Faire Women, Containing the most tragicall and lamentable Murther of Master George Sanders of London, Marchant, nigh Shootershill, consented unto by his owne wife, acted by M. Browne, Mistress Drewry and Trusty Roger, agents therein: with their severall ends. As it hath beene lately diverse times acted by the right Honorable, the Lord Chamberlaine, his servantes."

Huth catalogue in describing this rarity says: "It has been strenuously asserted by some writers that Shakespeare must have had some hand in the composition of this remarkable old play, but the proposition has been as strenuously denied by others."

A copy of the privately printed "Otia Sacra Optima Fides," by Mildmay Fane, Earl of Westmoreland, sold for $1,000, (Smith.) A first edition of "A Two Years' Journal in New York by C. W.," (Charles Wolley,) London, 1701, one of the rarest books relating to New York City, sold for $2,400, (Smith.) Charles Wolley, or Wooley, accompanied Sir Edmund Andros, Governor of New York, to America in 1678. William Wood's "New England's Prospect," with the rare wood cut map, "The South Part of New England as it is Planted this Yeare, 1635," brought $425, (Smith.)

The sale was conducted by Daniel R. Kennedy, who has presided at fifteen of the nineteen sessions of Part I. Major E. S. Turner made a few remarks toward the close of the day, in which he said that there would come a time when the prices paid at this sale, instead of being thought "absurd," would be considered cheap; that, by the provisions of Robert Hoe's will, the entire library was to be dispersed at public sale, not a single book being disposed of at private sale, the seven heirs being obliged to come like every one else to the auction room and bid for any books they wanted. This sale, he declared, would lead to a revision of values, and he mentioned the time when a Caxton sold for only a shilling and $100 was considered an "absurd" price for a Gutenberg Bible.

One of the interesting incidents of the sale is the fact that it is probably the first ever made the subject of a wireless message. Mr. Winship of the John Carter Brown Library, who made an extended tour through Mexico, left the United States before the date of the Hoe sale was announced. He thought it would begin some time in May. Catalogues were mailed to him, but he did not receive them. He was anxious to be present at the dispersal of the library.

He was aboard the Seguranca last week, bound from Havana to New York. The vessel had sailed but a short distance from Hanava Harbor, when a wireless was received aboard, announcing the sale of the Gutenberg Bible to Henry E. Huntington for $50,000, and also Mr. Huntington's purchase of the E. D. Church library.

Capt. J. E. Jones of the Seguranca, instead of stopping at Nassau, as usual, made a straight and quick line for New York, arriving here two days sooner than he otherwise would have done, and enabling Mr. Winship to be present at last Friday's session of the Hoe sale.

As announced in THE TIMES of yesterday Part II. will be sold next November, Part III. in January or February, 1912, and Part IV. in March or April following.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 5.—Together with other book treasures, the Yale Library has obtained at the Robert Hoe sale in New York a number of first editions of English and French classical works and an autograph letter of Benjamin Franklin, relating to the establishment of a book shop and printing office in this city. The purchases were made from funds subscribed by Yale graduates for the purpose.

HAS THE ARK BEEN FOUND?

The most novel hunt for treasure on record, which may become an international "incident." See to-morrow's SUNDAY TIMES

AMERICAN ICE CO. OUT OF BUSINESS HERE

Voluntarily Cancels All Its Contracts—Ends State's Dissolution Suit.

FORM TWO NEW COMPANIES

Knickerbocker Ice Co. to Distribute Natural and Ice Manufacturing Co. to Control Artificial Products.

The American Ice Company, a New Jersey corporation capitalized at $22,500,000, suspended operation in the State of New York yesterday, and all its ice-distributing business here was taken over by the Knickerbocker Ice Company. The President of the old company, Wesley M. Oler, was retained as President of the new corporation. The manufacturing plants of the corporation will have a separate existence under the name of The Ice Manufacturing Company.

The effect of the order is far-reaching. In the main, it releases all the small ice concerns which were under contract with the trust to freely compete in the manufacture and distribution of ice, and prevents the American Ice Company from bringing any action upon such contracts, agreements, or arrangements. It restores them, practically, to the same position they occupied before the contracts with the American Ice Company were made.

Should the American Ice Company apply for a license to do business within this State, or undertake to enforce any of the contracts, agreements, or combinations, mentioned in the original suit against the corporation, the order provides that the Attorney General may apply without notice for a permanent injunction restraining the corporation from doing any business here.

This action on the part of the court was satisfactory to the defendants, it is asserted, in a resolution filed with the papers. This resolution passed by the Directors of the American Ice Company on March 7 last declared that:

Whereas, Although counsel have advised that, in their opinion, the court has no authority to enter any decree canceling the license of the defendant to do business within this State, it is deemed desirable in the interest of a satisfactory conduct of its business and of avoiding expenditure of the time and money necessary to defend the pending action of People vs. American Ice Company, now on the calendar for trial, for the company to voluntarily request the cancellation of its license to do business in this State, upon the understanding and condition that it will not again apply for any such license, and to transfer its property in this State to other corporation or corporations, omitting therefrom the benefit of any contracts—though the same have already expired—which, it is claimed by the plaintiff in this action, together constitute a restraint of trade by prohibiting persons from engaging freely in the ice business or in any branch thereof; therefore be it

Resolved, That the officers of this company are authorized to make and do forthwith make to the Secretary of State of the State of New York application for the cancellation of its license.

In all their answers to complaints, the attorneys for the American Ice Company, Davies, Auerbach, Cornell & Barry, and Frank R. Savidge, John B. Stanchfield and Joseph S. Auerbach of counsel, joining in the consent to apply for the cancellation of the license, insist that their consent was given without admission that the defendant has been guilty of violating any statute, criminal or civil. President Oler made this statement.

The growth of the Manufacturing Department of the American Ice Company in New York has made it desirable for the company to segregate that department from its distributing and natural ice department, so for more than a year its officers have planned to separate its New York department into two companies.

With this end in view, there was organized a domestic corporation to take over the manufacturing department; at the same time assuming the name of the Knickerbocker Ice Company in its natural and distributing department.

With the desire, if possible, to settle the suit then pending between the State and it, which had for years been a source of large expenditure in money and time, to both the State and the company, its officers entered into negotiations with the Attorney General to bring about such settlement, in view of the fact that the contracts complained of had all expired or been voluntarily canceled, and the makers permitted full liberty of re-entering into competition and in further view of the proposed voluntary withdrawal of the company from the State.

These negotiations were extended into the term of Mr. Carmody, the present Attorney General, who called in James W. Osborne, who had conducted the prosecution of the ice company on behalf of the State. The negotiations resulted in a settlement of this protracted litigation.

It may tend to remove a popular misconception, when it is stated that the basis of the litigation was a number of bills of sale, entered into by a former administration in the years 1899 and 1900, containing a ten-year restrictive clause, with which the present administration had nothing whatever to do, and voluntarily canceled those that had not already expired.

No alteration in the capitalization of either the American Ice Company or the American Ice Securities Company, or their financial interests is occasioned by these changes.

"Will this reorganization raise the price of ice?" President Oler was asked.

"No," he replied.

"Has the recent $3,000,000 bond issue, redeemable at par in 1914, any bearing on this reorganization?"

"None whatever; they are all on the market, and there is nothing the matter with them," he replied.

All the old wagons of the old company appeared on the streets yesterday in new hues and bearing the name Knickerbocker Ice Company. In the offices of the company, at Broadway and Thirty-first Street, doors and windows still bore the signs of the American Ice Company, however, and the elevator boy, when asked where the offices of the Knickerbocker Ice Company were, said that there was no such concern in the building.

"The American Ice Company owns all the ice in this town, and if you want any ice, I guess its the twelfth floor you want," he said.

ALBANY, May 5.—Attorney General Carmody said to-night that the State has not discontinued its civil suit against the American Ice Company in connection with the order entered in the Supreme Court in New York. Former Attorney General William S. Jackson instituted an action against the company on behalf of the State to cancel the company's certificate, alleging that it had entered into a conspiracy in restraint of trade. In June, 1908, indictments were found against the company for the same offense, conviction followed, and a fine of $5,000 was imposed, from which the company appealed.

"The order entered to-day, said Attorney General Carmody, "canceled all of the contracts alleged to have been in restraint of trade as well as the certificate of the company. It is further provided in the order that all rights, privileges, and franchises of the company to do business in the State of New York be canceled, and the company be forever prohibited from doing business in the State.

"All the relief asked for in the complaint in the civil action has been accomplished and the company agrees to abandon the appeal in criminal proceedings and pay the $5,000 fine.

COME-ON SETS TRAP FOR WIRE TAPPERS

Leads Police to "Poolroom" Where Men Run Wildly Around, Betting Thousands.

THIRTEEN "PLAYERS" SEIZED

Many Known in Rogues' Gallery—McDonald of Philadelphia Shows He's No "Easy Mark."

Thirteen men were locked up in Police Headquarters early last evening charged with having attempted to swindle by means of the old wire-tapping game, a wealthy contractor and builder of Philadelphia and Camden, N. J. According to the police the thirteen compose a band of wire-tappers than whom none more skillful or notorious has operated in this city since the days of old Chris Tracey, known as the King of Wiretappers. Several of the thirteen have police records, and their photographs and Bertillon measurements are on file in Police Headquarters.

The capture of the band was brought about, according to the police, by Charles McDonald, the builder they attempted to swindle. From the time that he was approached first by a member of the gang, Mr. McDonald said last night, he had realized the swindle that was being attempted, and had pretended ignorance solely to enable him to trap the whole band.

"They thought they had an easy mark from Philadelphia," laughed Mr. McDonald last night. "Why, I've owned runners as well as trotters and pacers. There's nothing about this racing game I don't know from actual experience. It struck me as funny at first that any one should try to swindle me, but then I suddenly decided I'd teach these chaps a lesson. Next time I guess they'll be careful who they monkey with."

It was just a week ago to-morrow, Mr. McDonald said, that he had been approached by a member of the gang.

"I had spent Saturday and part of Sunday in Atlantic City, and was crossing the ferry from Camden to Philadelphia late Sunday afternoon to keep an engagement," he said, "when a man on the boat struck up a conversation with me. He asked me first what city it was we were approaching. I thought he couldn't be as green as he pretended to be, but I told him it was Philadelphia and waited for more developments. They came quick enough."

In the short ride across the ferry, Mr. McDonald said, his new acquaintance had told him that he controlled the racing wires of the telegraph companies, and was able to hold up information from the various race tracks for as long as eight minutes. That was long enough to get a bet down, the man said, and he needed only a few thousand dollars to make himself independently wealthy by playing sure things in the poolrooms. He gave his name as McCormick, and said he was going to stop at the Hotel Walton in Philadelphia. Then the boat made its slip, and he and Mr. McDonald parted.

On Monday the builder made a hurried trip to Norfolk, returning on Wednesday morning. He learned then from his bookkeeper that a Mr. McCormick had telephoned to him. Angered by the persistency of the man Mr. McDonald determined to trap him. When McCormick telephoned again Mr. McDonald made an appointment to meet him and then arranged to visit New York, taking the train which reached here at 11:03 o'clock Thursday morning.

These arrangements made, Mr. McDonald hurried home, packed his bag, and caught a train which got him to this city on Wednesday night. He put up at the Hotel Langham, in Twenty-eighth Street, and early Thursday morning he visited Inspector Russell at the Detective Bureau.

"These fellows can't tell me anything about the racing game and they can't get any of my money while I'm alive and well," he told the Inspector. "I've got plenty of money to make a bluff and see this being through, and all I want from you is a couple of good men to make the arrests when I give the word."

Inspector Russell assigned Detectives McKenna and Cassassa to work with Mr. McDonald and the contractor hurried back to his hotel to await the arrival of McCormick. The latter, according to the builder, arrived on time and then they began a tour of the town. McCormick took the builder to a place in Sixty-sixth Street, which he said was a big poolroom where only thousand dollar bets were taken, but at the door, which was opened on a chain, the doorkeeper said that there was no play as the police were watching the place.

The place, according to Mr. McDonald, was no poolroom, and had been arranged just for his visit. He allowed himself to be led to another place in Sixty-fourth Street, where he was told the game was run by J. M. Mahoney, famous in former days as the head of a syndicate of poolrooms. This place he and McCormick finally entered and laid a small bet of $20, on which they won $12. The visit was simply to satisfy McDonald that the place was all right, and then he and McCormick went down to a place in West Twenty-ninth Street, where McDonald says McCormick, with a great show of secrecy, revealed to him a big box from which scores of telegraph wires ran, and told him that these were the wires over which the racing news was circulated.

"By grounding these for a few minutes I can hold up the returns," McCormick told him, according to Mr. McDonald. "You see how easy it is for me."

Mr. McDonald declared that he was perfectly satisfied with the arrangements, and after it had been agreed that all bets should be divided equally between himself and McCormick, he took leave of his new friend, agreeing to meet him yesterday afternoon outside the Hotel Breslin.

Yesterday morning, after telling the detectives everything that had transpired, Mr. McDonald drew $1,400 from his bank and then altered the stub in his check book to make it appear that he had drawn $21,400. He got two $500 bills and the rest of the money in $5 bills and then prepared a roll with a $500 bill on inside and outside, so that it seemed as if there were easily $21,000 in the roll.

Equipped with this Mr. McDonald awaited McCormick, and when he arrived started uptown with him in a taxicab. Behind in other taxicabs rode Detectives McKenna, Cassassa, Cray, Savage, Mugge, Rattus, Gaynor, and Toner. They visited a restaurant in Broadway between Sixtieth and Sixty-first Street, and about 5:30 o'clock rode to 29 West Sixty-first Street, where the watching detectives saw Mr. McDonald and McCormick alight from their cab and enter.

It had been the plan of the detectives to await a signal from Mr. McDonald before making an arrest, but after he had entered the detectives feared that he might be robbed of the $1,400, and so McKenna bounded up the steps when the door had scarcely shut behind Mr. McDonald and demanded admission. The doorkeeper slammed the door in his face, but McKenna shoved his right hand through the glass panel and snapped the lock. Then he burst in with his revolver in his hand, and shoving it into the face of the doorkeeper, threatened to kill him if he resisted. The man stood still while the rest of the detectives entered, and then the eight passed into a big room on the first floor.

According to the detectives, the place

Continued on Page 5.

RECORD BIDS FOR PICTURES.

Botticelli Panel Brings $108,950 at Christie's—A Pieta Sells for $64,575.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 5.—Auction mania appeared in London to-day, when there was some record bidding at Christie's for pictures of the Italian schools.

Prof. Langton Douglas paid 19,800 guineas (about $108,950) for a panel of the St. Zenobius series by Botticelli, and Mr. Sully bid 12,300 guineas (about $64,575) for a Pieta signed "Andreas Martenea," but catalogued as by Vittore Carpaccio on the strength of a similarly signed picture from the same hand in the Berlin Museum, which, on quite insufficient grounds, has been labeled a Carpaccio.

Several other pictures of problematic origin fetched high prices, the present market being such that values are hardly affected by questions as to authenticity.

The pictures were from the collection of the late Sir William Abdy.

MORGAN GIFT TO LOUVRE.

Financier Presents It with an Enamel of St. Demetrius.

PARIS, May 5.—J. P. Morgan has presented the Louvre with an enamel of St. Demetrius, one of the ten Byzantine enamels which he acquired recently from the Zvenigorodskoi collection.

The Curator of the Louvre, which did not possess a specimen of the early period of the craft, was seeking an opportunity to buy one, when Mr. Morgan heard of his quest and made the gift.

PEACHES OLD AS THE BRIDE

Served at the Kusinki-Buswell Wedding Instead of Wine.

ELYRIA, Ohio, May 5.—Instead of serving wine to guests at the weddings of her daughters, Mrs. J. J. Buswell of this city substitutes preserved peaches. Whenever the stork left a girl at the Buswell home Mrs. Buswell preserved a can of peaches in honor of the occasion, the name of the child, with the date the fruit was sealed, being on the jar.

This week Miss Grace Marion Buswell became the bride of John K. Kusinki of Berea, and the mother served the twenty-one-year-old peaches to the wedding guests. There are three other jars stored in the Buswell home for future brides.

FOUNDING A JEWISH COLONY.

Jacob H. Schiff Backs Plan to Buy 20,000 Acres in New Mexico.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBUQUERQUE, New Mexico, May 5.—Jacob H. Schiff is backing the movement to found a strong colony of Jewish farmers in New Mexico, according to J. Herbst and B. Brown, who arrived from Santa Fé to-night, accompanied by Robert P. Ervien, Territorial Commissioner of Public Lands.

Messrs. Brown and Herbst are preparing to purchase 20,000 acres of land, upon which they propose to settle some 200 Jewish farmers, to be brought here from the East. The land will be divided into small farms, which will be sold the colonists on installments, with low interest on deferred payments.

The American Agricultural Association, it is understood, is also indorsing the proposition.

GRAND TRUNK BILL SIGNED.

Gives Road Access to Tidewater at Providence Over Its Own Tracks.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 5.—Grand Trunk Railway's fight for a right of way to tidewater terminal in this city was definitely won late to-day, when Gov. Pothier signed a bill which provides for access by the Grand Trunk to its proposed docks, over and under the tracks of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad. The bill had been mutually agreed upon by Grand Trunk and New Haven interests.

It is expected that the Southern New England, under whose charter the Grand Trunk will build, will immediately file articles of incorporation and begin construction of its roadbed from Palmer, Mass., where it will join the Central Vermont, another Grand Trunk subsidiary, to the Providence waterfront.

By the terms of the agreement between the rival interests, the New Haven will defray the expense of construction of the tunnel under its tracks. At another point there will be a grade crossing.

$500,000 FOR NATIONAL SONG.

Chicago Board of Education President Has Plan for Such a Prize.

CHICAGO, May 5.—Half a million dollars will be raised as a prize for the composer of a song that shall arouse the patriotism of the nation, if the plans of Dr. J. B. McFatrich, President of the Board of Education, materialize.

Dr. McFatrich has a plan by which every section of the country would have an opportunity to compete in the contest. He believes that this can be brought about in the near future, with the assistance of school boards and other local organizations. Every school child in America will be asked to contribute a penny to the fund for the best National anthem.

Each community will hold its own contest, the local winner to receive half of the amount raised by that community. The remainder of the sum will be forwarded to the headquarters of a National association.

When an anthem finally is selected from among the thousands expected to be submitted, Congress will be asked to declare it the National anthem.

SAYS WIFE BOSSED HIS ROAD.

Disorganized Entire Force, Testifies Railway Manager in Divorce Suit.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, May 5.—How a woman was alleged to have disorganized the entire working force of a railroad was told to-day in Judge Kinzy's court in the hearing of a suit for divorce entered by John T. Fredrick, General Manager of the Missouri Southern Railroad, who obtained the decree he sought. The railroad starts at Leeper, Mo., and runs through the sawmill belt in Southeastern Missouri. The Fredricks were married in April, 1910, and separated in October, after Fredrick, according to his testimony, brought his wife to St. Louis to prevent her from stopping the wheels of progress in Southeast Missouri.

"The railroad company built a clubhouse for its employes at Leeper," the husband testified. "Officials, office employes, and clerks had lodgings in the clubhouse, and all went well until I married and took my wife there to live.

"She disrupted the entire working force. She tried to manage everything. She wanted me to discharge the General Auditor because there was something about him that she didn't like. She nagged the stenographers and wanted me to discharge several of them, and she bossed the servants as though she owned the road.

"Her constant gossiping kept everybody in hot water. She circulated stories about me and wrote slanderous letters about employes. Things got so unpleasant that I brought my wife to St. Louis so that I could have a chance to attend to my business."

DIAZ TO REFUSE REBEL DEMAND

Tells Bonilla He Came Into Power Fighting, and Will Fight to the End.

MADERO MAY END ARMISTICE

State Department Tells of Intolerable Conditions, but Taft Will Wait on Congress.

TORREON MAY HAVE FALLEN

Gen. Blanquet, After Battle, Returns to Puebla with 200 of 1,200 Men —Cities in Peril.

President Diaz of Mexico has not answered the demand of Gen. Madero that he announce his intention of resigning. He is understood, however, to have told his old friend, Dr. Manuel Bonilla, that he came into power fighting, and will fight to the end. The rebel leaders at Juarez waited vainly yesterday for an indication of his intentions, and indicated that unless he satisfied them to-day they would end the armistice in Chihuahua and attack Juarez.

The State Department at Washington gave out a statement telling of reports of chaotic conditions in Mexico received from American agents. Conditions near Acapulco were pronounced "intolerable." The Cabinet discussed the Mexican situation, but President Taft made it plain that he would do nothing unless directed by Congress, and that he would seek no power unless conditions became worse.

There were slight Madero demonstrations in Mexico City yesterday. An exodus of foreigners is in progress, and all accommodations on ships sailing from Vera Cruz and Tampico are taken for six weeks.

Important rebel activities are reported from many places. Torreon, seventh city in Mexico, is said to have been captured and Saltillo is in grave danger. There are large American colonies in each. Gen. Blanquet, sent to capture Chietla, in Puebla, has returned to Puebla City with only 200 of his 1,200 men after a battle. The movement against San Luis Potosi is becoming formidable. Tampico and Orizaba are threatened.

DIAZ TO GO OUT FIGHTING.

Reported Remark to Dr. Bonilla—Foreigners Flee His Capital.

By STEPHEN BONSAL,

Special Correspondent of The New York Times.

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MEXICO CITY, May 5.—There are still many minor obstacles to be overcome before peace in Mexico can be accomplished, but the great stumbling block to be encountered in the negotiations is undoubtedly the time and place of President Diaz's resignation, if Gen. Diaz is to resign, and the wording of the proclamation in which this is to be announced to the people. Gen. Diaz also is extremely reluctant to nominate the fourteen provisional Governors of States whom Gen. Madero has chosen to act pending the election of their successors. Should he take this action, of course, it would not mean sharing his power with the revolutionists, but resigning it into their hands.

As President Diaz observes his sphynxlike attitude and none of his Ministers, except Señor Limantour, have the slightest idea of what he proposes to do, his resignation may even now be written out and on its way north, as some think, but it is certain that his Cabinet, as a Cabinet, knows nothing about it.

Diaz to Fight to the Last.

Gen. Diaz last night received Dr. Manuel Bonilla, an old friend and until recently the President of Honduras. The conversation was long and cordial. Gen. Diaz is reported on very good authority to have said to his old friend:

"I came into power fighting, and if the fates decide that I must turn my unhappy country over to these people you may be sure I will not do so without fighting to the last. I think I owe this to my country and to my past."

I asked Dr. Bonilla about this version of the interview. While he would neither affirm nor deny it I am inclined to think it is true as reported.

Many Saloons Are Closed.

All Mexico City has been afoot to-day for the celebration of the victory over the French at Puebla. Thousands have hurried from the Alameda to San Fernando, where the gallant Gen. Zaragosa, hero of the day, lies buried, and from the palace to Chapultepec, as though fearful that they might not see all that was going on.

There has been less drunkenness than is usual—than on Holy Cross Day for instance—and up to the evening there had been no serious disorder and no fighting had taken place. Many of the smaller cantinas were closed for the day. Count Raybaudi Massiglia, the Italian Minister here, should get the credit for this improvement.

It is certain that the Italian Minister was with the Foreign Minister for a long time last night, and he is supposed to have satisfied the Ministry, from information which his nationals had placed in his hands, that there would

be serious trouble unless the saloons were closed and other preventive and precautionary measures were taken.

However, there is no possibility of pleasing the foreign colony as a whole, and many are now complaining that the gentry from the poorer section of Santa Julia, who are now prowling around the wealthier sections of the city, are more dangerous and irresponsible when thirsty than when deeply immersed in liquor.

Crowds Dispersed at Palace.

Thousands of workingmen and peladoes, or street ruffians, have congregated all day in Constitution Place before the National Palace and Incadena Street, where is the private residence of President Diaz. Despite the fact that the mounted police have charged them three or four times with drawn swords and have beaten many of them with the flat of the swords, they have persisted in returning and shouting from time to time:

"May Diaz die! We will defend the rights our fathers won, for we must safeguard and increase our inheritance for our sons!"

I saw one mounted man pulled from his horse in a charge, but up to this evening I believe that no one has been seriously hurt.

All the jewelry shops in the Avenida Francisco and all the banks are barricaded to-day, which does not give the city a cheerful appearance.

I can see no signs or indications that the insurgents are nearer the city than yesterday.

Exodus of the Foreigners.

The departure of foreigners from this city is assuming the proportions of an exodus. Last night at the railway station there were scenes tragic and gay, too. The lights went out at 7:15 o'clock, just as many passengers' luggage had been checked to Laredo. The darkness was interpreted in many ways. Some who had no tickets decided to join fugitives, while a large majority of those whose baggage was on board the train decided to remain and take their chances with the capital.

At the chief steamship office here to-day I was informed that all possible accommodations out of Vera Cruz and Tampico up to mastheads and including the crows' nests had been engaged for six weeks ahead. Inquiries have been sent to Havana and New York asking if extra steamers cannot be sent to these ports.

It is hardly necessary to insist on the injury this departure en masse will work upon Mexico commercially, industrially, and in every other way, or how many thousands of unfortunate people, a great majority of them Mexicans, will be thrown out of employment at this critical moment.

The robbery of the American Express office at Esperanza, Puebla, yesterday is an unpleasant surprise. The bandits left in writing threats that they would destroy this Mexico to Vera Cruz line if soldiers or ammunition were carried. This line, of course, is the only one hitherto that has been working without interruptions or delays, and it looms large in the calculations of many foreigners just at present. As it is owned and managed by a British corporation, it was hoped that it would escape the fate of other roads.

Anxiety for Marooned Americans.

There is no attempt made either at the American Embassy or the Consulate General to conceal the apprehension which is felt as to the situation of many Americans in the Cities of Saltillo and Torreon, both of which places are now besieged by mixed bands of rebels and bandits. (Torreon is reported to have fallen into the hands of the rebels.)

Our colony in each place numbers between 400 and 500, and no news has come to-day either by train or by wire. Petitions were received here several days ago from American residents in these cities explaining the situation and asking for assistance.

Luis Moya, who has directed the investment of Torreon, is regarded as fairly civilized, and it is assured that he will not injure the Americans unless he has to do so to capture the place. Nothing is known here as to the leaders of the forces attacking Saltillo, but it is feared that they are merely united bands of bandits out for plunder.

HEAVY GAINS FOR REBELS.

Federals Probably Routed in Puebla—Outbreak in Oaxaca State.

From Another Correspondent.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, May 5.—There is little inclination here to believe that Gen. Diaz will make the public announcement demanded by Gen. Madero of his intention soon to resign his office. Those who know the President well declare that such a course under the present conditions would be incompatible with his proud spirit. A factor of importance in this matter is that Señora Diaz is opposed to such a course.

General surprise has been expressed here at the revelation that the credentials which Judge Carbazal presented to the rebels at Juarez as his authorization to treat for peace were signed by Minister of Finance Limantour instead of by President Diaz.

A criterion of what may be expected before order is really established throughout the republic is seen in the negotiations between a representative of the rebels in Guerrero and Morelos and Government officials in the last few days. Ambrosio Figuero, representing his brother, who is at the head of this movement, has been in conference with Ministers de la Barra, Limantour, and others and has submitted the grievances of this section of the revolutionists and the terms on which their arms would be laid down. Yesterday it occurred to the Government authorities that before going further with this envoy it would be a good idea for him to get the authority of Gen. Madero to act. The reply from Gen. Madero stopped all further peace negotiations at this point, as the revolutionary leader said bluntly that the parleys going on at the border covered the situation in the whole republic.

The Guerrero commissioners were in a huff when they learned of this reply. Whether or no they represented the feelings of the leaders in the field, they took the position that the grievances they had to present were of a local nature entirely separate from Gen. Madero's national aspirations and in no way conflicting. Consequently they did not think that interference with them by the northern leader was justified. They said that they were fighting for the correction of local abuses and would keep on fighting until these were remedied, regardless of the personality of those in authority in the national Government.

Though there had been rumors that advantage would be taken of to-day's celebration of the anniversary of Diaz's victory over the French at Puebla for outbreaks against the President's rule, the day passed with pastoral quietude in the city. The night before was also quiet, not a single case of lawlessness being reported in the period of darkness when the lights were put out.

Trouble is feared from the students in the city. They are piqued over the firm stand taken by the Minister of Education in refusing practically all their recent demands for reform in the higher institutions of learning, and they are planning demonstrations that may lead to rioting. The present attendance at the medical school is only a tenth of the usual number. At other schools the conditions are almost as bad.

The National Democratic Party has issued an appeal to the new Ministry for the release of the political prisoners in the Belem prison. They assert that the old building, which has thousands of prisoners and is badly overcrowded, is in a far more unsanitary condition than usual, and that there have been many deaths from typhoid fever and other contagious diseases.

There are still rumors of fighting at Tres Marias between the column sent to relieve Cuernavaca and the rebels, but no confirmation has been received.

Heavy Defeat in Puebla?

Alarming reports of rebel successes continue to come from various parts of the republic. There is no longer any doubt that messages on the Federal wires are censored, especially in the case of those from Puebla, and so it is impossible to get details.

Perhaps the most significant report is that which comes in some messages from Puebla, which indicate that the censorship has been imposed. These say that Gen. Blanquet, from whom nothing had been heard for several days, has returned to that city with 200 men after a battle at Colon Station. Details of the occurrence have evidently been stricken out, and as the press depends on the Government wires for information from that State they have not been learned yet. It can be said, however, that Gen. Blanquet left Puebla a few days ago with 1,200 men and artillery, with the intention of retaking Chietla, near the border of the State of Morelos. It is here that the rebels have gathered in greatest strength in the State of Puebla, and it was considered of great importance to disperse them, lest they might lend aid to an advance on the capital. Whether Gen. Blanquet was successful and left the main part of his force to garrison the disturbed district or was badly defeated and lost hundreds of men is not known.

In the southeastern section of Puebla the rebels continue to make trouble. Traffic on the Mexican Southern line, the only railroad to Oaxaca, has been interrupted because of their depredations. A train bound from Puebla to Oaxaca was held up on Wednesday, and the express car was robbed of 80,000 pesos. This was the second hold-up on this road within a week, and the officials ordered cessation of traffic until conditions should be better.

Rebels Active in Oaxaca.

For the first time in the revolution activity of consequence by the insurrectos is reported from the State of Oaxaca. Jamiltepec, an important place in the cotton district of the northwestern part of the State, has fallen into their hands, and there have been wide depredations among the rich plantations.

The situation in the State of San Luis Potosi is growing more serious. The proclamation of Dr. Zepeda, the rebel leader there, calling all the scattered rebel bands to concentrate under his standard for an attack on the capital of the State is proving popular. A general mobilization of the rebels is now under way at a point about fifty miles northeast of the city. Dr. Zepeta is known to have a large number of sympathizers within the city itself, and the small Federal garrison there may be compelled within a few days to fight the foe from within as well as from without. San Luis Potosi would be a rich prize for the rebels, because of its important railway connections.

Two engagements of importance, at widely separated points, both of which have been lost by the Federal forces, are reported. One was at Amatlan de las Palmas, near the southern boundary of the State of Tepic, and the other was in the Cañon of Santa Gertrudis, in Coahuila.

Rebels who are near Torreon are reported to be angry over the imprisonment incommunicado of Gen. Pereyea, a retired Federal Army officer, 80 years old. He is suspected of having rebel tendencies. An attack on Torreon itself may be the outcome of this act.

The situation of Guanajuato has resulted in a change of Governors. Licenciado Enrique Aranda has been sworn in as provisional executive in place of Manuel Obregon Gonzales.

Plan to Arouse Spain.

The Spaniards in this city have not been quieted by a report given out from official sources that vengeance had been taken for the killing of six Spaniards on a ranch near Atencingo by the execution of two of the criminals. They refuse to believe that the report is correct, thinking it has been given out merely to allay their anger. There is a general effort in the Spanish colony to arouse feeling in Spain that will bring about decided action for the protection of its nationals in this country. Arrangements are being made for the publication in the newspapers of Spain of articles telling of the depredations made by the rebels on Spaniards and the loss of property. The systematic arrangement will be that every newspaper in Spain shall have exclusive and well-written accounts of these depredations. The great dissatisfaction with the inactivity of Señor Cologan y Cologan, the Spanish Minister to Mexico, will also be expressed.

The Italian colony here has now found a reason for grave dissatisfaction. It arises over the troubles of Mme. Mimi Aguglia, the Italian actress, and her companions in a stock company, which has been touring Mexico. At last accounts they were marooned in Durango City. That State capital is in the hands of the rebels, and no word has been received from it in ten days. As the railway is cut and the country between that city and the capital is in a state of great disorder it is doubtful when the players will be able to get out. Complaint is made by their friends here that they will miss valuable contracts at Buenos Aires and other South American cities.

ADVANCE ON NEUVO LAREDO.

Well-Armed Rebels Are Advancing in Two Columns to Border.

Special to The New York Times.

LAREDO, Texas, May 5.—The Mexican city of Nuevo Laredo, opposite this city, is in a state of great excitement to-night due to persistent rumors that the place is about to be attacked by a band of six hundred insurrectos. Yesterday the insurrectos, who are advancing in two columns, captured the town of Villaldama about 80 miles south of Nuevo Laredo and to-day word is received that Jarita, a town thirty miles nearer, had fallen into their hands.

The rebels are well armed and equipped, according to reliable information. One column is advancing in a westerly direction and the other in a northerly direction, and the belief is that within the next day or two they will unite and begin the final leg of the journey to the border.

All the Federal cavalry in Nuevo Laredo left hurriedly last night in a southerly direction, the intention of the Federal commander being to head off the insurrecto bands that at that time were believed to be within hailing distance of Nuevo Laredo. To-night the people across the river will not be convinced that their city is not in danger of immediate attack.

An indication of the strength of the insurrecto movement in that part of Mexico, of which Nuevo Laredo is the largest town and the most important trade centre, is the fact that within the last ten days between 600 and 700 rifles and many thousands of rounds of ammunition, all of which passed through the city, have been delivered into the hands of the insurrectos or their trusted agents. It is also said here that about seventy-five men, all armed, have left Nuevo Laredo to join the rebels.

The Department of Texas, which will have charge of the situation on the American side in the event that Nuevo Laredo is attacked, is in constant communication with Col. Glenn, who is in command of the American troops at Fort McIntosh, in the City of Laredo.

Pennsylvania R. R.

Personally-Conducted

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Peace In a Week With Diaz Out—Madero

By Telegraph to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

EL PASO, Texas, May 4.—Gladly complying with the request for my views contained in your telegram of to-day, I must admit that, in fact, the situation is serious in a great portion of the Mexican Republic, owing to the evils that are inherent in warfare. The revolution is victorious and irresistible in nearly all sections of the national territory.

I desire very earnestly that peace may be restored soon, but in order to obtain it immediately it is necessary that the leaders of both the contending parties act with unselfishness and patriotism. On my part, I stand ready to resign the Provisional Presidency if that course will restore peace, provided, however, that peace brings liberty and satisfies public opinion.

This condition can only be obtained by the retirement of Gen. Diaz, who, I am informed, is desirous of retiring, since he is inspired by the same patriotic sentiments as I am. If he does so, peace would be immediately restored; as I am ready, in order to obtain peace, to accept Senor Francisco L. de la Barra, the present Foreign Minister, as the temporary President, because he would be the man entitled to that place under the Mexican Constitution.

Undoubtedly the resignation of Vice President Corral is as necessary as that of Gen. Diaz, and I am informed that it will be easy to obtain.

Therefore, if at this moment Gen. Diaz should fulfill his patriotic wishes and announce that he will retire soon there would be peace in Mexico within a week. This is borne out by the fact that the principal leaders of the revolution in the southern part of Mexico are ready to accept unconditionally any pact into which I may enter, provided that the ideals of the revolutionists are safeguarded. This statement is based on information that I have received by wire. One of these telegrams was received through the Secretary of War. Therefore, it cannot be said that there is anarchy in Mexico.

All of the struggling forces recognize me as the Provisional President of the Republic. They are fighting for an ideal and for the triumph of principles on which the salvation of the Republic depends.

FRANCISCO I. MADERO.

WASHINGTON TELLS OF MEXICAN CHAOS

State Department in a Statement on Disorders Pronounces Conditions Near Acapulco Intolerable

TAFT TO WAIT ON CONGRESS

Will Not Seek to Intervene Unless Conditions Become Worse — No Orders Sent to the Navy.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—A dispatch was received by the State Department this morning from Ambassador Wilson in Mexico City, at the close of which he expressed his personal opinion that the peace negotiations now proceeding between Gen. Francisco I. Madero and representatives of the Diaz Government would result favorably. Despite this optimistic opinion from Mr. Wilson, the impression in Administration circles this evening is that the Mexican situation generally is distinctly a shade worse to-day than it has been recently.

So far as the public is concerned, this impression was supported by information published by the State Department in the course of the day. For the first time since the development of a critical situation in Mexico the department gave out several extracts from or paraphrases of reports received by it from diplomatic and Consular officers in Mexico. Altogether, there were twelve of these items, and almost every one of them reports an unsatisfactory condition. One of them went so far as to refer to the conditions it was describing as "intolerable." These twelve paragraphs are:

"Referring to the report that two sons of Judge Melvin Godman had been murdered by revolutionary bandits at their father's hacienda Buena Suceso, not far from Acapulco, in the neighborhood now in the hands of bandits, the Embassy at Mexico City reports that in pursuance of the department's instruction Ambassador Wilson immediately saw Mr. de la Barra, the Minister for Foreign Affairs, who at once caused the Mexican War Department to send urgent telegraphic instructions to the commanding officer at Acapulco to afford all possible aid.

Conditions Called Intolerable.

"The situation about Acapulco as affecting American citizens is regarded as the most disquieting now reported to the department, and it is earnestly hoped that the reported negotiations now on foot between the Federal Government of Mexico and the revolutionary leaders in the States of Guerrero and Morelos will soon have results to put an end to the intolerable conditions existing.

"Consul Lewis W. Haskell, at Salina Cruz, transmits a report that at Tonala on the coast a band of twenty revolutionists bound and carried off the local Judge, who was stopping at a hotel there, and also intercepted a small boat in which Mexicans were leaving the place. American citizens, he adds, were not molested.

"Consul Thomas W. Voetter, at Saltillo, telegraphed late yesterday that an attack on that city was expected last night or to-day. The railway communication with the capital was cut off, and the revolutionists were bringing up forces by rail.

"Mr. Alonzo B. Garrett, the Consul at Nuevo Laredo, telegraphs that on the 3d inst. the revolutionists stopped a train near Saltillo and captured 500 rifles and 40,000 cartridges which had been shipped from Nuevo Laredo by the Mexican Government. Gen. Trevino is leading a force against Sabinas, a town 80 miles from Nuevo Laredo. The officials of the last-named place fear trouble today and have increased the force of police.

"Mr. Henry Lane Wilson, the American Ambassador at Mexico City, telegraphs that the anxiety and alarm among the American and foreign elements of the city seem to be increasing. He states that this is due in some measure to apprehension of the failure of the peace negotiations and a consequent prevalence of anarchy.

"Consul Clarence A. Miller, at Tampico, telegraphs the rumor that trouble may be expected there at the end of this week.

"Consul William W. Canada, at Vera Cruz, telegraphs that there is a persistent rumor of an impending attack on Orizaba.

"The embassy at Mexico City telegraphs that his Excellency, Mr. Cassasus, agent of Mexico in the Chamizal arbitration, with a party of eleven left the capital yesterday for the Chamizal arbitration, which will open at El Paso on the 15th inst.

"The embassy at Mexico City reports that the semi-official Government organ, Imparcial, having now published the denial of Vice President Corral of the interview attributed to him, in which he was reported to have impugned the motives and policy of the United States relative to Mexico, the incident is there regarded as closed.

"Reports continue to indicate that the revolutionists are under practical control of the whole State of Sinaloa, except the capital and Mazatlan, and that the latter city may at any moment fall into the hands of the revolutionists.

"William L. Bonney, the Consul at San Luis Potosi, telegraphs that the revolutionists are recruiting near that city. He states that some minor disorders have occurred, and that the situation shows no improvement."

May Be Preparing the Public.

The impression in Washington to-night is that in giving out these reports from Mexico the State Department was deliberately entering upon a course that would prepare the American people for further unfavorable developments. Of course, no official of the department would admit that such was its purpose. So far as official explanation goes the department was merely giving legitimate publicity to important news from Mexico. But there is no question that there has been much similar news from the same source in the last few weeks, which the department has not deemed it necessary or wise to make public.

It was pointed out by a high Administration official this afternoon that there is a difference between this kind of official report and the unofficial messages which have come from Mexico in such numbers recently. Coming from responsible officials, these reports are more likely to be conservative than those from private individuals. Men who are or fancy themselves to be in personal danger or who believe that their property is menaced by the unsettled conditions in Mexico are much more likely, in the view of this Administration official, to give their telegrams and letters an exaggerated tone. Their immediate desire is to be insured of safety for themselves and their property, and consequently their description of their situation seldom, if ever, understates the trouble.

Appeals have been coming for some time to the Administration on behalf of American citizens and their interests at Acapulco, and the President has been urged to send ships there. But it is not at all probable that any naval vessels will be ordered to Acapulco or any other Mexican port.

The President reiterated again to-day his determination not to intervene in Mexico except upon direction of Congress, and there does not seem now to be any prospect of such action by Congress. There certainly will not be any such action until the situation has become materially worse than it is, and until the virtue of patience has been more thoroughly tried. The sending of ships to Acapulco or any other point would be nothing but an act of intervention under the present circumstances. It would, no doubt, be followed by outbreaks in other places which would demand similar action, and probably by outbreaks inland which would call for troops. That would mean general intervention.

The whole Mexican question was discussed at the Cabinet meeting to-day, and it may be said that the opinion of the Cabinet was unanimously in accord with the President's view. There was a report about Washington this evening to the effect that orders had been sent to some of the naval vessels to be prepared for immediate action. This report could not be verified. But if it is true it does not necessarily mean that the Navy Department is preparing for action in Mexico.

Officers From Civil Life.

The War Department is giving increasing attention to the training of militia officers with regard to volunteer service. Within the last few days special boards have been appointed to conduct examinations at various army posts of such applicants from civil life as may desire on occasion to accept commissions in volunteer service. Such a board was appointed to-day to begin work at Fort Myer May 23. Similar boards will soon meet at Fort Crook, Neb.; Fort Jay, and Fort Porter, N. Y.

Arrangements are also being made by the War Department to take care of nearly 200 commissioned officers of the organized militia at the Cavalry and Field Artillery Schools at Fort Riley. A special course, which will be held for the benefit of the militia officers, will extend from June 1 to 15. At present 54 militia officers have been designated to attend the Cavalry School, and more than 100 will attend the Field Artillery School. The former school will be in charge of Major G. H. MacDonald, Thirteenth Cavalry, and the Field Artillery School will be in charge of Major W. S. McNair, of Second Field Artillery. The course of instruction for both classes will be thoroughly practical.

Says Madero Has Full Control.

Señor Jose Vasconcelos, acting confidential agent of the Mexican revolutionists to-night emphatically denied what he says are inspired reports that even should the peace negotiations now in progress near Juarez be successful, the Diaz Government would have to treat with the revolutionary leaders acting independently of Gen. Madero.

Señor Vasconcelos states that these reports are being circulated to create an impression that there exists a lack of coordination and understanding among the revolutionary leaders, which is the reverse of the truth, "as every man in arms against the Federal Government, except the Socialistic group in Lower California already repudiated by the provisional Government, recognizes in Gen. Madero the chief of the national insurrection, whose forces are operating in every State of the Republic."

Relative to this point, the insurrecto representative has received the following telegraphic instructions from Dr. Vasquez Gomez at El Paso:

"You will explicitly deny that there are any forces of the national insurrection in the field other than those under the orders of, and who are obedient to Gen. Madero."

TORREON REPORTED FALLEN.

Is the Seventh City in Mexico—Many Americans Are There.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN ANTONIO, May 5.—That Torreon, the seventh city in size in Mexico, has been captured by the insurrectos was the information contained in a cipher message that was received here to-day by M. Metzger, an American mining engineer, who has large interests in that part of Mexico. Mr. Metzger, who is at the St. Anthony Hotel, is convinced that the message is authentic. The telegram was delayed in transmission, owing to the fact that it is impossible to get direct wires to Torreon. It was taken to another town from which, after a great deal of trouble, the operator was able to get it through to San Antonio.

The Parral Miner, an American newspaper published in a near-by mining camp in Chihuahua, in its issue of April 20, printed this paragraph:

In the absence of telegraphic communications between this city and Torreon, we are compelled to publish a rumor that Torreon is about to fall into the hands of the rebels. It is not known how many Federal soldiers were stationed there.

Roque Estrada, the acting head of the local insurrectos' junta, says he is convinced that Torreon has fallen. He said he received reports several days ago that the insurrectos were about to strike. There were then about 1,000 revolutionists under command of Gen. Lojero in the neighborhood.

"These are the men who took Lerdo and Gomez Palacios, and then marched on to Torreon," he said. "The Federal garrison at Torreon was not so strong as our command, but they had more artillery. But despite this I am inclined to believe the report is true."

Torreon is a comparatively new and thriving city of about 30,000 inhabitants and the junction of several railroad lines, is centrally located in the rich Laguna district of the State of Coahuila. In the city are a number of cotton, flour, and iron mills. Raw material for the cotton mills is supplied by the surrounding country. The city also possesses the largest soap factory in Mexico and a huge smelter, to which ore is shipped from points hundreds of miles distant.

The city was founded in 1887 on a ranch known as El Coyote, and got its name from a watch tower erected to guard against hostile Indians. Within twenty years of its foundation it had progressed so rapidly that it was elevated to the rank of a city. It has a number of fine buildings, well-paved streets, and several tramway lines. At its present rate of progress it should some day be the metropolis of the Laguna district.

It numbers among its inhabitants a good-sized colony of Americans, also many Chinese, who have been of material aid in the commercial development of the place. One of the wealthiest of the local institutions is the Mexican-Chinese Bank. Owing to the number of Americans in Torreon a Methodist church was built there in 1908 at a cost of $35,000.

For the first time since the beginning of the insurrection the north-bound express over the International & Great Northern Railroad from Laredo, Texas, came in this afternoon without any cars from the City of Mexico. The express over the National Railway lines, which was due in Nuevo Laredo, opposite Laredo, did not reach that city this morning, owing to disturbances, due to the insurrection between El Salado and Gomez Parias, south of Monterey. It is said here that the delayed train has on board many American refugees.

It was also learned here that the south-bound express over the National Railways of Mexico, which left Nuevo Laredo yesterday afternoon, was unable to proceed further than Monterey over the tracks of the Nuevo Laredo Division. It was then switched to the tracks of the Tampico Division, and by making a roundabout journey managed to regain the main line tracks near San Luis Potosi, and proceeded into the City of Mexico.

There are many persons in San Antonio to-night trying to get in touch with relatives or friends in Mexico. Among them is Cecil Lyon, the Republican National Committeeman from Texas. Mrs. Lyon is in Mexico City, and Mr. Lyon will leave for Laredo in the morning in the hope that he can get a train that will land him in the capital. If he does succeed he says he will lose no time in getting Mrs. Lyon out of the country.

CARTER'S MEN GET A REST.

Soldiers Read Reports of Mexican Situation That Excite Them.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, May 5.—There were no long hikes by the regulars of Gen. Carter's division to-day. All the regiments, with the exception of the Ninth and Eleventh were in camp, and according to the officers the men are in perfect condition for service. There has been practically no sickness, and out of the entire division there have been less than seventy-five desertions in the two months that the mobilization camp has been in existence. Practically all of the deserters were recruits, and nearly every one of them was captured within a few days of their disappearance.

The afternoon newspapers here printed the Mexican news under spread headlines worded in the most alarming fashion, and thousands of copies were sold in the mobilization camp. Officers and men are, as a result, all on edge again, so to speak, and to-night are trying to figure out whether or not they will see some active service on the border after all.

MAZATLAN HOLDS OUT.

Gunboats Said to Have Inflicted Great Loss on the Rebels.

DOUGLAS, Arizona, May 5.—Official advices to the Mexican Consul say that Mazatlan is still in the hands of the Federal forces, notwithstanding reports to the contrary. The Consul states that the rebels attacked Mazatlan desperately on May 1.

The gunboats Tampico and Zapagosa, anchored in Mazatlan Harbor, are reported to have thrown shells into the rebel lines, doing terrible execution.

The Tampico carries two Barrow Fuernes guns, besides several three-inch rapid-fire guns.

MADERO MAY END ARMISTICE TO-DAY

Vainly Waits for Diaz to Announce His Intention to Resign as Rebels Demand.

DIAZ'S ENVOY IS INACTIVE

Has Not Sent Ultimatum Officially—Diaz Quoted as Saying He Would Resign After Order Was Restored.

EL PASO, May 5.—If President Diaz does not announce publicly by to-morrow noon his intention of resigning soon a conclusion of the armistice for the Chihuahua district and an attack on Juarez are imminent.

This was the opinion of insurrecto leaders to-night after a twenty-four-hour wait for the answer of President Diaz to the suggestion made yesterday by Francisco I. Madero, Jr., through his Peace Commissioners to Judge Carabajal, the Federal envoy.

Gen. Madero to-night was sounded by one of the Federal go-betweens to ascertain whether he would consent to an extension of the armistice, which expires to-morrow. He replied that he would answer that question to-morrow morning. He said if an extension were asked by the Federal Government, he would demand specific reasons before granting it.

Judge Carabajal as well as the other Peace Commissioners remained in their hotels all day. Dr. Vasquez Gomez, head of the rebel commission, late to-night said that he was still awaiting word from Judge Carabajal as to yesterday's proposition, and that no more peace conferences would be held till a reply was received.

Judge Carabajal declared that he had not officially transmitted the proposition of the rebel Commissioners. He told the newspaper men that he had no authority to receive any propositions concerning Gen. Diaz's resignation, his instructions covering only specific points concerning political reforms. When told of this, Gen. Madero expressed the opinion that perhaps Judge Carabajal was not willing to acknowledge the submission of the Diaz question to the Government. Some of the Federal go-betweens admitted that it was their impression the Government received the Madero proposition last night, but could not state in what form it had been sent.

Braniff Explains Diaz's View.

Señor Oscar Braniff, one of the go betweens in the negotiations, said to-day that it was he who had conveyed to Gen. Madero assurances of President Diaz's intention to resign. He explained that President Diaz, in a conversation, had said he felt obligated to the majority of Mexican voters who had elected him, but the moment he felt convinced the majority of the Mexican people no longer wanted him as President he would resign.

Señor Braniff said he had not been directed to relate the conversation to Gen. Madero, but that he had felt at liberty to do so. Then he had personally ventured the opinion to Gen. Madero that President Diaz would resign immediately after peace was restored.

Señors Braniff and Obregon visited the Madero headquarters to-day and talked for a long time with Gen. Madero, while the Peace Commissioners remained in their hotel rooms in El Paso awaiting instructions. After the conference Señor Braniff issued this statement:

Mr. Madero declares officially that he has been confided by some of us with the secret that Gen. Diaz intends to retire as soon as Mexico is pacified, and on the strength of this assertion appeals to his patriotism and invites him to come out with a confirmation of his secret, thus relieving the actual deadlock.

In my endeavor to fight the anti-Diaz bogey which has been exploited by some for purposes which, in due course of time, we shall make public, with appropriate and sufficient proofs, I told Mr. Madero privately that for a long time Gen. Diaz had been desirous of retiring from public life. I told him that now more than ever Diaz was anxious to retire, not only because he thought he deserved a few years' rest and relief from the responsibilities of the last thirty years, but because he wanted to have the happiness of witnessing the certainty of his country's stability through its political emancipation, to be brought about by a patriotically and discreetly exercised suffrage.

He said his obligations toward the majority of voters who had re-elected him, together with the prudence of the patriot, the dignity of the executive, and the prestige and credit of the Government and country, both at home and abroad, precluded his retirement under pressure of an armed revolution.

Alongside of this determination the Government was cheerfully willing to recognize and implant promptly all such reforms, however radical, as responded to the well-defined general public demand, irrespective of their presence in the revolutionary programme. In demonstration of good faith it stood ready to grant all practical guarantees to the effect of irrevocably binding the administration to these reforms, but this in a dignified manner—a point which must interest every Mexican, be he conservative, revolutionary, or simply a passive citizen.

Señor Braniff lauded the sincerity of the Government and declared that "it now was up to Mr. Madero and his followers" to meet the Government in the same spirit.

Madero Swayed by Other Leaders.

Gen. Madero feels that he has played his trump card. He showed plainly today the effect of the nervous strain of the last few days. When the Federal go-betweens first talked to Madero, just before the first armistice was arranged, they found him ready to accept Gen. Diaz as President, providing certain reforms were instituted. Since then he has been surrounded by the political chiefs of the revolution, and finally has been persuaded that only through an announcement of the intended resignation of Diaz could peace be restored.

The change in Madero's views is said to have been due to the persuasion of Dr. Vasquez Gomez. Dr. Gomez before coming here was one of those who thought peace could be effected with the President in power and that informal assurances of President Diaz's intention to resign would suffice. When Gomez arrived here, however, and learned of the determined position of revolutionary leaders from various parts of Mexico he is said to have devoted himself at once to the proposition which was finally submitted to the Government envoy yesterday.

Telegrams received by Francisco I. Madero, Jr., to-day from Ambrosio Figueroa say explicitly that the latter's negotiations with the Government were only concerning an armistice, and that he would abide by the peace conditions agreed upon by Madero.

Advices from Monterey to-day were that the Federals and insurrectos at San Pedro, Coahuila, had signed an agreement by which the Federals retired with their arms and ammunition to Monterey, and the insurrectos agreed to preserve peace and order and assume the government of the district.

OPPOSES ROCKEFELLER GIFT.

Student at Wellesley Would Have Trustees Return $150,000.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 5.—Certain of the undergraduate body at Wellesley College, and one or two members of the faculty have stated their belief that the Trustees of Wellesley should accept no more gifts or donations from John D. Rockefeller, and further in a petition which reads to this effect add a recommendation that a gift of $150,000 received from the Oil King eight years ago be refunded.

The petition ends with this paragraph, "We, the undersigned, do not feel that our college should rest under the shadow of this gift."

The petition is attributed to Miss Viola White of Brooklyn, a senior. Miss White refuses to discuss the matter.

Ellen F. Pendleton, acting President of Wellesley said: "There is a student in college who is very much opposed to Mr. Rockefeller and his methods, and she is very serious in her convictions, and I would not be at all surprised if this student had drawn up such a paper. If such a petition is in existence, and it comes to the Board of Trustees through the regular channels, we will give it careful consideration. This $150,000 gift was accepted about eight years ago, and the heating plant installed, but there have been no gifts from Mr. Rockefeller in recent years."

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SUES THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY

Relatives of Alexander Fullerton Want Deed of Trust Annulled.

The Theosophical Society at Adyar, Madras, India, has been served with notice of a suit to annul and declare void a deed of trust whereby Alexander Fullerton on Nov. 9, 1909, assigned 172 shares of American Smelter preferred stock to the Theosophical Society, with a provision for a division of the interest for life between Henry Hotchner and Walter Schuyler Ladd, two of his young theosophist friends. They, with the Theosophical Society and the Union Trust Company as trustee of the stock, are made co-defendants in the present suit.

The suit is brought by Spencer Fullerton of Philadelphia, a brother, and Foster Milliken, a nephew of Alexander Fullerton, as a committee of his person and property for Alexander Fullerton, who was formerly a pronounced theosophist and an officer only a little lower than the Mahatmas, has since been pronounced insane and is now an inmate of a private sanatorium.

In their complaint, filed in the Supreme Court, asking the court to nullify the deed, Griggs, Baldwin & Baldwin of 27 Pine Street, attorneys for the plaintiffs, set forth that Hotchner, taking advantage of Fullerton's unsoundness of mind, induced him to transfer to him without consideration the shares of Smelter stock and to agree to a deed of trust by which Hotchner should, after Fullerton's death, get the interest from ninety-two shares for life and Ladd the interest from eighty shares, the principal and interest to revert on their deaths to the Theosophical Society.

Alexander Fullerton, at the time of the drawing of the deed and the assignment of the stock in trust, was a wealthy bachelor living at the Hotel Marlton, 3 West Eighth Street. On Feb. 18, 1910, he was arrested by Anthony Comstock for sending improper letters through the mails; and it was at this time that the case against him in the United States Circuit Court was dropped on the plea of insanity and a Commission in Lunacy appointed.

According to Maurice Deiches of 271 Broadway, attorney for Hotchner, that young man was induced by Fullerton to give up his business as stenographer and become a lecturer in theosophy, traveling about the country and thus becoming more intimately acquainted with the old man. It was to enable him to carry on his theosophic work that Fullerton deeded a part of the income from the Smelter stock to Hotchner, according to Mr. Deiches, Hotchner, he said, doesn't want the money—in fact, wouldn't take it—but will contest the case simply to defeat what he considers an attempt to besmirch his character and motives. Ladd will also fight the case.

SAVED IN FALLING ELEVATOR.

Quick-Witted Operator Has Passengers Clutch the Sides.

Joseph Foley, who runs an elevator in the office building at 39 East Twenty-first Street, saved himself and ten passengers from serious injury, if not from death, when the elevator fell six floors to the basement yesterday afternoon.

Foley, when he found that the car was beyond his control, shouted to his passengers to jump from the floor and clutch the lattice work sides of the car, holding themselves by their hands so that they might not receive the whole shock when the car struck the bottom.

"I read about a chap doing the same thing when his elevator fell, and as soon as my car got beyond my control, the idea flashed across my mind. I didn't k ow whether it would work or not, but anything was better than standing on the floor of the car and waiting for the crash," said Foley last night, "so I told every one what to do, and caught the sides of the car myself."

The car struck the bottom of the pit with force enough to smash the flooring into splinters. Foley and the others were pulled loose from the car sides to which they clung and their hnds were skinned. None was seriously hurt, however, for the first shock merely wrenched them loose, and they fell to the bottom of the car, heavily, but with much less jar than they must have received, had they stood.

Dr. Armstrong of the New York Hospital dressed the torn hands of the car's occupants, and they all returned to work. What made the car drop could not be learned. The cables were all right, and the mechanism seemed to be in order.

ROB MESSENGER OF $916.

Bank Employe Carried It in a Newspaper—One Suspect Arrested.

Frank A. Landi, 23 years old, a bank messenger, employed by the Harlem branch, at First Avenue and 116th Street, of Lionallo Perera & Co., private bankers, of 69 Wall Street, was assaulted by three highwaymen in East 104th Street shortly after 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon and robbed of $916 he was carrying under his arm wrapped up in a newspaper.

The police arrested Ercoles Moles, 23 years old, a laborer, of 335 East 105th Street, on the identification of Mrs. Assunta Celente, who says she saw Landi robbed. Two other men are being sought.

Landi says that a few minutes before he was assaulted he had made a collection of $200 from the fruit store of Imperato Brothers at 2019 First Avenue. This money he wrapped up in a newspaper with other money he had collected from depositors. He explained to the police that he did not carry a satchel, as he was always afraid of a hold-up, and had feared that the carrying of a regulation bank messenger's satchel would make him easily recognized.

The assault occurred about fifty feet west of First Avenue, and while a number of persons were in the windows and others were on the street. Landi says he heard the sound of a few footfalls behind him and then came a stunning blow on the head which felled him. At the same instant one of the men snatched the bundle with the $916 from under his arm. Then the men ran away.

His story was corroborated by Mrs. Celente and other Italians who

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FOR SALE BY BEST GROCERS

STATE REJECTS AID IN NEW CANAL DAM

Rescinds Plans of Old Board Agreeing to $5,000,000 Federal Expenditure at Troy.

POWER LEASES THE ISSUE

Hydraulic Company's Claim to Rights Upheld After Having Been Rejected May Check River Improvements.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 5.—The new dam at Troy in connection with the barge canal terminal here is not to be built at the expense of the Federal Government after all, although the United States authorities had agreed to put $5,000,000 into the work. The dam will be built by the State. This has been decided by the State Canal Board, acting upon the advice of Attorney General Carmody.

The Attorney General says that his principal reason for so advising the Canal Board is because the Federal Government insisted on controlling the power rights to the dam, but there are those who assert that the leases of the Troy Hydraulic Company to the water rights had the greater influence with Mr. Carmody. He has just decided that these leases, which give the company the power rights at a payment of only $300 a pear to the State, cannot be canceled. In this he takes direct isue with his predecessor, Attorney General O'Malley, who decided that the leases were revokable.

When the Federal Government first offered to build the dam the demand for control of the water rights was assented to by the Canal Board, which terminated its existence with the year 1910. Thereupon the Troy Hydraulic Company and its constituent concerns, which had been using the water power under lease of the Canal Board since early in the nineteenth century, raised objection to the State giving up control.

The Federal authorities, however, insisted that if it assumed control that it must not be hampered with any leases or other annoyances. It was then that Mr. O'Malley, after examining the original leases to the water companies, decided that the Canal Board would revoke them. The old Canal Board revoked the leases and turned the territory over to the Federal Government, and its engineering corps has been engaged on the work for more than six months. Col. Michael Dady of Brooklyn had the contract on the excavation work.

Early in April the Troy Hydraulic Company and other of the users of the waters of the upper Hudson asked the new Canal Board for a hearing of their claims. It was granted. The new board consists of Lieut. Gov. Conway, Secretary of State Lasansky, Controller Sohmer, Treasurer Kennedy, State Engineer Bensel, Attorney General Carmody, and Supt. of Public Works Tremain.

Nothing was heard of the action of the Canal Board on the application of the Troy Hydraulic Company until last Thursday, when Gov. Dix stated that he had under consideration the recommendation of the new Canal Board. It then became known that the board had adopted a resolution and submitted it to the Governor for his approval, rescinding the action adopted by the former board.

The notice of the new board's action has been transmitted to Washington by Gov. Dix. As a result there is fear in some quarters that the whole Hudson River improvement under the last Congressional appropriation may be held up, owing to the contingent clause which the present State authorities are unwilling to carry out. Col. Black, in charge of the engineering corps which is at work on the Hudson River improvement, will come to Albany to confer with the Governor, and it is expected that the Governor will invite the Attorney General, the State Engineer, and the Superintendent of Public Works to the conference.

It is likely that Gov. Dix will request the Secretary of War and the Chief of Engineers of the Army to have the Government plans for the improvement of navigation on the Upper Hudson so amended that the plans for the work calculated to be performed by the United States Government shall confine the improvement of the Hudson River to the location south of the dam.

The Troy Hydraulic Company includes representatives of the Ilium Paper Company, said to be a part of the International Paper Company, the Manning Paper Company, the Connors Paint Manufacturing Company, and the Boutwell Milling Company. The improvement as planned by the Federal Government is favored by the Chamber of Commerce and other interests in Troy.

HOSPITAL FORCE TOO SMALL.

Commissioner Fogarty Predicts Disaster Unless Conditions Are Remedied.

Thomas L. Fogarty, Deputy Commissioner of Charities, who is in charge in Brooklyn, issued a statement yesterday as to the cause of the recent accidents in the Kings County Hospital. In explaining why patients are so poorly supervised that they may jump off the roof and escape by way of the fire escapes without the hospital authorities being aware of the fact until the patient is brought up by the police, he complained that the department had no money with which to improve conditions. He said that there was urgent need of more attendants in this hospital.

Mr. Fogarty also complained of the inadequate protection against fire in the hospital. He predicted that there would some time be a terrible loss of life because of the lack of a system of fire alarms, the scarcity of attendants and nurses rendering it impossible to prevent a panic.

Even the medical staff, he said, was too small. There should be four more internes and one more Deputy Superintendent, according to the Commissioner.

Paquin Suing New York Customer.

Paquin, Ltd., of London and Paris obtained permission yesterday in the Supreme Court to serve by publication the summons and complaint in a $2,500 action against Marguerite De Forest-Allgood. The firm alleges it supplied goods worth 14,850 francs to the defendant between Oct. 23, 1909, and Oct. 20, 1910, and that only one payment of 2,000 francs was made. The balance, $2,500, is sued for. An attempt made to serve the defendant at her residence, 29 Washington Square, was unsuccessful, and it is now believed she is in the South.

ALDRICH DEFENDS BANK REFORM PLAN

No Danger of Wall Street Getting Control of Reserve Association, He Says.

TO ADMIT STATE BANKS

Plan Is to Give Them the Benefit of the New System—Ex-Senator Talks at Bankers' Dinner.

Nelson W. Aldrich, Chairman of the United States Monetary Commission, sought last night, at the first annual dinner of the Trust Company Section of the American Bankers' Association at the Waldorf-Astoria, to meet every important objection so far made to the organization of the National Reserve Association, which is the feature of the commission's monetary plan.

Ex-Senator Aldrich's address was the outstanding event of the dinner. Since the announcement of the commission's solution of the banking problem expressions of fears had come to Mr. Aldrich's ears that in a short time Wall Street would be the master of the Reserve Association just as completely as New York dominates the credit system of the country to-day. Reports of fears also came to him that his Reserve Association, if it escaped the Scylla of Wall Street, would surely come to grief on the Charybdis of machine politics.

Chairman Aldrich denied with great emphasis that either event could possibly come to pass. He was wholly unable to see, he said, how the fifty-three members of the New York Clearing House or the eighty banks and trust companies in this city could possibly control the votes of from 10,000 to 20,000 banks located in all parts of the United States.

Mr. Aldrich departed somewhat from his set speech at one point to make a special argument for the Reserve Association.

"Under the present system," he said, "if a bank in Indiana gets into hard straits, it calls for help in New York. If New York can relieve it, as it does in ordinary times of trade and confidence, everything is all right. But when the banks in New York need help, and cannot relieve themselves; if, indeed, the New York banks fail, the country fails.

"Under the working plan of the Reserve Association, if the bank in Indiana or Kansas needed help to move crops, or for whatever purpose, it would call on the District Reserve Association, one among fifteen in the country, for help. That help would be readily forthcoming if the bank was a well-managed institution, and the district association to which it appealed would have behind it the banking reserve of the entire country."

This elucidation of how the system Mr. Aldrich has devised works was received with applause.

The dinner was attended by prominent bankers, trust company officials, railroad officials and other men of large affairs from every section of the country, numbering more than 600. Besides Mr. Aldrich, the speakers were Oliver C. Fuller, toastmaster; A. Barton Hepburn, and F. O. Watts of Nashville, Tenn, President of the American Bankers' Association. Gov. Dix sent a letter in which he referred to the close relation of the banks and trust companies to the prosperity of the country and the importance of removing non-essential restrictive measures to the extension of proper and legitimate business enterprises. The letter was received with much applause.

Mr. Aldrich's Explanation.

After explaining the general plan devised by the Monetary Commission as contemplating the association of all assenting banks into organizations along the lines suggested to him and his associates by their experience with clearing houses, ex-Senator Aldrich said:

"I have deemed it essential for the success of the plan suggested that the control of all of the functions of the Reserve Association named, important as they are from every point of view, to the welfare of all our people, should be placed beyond the reach of political influence or any local domination. I believe this has been successfully accomplished by the form and manner of organization suggested. A majority of all the banks located in the territory covered by a local association, without reference to their capital or resources, elect a majority of the Directors of each local association; a majority of all the local associations, without reference to the combined capital or resources of its members, can name a majority, including the additional members not bank officers, of the Directors of each district association, and of the branch of the central association. A majority of the district associations, without reference to their relative importance, can name in the manner I have stated, a majority of the Directors of the Reserve Association. A majority of the Directors of the Reserve Association elect the Executive Committee and furnish a list to the President of the United States, from which he must select a Governor and two Deputy Governors of the Reserve Association.

"I have understood fully that the principal objections that have been urged against any central organization or association of banks have arisen from the fear that it might be subject to political influence or be brought under the domination of New York, or Wall Street, to use a common expression. With individual banks, without reference to size, adopted as the voting unit it would seem clear that it would be a physical impossibility that the 53 members of the New York Clearing House or that the 80 banks and trust companies in New York could control the votes of 10,000 or 20,000 banks located in all sections of the country.

No Danger of Political Control.

"Objection has been made in some quarters to the provision which authorizes the President of the United States to select from a list furnished by the Directors of the Reserve Association a Governor, and with authority to remove this official at any time for cause. This objection is based upon the theory that removals might be made for political reasons. It does not seem to me that there is any force in the objection. While the United States has no ownership in the association, it is greatly interested in its management. The association is made the principal fiscal agent of the Government, which will at all times be its largest depositor.

"While the ownership of the association is rigidly restricted to banks, it is in the broad sense a National institution, and the people of the entire country have the greatest possible stake in its wise and efficient management. I have personally no fears that any President of the United States would misuse the powers given him. In any event, the new selections must be made from a list to be furnished by the Directors, and therefore made with their approval.

"In fact, the organization suggested is purely an association of banks owned, controlled, and managed at every step solely by the banks. There is no more probability of political control than there is that the various clearing houses of the country should become a part of a political machine. There is no chance for any interest, great or small, or any organization or combination in New York or elsewhere, to take control of the association except with the assent of a majority of the banks of the United States. The voting power of the banks in any locality is restricted in such a manner that there can be no possible control which is not in the interest of all. Every bank holds its stock in a fixed proportion, which cannot be changed. There can be no sale of the stock and no transfer except in case of a reduction of capital or liquidation, and in this case only to the association itself."

State Banks and Trust Companies.

Speaking of the importance, as realized by the Monetary Commission, of having the trust companies and State banks included in the protective financial scheme of the country, Mr. Aldrich said:

"There is no disposition on the part of the Monetary Commission to overlook or underrate the importance to the public of 18,000 banking institutions which have grown up under the laws of the various States and which are satisfactorily serving communities in every section of the country. I am convinced that the interests of the public and of the existing State institutions alike require that some means should be devised by which all classes should be permitted to participate upon some reasonable terms in the advantages and to share in the responsibilities of ownership and management of the association.

"How this can be accomplished in a manner which shall be fair to and answer the reasonable demands of all participating banks, without trespassing upon the rights and privileges of any, is the serious question that confronts us. If we concede that these State institutions are to be admitted to membership in the Reserve Association, to take part in its organization, and to share in its advantages and privileges with National banks, their admission must be, of course, upon the terms and conditions and under limitations to be fixed by National legislation. I am not prepared to say at this moment what those terms and conditions should be. It seems to me, however, that there are certain conditions precedent to admission to and retention of rights of membership which are indispensable. Among these are:

"First—That any participating trust company or other State institution must assent to the same examination and investigation of its condition by examiners appointed under National authority that is required of a National bank.

"Second—That it should assent to the same terms with reference to the character and frequency of its statements of condition that are required of a National bank.

"Third—That it must conform to reasonable requirements, to be fixed by National law, as to character and extent of reserves to be held as against its demand or other liabilities."

Appealing directly to the officers of the trust companies present, he added:

"It is important from my standpoint for reasons I have stated and to secure the greatest measure of the success of the plan which I have submitted that we should have the sympathy and participation of the trust companies of the United States, with their $800,000,000 of capital and surplus and their vast and rapidly increasing resources. I trust, however, that you will pardon me if I suggest in this connection that every financial institution which appeals to the community for confidence will be likely to seek membership in the Reserve Association because of the character and strength of the resources of the organization, its guarantees of safety, its advantages of support and assistance in time of need, and the prestige which must follow its successful operation."

Gov. Dix's Letter.

After expressing his regret over his inability to be present, Gov. Dix said in his letter:

In this age of inter-State and world-wide trade and commerce, the functions performed by banks and trust companies constitute the very life blood of our commercial and industrial systems. The sure and sole guarantee of social and economic progress can be found only in just State and National laws that give full and free play to financial and industrial ability and opportunity. Monopoly oppression must be prohibited and made impossible by an intelligent public opinion and wise legislation. But we have reached the time when the country calls for an era of peace by putting an end to thoughtless demands for needless and harmful restrictions of legitimate and beneficial enterprise. On a larger scale, the most potent factor in the world's development is the vast power possessed by the leaders in the financial markets of the world. A mighty responsibility rests upon them and upon you in determining the use of the resources of the great nations in warring with each other.

New conditions of transport and trade require new methods of regulation and control to minimize inequalities of economic opportunity. In the industrial and financial evolution of the United States, conditions have vastly outgrown the primitive elements of local trade and commerce. The complex and intricate and conflicting legislative policies of the States can no longer adequately regulate or protect great enterprises that are National and world-wide in their scope. In the exercise of State and National power clamor and prejudice must be ignored.

Reason, justice, and honesty, the fundamental conditions of good government and of social, industrial and financial progress should be the foundation of every law that affects human endeavor in the field of private and corporate enterprise. Farsighted capitalists have perhaps greater interest in State and National prosperity than any other class of citizens. The only field in which they can operate with success is themselves is that of public service. Increase of wealth promotes National and individual progress. It augments the sum of well-being and creates larger opportunities for enterprise and labor, for business, and for the comfort and welfare of every member of society.

The evils that exist can be largely corrected and remedied by applying to all forms of corporate business the publicity required by the laws which operate under National and State charters, and by establishing among all men the sterling honor and honesty which must be the attributes of every banker and financier if he is to be successful. True progress demands just and constant change and improvement. But agitation based on prejudice and self-exploitation is a hindrance to progress. The best safe-guard of prosperity and progress is the contentment and prosperity of all the people. It is an opportune moment to assert the truth that to aid in establishing this contentment and prosperity is the definite purpose of the men of large ability and high integrity who are charged with the care and direction of the great financial institutions of our State and country.

Hepburn on City Finances.

Rather sharp criticism of the City Controller's office in 1907, the year of the panic, was made by A. Barton Hepburn, President of the Chamber of Commerce. Mr. Hepburn recalled that in June of that year the city issued $20,000,000 4 per cent. bonds, selling only 10 per cent. of them. The fiscal officers of the city thereupon got the city charter amended so the Controller could sell privately any bonds left over after an offer at public sale, reporting to the Legislature, the speaker said, that the banks here were combined to control the prices of city bonds.

The result, under the amended charter, Mr. Hepburn recalled, was that the Controller paid off the city's obligations in bonds instead of in money to people who wanted money, not bonds. Almost immediately 4 per cent. bonds went down to 96, and the Controller had to raise the interest rate ½ per cent. at his next issue.

Those on the speakers' dais were Anton G. Hodenpyl, the Hon. O. H. Cheney, Seymour Van Santvoord, John Skelton Williams, Francis S. Bangs, William A. Nash, F. H. Fries, A. Barton Hepburn, George M. Reynolds, Edwin S. Marston, the Right Rev. David H. Greer, D. D., Aram I. Pothier, Nelson W. Aldrich, Oliver C. Fuller, Chairman; Major Gen. Frederick D. Grant, the Hon. E. B. Vreeland, George F. Baker, F. O. Watts, Lee McClung, Lawrence L. Gillespie, Frank A. Vanderlip, Breckinbridge Jones, H. P. McIntosh, William G. Mather, Festus J. Wade, the Hon. Clark Williams, and Luther W. Mott.

Some of the others present were George W. Perkins, E. L. Marston, George J. Gould, Kingdon Gould, Gage E. Tarbell, Edwin Gould, T. W. Lamont, D. G. Reid, Senator Joseph W. Bailey, W. H. Truesdale, Edwin S. Marston, Gen. Thomas H. Hubard, Col. Robert C. Clowry, James Speyer, Frederic R. Coudert, Robert Goelet, Alexander J. Hemphill, Henry Tatnall, Horace Cutler Graves, C. D. Norton, ex-Secretary to President Taft; John L. Cadwalader, Grant B. Schley, Henry W. Taft, State Senator Howard Bayne, Adolph Lewison, Mortimer L. Schiff, G. C. Van Tuyl, Jr., Walter E. Frew, Edward H. Thalman, and Douglas Robinson.

MEMORIAL TO MRS. LINCOLN.

Plan Explained to New Yorkers at a Meeting at the Waldorf.

"The pleasure of the company of yourself and friends is requested at a meeting in honor of Mrs. Abraham Lincoln and her husband," was the way the invitations read to a gathering at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel last night.

The meeting turned out to be under the auspices of the President of a Southern college instead of a band of suffragists, and its purpose was to arouse interest in a new college building to be erected to the memory of Mary Todd Lincoln, at Sayre College, in Lexington, Ky.

Norman Hapgood, who made the principal address, said that Lincoln was one of the few men of his period who was interested in the subject of a larger career for women, and that it was very fitting, therefore, that his wife should be made the subject of a memorial, and that this memorial be at Sayre College because this college was in Mrs. Lincoln's home town.

A letter from William O. Stoddart, who was known in the White House as Mrs. Lincoln's secretary during Lincoln's second term, was read. It approved the plans and recalled that Mrs. Lincoln was a much-slandered woman while her husband was President, and that he was always careful to see that her mail was opened before she saw it, and all the abusive letters destroyed. Gov. Dix wrote that he was glad to approve the plan, and would help it in any way he could. Dr. J. M. Spencer, President of Sayre College, presided.

CHAMP CLARK URGES WORLDWIDE PEACE

Tells Peace Congress This Country Is Impregnable and Should Lead in the Movement.

FOR FINANCIAL NEUTRALITY

Resolutions Passed Indorsing Mr. Speyer's Plan, and the Anglo-American Arbitration Treaty.

BALTIMORE, May 5.—Speaker Champ Clark of the National House of Representatives, in presiding as toastmaster at the banquet of the Peace Conference in Baltimore to-night, lent his counsel for worldwide peace. Mr. Clark said:

"My dear friend, Mr. Speaker David B. Henderson of Iowa, was a Colonel during the civil war and lost a leg at Corinth. Several years ago, in beginning a speech to the Grand Army at Indianapolis, he said: 'War is my theme and I hate it!' So say most rational human beings. So say the vast majority of the men who have fought valorously from a sense of duty.

"Good men and good women hail the peace movement as a harbinger, not of the millennium, but of a far better state of affairs than has existed on earth at any time since Cain slew Abel.

"We should lead resolutely and constantly in this movement. There is every reason why we should do so. Our geographical situation, defended by the sea on east and west, with friendliest neighbors on north and south, together with our immeasurable wealth and vast population, constantly and rapidly growing vaster, makes our position practically impregnable. With friendship for all nations and entangling alliances with none, with no desire to overreach or encroach upon any nation, we can with no selfish motive, but with a sincere desire to promote the happiness and welfare of the whole human race, lead in this glorious undertaking, thereby helping to realize Tennyson's gorgeous vision of universal peace:

> When the war-drum throbs no longer,
> And the battle flags are furled,
> In the Parliament of man,
> The federation of the world.

"In this self-appointed humanitarian task let us all be encouraged by John Milton's sublime utterance, 'Peace hath her victories no less renowned than war.'"

The Committee on Resolutions of the Third National Peace Congress to-day passed a resolution embodying the suggestion of a "financial neutrality" as a preventive of war between nations, made by James Speyer, the New York banker, at yesterday's session, and urging the adoption of an international agreement between all the leading nations of the world to condemn the practice of lending money for warfare.

One of the resolutions indorsed the Anglo-American arbitration treaty and calls for its ratification. Another asks that Congress pass such acts as will make the Government hold each State responsible for any outrage committed upon the person or property of foreign subjects within the State. Still another resolution approves the proposed celebration of the 100 years of peace between the English-speaking nations, and will pledge its support to the movement.

Dr. T. Iyenaga, a native of Japan and a professor in the Chicago University, spoke on "Peace in Asia." Dr. Iyenaga said that what vitally concerns Japan is the continuation of peace in Asia, and declared that his country, to further that end, had left no stone unturned so far as lay in her power. Among such means, he said, the most efficient is the Anglo-Japanese alliance. Dr. Iyenaga scouted the idea of war between Japan and the United States. The new treaty concluded between this country and Japan a few months ago was a signal proof of the long standing friendship between the two nations—a friendship, in the speaker's opinion, that was another guarantee of peace in Asia.

Henry Clews, the New York banker, commended the action of President Taft in sending troops to the Mexican border and favored the heaviest fortifications for the Panama Canal.

Edward Ginn of Boston, who endowed the World Peace Foundation with a fund of $100,000, suggested the organization of an international army, similar to that which suppressed the boxer uprising in China. Such a body once established would eventually, he believed, solve the problem of disarmament.

John W. Foster, former Secretary of State, and one of the foremost authorities on international law, declared that the principal lesson of the present conditions on the Mexican border was the need of better neutrality laws. Mr. Foster suggested three modifications which, in his opinion, the present laws should undergo.

"First—Some restriction should be placed upon the free commerce as a mercantile commodity of arms and munitions of war, and power should be conferred upon the President to limit or suspend, in his discretion, their export across the border in time of disturbance or insurrection.

"Second—It should be made unlawful for Americans to enter the military service of any power or chief at war with a nation with which we are at peace. The British Foreign Enlistment act of 1870 makes it unlawful for any British subject to enter the military service of any power at war with a nation with which its Government is at peace; and it subjects them to heavy fine and imprisonment.

"Third—Greater power should be conferred upon the President, in time of civil disturbance on the frontier, to limit or prohibit intercourse across the border, to prevent the abuse of our territory by foreign conspirators, and in his discretion to enforce martial law on our soil within the zone of disturbance."

Baron d'Estournelles de Constant said: "The first duty of every internationalist is to begin by improving his country and himself in his country."

Other speakers were Allen S. Will, city editor of The Baltimore Sun; Prof. S. T. Dutton, Columbia University; Prof. Isaac Sharpless, President of Haverford College, and Henry Wade Rogers, Dean of Yale Law School.

MULQUEEN FREES PRISONER.

Whole of Policeman's Evidence on a Burglary Charge Stricken Out.

Declaring that the testimony of a policeman was prejudicial to the rights of the defendant, Judge Mulqueen in General Sessions yesterday directed a jury to acquit Edward Neafsey, on trial on a charge of attempted burglary at a dry-goods store, at 476 Seventh Avenue, in November last.

Assistant District Attorney Delehanty called the policeman to the stand and asked him to tell his story and explain how he came to arrest Neafsey. The policeman said that he had found that a window of the store at 476 had been broken and saw Neafsey inside, trying to rifle a cash register. The defendant ran away on seeing the policeman. The latter knew Neafsey well and arrested him the next morning. Two of the prisoner's friends, however, forced him to let Neafsey go. The policeman, nevertheless, pursued Neafsey and again caught him, but he again escaped. The policeman subsequently found him hiding in a bathtub in a tenement house.

After the officer had finished his statement Judge Mulqueen ordered all of his testimony stricken out and directed the jury to acquit the defendant.

Neafsey was already under a suspended sentence, having pleaded guilty to a charge of malicious mischief in Special Sessions a short time before his arrest last November.

No May Parties Until May 13.

Owing to the condition of the lawns in Central Park Commissioner Stover announced yesterday that no May parties would be held until May 13. The Commissioner also said that only five lawns would be opened this year to the parties because of the grass. Heretofore ten lawns have been utilized.

JUSTICE BRADY UPHELD.

Appellate Division Decides Against Service Commission in Fender Case.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court ended yesterday a controversy of long standing between Frederick W. Whitridge and the Public Service Commissioners of the First District, deciding in favor of Mr. Whitridge on the several points at issue.

The suit arose from an attempt of the commission to collect penalties aggregating $850,000 from Mr. Whitridge, receiver of the Union Railway Company, operating trolley lines in the Bronx, for failure to equip his cars with fenders which it approves.

When the suit came to trial in the Supreme Court it was heard before Supreme Court Justice Brady, and the Public Service Commission lost. The commission announced that it would appeal from this verdict. Pending the appeal Chairman William R. Willcox was brought before Justice Brady, charged with contempt of court in commenting on Justice Brady's interest in the case.

In its unanimous decision the Appellate Division not only effectively disposes of this contention, but it points out that, although the purported order of the commission as served on Mr. Whitridge was a remarkably defective document, Mr. Whitridge had made all due haste to obey it, and had been hindered only by the fact that the prescribed fender was a patented device, which could not be procured at short notice in large quantities.

MAYOR VISITS WATERSHED.

Commissioner Thompson Still Worried Over Danger of Famine.

Mayor Gaynor made a trip over the Croton watershed yesterday with Water Commissioner Thompson. They visited the reservoirs at Croton Falls, Croton Lake, Cross River, Titicus, Byrom Lake, and Kensico River. Their motor car covered a distance of more than 100 miles.

The Commissioner was anxious to show the Mayor just how low the city's water supply is, and also to explain to him certian plans that he has for the extension of the Croton system. Mr. Thompson is still very much worried over the danger of a water famine, and, as he put it yesterday, "is praying for rain every night."

CLUBWOMEN PUZZLED.

Justice Ford Leaves Them in the Dark as to His Views on Marriage.

The Federation of Women's Clubs in the Hotel Astor passed a resolution yesterday placing the organization on record as opposing Mormonism and condemning the placing of a likeness of Brigham Young on the silver service for the battleship Utah.

The Rev. Dr. William Elliot Griffis, who christened the new President of the federation, Mrs. William Grant Brown, who presided at the convention for the first time as its head yesterday, and who is interested in education work in Japan, was present in the afternoon and talked of Japanese women and of the geisha girls.

The word "geisha" means "some one who has been instructed," said Dr. Griffis, and the geisha girl is taught many arts to make her pleasing and entertaining, and that is what people like, especially men.

"Men like women who have brightness and beauty and charm," said Dr. Griffis. "If they get it in their wives they will take it. If they don't they will go where they can get it. That is as sure as the world exists."

"Dear me," I wonder if we ought to listen to all this?" murmured one of the women on the Reception Committee. And then came Justice John Ford.

The Justice said he was very glad to speak to the women, when they don't have a chance to answer back.

"You see," he continued, "for the last fifteen years I have been living with three to six women." The women, remembering their anti-Utah vote of the morning, murmured again:

"This really is no place for us."

The women not having, as Justice Ford had said, a chance to answer back, don't know yet whether or not he is a bigamist.

The convention was one of the biggest the women have had and filled the grand ballroom on the main floor for the two sessions. There was a discussion about hats in the morning, and a resolution was passed forbidding their being worn at future conventions. One of the women said it would be a good idea if some would discard puffs and rats, too.

KOENIG STILL LEADS.

But the Old Guard Hopes for a Compromise on Griscom's Successor.

There was no change yesterday in the problem of selecting a President of the Republican County Committee to succeed Lloyd C. Griscom. A majority continues steadfast for Samuel S. Koenig, and it seems certain that he will be elected on Tuesday night.

The leaders of the old guard met last night to receive the report of the conference between their committee and Vice-President Woodward on Thursday night. They insinuated their strength is much greater than appears, but admitted they are in the minority. All they hope to do now is to bring about the selection of a compromise candidate.

Another conference between the factions will be held this afternoon at County Headquarters, but neither side seems hopeful of harmony.

The James G. Blaine Club of Harlem passed resolutions last night indorsing Mr. Koenig.

BRITISH STATE AID TO HELP ALL LABOR

Continued from Page 1.

of free competition between the various bodies who work it.

"There will be a central insurance board. It is impossible to work the scheme without one. Careful consideration is necessary as to the kind of body that will be required. We shall have to choose our men very carefully. Medical men must be represented on it, and, above all, there must be an experienced and skillful administrative board. We must also have advisory committees of experts to help it; but the ultimate control will be imperial, for this, like that of Germany, is an imperial scheme."

To Raise Medical Profession.

The Chancellor also pointed out an interesting and indirect effect of the measure.

"The scheme certainly will make medicine a better profession. I inquired as to the position of doctors throughout the country, and discovered by impartial investigation that some of them were wretchedly underpaid. An improvement is required. I have the average figure per member per annum in my mind, but have deliberately refrained from mentioning it at present.

"I will only state that it shows a general condition of sweated labor that is the worst in the world. If you want to get the best out of a man you must pay him a wage which satisfies him. Improve the position of doctors, and you improve the general health of the country.

"I want to make the nation more healthy than it is. The great mass of illness which afflicts us weighs us down, and is easily preventable. It is a better thing to make a man healthy than to pay him so much a week when he is ill."

AFTER BREAKFAST

you will probably be pleased with our ORLANDO, 10c Cigar.

It's mild enough for your morning smoke.

CIGARS UNITED

UNITED CIGAR STORES

CIGARS UNITED

COURT IN NO HURRY TO TRY M'NAMARAS

Grants a Month's Delay for Them to Plead to Nineteen New Murder Indictments.

UNION PLACARD REFUTED

Director of Mines Denies He Said Gas Explosion Wrecked Los Angeles Times Building.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., May 5.—John J. McNamara, Secretary-Treasurer of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, and his brother, James B. McNamara, were arraigned late to-day before Superior Judge Bordwell on nineteen indictments, ordered yesterday by the Grand Jury, charging murder in causing a dynamite explosion in The Los Angeles Times Building, and the consequent death of twenty-one men.

Attorney Rappaport, for the McNamaras, asked for thirty days' time in which to enter pleas for the men. District Attorney Fredericks consented to a postponement until June 1, and that time was fixed by Judge Bordwell.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—A telegram from San Francisco saying that placards were being distributed throughout the State quoting Dr. Joseph A. Holmes, Director of the Bureau of Mines, as declaring that the wreck of The Los Angeles Times plant was due to a gas explosion and not to dynamite, evoked quick response to-night. Director Holmes made the following statement:

"Neither the Bureau of Mines nor the Director of the bureau possesses any information that would demonstrate the cause of the explosion that wrecked The Times building in Los Angeles. The Director of the Bureau of Mines has neither given out any opinion as to the cause of that explosion, nor has he authorized any person to express an opinion for him on that subject."

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 5.—Resolutions, in which the dynamiting outrages of the last few years are condemned, and in which the questions arising from the John J. McNamara case are declared to be questions of law and order, involving the interests of employer and employe alike, have been adopted by the Manufacturers' Association of Indianapolis. Moral and material support in the prosecution and punishment of persons connected with the dynamiting is promised. The resolutions follow:

Whereas, The dynamiting outrages of the last few years have involved all sections of our country and taken their enormous toll of life and property; and

Whereas, The investigations of these outrages have led to our very city, disclosing the secretion of large quantities of explosive materials in the heart of our business district, and persons charged with being responsible for the storing and use of this material have been apprehended in our midst; and

Whereas, We deem it purely a question of law and order, and the protection of life and property, involving the interests of employer and employe alike in their pursuit of life, liberty, and happiness; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That we express our condemnation of these outrages and further condemn the effort which has been and is being made to divert the public attention from the real issue, and to the end that these dynamiting outrages may cease we commend the action of our public officials and pledge them our moral and material support in their efforts to prosecute and punish the guilty persons regardless of their position or affiliation.

No action has yet been taken by the Monon County Grand Jury in regard to the kidnapping charge against Detective W. J. Burns and others who caused the arrest of John J. McNamara, Secretary-Treasurer of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, and his extradition to California.

COME-ON SETS TRAP FOR WIRE TAPPERS

Continued from Page 1.

was fitted up as one of the most elaborate pool rooms they had ever seen. There were several telephones and several telegraph instruments, the latter ticking with the supposed results of races at the Southern tracks, while around the room hurried men waving rolls of bills and shouting:

"Get this $20 000 down on the fourth!"

"Here's $15,000 on the favorite."

Nobody mentioned an amount that was less than several thousand, and everybody was waving rolls of bills as big as a man's wrist.

The telegraph instruments ceased to click, however, and the loud betting subsided, too, when the detectives entered. They arrested everyone in the room with the exception of Mr. McDonald and took them all to Police Headquarters. There their names were taken. The thirteen said they were:

Henry Shultz of 240 West Thirty-fourth Street; James F. Edwards of 24 Warburton Avenue, Yonkers; Charles Hunter of 511 West 118th Street; Jacob Cohen of 461 East 114th Street; William Mann of 508 West 108th Street; Joseph McDermott of the Hoffman House; Frank Howard of 147 Tompkins Avenue, Brooklyn; William Crane of 108 West Twenty-ninth Street; Abraham Goodman of 38 West Forty-seventh Street; Philip Reuter of Flushing; James P. Morton of 342 West 156th Street; George Rogers of 109 West 104th Street, and George Gordon of 310 West Nineteenth Street.

According to the police Shultz is known to them as Miller and Gray and is a wire-tapper and safe-breaker with Picture 5,988 in the Rogues' Gallery. Hunter, they say, is also known as Harris, and is a well-known wire-tapper with Picture 5,516 in the Gallery. Cohen is known as Jacob Sickles and has a wire-tapping record, say the police.

McDermott is known also as Milky McDonald, according to the police, and is a wire tapper and safe breaker. His picture, they say, is 8,825 in the Rogues' Gallery. Crane is the man whom McDonald met as McCormick. According to the police, he is a former associate of Chris Tracey. Gordon, the police say, is a brother of Charles Gondorff, who was a member of the gang that swindled Banker Walker of New Britain, Conn., out of $500,000 after Mr. Walker had wrecked the First National Bank of New Britain to provide funds for the wire tappers.

Later, Headquarters detectives went to 45 West Twenty-ninth Street, the place which Mr. McDonald was told was the poolroom distributing centre of New York. They found twenty-seven telephones, twenty-nine batteries, and eight ticker machines. Wires ran everywhere, but investigation showed that they passed simply from one room to another and that the whole place was what the detectives termed a "plant" arranged for the benefit of Mr. McDonald.

Mr. McDonald was elated at the result of his work. He seemed particularly pleased because, as he said, "they thought they had an easy mark from Philadelphia."

Everwear HOSIERY

For Men, Women and Children

We are pleased to announce the acquisition of the following three new Everwear productions in men's half hose, made on lines suggested by us:

SPECIAL NUMBERS

Light weight cotton half hose, black only.....6 pairs for 1.50
Sheer gauze silk lisle half hose, black only.....6 pairs for 3.00
Guaranteed pure silk half hose, in colors.....3 pairs for 2.00

These Summer half hose are a special inspiration of our own. They combine in a marked degree lightness, comfort and that durability for which Everwear products are famous. And (with the exception of the pure silk half hose, which is guaranteed for three months) they carry the same six months' guarantee against holes which has made the regular Everwear numbers for men, women and children so universally in demand.

REGULAR NUMBERS

For Men:	Egyptian cotton	1.50 per box of 6 pairs
	Silk lisle	3.00 per box of 6 pairs
For Women:	Egyptian cotton	2.00 per box of 6 pairs
	Silk lisle	3.00 per box of 6 pairs
For Children:	Egyptian cotton, sizes up to 7½	1.50 per box of 6 pairs
	Egyptian cotton, sizes 8 to 10	2.00 per box of 6 pairs

Broadway Saks & Company at 34th St.

UNUSUAL PRAISE

We publish below the contents of a letter written to us by Charles C. Upham, Esq., Vice-President and General Manager of The New York Steam Company, upon our completion of the building now occupied by that Company:

"We congratulate you upon the completion recently of our new Steam Plant erected by you at the foot of East 59th Street, and especially upon the successful outcome of the arrangement of the contract on the cost plus 10 per cent. plan by which the total cost to us has been over 10 per cent. less than the estimated cost, a fact which speaks well for the economical handling of the work."

The building referred to was erected under our Cost Insurance Contract, and it speaks volumes for the merit of that Contract, as well as for our ability to give economical results, that we were able to save to the New York Steam Company 10 per cent. of the amount it was willing to pay!

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction
Fifty-One Wall Street

Announcement No. 63

Low Rates
West, North and Northwest

THE NORTH WESTERN LINE

From Chicago

$72.50 To San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego and return, daily June 1 to September 30. To San Francisco and return via Portland in one direction, $87.50, May 12, 13, 14, 29, 30, 31 and June 1 to September 30.

Favorable stop-over privileges and liberal return limits.

$57.50 To Spokane, Wash., and return.

$46.50 To Helena and Butte, Mont.; Salt Lake City and Ogden, Utah, and return.

$35.90 To Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo, Colo., and Cheyenne, Wyo., and return.

$35.00 To Casper, Douglas, Shoshoni and Lander, Wyo., and return.

$32.00 To Hot Springs, S. D., and return.

$33.65 To Rapid City, S. D. and return.

$35.70 To Deadwood and Lead, S. D., and return.

$14.30 To Ashland and Bayfield, Wis., and return.

$13.95 To Marquette, Mich., and return.

$16.25 To Houghton, Mich., and return.

$16.85 To Calumet, Mich., and return.

Tickets at above rates will be sold May 16 June 6 and 20, 1911, return limit 25 days. Favorable stop-over privileges allowed.

Modern equipment — convenient train schedules — perfect roadbed — automatic electric safety signals.

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are linked together as a combination that makes an entirely new standard of dollar value.

TRADE Emperor MARK

GOLD LABEL SHIRT
the first example of shirt perfection at one dollar.

Exclusive Patterns.

Buttonholes of Emperor Gold Label Shirts are not the "pull out" kind. If you've ever had split cuff or slit bosom troubles you'll appreciate Emperor Gold Label quality.

EMPEROR RED LABEL SHIRTS $1.50 UP

IF YOUR DEALER
does not sell Emperor Gold Label Shirts, send us your name and address direct and we will see that you are supplied.

Phillips-Jones Co., 502-504 Broadway, N. Y.

F. CHAUVENET'S
Red Cap
The Natural RED SPARKLING BURGUNDY of FRANCE

OUT OF A POSITION?

An "Effective" advertisement, fifty words for one dollar, in The New York Times promptly establishes a strong connecting link between the advertiser and the employer. It is the most direct way of gaining an employer's attention and confidence.—Adv.

MARIANO DE GENNARO CONFRONTS INFORMER

Man Who Is Alleged to Have First Stabbed Cuocolo Faces Abbatemaggio.

PROTESTS HIS INNOCENCE

His Brother Attempts to Interfere in Viterbo Court and Is Ejected by Order of the President.

VITERBO, May 5.—Mariano de Gennaro, who it is alleged was the first to attack Gennaro Cuocolo, stabbing him with a dagger, had a chance to-day to confront his accuser, Gennaro Abbatemaggio.

In accordance with the criminal procedure of Italy, the alleged principals in the murder of Cuocolo and his wife, having been separately interrogated, now in turn have an opportunity to stand face to face with the informer in open court and orally to defend themselves.

As the accuser and accused stood before the Judge's bench to-day Abbatemaggio recited what he affirms was the part played by de Gennaro in the tragedy at Torre del Greco on the evening of June 5, 1906.

[Mariano de Gennaro, alias "Diciasette," (seventeen,) is a Picciotto or recruit of the Camorra 30 years of age. Like several of the prisoners, he was born in the Vicoli di Santa Lucia section, and like several others he takes the name "Gennaro" from that of the patron saint of Naples.

The part he is alleged to have played in the actual murder of Cuocolo, as related by Abbatemaggio, was reproduced in THE NEW YORK TIMES yesterday in a note to the Viterbo dispatch. He is accused of having guided Cuocolo to Torre del Greco, of having struck the first blow—a dagger thrust—of having placed in the dead Cuocolo's right hand the kitchen knife taken from the Cuocolo apartment, and, later, of informing Alfano at the inn of Mimi a Mare that Cuocolo was dead.]

De Gennaro denied every incident of the story related and emphatically protested his innocence of the crime with which he is charged jointly with other members of the Camorra.

During the exchanges between the informer and de Gennaro, a brother of the latter, who was in the audience, attempted to interfere and was ejected from the room upon the order of President Bianchi.

JAPAN EXPLAINS TO RUSSIA.

St. Petersburg Inquired Why She Established a Consulate at Aigun.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 5.—The Japanese have established a consulate at Aigun, a Chinese town of Manchuria on the Amur, eighteen miles from the Russian frontier. The Russian Government has inquired the reason for this step, and whether it was taken for strategical or commercial purposes.

Japan replied that 250 Japanese resided at Aigun, where there were several Japanese business firms. The reply also points out that Russia established a consulate at Kanto in the angle formed by the junction of the Tumen and the Polohotun rivers, near Hunchun, and where there is but one Russian resident.

The Tumen River, after its junction with the Polohotun, forms the boundary line between Manchuria and Northeastern Korea.

H. C. IVES STRICKEN.

St. Louis Art Director Suffers Serious Apoplectic Stroke in London.

LONDON, May 5.—Halsey Cooley Ives, Director of the City Art Museum of St. Louis, was stricken with apoplexy here to-day, and his condition is very serious. Mr. Ives is 65 years of age and is widely known in this and other countries, having been many times decorated in recognition of his attainments in art. Part of his early education was acquired in the technical schools of South Kensington.

On several occasions he has represented the United States Government as Commissioner abroad. He was chief of the Art Department of the Chicago Exposition in 1893, and of the St. Louis Exposition in 1904.

Mrs. Ives, who was formerly Margaret A. Lackland of St. Louis, has many friends in this city. Mr. Ives was born at Montour Falls, New York State.

Tashkent Cotton Crop Ruined.

TASHKENT, Asiatic Russia, May 5.—Heavy rains and hail storms have ruined the cotton planted in this district and replanting will be necessary.

LADY DECIES NOT ILL.

No Truth in Report That She Was Stricken with Appendicitis.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 5.—There is no truth whatever in the report which has gained currency in New York that Lady Decies was ill with appendicitis.

Lord and Lady Decies were just going out to dinner when THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent called at their town house to inquire.

Lady Decies, he was informed, was perfectly well.

JAPAN LOAN TO CHINA TAKEN.

Is Oversubscribed by $3,450,000—Foreigners to Get Over $2,500,000.

TOKIO, May 5.—Subscriptions to the five-million-dollar loan which Japan has made to the Chinese Government through the Yokohama Species Bank aggregate $8,450,000. Foreigners will be allotted more than $2,500,000.

The loan was quietly negotiated and came as a surprise to the representatives of foreign financial interests. Since it was announced there has been an outcry from the provincial Chinamen, who are very jealous of the Japanese and easily inflamed by those having political purposes to serve. However, it is not thought that this opposition will be serious, and the conclusion of the loan, at a time when financial negotiations between China and other countries are pending, is the cause of much satisfaction here.

The loan will be used to meet a deficit of the Railway Board, and China gives as security 5 per cent. railway bonds.

BEAUTIFUL RESIDENTIAL PARK
MALBA
LONG ISLAND
On the Sound, Opp. 165th St.
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20 minutes by train from Penna. Depot, or write for Plans & Maps.
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Largest in the World. Every detail.
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STORAGE WAREHOUSE AND MOVING VANS.

Smith Gray & Co.
Foremost Clothiers Since 1845

Sale
of over 500
Smith Gray & Co.
Spring Coats

The enormous sale of Smith Gray & Co. Spring coats has already resulted in a great many broken sizes and odd end small lots.

The Smith Gray & Co. policy does not permit of our carrying one season's goods over into another, but necessitates our disposing of these small lots as rapidly as they occur, and in consequence, we offer these garments now at prices which, all things considered, make for better Spring coat value than has ever before been known at this season of the year in the Smith Gray & Co. stores.

Spring Coats
regularly up to 20.00 **12.50**
regularly up to 27.50 **16.00**
regularly up to 35.00 **21.00**
regularly up to 45.00 **28.00**

Several thousand
regular 20.00 to 25.00 values
Spring Suits and Coats
15.50 and 18.50 Special

From any angle of choice you will, these special suits and Spring coats at 15.50 and 18.50 are regular 20.00 to 25.00 values.

15.50 for standard value 20.00 and 22.50 Spring Suits and Coats. The suits include velours, cassimeres, and worsted finished cheviots, in the new grays, tans, browns and neat mixtures; the overcoats including black, Oxford and smart grays, tans and browns in exclusive weaves and designs.

18.50 for standard value 22.50 and 25.00 Spring Suits and Coats. The suits include yarn dyed worsted and high grade velours, nearly all being exclusive and advanced styles. The overcoats include very smart new grays, tans, browns and neat dark effects, all being advanced in style, and many of which will not be shown outside the Smith Gray & Co. stores this season.

Here are two blue serge suit values at 15.50 and 18.50, the equal of which is not to be found in all New York. The tailoring and fabric is of a quality found only in suits that are extreme values at 22.50 and 25.00—all are distinctively styled—there are sizes for men and young men.

About 800 standard value 22.50 blue serge suits **15.50**

Over 1500 standard value 25.00 blue serge suits **18.50**

Motor Clothes for Owners and Chauffeurs.
Auto Clothes Book on Request.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores:
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Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren St.
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Double 2½ *Green Trading Stamps With Purchases Before 12 o'Clock*

NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE
GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER Co.
TWO MAMMOTH BUILDINGS. J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. BOTH SIDES OF 6TH AVE. 18TH & 19TH STS., NEW YORK.

IN OUR *MAIN* BUILDING.

Frisbie Collars

The "Frisbie Curve" makes Frisbie Collars lie close to the shirt band. They fit snugly, but comfortably. Being made by hand, there's no danger of their stretching or shrinking. They'll withstand the bumps and thumps of the laundry and wear as well as a quarter collar. Made in all shapes and sizes. Ask for

The Cadillac, Two Heights.
The Frisco, Three Heights.
The Allman, One Height.
Front 2¼, Back 1¾.

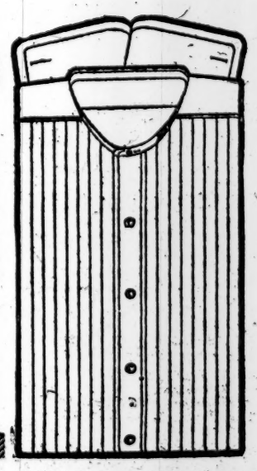
15 Cents. Two for 25 Cents.

Frisbie Shirts

Pay a dollar or a dollar and a half for a Frisbie Shirt and you secure a shirt that is guaranteed to give satisfactory wear. Every garment is liberally cut all over, will fit you perfectly and give you a world of service. The materials are wear-resisting and wash-resisting. The plaited Frisbie is particularly appropriate for Spring wear. Made in two qualities.

$1.00 and $1.50

MAIN Building, Main Floor.



Ask for 2½ *Green Trading Stamps—We Give Them*

Frederick Loeser & Co.
In every detail the Leading Retail Establishment of Brooklyn.

The Subway to Hoyt Street Brings the Loeser Store Within 17 Minutes of Forty-second Street.

Spring Book Sale of Importance,
Including 1,000 Volumes of Roycroft Books.
Prices a Fraction of the Published Quotations.

HERE IS AN UNCOMMONLY GOOD BOOK SALE of the sort that rarely happens except at Loeser's and that is bound to stir booklovers' attention and prompt them in getting here early to-day.

In the first place there are about a thousand volumes of Roycroft Books which we secured from an Underwriter's Salvage Sale. Some are slightly damaged, but the majority are perfect.

The other feature concerns a number of sets of the works of standard authors in limited quantities, all in fine bindings, which have served as samples in our stocks, as well as some sets which we secured from a bindery and which to some extent display marks from handling. Altogether it is one of the finest offers we ever made, and any one who cares to add to their library, at a little cost, will not fail to take advantage of the offers concerned.

Among the Roycroft Books There Are

"White Hyacinths," one of Elbert Hubbard's best writings. Bound in half ooze calf, board sides, uncut edges, gilt top, illuminated title page. The Roycrofter's price $2, our price..... **35c**

"Woman's Work," an inquiry and an assumption, by Alice Hubbard, with etched portrait, bound in boards, gilt top, uncut edges. Roycrofter's price $2, our price..... **25c**

Bound volumes of the Philistine, 12 months in one volume, bound in boards, with leather back. Roycrofter's price $2, our price..... **45c**

Assorted volumes of the well known Little Journeys, written by Elbert Hubbard, bound in boards. Roycrofter's price, $1; our price..... **19c. each**

Sets in Library Bindings at Amazing Low Prices.

Austin, 10 volumes, cloth. Former price $6.75, sale price..... **$3.38**

Bulwer, 15 volumes, cloth. Former price $9.75, sale price..... **$4.88**

Bulwer, 15 volumes, half leather. Former price $12.25, sale price..... **$5.13**

Cooper, 16 volumes, cloth. Former price $9, sale price..... **$4.50**

Cooper, 16 volumes, half leather. Former price $12, sale price..... **$6**

De Musset, 10 volumes, half leather. Former price $7.50, sale price..... **$3.75**

Eliot, 12 volumes, cloth. Former price $9, sale price..... **$4.50**

Emerson, 12 volumes, cloth. Former price $7.50, sale price..... **$3.75**

Gautier, 10 volumes, half leather. Former price $9.50, sale price..... **$4.75**

Gibbon, 6 volumes, cloth. Former price $4.75, sale price..... **$2.88**

Hugo, 16 volumes, full morocco. Former price $36, sale price..... **$18**

Jefferson, 12 volumes, cloth. Former price $18, sale price..... **$9**

Longfellow, 10 volumes, half leather. Former price $9, sale price..... **$4.50**

Modern Achievement, 10 volumes, half leather. Former price $6, sale price..... **$3**

Pepys' Diary, 9 volumes, cloth. Former price $7, sale price..... **$3.50**

Pepys' Diary, 9 volumes, half leather. Former price $9, sale price..... **$4.50**

Reade, 16 volumes, cloth. Former price $8, sale price..... **$4**

Shakespeare, 12 volumes, cloth. Former price $8, sale price..... **$4**

Smollett, 6 volumes, half leather. Former price $5.60, sale price..... **$2.80**

Voltaire, 42 volumes, half leather. Former price $42, sale price..... **$21**

Sterne, 6 volumes, cloth. Former price $5, sale price..... **$2.50**

Main Floor.

Misses' $19 Suits at $9.98.

AS YOU LOOK THROUGH this trim collection of Suits to-day you will think—as we do—that never did less than ten dollars buy better Suits than these.

They were all made for us and have the Loeser label. Every detail of their finishing is admirable—the slim, graceful lines that mark the best Suits of the season, the careful tailor work that insures comfortable fit and permanence to shape—all are here.

But the Suits were made of remainders of fabrics—cheviots, fancy worsteds, hair line stripes and choice mixtures—and so we have them to sell for close to half price.

They have 25 inch coats, single breasted four button cutaway, some with inlaid satin collars and with lining of soft satin or peau de cygne. Skirt is gored, panel front and back.

Misses' $25 Suits at $12.98.

These also were made for us by one of the cleverest makers of tailored wear for young women and girls. Remainders of diagonals, serges, homespuns, fancy mixtures, etc., were used, and that is why the price is so very little. The Suits are as fine and in as attractive a style as any that can be found anywhere for full prices.

Misses' $25 Long Coats at $14.98.

A small number of sample Coats, mostly one of a kind, including pongees, satins, serges and novelty mixtures. Some are trimmed and others tailor finished.

Second Floor, Elm Place. None C. O. D., credit or on approval

Latest Models of Untrimmed Millinery Now $1.25 and $2.50 : : Were $2 to $9.75

A SEMI-ANNUAL EVENT of great importance in the millinery world, this Special Sale of fine Hats, the samples and surplus of one of the greatest importers and makers of women's millinery.

It is an opportunity for the resourceful woman with original ideas, opportunity to make a $25 or $40 Hat by combining her talent and a bit of trimming with these beautiful and stylish shapes. Some will require only a bow; others will best show their beauty by adding a novelty or a cluster of blooms; still others will spring into magnificence by the addition of a plume that perhaps you already have.

Hats at $1.25 : : Were $2 to $3.50.

Large and small shapes, high crowned sailors, helmets, etc., of rough straws and fancy braids.

Hats at $2.50 : : Were $4 to $9.75.

Beautiful and dashing shapes of Paris authority, carried out in tagal braid, in hemp, in Neapolitan, etc. Some have facings of black velvet; some facings of fancy straw in contrasting shades. Both large and small Hats, showing everything that is newest in color, material and shape, but not many of a kind.

Second Floor, Elm Place. None C. O. D., none credited or exchanged.

16 Button Mousquetaire Silk Gloves, 59c
AND OTHER SUMMER GLOVE NEWS.

IT IS SELDOM that a price as low as this buys Silk Gloves of such fine quality; yet the fact remains. These Silk Gloves are well made and shaped and they have the DOUBLE TIPPED FINGERS, which renders them additionally serviceable.

They are the sixteen-button Mousquetaires in elbow length, and come in black, white, tans, grays and pongee.

Silk Gloves of style and Gloves which will give satisfactory wear for **59c.** a pair.

75c. CHAMOISETTE 2 CLASP GLOVES AT 45c.

In natural color. Well made, with heavy silk embroidered backs. These Gloves are in very large demand just now and this is a most extraordinary value at **45c.** a pair.

Main Floor, Bond Street.

Women's 50c. Silk Hose at 39c.

THAT SILK HOSIERY WILL BE WORN in preference to all others by many women is a condition which the Loeser Hosiery Store has helped to bring about by notable low-priced sales.

Here is one special example. Black thread silk with mercerized tops and soles. Regular half dollar grades, for **39c.**

CHILDREN'S 20c. STOCKINGS AT 12½c.
Black, white and tan lustrous fine ribbed seamless silk lisle; high spliced heels and toes.

15c. TO 25c. STOCKINGS AT 12½c.
White fine gauge seamless and full fashioned cotton with pink, sky and tan check and fancy tops.

We guarantee all Hose to wear to your full satisfaction. We will supply new for any that fail to do so.

Main Floor.

Never Before This Season Have We Had Such Remarkable Veil Values.

IT IS THE CLOSING OUT of several lines of attractive Veils and Motor Hoods, some of which are foreign samples from which American makers have gathered inspiration; others include the remainders from some of our best selling Veils.

White Chantilly Lace Veils at 49c. and 69c. They are at least worth double. Fine quality, all 1½ yards long. In black, brown, navy and white. Just the sort of Veils which are desirable for trimming the summer millinery. In a limited variety, at..... **49c. and 69c**

MOTOR HOODS AT $2.98 FOR $4 TO $10 VALUES. These are the French models which were brought over for the American makers to copy from. There are only about two dozen in the lot, and they will go in a jiffy at..... **$2.98** each

Made of silk and pongee, some with the long chiffon streamers; others with the rosettes at side. In various colors and a few in Persian designs, at..... **$2.98** each

Main Floor, Fulton Street

Fine Hand Bags at $1.

IN HAND BAGS AT ONE DOLLAR EACH there is a notably wide variety here for your choosing and to-day we describe four special lots, each of which presents a value which, we believe, is not to be matched anywhere else.

Lot No. 1. Square shape moire silk Hand Bags in all colors, with silver or gilt frames and metal corners to match; lined with moire and fitted with small envelope purse, finished with cord and tassel.

Lot No. 2. Black and white fine striped silk Hand Bags in oval and square shapes, with gilt frames and all fitted with purse. Finished with cord and tassel.

Lot No. 3. There are several styles in this lot of black satin in the square or round shapes with silver frame and extra wide opening. Lined with silk and finished with cord and tassel.

Lot No. 4. Tapestry Hand Bags trimmed with tinsel braid and tassel. Gilt frame, colored lining; cord and tassel.

Main Floor.

Time to Buy the Ribbons For Miss Dainty's June Walk.

These special values will help you make selection:

At 19c., regularly 29c. Six inch moire Ribbons, every new hue, especially fine waterings.

At 19c., regularly 29c. Fancy striped Ribbons, an assortment ranging from 4½ to 5¼ inches, and comprising the wanted black-and-white as well as the dainty tints for hair bows and sashes; a very interesting gathering.

At 19c., regularly 29c. Taffeta Ribbons in every dainty color, a good quality that will make pretty bows and 5¼ inches wide.

At 29c., regularly 45c. Moire Ribbon with wide satin edges, a particularly good quality and prettily marked; 5¾ inches wide.

At 12c., regularly 17c. Taffeta Ribbon, 4 inches wide, in every wanted color and a good quality; the width most favored for hair bows.

Main Floor.

PAN-AMERICA MEDAL GIVEN TO CARNEGIE

Philanthropist, in Acknowledging the Honor, Gives $100,000 More to Washington Building.

FIRST AWARD OF ITS KIND

Token Hailing Carnegie as a "Benefactor of Humanity" Was Presented by Twenty-one Republics.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—This afternoon Andrew Carnegie gave $100,000 additional to the $750,000 which he originally gave for the construction of the Pan-American building in this city, this additional sum to be used in the artistic completion, and finishing of the grounds surrounding the building in order to give the structure a proper setting as a great international institution.

The announcement of the gift came immediately following the conclusion of the exercises at the Pan-American building when the American Republics, through their diplomatic representatives and the President of the United States, presented the Pan-American medal to Mr. Carnegie. Mr. Carnegie confirmed his statement in the form of a copy of a letter, which he today addressed to Senator Root, as follows:

Dear Senator Root: I learnt yesterday from Mr. Barrett, Director General of the Pan American Union that the original plans for the building included a scheme of landscape gardening and ornamental walls surrounding it. To-day I cannot repress the desire to send to the old account in your name, which I hear is still open, $100,000, which I am informed will be ample to give the gem its proper setting, which may be taken as evidence of my grateful appreciation of the unique honor conferred upon me this afternoon by the twenty-one sister American republicans, which I fondly trust are soon to be linked by treaty in the bonds of everlasting international peace, as our English-speaking race is sure to be upon the invitation of our peace-loving President.

Our sister republicans need no repetition of this earnest desire, often expressed, that war between the sisters should cease forever. Sincerely yours for peace,

ANDREW CARNEGIE.

The medal presented to Mr. Carnegie is of gold, bearing on one side the words, "Benefactor of Humanity" and on the other, "The American Republics to Andrew Carnegie."

According to John Barrett, Director-General of the Pan-American Union, it was the first time in history that such a tribute from so many nations had been paid to an individual. Señor de Zamacona, the Mexican Ambassador, made the speech of presentation; Secretary of State Knox presided, and President Taft spoke in eulogy of the gifts which Mr. Carnegie has made for the cause of peace on this hemisphere and throughout the world. Members of the Diplomatic Corps and men high in official life filled the hall of the building.

In accepting the medal Mr. Carnegie told of his feelings on being informed of the honor conferred upon him by the Pan-American Conference at Buenos Aires.

"I was sitting at my desk in the Highlands of Scotland last Autumn," he said, "when a telegram was handed to me, which I opened and read without seeming to quite grasp the meaning of the words. I was stunned! Was I dreaming? 'Could such things be and overcome us like a Summer's cloud without our special wonder?' My hands went to my forehead and I bent my head to my desk. Slowly the truth developed and established itself and I began to realize what it all meant. Truly, my friends, I never before felt so completely overwhelmed and crushed as it dawned upon me that the honor which the conference had voted to confer was without parallel; 100 millions of people, forming 21 sovereign nations, bestowing upon poor me an honor the like of which had never before been bestowed upon a human being. Still ashamed to stand up, I felt as if I should like to sink into the ground, conscious that I could never have the audacity to accept it, but as the days passed Hamlet's words came to me: 'Treat the poor players not after their deserts, but after your own honor and dignity. The poorer their merits the larger will be your bounty.' I was indeed in the condition of the poor players. The republics had followed Hamlet's advice and treated me not after my deserts but after their own dignity and honor, and this thought resigned me to my fate."

In offering thanks to the nations, through their diplomats present for the honor bestowed upon him, Mr. Carnegie asked them to accompany the expression with the ardent wish on his part that prompt action should be taken by the 21 republics to establish a reign of peace by adopting President Taft's policy of submitting all disputes to arbitration.

TO TRY HOPE DIAMOND SUIT.

Court Refuses to Give Jeweler Summary Judgment Against McLeans.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—Holding that the affidavits of Edward B. McLean and his wife, Evelyn Walsh McLean, in defense of the suit of Cartier, the New York jeweler, to recover $180,000, the purchase price of the Hope diamond, are sufficient in law, Justice Barnard of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia to-day declined to grant the motion of the plaintiffs for summary judgment. He declared the McLeans are entitled to have a jury pass on the matter.

A joinder of issue probably will be filed by counsel for the jewelers and the case will take it place on the trial calendar.

While the McLeans contended in their answer that Cartier misrepresented the value of the gem, superstition as to the ill fortune that has followed ownership of the Hope diamond is said to have something to do with the case.

Conciliation Medal for Taft.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—Baron D'Estournelles de Constant to-day presented to President Taft a medal from the International Conciliation Society.

RUBBER DIVIDENDS NEARER.

President Colt Gives Hope of Resumption of Common Stock Payments.

In the annual report of the United States Rubber Company for the year ended March 31, 1911, President Colt again holds out a hope for an early resumption of dividends on the common stock of the company. Since April 1, 1910, the price of crude rubber has fallen almost one-half, which, says the report, necessitated an inventory valuation below cost, not only of the crude rubber in stock but of manufactured goods carried over as well.

"Had the conditions of business and profits at the close of this last year been as flattering as at the close of the preceding year," says the report, "and if uncertainties affecting the legal status of consolidations had been dissipated, the President would have had no hesitancy now, with the present lower level of crude rubber, in recommending a dividend upon the common stock, and he believes that the day cannot be far distant when all the conditions will be such as to warrant some material recognition of the common stock holders."

In the past year net earnings were $4,349,825, as compared with $5,535,163 in 1910, a decrease of $1,185,337. Including the company's estimated share in the undivided profits of the companies not included in the consolidated earnings statement, the profits for the year were $5,061,991, as against $7,235,000 for the year previous. After paying dividends there remained a balance of $349,825, equivalent to 2.2 per cent. on the $25,000,000 of common stock.

Yale Chi Phi Dinner To-night.

The Yale Chapter of Chi Phi Fraternity will give a dinner to its members of the classes of 1885 and 1886 at the Waldorf to-night. Prof. Lester Paige Breckenridge, head of the Department of Engineering at Yale of the class of 1881, will be toastmaster.

TO FIGHT FOR DELAY ON FREE LIST VOTE

Republicans Planning to Plaster Bill with Amendments so as to Keep Up Debate.

NEW RECRUIT FOR MEASURE

Warburton, Republican from Washington, Declares It a Step in the Right Direction—Tariff Board's Defense.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—There were signs to-day that an organized effort will be made next week to prevent the Democratic steam roller from being brought out of the shed when the time comes to pass the Free List bill. The majority leaders have thought that they might get it out of the way on Monday or surely by Tuesday night.

This seemed possible because so many members have utilized the opportunity in the general debate to make speeches that they can print and distribute in their districts in the campaign next Summer. The debate under the five-minute rule on that account has not at any time thus far seemed likely to be much prolonged. But to-day it was learned that the Republicans are going to plaster all sorts of amendments on the bill if they can get a chance, and it was freely predicted today that the best part of the week would be consumed in debate on them.

Mr. Underwood, the Democratic leader, will adhere to his policy of opening the door for the fullest debate.

For many of the amendments Republicans are counting on scattering Democratic support. The Democratic leaders expect the measure to be adopted, however, with little or no change except by the addition of certain amendments definitely approved by the Ways and Means Committee.

Representative Warburton of Washington, a newly elected Republican member of the House of Representatives, announced his intention of supporting the Democratic Free List bill in a speech in the House this afternoon.

Speeches in favor of the Free List bill were delivered by Representatives McHenry of Pennsylvania, Ansberry of Ohio, Hensley of Missouri, McCoy of New Jersey, Littlepage of West Virginia, Dixon of Indiana, Bartlett of Georgia, and Clark of Florida. Speeches against the bill were made by Representatives Wilder of Massachusetts, Parr of Pennsylvania, Sloan of Nebraska, and Smith of Michigan.

Mr. Bartlett attacked the so-called "cotton bagging trust." He said there was evidence that manufacturers of jute bagging for baling cotton were operating through an understanding equivalent to a combination. Mr. Gillett of Massachusetts challenged the statement, and Mr. Bartlett cited testimony before the Ways and Means Committee in 1909.

Representative Francis of Ohio to-day in explaining his reasons for asking a Congressional inquiry into the American Woolen Company, declared that reduction of the wool tariff or placing wool on the free list would not have the slightest effect on the price of either raw or finished wool. That corporation, he said, controls absolutely mills with a capitalization of $59,000,00 scattered through New England, New York, and Pennsylvania, and prices are arbitrarily fixed by the so-called "woolen trust." He said he was not in favor of free wool and hoped the proposed investigation would convert those of his fellow Democrats who wanted to revise the tariff along that line.

Chairman Henry C. Emery of the Tariff Board declared that the statement that the Tariff Board has made an error of 33 per cent. in its figures of Canadian farm wages in its Canadian reciprocity report is entirely untrue.

STRIKE ON, TRAFFIC MOVES.

Cars Moving at Normal Rate, Declare Pennsylvania Officials.

PITTSBURG, May 5.—Little change was recorded to-day in the strike situation on the Pittsburg division of the Pennsylvania Railroad, whose shopmen went out last Monday morning. Nothing was forthcoming from the strikers' headquarters in the way of announcements while the company officials insist that not more than forty per cent. of the men are out. At the Pittsburg transfer station in Pitcairn, the freight handlers who went out have been replaced and the normal freight movement is being maintained.

Officials of the railroad visited the Pitcairn yards to-day and to-night the following statement was given out:

"There is absolutely no truth in the reports that the movement of traffic through Pittsburgh is being delayed because of the strike of some of the shopmen in this district.

"In the last twenty-four hours 562 cars have been loaded at Pitcairn transfer. This is practically normal, no more than 600 cars a day being loaded even in the busiest time.

In a statement supplementing this one A. M. Schoyer, General Superintendent of the Pennsylvania lines east, said that compared to a total of 3,639 men employed in the affected district, day and night, last Friday, 2,219 men are at work today. Of the latter, 300 to 400 have been imported since the strike began. Most of the repair work, he said, is done in the Winter, and on the entire system the company has 40,000 cars in good condition, which can be used in emergencies. There are in the Pittsburg district alone 5,512 cars and 209 locomotives stored.

Sixty more men joined the strike at the Pitsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago shops on the North Side, but the company quickly put in new men. The men along the lines east are being paid to-day and the strikers are receiving their wages for April.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 5.—A strike of all the boilermakers, apprentices, and helpers on the Rock Island lines is threatened, according to a letter received here by Thomas King, local business agent of the boilermakers' union. The strike, it is said, will affect about 2,000 men. The boilermakers now have 2,000 men out on the New York Central and 3,200 on the Pennsylvania, and the warning is sent to Eastern lodges to keep men away from the West.

CHICAGO, May 5.—Peace between the freight handlers of Chicago and the railroads has been restored, and the maintenance-of-way employes are expected to call off their strike in a day or two.

OUR NEW TEN YEAR MORTGAGE

YOU do not have to pay off these mortgages for ten years but you may pay them off on any interest day if you want to or make $100 payments on any interest day.

If your present mortgage is due, we can change it into one of these mortgages.

Made to home owners only in Greater New York for $10,000 or less.

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST Co

Capital . . $ 4,375,000
Surplus (all earned) 10,625,000

176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., Bklyn. 350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

BUFFALO LITHIA SPRINGS WATER

is sold at drug-stores, in sealed half-gallon bottles.

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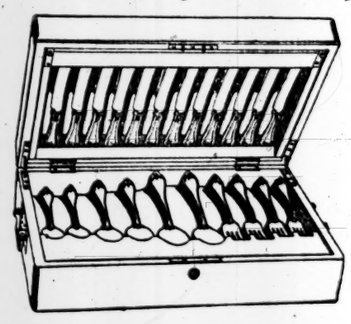

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MAGISTRATE PUZZLED BY MENTAL HEALING

Avows He Cannot Decide Whether Scientist Winslow Practiced Medicine or Not.

WOMAN SPY IGNORES BIBLE

Says Book That Contains Story of Woman of Samaria, as She Has Heard It, Is Objectionable.

Wentworth Byron Winslow, Christian Science practitioner of 140 West Forty-second Street, who was arrested last month at the instance of the County Medical Society, charged with practicing medicine without a license, was arraigned yesterday before Magistrate Kernochan, in the Jefferson Market Court.

Many Christian Scientists, doctors, and lawyers, who are interested in the technical questions at issue, were in the courtroom and heard Attorney Henry D. Estabrook, who is defending Winslow, read long passages from Mary Baker G. Eddy's "Science and Health," by way of showing that the only thing that Christian Science healers try to do for folks who pay them money is to "put them into communion with the universal spiritual laws and with the great God who has brought all men into being."

Whether this constitutes "practicing medicine" and whether this is all for which Healer Winslow took $2 from a County Medical Society agent last month were two legal points which Magistrate Kernochan had yesterday to decide. Amid general laughter, he frankly confessed that they were both too knotty for him.

"The question is, simply, Can a Christian Scientist practice for money?" the Magistrate said. "I wish I could get out of making a decision. I don't know what to do."

The Magistrate said he wanted to hold back his decision until a jury renders a verdict in the case of Willis Vernon Cole, another Christian Science healer whose arrest the Medical Society caused some time ago on the same charge. Healer Cole, however, was defended by former District Attorney Jerome, who—for the astute purpose, it is said, of keeping the Medical Society from creating a legal precedent with the case—had it removed from the calendar of Special Sessions, where most medical law constructions have been made in the past, to General Sessions before a jury. Counsel John G. Dyer, for the Medical Society, insisted yesterday that the two cases be considered as separate entities and that Winslow be held for Special Sessions. Magistrate Kernochan finally said he would read the lawyers' briefs of the new case. Healer Winslow was again released on parole, pending the Magistrate's decision.

Only one witness was placed on the stand yesterday—Mrs. Frances Benzacry, the County Medical Society's agent, on whose evidence Winslow was arrested last month. Both Lawyer Dyer, for the Medical Society, and Lawyer Estabrook, for the Christian Science healer, said that what they wanted was a judicial opinion on her testimony alone.

"I was sent up to Mr. Winslow's office by Mr. Vandiver, the County Medical Society's counsel, on April 8, to get evidence as to whether Winslow, who possesses no medical license, was breaking the State medical laws by practicing medicine," said Mrs. Benzacry, in substance. "I told the healer that I was suffering from stomach trouble. I asked him:

"'Will Christian Science cure me?'

"'It will heal you,' he answered. Then he sat opposite me for fifteen minutes with his hand to his forehead and his eyes closed.

"'God didn't make any disease. Be pure and sincere in thought,' he next told me. He directed me to get Mrs. Eddy's 'Science and Health.' I paid him $2. He told me to return the next day, as I would have to take several treatments. When I was leaving he cautioned me not to put myself on a diet, but to eat anything I wanted. I went back a few days later and complained that my stomach was just as bad as ever.

"'Your stomach has no intelligence. It doesn't know any difference between being good and being bad. Everything is Mind,' he said."

Mrs. Benzacry caused considerable amusement by giving a remarkable version of a certain New Testament story.

"I found a reference in 'Science and Health,'" she said, "to a Samaritan woman at a well, who said that she had five husbands. I told Healer Winslow that I thought a book which referred to any such story was objectionable."

"Haven't you ever read the Bible?" counsel Estabrook asked. The witness said that she never had.

"You know that the Christian Science Church has been practicing in this city for eleven years, and when you went to Healer Winslow you thoroughly understood that he wasn't going to do anything to you except to invoke Christian Science?" Counsel Estabrook said to the witness during cross-examination. "Winslow told you, did he not, that Christian Science couldn't disturb a natural condition?"

The witness answered these questions affirmatively. She admitted that the healer had not prescribed any medicaments for her and had not manipulated or laid hands on her.

"Didn't Healer Winslow make it clear to you that whatever healing Christian Science did was done by spiritual law and by helping you to come into communion with the great God who brought you into being?" Lawyer Estabrook asked. "Didn't he say again and again: 'I don't treat disease. I don't want to treat disease. I don't know disease?'"

The witness, however, by no means admitted this.

"He told me he could heal me," she answered. "Sometimes he used the word heal and sometimes the word cure."

Virgil O. Strickler, First Reader of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, of this city, sat beside Healer Winslow all through the hearing. The healer himself is a tall, well-knit, middle-aged man, with a grave face and a quick, ready smile. To show how the healer has risen in the world his lawyer said yesterday that fifteen years ago he was arraigned in Jefferson Market Court for drunkenness.

KILLED IN AN AUTO CRASH.

Motor Taken Out Without Permission Crashes Into a Stone Wall.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWBURG, N. Y., May 5.—Mrs. Annie Tomer, 44 years old, is dead, Miss Pearl Grant, 22, is dying at St. Luke's Hospital, and John W. Campbell, 28, is suffering from fracture of several ribs and a broken arm as the result of an accident caused by the skidding of an automobile in making a turn on a dangerous curve on the Coldenham Highway, near Orange Lake, at 2 o'clock this morning.

Campbell was employed a short time since at the Bellinger garage as a handy man. Last evening, while cleaning a new car, Campbell was visited by the women in company with Frank K. Minerly, an aeronaut, who suggested that the party go out for a ride. The car was on its way back to the city when the dangerous curve was met. The ground was wet, and instead of responding to the wheel the car ran head on at twenty-five miles an hour into a stone wall.

The Grant woman was in the front seat and was thrown fifteen feet, her head striking a rock. The Tomer woman was thrown against the wall and rolled under the car as it rebounded. The two men were less seriously hurt. Minerly escaping with only a few cuts in the face and neck, and Campbell sustaining a fracture of the arm and ribs.

The Coroner placed Campbell under arrest on a charge of manslaughter. He had no license to run a car and had taken it out without permission of the owner. Campbell will in a few years become heir to a large estate. He has been in the United States Navy and purchased his discharge. Both women were married, the one who is dead leaving a daughter whose wedding took place recently. The other woman has been married only a short time.

FRIGHTENED BY AUTO HORN.

Percy Rockefeller's Car Causes Runaway—Coachman Hurt.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., May 5. — Percy Rockefeller's auto horn was the cause of an accident on the Boston Post road at Greenwich this morning, when a mustang pony owned by Noah Loder of New York ran away throwing out the coachman, Dominick Casalito, and breaking a rib.

The horse was standing in front of the Loder house, which is at the junction of the Post road and Brookside drive, when the Rockefeller car came down the Post road and gave the precautionary signal at the cross roads. The horse ran down the steep grade where the driver was thrown out. Mr. Rockefeller hastened to his side, and taking a robe from his car helped to lift the man and lay him on the blanket and carry him to the lawn of the Loder place. Then he stood by while his chauffeur called Dr. Hyde. The injured man was taken to the hospital.

HIT BY AUTO, DIES.

Laborer Struck at Curb Taken to Hospital by Schwarz, the Car Owner.

George J. Schwarz, a furniture dealer of 78 Harmon Street, Brooklyn, his wife, and two women friends were on their way to a Manhattan theatre in Mr. Schwarz's automobile last night, when, at Flushing Avenue and Broadway, Williamsburg, Dominick Formito, a laborer of 306 East 160th Street, the Bronx, stepped off the curbstone in front of the car. The automobile struck the laborer and knocked him down.

The women waited in a store near by while Mr. Schwarz and the chauffeur carried Formito to St. Catherine's Hospital. His skull was fractured and he died soon after reaching the hospital. Mr. Schwarz gave bail for his chauffeur, Michael Klein, who was arrested.

WOMAN SPEEDER ARRESTED.

Mrs. Johanna Cuneo, who identified herself as the wife of A. Cuneo, an Italian banker of 28 Mulberry Street, and who boasted of having raced against some of the fastest automobile drivers in the country, was arrested in Yonkers yesterday for speeding.

Mrs. Cuneo was stopped by a motorcycle policemen after a chase of three miles. She was alone in a big Renault car, and, though she traveled at nearly fifty miles an hour, she innocently inquired whether she had violated the law.

When brought before Police Lieutenant Edward Connolly Mrs. Cuneo promised "to be good after this," but her pleading was of no avail. She will have a hearing to-day.

POLICEMAN ACCUSED BY GAYNOR WINS

Court Orders Reinstatement of Gerhardt, Dismissed on Charge of Clubbing.

EVIDENCE TOO IMPROBABLE

Policeman Plainly Justified in Using the Weapons at Hand to Defend Himself.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court reinstated to the police force yesterday Frederick C. Gerhardt, a patrolman attached to the West Thirtieth Street Police Station, who was dismissed from the force following a trial on charges of clubbing preferred against him by order of Mayor Gaynor.

The justices of the Appellate Court find that the story told by the three men arrested by Gerhardt and encouraged to prosecute him by Mayor Gaynor was "almost too improbable for belief, even if it did not bear on its face the evidence of its own untruth."

The charges grew out of an arrest Gerhardt tried to make in a saloon in West Thirtieth Street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues. He had heard two shots fired and tried to enter the saloon to investigate. His path was barred by John T. Moore, the proprietor; Oberst, his bartender, and another man named Hayes. There was a fight and all three were arrested.

In his protest against his dismissal Gerhardt stated that the proceedings against him were "under the direction of the Honorable William J. Gaynor, Mayor of the City of New York, who conducted an ex parte examination in an investigation at which your petitioner was not present." He declared that his "dismissal was not based upon the evidence adduced at his trial, but was the result of the desire of the Mayor of the City of New York to cause the dismissal of any member of the police force against whom charges involving the so-called clubbing of citizens were made without regard as to whether the evidence sustained such charges."

In its opinion, the court stated:

"It is undisputed that Gerhardt arrested Oberst, Moore and Hayes and charged Moore with interfering with an officer, and Oberst and Hayes with assault. So the charge of making a false charge of assault against Moore falls at the outset. Oberst admitted that he struck the officer at least once and 'gave him one black eye.' It was proved at Gerhardt's trial that he had two black eyes, many bruises and was sick and under a physician's care for ten days.

"Oberst admitted that Hayes 'got in the mix-up' and an officer who came to Gerhardt's assistance and the Lieutenant in charge of the desk at the police station both testified that Hayes said at the station, 'We had no right to hit the cop in uniform,' or substantially that. Hayes did not deny that he was drunk and the evidence shows that both he and Oberst were considerably under the influence of liquor.

"The story of wanton and unprovoked assault upon Oberst is almost too improbable for belief, even if it did not bear on its face the evidence of its own untruth. Oberst did not have to come from behind the bar to ask what the trouble was and his purpose in doing that was too obvious to require comment. The condition of the officer when the affair was over is the best evidence of how the purpose was executed.

"The testimony of one McGee was impeached by his statement insisted upon that several days after the occurrence, in discharge of what he considered his duty as a citizen, and without consulting any one, he went to the City Hall to lay the matter before the Mayor, and there to his surprise he found Oberst and Moore on the same errand. The Trial Deputy had the advantage of seeing the witnesses, but the well-known character of the neighborhood in which the occurrence took place is not to be overlooked."

In conclusion the court finds that Gerhardt "was plainly justified in using the weapons at hand to defend himself, and though the determination of the Commissioner on a disputed question of fact is not to be lightly set aside, in the view we take of the evidence, our duty under the statute is plain."

NEW JANITRESS MURDER CLUE

Police Seek Man In Blue Suit Who Was Seen in the Apartment House.

Headquarters detectives and others from the West 125th Street station joined forces yesterday, but failed to run down the murderer of Mrs. Anna Wolnar, the janitress, who was stabbed to death in the kitchen of her home at 528 West 123d Street on Wednesday afternoon. For twenty-four hours the detectives had under surveillance a man who lives in the neighborhood, but they have not been able to fasten the guilt on him. The woman's husband and his friend, Louis Harra, who discovered the body of the murdered woman, and who were held by the Coroner as material witnesses, were released yesterday afternoon. Both established a complete alibi.

Following their release the detectives started on a new clue. Mrs. Tillie Lipschitz, who lives on the third floor rear of the apartment where the murder took place, and Mrs. Jennie Benderly, who lives on the third floor front, told the detectives that a man wearing a blue suit had gone through the apartment house about 3 o'clock Wednesday afternoon soliciting business for a furniture house. The man, they said, was dark and spoke very good English. He answers in a general way the description of the man Mrs. McCabe, who lives on the first floor rear, says she saw pass her window about 3 o'clock on the afternoon of the murder.

Last night the detectives said they expected to make an arrest within a few hours.

F. J. Gould's Auto Hits Woman.

An automobile belonging to Frank J. Gould knocked down Miss Katherine Devanney, 30 years old, a saleswoman, late yesterday afternoon in Broadway, near Houston Street. The only occupant of the car was the chauffeur, Lawrence Walcott. Miss Devanney refused medical aid. Walcott volunteered to take her home in the car and she accepted.

COLLECTORS BARRED FROM FLAT HOUSES

Must Confine Their Efforts to the Dumbwaiter, Appellate Division Rules.

NO RIGHT TO ENTER HOUSE

Money Seeker Who Was Attacked by a Janitor Loses His Suit for $2,000 Damages.

Dwellers in apartment houses which contain no dumb waiters are as safe from the invasions of bill collectors as if they lived in a castle on the Rhine, according to a decision yesterday by the Appellate Division. The learned judges ruled that the janitor of an apartment building is justified in forcibly ejecting anybody who to collect a bill enters the building, the elevator or stairs, but that the bill collectors may use the dumb waiters.

A collector may spend a half-day calling up the shaft to some one on the sixth floor that the tailor wants to be paid $33.50 for the suit he delivered last autumn; or he may suggest that the grocer, would like something on account.

There is no reason, indeed, if the collector is small enough, why he should not enter the dumb-waiter and pull himself up to the apartment, with whose inhabitants he could commune.

Imagine, for instance, if you are a house-wife, going to the dumb-waiter to get the matutinal milk, and finding therein a small gentleman, who dexterously projects himself to the floor of the kitchen, and presents a bill for the laundry.

The plaintiff in the case yesterday on which the ruling was made was Emil C. Brandlin, 1636 Amsterdam Avenue, who sued for $2,000 damages from Lucius H. Beers, owner of the apartment house at 552 West 160th Street for injuries received on July 12, 1909, in an encounter with the janitor. In his opinion, which was that of the entire court, Justice McLaughlin said:

"He entered the vestibule, rang the customer's bell, and thereupon the janitor of the house appeared and asked him what he wanted. The plaintiff informed the janitor that he came to collect a bill from one of the tenants whom he named. The janitor then told him to go down stairs and make the collection by means of the dumb-waiter at the same time saying this in accordance with orders given him by the owner of the premises.

The plaintiff refused to do this and attempted to forcibly pass the janitor for the purpose of going to his customer's apartment. The janitor thereupon seized him and they both both fell to the floor where they remained until separated.

The court then sustained the dumb-waiter-collecting-bill route.

17 Ingredients in One Perfect Blend

It takes 17 ingredients to make a spaghetti such as we cook for you.

It takes hours to prepare it.

If you had the recipe it would cost you to make it full twice what we charge to supply it.

And you haven't the recipe. Nobody has it outsido of our kitchens.

It is our creation—the result of two years' work. And its immense popularity makes it a priceless possession.

All who have tried this spaghetti say that they never have anywhere tasted anything like it.

Yet many have eaten Italian spaghetti as it is cooked in Rome.

We use in the making:

Durum wheat spaghetti.
Herkimer County full cream cheese.
Best creamery butter.
The same expensive tomato sauce we use in Van Camp's Pork & Beans.

It comes ready cooked. All you have to do is to heat it.

We have made good things for nearly fifty years. But no other dish which we ever devised has created such a furore of favor.

We ask you to try, and you'll be glad that we make it. Order a few cans now.

It's Dinner and It's Ready

Van Camp's Spaghetti
Italian Style
At Every Grocery—Ready-cooked
10c and 15c per can

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TWO MAMMOTH BUILDINGS. J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. BOTH SIDES OF 6TH AVE. 18TH & 19TH STS. NEW YORK.

No Charge for Alterations on Women's and Misses' Apparel Until Further Notice.

HATS TRIMMED FREE.

In Our MAIN Building We've Planned Another
Big Saturday Sale of
Roycroft Books
Written by ELBERT HUBBARD and Others and at
Astonishingly Low Prices

Our sale of Roycroft books on Saturday last was so successful that we have purchased another participant's entire share—bought by him at auction at the same underwriters' salvage sale at which ours were purchased. We regretted last week that some of our customers could not get all the titles that were advertised, but as the volumes were limited in number a few applicants were necessarily disappointed. This week we mention the quantities of each, and we positively assure our patrons that there will be NO MORE OF THEM, as the recent underwriters' sale may NEVER be duplicated. Here is the list—a few being slightly damaged by smoke or water, but BY FAR THE MOST in PERFECT condition:

1,000 Copies "LITTLE JOURNEY" Series—edition de luxe; large paper; bound artistically in board sides; buckram backs; some of the titles are:
Marcus Aurelius
Botticelli
Corot
Sam Johnson
Pericles
Gainsborough
William Pitt
Wendell Phillips
Jean Paul Marat
Thorwaldsen
Whistler
Seneca
Roycrofters' price $1 a volume; our sale price, **25c**

150 COPIES
WHITE HYACINTHS—Being a book of the heart, by Elbert Hubbard; bound in leather, board sides, gilt top, uncut edges, illuminated title page and head and tail-pieces; the Roycrofters' price, $2; our price..... **50c**

110 COPIES
WOMAN'S WORK—Being an inquiry and an assumption, by Alice Hubbard; with etched portrait and head and tail-pieces; bound in boards; gilt top; uncut edges; Roycrofters' price, $2; our price..... **25c**

150 COPIES
CRIMES AGAINST CRIMINALS—By Robert G. Ingersoll; printed on hand-made paper with etched portrait; bound in limp ooze leather; silk-lined; gilt top; uncut edges; Roycrofters' price, $2; our price..... **55c**

THE BATTLE OF WATERLOO—By Victor Hugo; bound in special ooze limp leather; gilt top; uncut edges; also in boards, leather backs; hand-made paper; head and tail-pieces; Roycrofters' price, $2; our price..... **25c**

300 COPIES
Little Journeys to the Homes of Eminent Artists.
Little Journeys to the Homes of Eminent Orators.
Little Journeys to the Homes of Great Philosophers.

All the foregoing printed from type on specially made paper; some have illuminated title pages and initials; bound in limp ooze leather; gilt top; uncut edges; Roycrofters' prices from $2 to $5 each; our price.... **75c**

The above books contain six separate biographies in each volume.

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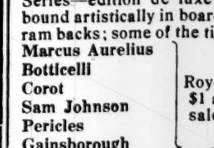
BOUND VOLUMES OF THE PHILISTINE—Six months' numbers in one volume; bound in solid boards with leather backs; Roycrofters' prices, $2 and $3 a volume; our price..... **25c**

(MAIN Building, Fourth Floor.)

IN OUR *MAIN* BUILDING
Music Rolls for Player-Pianos 25c



Our original purchase of 35,000 rolls has diminished in number, but there are still enough rolls left to afford YOU an excellent choice.

These rolls are worth up to $1.75 each, and fit all standard player-pianos. They represent THE VERY BEST MUSIC IN ALL BRANCHES.

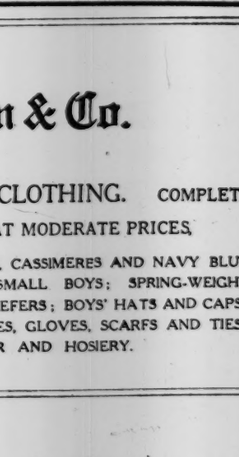
No C. O. D. or Mail Orders
(MAIN Building, Fourth Floor.)

In Our MAIN Building:
Everything that men, women or children wear.
Everything that men, women or children eat or drink.
Everything that men, women or children use for sport or for play.
Everything that men, women or children wish to read.

In Our GREENHUT Building:
Everything that the home needs in furniture.
Everything that the home needs in carpets, rugs, curtains, pictures, china, glassware, lamps or ornaments.
Everything that the kitchen needs from cook stove to soap dish.

Ask for S. H. Green Trading Stamps—We Give Them

The Man in the Tower



IN the style telescope of the Man in the Tower a coat looms large.

The Raglan—a sort of nebulous envelopment—loose but of good repute.

For cool summer evenings as well as changeable spring.

The House of Lords is in favor of it.

Fifth Avenue seconds the motion.

So it is carried—and well carried by well built men.

We've put the spirit into it—the trans-Atlantic breath that makes these Raglans respect themselves and their wearers.

$25, $30, $35 and $37.50.

Cloth comes from England in the better ones.

Each an individual. Cut and tailored by itself.

Couldn't make them for the whole country that way. Just for New Yorkers.

Suits made the same way.

From $20 to $40.

As much individual taste as good tailoring.

Haberdashery that conforms to the same quaint ideal of giving as much as possible for the money.

Scarfs, 55 cents to $3. A royal riot of Spring colors.

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A. KOMMEL & SON, 39 Walker St.
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LAX & STRAUSS, 537 Broadway.
S. MANN & CO., 290 Church St.
M. & C. MAYER, 568 Broadway.
J. B. SEMEL & CO., 403 Broadway.
CHAS. SIMON'S SONS, Union Sq. & 15th St.
J. & M. WOLF, 343 Broadway, N. Y.

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WOMEN'S 16-B EMB'D SILK GLOVES, double finger tips, in black and white, value 2.00, at.... **1.50**

WOMEN'S 1-CLASP CAPE SKIN PRIX SEAM, in black, white and tan; fine quality chamois, in white and natural color, value 1.35, at..... **1.00**

MEN'S TAN CAPE SKIN WALKING GLOVES, best value in New York, at..... **1.00**

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Mounted Into Rings and La Vallieres—Sold Under Cost

WE HAVE PURCHASED FOR CASH from a diamond cutter a wonderfully beautiful collection of finest diamonds at a saving which means that we can sell them to you for less than they cost when cut.

Ordinary stones would be unusual at our prices. These stones are of the highest grade, each cut to bring out the highest possible degree of brilliancy, every fraction of weight showing to the best advantage. All but eight are WHITE and FLAWLESS. These eight exceptions will be pointed out to you as you would not know they were not perfect otherwise.

We have mounted the stones in Rings and La Vallieres—all hand made settings of gold with platinum tops. Prices are as follows:

32 Solitaire Diamond Rings, $62.00 to $277.00.
21 Twin Stone Diamond Rings, $39.00 to $343.00.
12 Three Stone Hoop Rings, $59.00 to $500.00.

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DIRECT ATTENTION TO THEIR LINE OF

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WOMEN'S EXTRA SIZES IN BLACK ARE INCLUDED.

ALSO GUARANTEED LISLE THREAD HALF-HOSE FOR MEN

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

GET MORE EVIDENCE IN OHIO GRAFT CASES

Diegel, Sergeant at Arms of Ohio Senate, May Give Information in Bribery Scandal.

MORE INDICTMENTS LIKELY

One Member Said to Have Solicited a $10,000 Bribe—Judge Fixes Trial for May 15.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, May 5.—Additional evidence laid before the Grand Jury today implicates another Republican member of the House of Representatives not heretofore considered in an attempt to solicit a bribe of $1,000. Strangely enough it is on the very bill on which Detective Harrison is said to have bribed the members now under indictment, the Whitemore Insurance bill.

Evidence implicating another member of the House was also presented to the Grand Jury. It is charged that he solicited a $10,000 bribe from the owner of a chain of loan offices throughout the country on the agreement that would kill the loan shark bill which finally became a law.

To-day a detective went to Ironton to find a $50 bill which a member of the Assembly is said to have had changed in a railway ticket office. Such a bill was marked before it left the detective's hands here a week ago. To-day's search, according to a dispatch from Ironton, failed to reveal the bill. However, the ticket agent was served with a subpoena to appear before the Grand Jury.

A far-reaching confession that will clear up all doubt as to the charges against suspected member of the General Assembly is expected. Rodney J. Diegel, Sergeant at Arms of the Senate, is the man with whom the prosecution is working. While it is reported to-night that Diegel has already confessed, no authentic information can be obtained. It is said that immunity has been offered to him if he would tell all he knows. Diegel was the go-between for the lobbyists, and it is not believed a good case can be made against him on the charge of which he is indicted—that of aiding and abetting in obtaining a bribe.

Trial Set for May 15.

Appearing along with criminals charged with murder, burglary, and other crimes, five members of the General Assembly—Senators George K. Cetone, Isaac E. Hoffman, L. R. Andrews, and Representatives George B. Nye and A. L. Lowry—and Sergeant at Arms Diegel, all under indictment for alleged bribery, were arraigned before Judge Kinkead in the Criminal Court to-day. The court accepted a plea of not guilty for all and remarked that he thought the cases should be disposed of promptly. The cases were set for trial during the week of May 15.

Representative Nye will be the first one to be tried. A prominent criminal lawyer of this city refused to-day an offer to associate himself as counsel in Nye's case.

Prosecuting Attorney Turner said to-day that he has "an abundance of evidence not furnished by the detectives." Turner is in receipt of many anonymous letters, giving names, amounts, and dates of transactions and the parties thereto that fit into incomplete cases, which he is considering. They are apparently from people who have knowledge of what has been going on in the legislative halls, but who are not courageous enough to come forward in person and assume the burden of open support.

"The county is not bearing any of the expense of this investigation, except such investigation as I have been making," was the significant remark of Prosecutor Turner. "I have been pledged to secrecy as to who is behind the investigation, and will never tell. It seems as though some of them are doing some talking, and if they want to give it away they may."

Prosecutor Turner intimated that there was yet a number of indictments to come. His investigation includes lobbyists, who have disappeared since the bribery investigation started, but who can be reached when the proper time comes.

Perjury Charges Likely.

Mr. Turner is authority for the statement that some of the witnesses who have testified have, according to the information in his hands, committed perjury.

Attorney General Hogan said to-day, that the time had been reached for the appointment of a legislative committee to investigate bribery and other rottenness. It is probable that a committee will be appointed before the end of next week. Mr. Hogan also believes that expulsion of a few members would have a salutary effect.

Mr. Hogan has come across the fact that a member of the Assembly had all of his campaign expenses paid by a certain interested corporation and it is his contention that this matter shall also be investigated.

Before the Grand Jury.

Inside history of the fight for and against the Dean "wet" municipalities and the Fulton "wet" cities bills is being written in the records of the Grand Jury. Early in the Legislative session Wayne B. Wheeler, superintendent of the anti-saloon league, made the charge that improper influences were being employed to pass the Dean bill in the House and he retorted to the demand of the Personal Liberty League for the proof that if it became necessary proof would be forthcoming. The "wets" made counter charges against the "drys" and the allegations of both are now being inquired into by the Grand Jury.

Among the witnesses summoned to appear before the Grand Jury is a member of the Assembly, who is reported to have received an offer of $2,000 for his vote for the Dean bill. He is one of the ablest and most respected members of the Assembly. At the time when the "wets" felt sure the Dean bill would lack only one or two votes of a constitutional majority in the House, a personal friend of this member asked him how he was going to vote.

"I'm against the bill and I'm going to vote against it," the member said.

"I have been requested to say to you that it will be worth $2,000 to you to support the bill," was the reply of his questioner.

Asked who had sent him with such a proposal, the Assemblyman's friend gave the name of a man who he declared had authorized him to make the statement.

"Go back," replied the Assemblyman, "and tell him I have made up my mind to vote against the bill and that nothing can make me change it."

The House journal shows he voted not only against the Dean bill but the Fulton bill as well.

Manufacturers Involved.

Letters written by manufacturers' associations from their legislative headquarters here asking for funds for use in legislative work have brought the manufacturers' associations of the State within the scope of the present investigation of legislative bribery. Subpoenas already have been sent out by Prosecutor Turner for the appearance of officers and other members of these associations, and some of them already are here in response.

The basis of the inquiry in this direction is a copy of a circular letter recently placed in Prosecutor Turner's hands. It was written by an officer of one of the associations to its members and asked for the contribution of funds, mentioning that the expenses of the legislative headquarters were high, that attorneys were required, and that other outlays had to be met.

Manufacturers of Ohio have been deeply interested in measures in the present session of the General Assembly. Several efforts were made to draft a workmen's compensation bill that would have a chance of passage, labor leaders and manufacturers' representatives differing materially. Especial attention also was given by manufacturers to the women's eight-hour bill, and there were many times in the last four months when more than a dozen representatives of manufacturers' associations were here.

Roosevelt to Present Mosely's Gift.

The gift of Alfred Mosely of London, the painting "Am I My Brother's Keeper?" by J. C. Dollman, a reproduction of which appeared in last Sunday's Pictorial Section of THE NEW YORK TIMES, will be presented to the Board of Education of New York next Friday afternoon. The presentation, which will be made by ex-President Roosevelt, on behalf of the donor, will take place at the De Witt Clinton High School. Miss Olivia Leventritt, a member of the board, will accept the painting for the department.

COUNT IS ARRESTED AS ART SMUGGLER

Carlo di Peloggio Accused of Bringing In Two Paintings Without Inspection.

THEIR VALUE NOT FIXED

Customs Authorities In Doubt Whether They Are Copies or Old Masters—Steamship Officer Also Accused.

The customs authorities were surprised a few weeks ago when "The Holy Family," a painting credited to Andrea Del Sarto, and "Vision of St. Hubert," a supposed Velasquez, were exhibited and offered for sale in this country. There was no record that either painting had been landed here.

The investigation which followed resulted in the arrest yesterday of Count Carlo di Peloggio, said to be a member of a noble Genoese family. He is charged with conspiring with Julius Ferdinand Bruno Frankenburg, first officer of the North German Lloyd liner Prinzess Irene, and landing the paintings here without proper inspection and in defiance of the Treasury regulations. Both paintings are now in the Appraiser's Stores, and the Count is out on bail awaiting trial in the United States Court in Trenton. The Prinzess Irene is at Newport News repairing damage done when she went on the sands of Fire Island, and it is expected Frankenburg will be arrested before he leaves the country.

The question of the genuineness of the paintings and their value is still a matter of doubt among the Appraisers at this port. Art critics differ. "The Holy Family" was offered for sale here at $15,000. The Government Appraisers value it at far less than that sum. A low valuation is also placed upon the other painting.

The two seized paintings formed part of a collection of about sixty paintings which the young man inherited from his aunt, the Marchesa Pini. Both paintings are on wood, and bear evidence of great age. The Count declared last night that he had papers to prove the genuineness of "The Holy Family."

The Count and his paintings arrived here on the same steamship on Feb. 24. The method by which the paintings were removed secretly from the company's pier in Hoboken is still a matter of investigation. The Count did not declare his paintings, and they were delivered to him at his boarding house, 17 West Fifty-eighth Street. Both soon after appeared on exhibition in the Ehrich Art Gallery, 463 Fifth Avenue. There "The Holy Family" was offered for sale, but as no purchaser appeared, both canvases were sent to Chicago. About this time the customs officials got on the trail of the paintings and they were traced to Chicago and seized there.

In the meantime the Count, accompanied by Lincoln G. Valentine, a friend, had journeyed to Los Angeles. Both are said to have mining interests at Beatty, Nev. Peloggio was rather indignant over his arrest, for he said that he had returned from California at the telegraphic request of Collector Loeb.

The Count was taken from the Custom House to the Federal Building and brought before United States Commissioner Shields. He was held in $3,500 bail for trial on May 16 in Trenton. Cash bail was furnished by Valentine. The charge is bringing in the paintings without making the required entry. The new tariff law does not levy duty upon works of art which are more than twenty years old provided such works are properly declared, entered, and examined. The customs officials said that if smuggling entered the charge it would be because of the frames, which are very handsome. The Count was much surprised at his arrest, and he disclaimed any intention of evading the law.

According to the story told by the Count, he consulted with the Director of the Academy of Fine Arts in Genoa, Italy, and was informed he could bring the paintings to this country. He said he gave the paintings into the care of Frankenburg, and he thought they had been entered and landed in the regular way.

Peloggio, who has dropped his title of Count in America, has paid several visits to this country. On his return to Italy in November last year he traveled on the Prinzess Irene and so met the first officer. He said that when he hesitated over bringing the paintings to America Frankenburg said he would bring them over. When the pictures and the Count got here nothing was said about landing the paintings until he went to the steamship to inquire as to the delay three days after her arrival. He says that Frankenburg talked of delay in declaring them and spoke of a 15 per cent. duty.

The young man, imagining, he says, that everything was being done according to law, called upon the Custom House to inquire as to the duty. Two days after his visit to the Prinzess Irene, he said, the paintings were delivered at his boarding house by the New Jersey Transfer Company. He found they were addressed to Frankenburg, at some small town in Tennessee. The Italian sailor who accompanied the pictures said this was done to avoid delay.

The Count said that, while permission was refused him to export the entire collection for sale, the Government gave him permission to bring over three or four of the paintings.

$40,000,000 MORE FROM INTERBOROUGH

Report That New Subway Offer Will Suggest Expenditure of That Additional Sum.

MEETS MAYOR'S IDEAS

He Has Said That Bidder Who Offered Most In Cash Advance Should Be Considered Favorably.

Yesterday's crop of subway rumors had to do with the further concessions which might be expected from the Interborough Rapid Transit Company in its supplemental proposition which is to be received by the city's conferrees next Tuesday. The most definite was that the Interborough would offer to put up about $40,000,000 more money than was contemplated in its offer of last December, and would argue from this that the city's financial neccessities ought to prompt it to accept the offer which made the smallest drains on its own borrowing capacity.

A suggestion looking to this end was made by Mayor Gaynor in his reply a week ago to a speech favoring the Interborough made to him by Allan Robinson on behalf of a delegation of real estate men, and it has been generally believed that the chief feature of liberalizing the offer of the present subway operator would be of a financial character. In his reply to the real estate men the Mayor, among other things, stated that the question was which competitor was prepared to do most for the city in the matter of advancing money.

If the Interborough makes such an offer it is probable that a large part of the money will be offered for expenditure in Brooklyn and Queens. The present Interborough offer does nothing for Queens beyond the end of the Steinway tunnel and the end of the Queensboro Bridge.

The support of Borough President Steers of Brooklyn in the Board of Estimate is an important factor just now, for since the B. R. T. offer took its present form, various Brooklyn organizations which had previously been for the Interborough, declared for the B. R. T.'s proposal and began to exert their influence on the President of their Borough. The report had it yesterday that the Interborough's amended proposition would offer the expenditure of $20,000,000 additional in Brooklyn and Queens, by way of the construction of elevated extensions to Woodside and Corona, and the Eastern District subway with a tunnel under the East River at Fourteenth Street."

There was a conference yesterday between the B. R. T. representatives and the city's conferrees which finally disposed of all the questions relating to the Brooklyn company's offer except the company's return to be allowed for its elevated lines. Another conference will be held on that point.

Gambler's Bond Forfeited.

Judge Rosalsky of General Sessions forfeited yesterday the $1,000 bail bond of William Henderson, who pleaded guilty on Thursday to being a common gambler and failed to appear yesterday for sentence. Henderson was arrested in a raid at 120 West Forty-fourth Street last February. Judge Rosalsky, after issuing a bench warrant, said that after considering the case he had made up his mind to suspend sentence upon Henderson and parole him in the custody of Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty.

YOU NEED NOT WAIT

until you have a large sum to invest before purchasing a Guaranteed Mortgage.

Put your surplus income into our Guaranteed First Mortgage Certificates which are issued in amounts of $200, $500, $1,000 and $5,000.

You can exchange them afterward for a regular guaranteed mortgage at the same rate, if you so desire.

However, they represent the most convenient form of Guaranteed First Mortgage security and you will probably wish not only to keep them, but to invest your larger funds in the same way.

No investor has ever lost a dollar

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Capital & Surplus . $8,000,000
176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn. 350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

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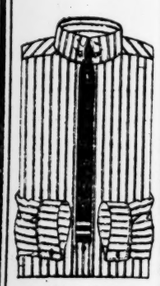
High Quality, Lowest Prices on 6th Avenue.



$2 value

$1.25

Men's $2 Mercerized Shirts at $1.25

O'Neill Main Store—Just Inside the 21st St. Door (Formerly Adams Building).

Made of fine Russian cord togo pongee and striped pongee, some with flap pockets, some with separate soft collars to match, all with French turnback cuffs, coat models; sizes 14 to 18; also all sleeve lengths, at $1.25.

We wish to call your attention to the excellent workmanship of these shirts; ocean ball pearl buttons, buttonholes finished with silk. These soft shirts will be one of the most popular styles of the season, and are considered excellently good style for business as well as pleasure.

GIMBELS

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Well-Dressed Men Most Thoroughly Appreciate Gimbel Clothing

Today you must have your new Spring suit or overcoat. You want the smartest clothes you can buy, and you want them to fit so perfectly that you can wear them away, or have them sent home the same day.

That means Gimbel clothing—for several reasons.

First, because of the wonderful tailoring that makes our clothing fit normal men of all figures often WITHOUT ALTERATIONS, and practically always with only small alterations that can be done in a jiffy after getting your order.

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Sack Suits, $20, $22.50, $25, Up to $42

Men's Special Sack Suits, $16.50

Handsome new suits for men and young men, in styles and materials that ordinarily bring much higher prices. They are in the most wanted colorings, including grays, blues, browns and blacks, in plain effects, mixtures and pin stripes.

Specially made for us by one of our regular manufacturers, who co-operated with us in producing this special offering. All sizes, 33 to 46 inch chest measure, **$16.50 suit.**

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This is a collection of Overcoats, in early Spring weights, that we purchased to sell at **$25, $28, $30 to $35.** Made of high-grade materials; some of them full silk-lined throughout. Some handsome Raglans included in this collection. They are broken lines, but practically all sizes are in the group, from 33 to 46-inch chest measure. **$18 each.**

Men's Fancy Vests, $1.35 Each

These Vests were made to sell at $2.50, $3 and $3.50. All are in the present season's styles, in five or six models, made of plain or fancy flannels and mercerized fabrics, also many wash cloths. Colors in plain gray, brown and tan; also white. Big assortment of new fancy colorings. All sizes, regular and stout, for 33 to 46-inch chest measure, now **$1.35 each.**

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Patent Leather and Gun-metal Oxfords, with medium round toes, low heels. Sensible walking shoes, **$5.**

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One guaranteed Fountain Pen, equipped with 14-karat gold pen; point; one Fountain Pen Pocket Clip; one Fountain Pen Filler; one Bottle of Stafford's Fountain Pen Ink; values $1.75 or more; all for..... **75c**

☞ Third Floor.

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IN a big publishing house where many books are handled in editions of 10,000 to 100,000 at a time, lots of a few hundred are often odd lots which take up wanted space. Every six months or so, all up-to-date publishers clear their shelves of these lots and they don't mind prices when they want room, as they find space far more important than profits on a few hundred books.

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Third Floor.

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Books that will appeal to every class of reader and collector.
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Well Bound, printed on good paper in clear, readable type..... **25c**

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Carman, Prosper Merimee.
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Six Stars, by Nelson Lloyd.
The Lady Paramount, by Henry Harland.
Thirteen Men, by W. A. Fraser.
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Vronena, by Owen Rhoscomyl.
Georgia, by Dorothea Deakin.
For The Week End, by Handasyde.
Captain Bluett, by Max Adler.
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The Seventh Person, by Benjamin Brace.
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YANKEES PLAY DULL BASEBALL AND LOSE

Boston Runners Romp Around the Base Paths and Win with Plenty to Spare.

THE SCORE.

Boston	0	0	4	5	0	1	0	2	2—14
New York	0	1	3	2	0	0	0	0	0— 6

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Hooper, rf	3	2	0	0	1	0
L. Gardner, 2b	6	2	4	2	5	0
Speaker, cf	5	3	2	2	0	0
Lewis, lf	5	3	1	1	0	0
Engle, 3b	4	1	2	1	2	1
Yerkes, ss	4	0	2	2	1	1
Williams, 1b	5	0	1	10	0	0
Nunamaker, c	4	2	2	9	0	0
F. Smith, p	0	0	0	0	2	0
Hall, p	3	1	1	0	2	0
Total	39	14	15	27	13	2

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Elliott, rf	4	0	0	0	0	0
Daniels, cf	4	1	1	1	0	0
Chase, 1b	4	0	2	16	0	1
Hartzell, 3b	4	2	1	0	3	0
Cree, lf	5	1	2	2	0	0
L. Gardner, 2b	5	2	3	1	5	0
Johnson, ss	3	0	1	4	4	0
Sweeney, c	3	0	1	2	3	0
Walsh, c	1	0	0	1	0	0
Brockett, p	2	0	0	0	0	0
Ables, p	2	0	0	0	2	0
Total	37	6	11	27	17	1

First base on errors—Boston, 1; New York, 1. Two-base hits—E. Gardner, Johnson, Yerkes, and Chase. Three-base hits—Sweeney and Lewis. Home run—L. Gardner. Sacrifice hits—Johnson, Hald, Nunamaker, and Hooper. Stolen bases—L. Gardner, (3;) Lewis. Left on bases—Boston, 8; New York, 10. Bases on balls—Off Brockett, 5; off F. Smith, 3; off Hall, 1; off Ables, 2. Struck out—By Brockett, 1; by F. Smith, 1; by Hall, 7; by Ables, 3. Wild pitches—F. Smith, (2;) Ables, (1.) Passed ball—Nunamaker. Hits—Off F. Smith, 6 in two and one-third innings; off Hall, 5 in six and two-third innings; off Brockett, 8 in four innings; off Ables, 7 in five innings. Umpires—Messrs. Egan and Evans. Time of game—One hour and fifty-eight minutes.

One of the few cheerful things that may be said about the tilt on the Hilltop yesterday between the Yankees and the Boston Red Sox is that the weather was delightful.

The ball game had all the features of a volcanic eruption, with the Sox furnishing all the fire, smoke, and heat, and the Yanks buried in the upheaval. The score was 14 to 6, Boston's generous share of the counts being the reward of a hit epidemic, which flooded the lot with fifteen screaming drives, spanked to unattainable spots in the landscape.

Added to the lamentable assault on King Brockett and Harry Ables were a few painful incidents which showed that the Yankees were not exercising the least bit of intelligence at their command. A glaring error of judgment was made in the base running, and most surprising of all, Hal Chase allowed three runs to go to the Boston side of the ledger by an illuminating bit of bad work on a high fly, which belonged to his right fielder. There was no concentrated action or interest in the Yankees' playing, little or no aggressiveness being shown to fight back the Red Sox as they trampled over them.

Brockett was lambasted from the hillock, tattered and torn, in the fourth inning, after the Beantown tourists had heaped up nine runs on him. Ables, who went to his rescue, couldn't halt the onrush. There was a dizzy, giddy parade of red legs around the base paths.

If there's got to be a procession in a baseball game the folks who go to the Hilltop want to see the Yankees right up behind the band or it's no parade, that's all.

It wouldn't have been so bad, only early in the game the Yankees suddenly fell upon Piano-mover Frank Smith, the Red Sox pitcher, and had him screaming for smelling salts. It's hard to believe, but at the stage of the game, when Smith was yanked out by Manager Patsy Donovan, the score was tied, 4 to 4. But not for long. Charley Hall was the rock on which the Yankee craft sprung a bad leak. He took the smile off their faces with a lightning fast ball which played a merry game of hide and seek with their bats. He was faulty in his pegging just once, in the fourth inning, but the Yankees couldn't grasp the opportunity of tripping him when he began to slip. In the fifth inning Hall fanned three Yanks in a row.

Cheer up, there's a ray of joy in this paragraph. Earl Gardner inaugurated the second inning with a two-bagger to centre. Johnson sacrificed him to third, and he scored on Smith's wild pitch. Sweeney laced a triple to the fence between the left and centre gardens, but Brockett forced him at the plate. Sad.

The gloom begins to fall here. Every man on the Boston team went to bat in the third inning. Three of them were presented with passes by Brockett, two hit the ball safely. The bases were full when Lewis raised a high fly in right field. Chase fearing for Elliott, the danger of the sun field, ran back from first base and tried to get the ball while running toward the fence. Elliott ran in on the ball and it looked as if he could have grabbed it. Chase dropped it and three runs drifted in, and Lewis scored soon after on a hit. The next inning was just as distressing. Again nine Red Sox faced Brockett. Nunamaker and Hooper got on with a hit and a pass, and Larry Gardner smashed a home run to centre field. A few more hits were added, making the total five for the inning and the runs also five for the same period.

The inning would never have ended if Birdie Cree hadn't raced over to the left field stands and plucked two foul flies out of the seats. Brockett's efforts here came to a sudden end. With two in the sixth Lewis tripled. Engle fanned, but the third strike delivered by Ables was wild and Lewis scored. In the last two innings Boston added four more runs by hammering Ables for five more hits.

The brightest spot in the Yankees game came in the third inning when a pass to Hartzell and hits by Cree and Earl Gardner filled the bases. Otis Johnson cleaned up the crowded corners with a timely two-base drive to left field. The demonstration stopped right there because Smith was displaced by Hall on the firing line. The Yankees got two more runs in the fourth inning and might have had more but for the weird coaching of Duke Farrell at third base in holding Cree back when he was champing at the bit to get home. It was a good opportunity smothered, for Earl Gardner was caught for the third out in trying to get to third base, not realizing that Cree was still riveted there.

Yesterday's pastime put Boston, Philadelphia and Chicago ahead of the Yankees in the pennant strife.

Athletics Pound Senators' Pitchers.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—Philadelphia batted Otey off the rubber to-day, hit Groom hard, and defeated Washington easily, 9 to 0. Plank was effective with men on bases. Feature plays were made by McInnis, Oldring, and Thomas. Score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Horan, lf	5	1	1	1	0
Oldring, cf	5	2	3	4	1
Collins, 2b	4	0	0	2	3
Baker, 3b	4	1	1	0	2
Davis, 1b	2	1	1	8	0
Murphy, rf	3	2	2	1	0
McInnis, ss	5	1	2	5	1
Thomas, c	4	1	1	6	1
Plank, p	3	0	0	0	2
Total	35	9	11	27	10

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Milan, cf	3	0	2	2	0
Conroy, lf	3	0	1	4	0
Lelivelt, rf	4	0	0	4	0
Elb'f'd, 3b	3	0	2	1	1
M'El'de, ss	4	0	0	4	1
Sm'lot, 1b	4	0	1	6	0
Cun'h'm, 2b	4	0	0	2	4
A'smith, c	3	0	0	4	2
Otey, p	0	0	0	0	2
Groom, p	2	0	0	0	0
*Schaefer	1	0	1	0	0
Total	31	0	7	27	10

*Batted for Otey in the third inning.

Errors—Cunningham, (2,) McInnis.

Philadelphia	1	0	4	0	1	0	0	3	0	—9
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hits—Baker, Murphy. Three-base hits—McInnis, Thomas, Murphy, Oldring. Hits—Off Otey, 6 in three innings. Sacrifice flies—Murphy, Plank. Sacrifice hit—Collins. Stolen base—Oldring. Double play—Baker, Collins, and Davis. Left on bases—Washington, 6; Philadelphia, 6. Bases on balls—Off Otey, 3; off Groom, 3; off Plank, 1. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 2. Hit by pitcher—Elberfeld, Conroy. Struck out—By Otey, 2; by Plank, 5. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and Mullin.

Payne's Homer Wins for White Sox.

CLEVELAND, O., May 5.—Chicago defeated Cleveland to-day 2 to 1. With the score a tie in the seventh Payne hit over Jackson's head for a home run, West and Large pitched great ball throughout the game and received almost perfect support. Score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Lord, 3b	4	0	0	4	3
Zelder, 2b	3	1	0	4	2
McF'y're, cf	4	0	1	2	0
Dou'g'ty, lf	4	0	1	1	0
Bodie, rf	3	0	0	2	0
Tan'hill, ss	4	0	2	2	1
Collins, 1b	3	0	0	4	0
Payne, c	2	1	1	6	1
Sullivan, c	0	0	0	2	0
Lange, p	3	0	1	0	1
Total	30	2	6	27	8

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Graney, lf	3	0	1	5	0
Olson, ss	3	0	0	1	3
Jackson, cf	4	0	1	1	1
Sajoie, 2b	4	0	0	5	1
East'ly, rf	3	0	0	4	0
Hovall, 1b	3	0	0	7	1
Turner, 3b	3	0	0	0	5
Land, c	3	1	1	3	2
West, p	3	0	1	1	0
*Birm'ham	1	0	0	0	0
Total	30	1	4	27	13

*Batted for Olson in the ninth inning.

Error—Zelder.

Cleveland	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1
Chicago	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—2

Two-base hit—Lange. Three-base hit—Land. Home run—Payne. Stolen bases—Jackson, Zelder. First base on balls—off West, 3; off Lange, 1. Struck out—By West, 3; by Lange, 4. Wild pitch—Lange. Left on bases—Cleveland, 3; Chicago, 4. Time of game—1:40. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Dineen.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

At Providence, R. I.

										R.	H.	E.
Rochester	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1—3	2	8
Providence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0—2	6	1

Batteries—McConnell and Mitchell; Sline, Maroney, and Pondeau. Umpires—Messrs. Fender and Murray.

At Baltimore.

										R.	H.	E.
Montreal	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	—3	6	1
Baltimore	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	—4	7	2

Batteries—Dubuc and Curtis; Dygert and Egan. Umpires—Messrs. Pollack and Wright.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston, 14; New York, 6.
Philadelphia, 9; Washington, 0.
Chicago, 2; Cleveland, 1.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Boston, 6; New York, 5.
Brooklyn, 5; Philadelphia, 0.
Pittsburg, 2; St. Louis, 1.
Cincinnati, 13; Chicago, 2.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Baltimore, 4; Montreal, 3.
Rochester, 3; Providence, 2.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Detroit	17	2	.895	**New York.**	8	8	.500
Boston	10	8	.556	Washington	7	10	.412
Chicago	9	8	.529	Cleveland	7	13	.350
Philadelphia	9	8	.529	St. Louis	4	14	.222

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	14	5	.736	Cincinnati	5	8	.384
Pittsburg	11	5	.687	Boston	7	13	.350
New York	11	6	.647	**Brooklyn**	5	13	.278
Chicago	11	7	.611	St. Louis	3	10	.231

EASTERN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Rochester	9	3	.750	Buffalo	4	7	.364
Providence	8	4	.667	Montreal	4	8	.333
Toronto	8	4	.667	Jersey City	3	7	.300
Baltimore	8	6	.616	Newark	3	9	.250

Where They Play To-day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston at New York—3:30 P. M.
Philadelphia at Washington.
Chicago at Cleveland.
Detroit at St. Louis.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Boston.
Brooklyn at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Pittsburg.
Cincinnati at Chicago.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Montreal at Baltimore—Two games.
Rochester at Providence.
Buffalo at Jersey City.
Toronto at Newark.

AMES'S WILDNESS COSTS GIANTS GAME

Pitcher's Bases on Balls Throws Victory to Tenney's Team in Ninth Inning.

THE SCORE.

Boston	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	3—6
New York	0	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	0—5

BOSTON.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Clarke, lf	1	2	0	0	0	0
Tenney, 1b	2	1	0	10	1	0
Herzog, ss	4	0	1	3	5	0
Ingerton, 3b	4	0	1	4	2	1
Miller, rf	3	1	2	1	1	0
Goode, cf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Sweeney, 2b	4	0	0	3	3	0
Raridon, c	4	0	2	4	2	0
Mattern, p	3	0	0	0	3	0
*Spratt	1	1	0	0	0	0
†Collins	0	1	0	0	0	0
Total	30	6	7	27	20	1

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Devore, rf	4	1	1	4	0	0
Doyle, 2b	4	0	1	3	4	0
Snodgrass, cf	4	0	0	3	0	0
Murray, lf	3	0	0	4	1	0
Merkle, 1b	3	1	1	8	0	0
Bridwell, ss	2	1	0	3	4	1
Devlin, 3b	4	0	0	0	0	0
Wilson, c	4	2	3	5	1	0
Ames, p	3	0	0	0	1	0
Wiltse, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	31	5	9	‡26	11	1

*Batted for Mattern in ninth inning.
†Ran for Tenney in the ninth inning.
‡Two out when winning run was scored.

Two-base hits—Devore (2,) Wilson. Three-base hit—Doyle. Hits—Off Ames, 6 in 8 2-3 innings; off Wiltse, 1. Sacrifice hit—Doyle. Stolen bases—Tenney, Miller, Clarke. Double plays—Bridwell, Doyle and Merkle (2,) Murray and Merkle. Left on bases—Boston, 9; New York, 4. First base on balls—Off Mattern, 4; off Ames, 10; off Wiltse, 1. Struck out—By Mattern, 1; by Ames, 5. Time of game—One hour and fifty-four minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Doyle.

BOSTON, Mass., May 5.—Jack Spratt was at the bat, the score was 5 to 3, with the Giants on the large end. Moreover, it was the last half of the ninth inning, two batsmen were out, no one was on the sacks, and the call three balls and two strikes. In such an extremity, Leon Ames grooved the next one. Spratt banged it to left field for a single. What ensued within the next few moments accounts for the fact that Tenney's forlorn hopes rode safely through the Vale of Despair to emerge some ten minutes later with the spears glistening in the sunlight, the score 6 to 5 in their favor, and the game over.

Ames is still a mystery. He had been fairly wild all through the game, but it was not until this exact second that his steering gear appeared to go all to pieces. Josh Clarke stepped to the plate and gracefully obtained his fourth pass of the contest. Tenney likewise strode up and received transportation, congesting the cushions. McGraw, kicking his heels on the bench, sent out a hurry-up call for George Wiltse, who was warming up behind the stands. Meanwhile Ames pegged away. Herzog, after getting in a hole three to two, took a good spasm at the next one and let it go. His judgment was good. He walked and Spratt walked in from third base.

Then Wiltse was rushed into action. He did very nicely, and had Ingerton in the three-two hole when Scotty popped up a high foul fly back of the plate. Wilson got under it and the Giants on the bench made a rush for the clubhouse. For some reason or other Wilson did not connect with the ball and it dropped at his feet. After this foozle Wiltse walked Ingerton, thereby forcing Clarke in with the tying run.

By this time the crowd, which during Spratt's time at bat had started for the gates, had wandered back into the seats. Doc Miller was up, with three men on bases and a chance to do something for his country. He waited for a good one and belted it to left field, bringing Tenney in with the winning run.

Such was the ending of a rattling good game. In spite of the fact that Ames was wild the Giants had the best of it all the way up to that point. The defensive work of Murray, Doyle, and Bridwell had been of a gilt-edged sort. Bill Sweeney had contributed the feature play of the game when he stabbed Doyle's liner one-handed in the third inning, and there was just enough clouting of various sorts to make it interesting all the way. For instance, Devore had batted four hits out of five times up, and Wilson, whose failure to hold the ultimate foul cost the game, had rapped three nice hits in his four times to the rubber.

Mattern pitched for Boston. In all but two innings he was good, his first rocky session coming in the second, when the visitors piled up a three-run lead. Murray began by getting a life on Ingerton's wide heave. Merkle beat out an infield hit. Bridwell forced Murray at third base. Both of the runners moved up on Devlin's out by way of Sweeney, and scored on Wilson's double to left field. The latter also scored a minute later on Devore's single, but Devore himself was caught trying to stretch the clout into a two-bagger. In the seventh inning singles by Wilson and Devore and a rattling right-field three-bagger by Doyle did the trick, giving the Giants two runs more, their final counts.

Every run that the Bostons put over was started with a walk. Miller walked in the second inning and went to second base when Bridwell booted Goode's grounder. He sailed on to third while Sweeney was hitting into a double play, and came in on Raridon's single. There were two out in the fifth inning when Ames suffered a temporary blow-up and walked Clarke and Tenney in a row and then let both Herzog and Ingerton hit safely, each of which produced a run. On the second hit Herzog tried to count, and was pegged out by Murray, who made a great heave to Wilson from short left field. Altogether, Ames walked ten men, but up to the ninth inning had allowed only five hits. His blow-up in that round was as sudden as it was complete. From a Boston standpoint it was the greatest finish of the season, by long odds.

Brooklyn Flays College Pitcher.

PHILADELPHIA, May 5.—Brooklyn shut out the home team to-day, 5 to 0. Schultz, formerly of the University of Pennsylvania, made his National League debut, and was hit hard. With the bases filled in the sixth inning, Dooin made a double play unassisted, Myers trying to get home when Bergen fanned. The score:

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Tooley, ss	4	0	0	0	3
D'bert, 1b	4	1	2	16	0
Wheat, lf	4	0	0	1	0
Hum'l, 2b	3	0	0	2	4
Myers, cf	3	1	1	3	0
Coulson, rf	2	2	2	1	1
Z'm'm'n, 3b	2	1	2	1	3
Bergen, c	4	0	0	1	0
Barger, p	4	0	1	0	2
Total	32	5	10	27	16

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
W'ch'ce, rf	3	0	0	2	1
Knabe, 2b	4	0	0	1	1
Lobert, 3b	4	0	1	0	0
Magee, lf	3	0	0	3	0
Pask't, cf	3	0	1	3	0
Lud'us, 1b	3	0	0	9	0
Doolan, ss	3	0	2	5	3
Shultz, p	3	0	0	0	7
Total	29	0	5	27	14

Errors—Zimmerman, Knabe, (3.)

Brooklyn	0	0	0	3	0	1	1	0	0	—5
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hit—Lobert. Home runs—Zimmerman, Daubert. Sacrifice hits—Daubert, Zimmerman. Stolen bases—Myers, Coulson. Double plays—Doolan and Knabe; Schultz, Doolan, and Luderus; Dooin. (unassisted;) Zimmerman, Hummel, and Daubert, (2.) Left on bases—Brooklyn, 8; Philadelphia, 3. First base on balls—Off Barger, 1; off Schultz, 5. First base on errors—Brooklyn, 1; Philadelphia, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Schultz, (Wheat.) Struck out—By Barger, 1; by Schultz, 2. Time of game—One hour and thirty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Eason and Johnstone.

Pirates Win on Bunched Hits.

PITTSBURG, Penn., May 5.—In a splendidly contested game to-day, Pittsburg defeated St. Louis by the score of 2 to 1. The two pitchers, both youngsters acquitted themselves well, with the St. Louis lad leading. The Pittsburg's bunched their hits, with a base on balls and a wild pitch, giving them two runs and the game. Score:

PITTSBURG.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Byrne, 3b	4	0	0	1	0
Clarke, cf	4	0	1	3	0
Clarke, lf	2	0	0	2	0
Wagner, ss	3	1	1	3	3
Miller, 2b	2	0	2	4	2
Hunter, 1b	2	1	0	6	1
Wilson, rf	3	0	1	1	0
Gibson, c	3	0	0	6	1
Nagle, p	3	0	0	1	3
Total	26	2	5	27	10

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'gins, 2b	4	0	0	3	4
Ellis, lf	4	0	1	2	0
Mowrey, 3b	3	0	0	1	2
K'tchy, 1b	3	0	1	12	1
Evans, rf	4	0	2	2	0
Bres'han, c	4	0	1	3	2
Oakes, cf	4	1	3	1	0
Hauser, ss	4	0	2	3	5
Steel, p	4	0	1	1	3
Total	33	1	10	24	17

Error—Clarke.

Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	—2
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—1

Three base hit—Wilson. Sacrifice hits—Hunter, Konetchy. Stolen base—Leach. Double plays—Wagner, Miller, and Hunter; Nagle and Wagner; Bresnahan and Huggins. First base on balls—Off Nagle, 2; off Steel, 2. Struck out—By Nagle, 3; by Steel, 3. Wild pitch—Steel. Left on bases—Pittsburg, 3; St. Louis, 6. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Brennan and O'Day.

Cubs Play Poorly; Reds Win Easily.

CHICAGO, May 5.—Poor pitching, ragged fielding, and opportune hitting gave Cincinnati the third game of the series with Chicago to-day, 13 to 2. Sheckard's home run following Shean's single saved the local team from a shut-out. Score:

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bescher, lf	4	1	0	2	0
Egan, 2b	6	0	1	4	6
Bates, cf	5	3	1	3	0
H'b'rt'll, 1b	3	3	1	8	0
Mitchell, rf	1	2	1	1	0
Beck, rf	3	0	0	0	0
Grant, 3b	6	2	1	1	0
Downey, ss	4	1	3	2	1
Clarke, c	4	1	2	6	0
Keefe, p	3	0	0	0	2
Total	39	13	10	27	9

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Shean, 2b	4	1	3	3	2
Sh'k'd, lf	4	1	2	0	1
Hofman, cf	3	0	0	3	0
Saier, 1b	4	0	1	8	1
Schulte, rf	2	0	0	1	0
Z'm'm'n, 3b	4	0	0	4	2
Tinker, ss	4	0	1	4	5
Kling, c	4	0	0	*4	1
Griffin, p	0	0	0	0	0
Foxen, p	1	0	0	0	2
R'lbach, p	2	0	0	0	1
*Doyle	1	0	0	0	0
Total	33	2	7	27	15

*Batted for Reulbach in the ninth inning.

Errors—Shean, 2; Saier, Zimmerman, 3; Kling, 2; Reulbach, 2; Grant.

Cincinnati	2	0	4	5	1	1	0	0	0	—13
Chicago	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	—2

Two base hits—Shean, Downey, Saier. Home runs—Hobiltzel, Sheckard. Hits off Griffin, 1 in 1 inning; off Foxen, 3 in 1 2-3 innings; off Reulbach, 6 in 6 1-3 innings. Sacrifice hits—Hobiltzel, Keefe. Stolen bases—Beecher, Bates. Double plays—Tinker, (unassisted;) Downey, Egan, and Hobiltzel. Left on bases—Chicago, 8; Cincinnati, 11. Bases on balls—Off Griffin, 4; off Keefe, 4; off Foxen, 3; off Reulbach, 4. Struck out—By Griffin, 1; by Keefe, 5; by Reulbach, 3. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Finneran.

Browns Will Protest a Game.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 5.—Manager Wallace of the St. Louis American League baseball team this morning gathered evidence so as to protest yesterday's game, a Detroit victory. He will base his claim on the fact that Dan Hoffman was not out when hit by a batted ball in the third inning. Umpire Sheridan, who called the play, admitted to-day he made an error. The batted ball struck Pitcher Willett and caromed toward second base before Hoffman ran into it.

Baseball To-day, 3:30 P. M. N. Y. Americans vs. Boston. Amer. League Park. Adm. 50c.—Adv.

NATIONAL COUNCIL MAY BE IGNORED

Aero Club Resents Attempt to Deprive It of Its Standing in Aeronautics.

The action of the Aero Club of America in refusing to ratify the new agreement with the National Council of Aero Clubs has stirred up aviation circles, and the outcome of the controversy will be watched with interest. The members of the Aero Club assert that the National Council asked more than it had any right to, and to sign the agreement would sound the death knell of the Aero Club as the premier aeronautical organization in the United States.

There was a doubt in the minds of several of the members of the National Council as to whether the Aero Club would agree to the working agreement as drawn up by Secretary J. King Duffy. It was recognized that the conciliatory spirit shown by the Aero Club in agreeing to joint conference and accepting conditions, which appeared to deprive the club of certain powers, was as much as could be expected, and, as a matter of fact, more than was anticipated, and the wisdom of placing the last straw on the camel's back led many to fear that the mark had been somewhat overstepped.

There is considerable anxiety over the attitude of the Aero Club, and it is feared that the attempt to rob that organization of its real importance in the world of aeronautics may result in a complete severance of all relations between the two bodies. It is conceded that the Aero Club can prosper and get along without the assistance of the National Council, but the latter organization must have the support of the Aero Club to succeed in its objects. Without the Aero Club's indorsement and approval no records will be recognized by the International Aeronautical Federation, while the income to the council in the way of dues and fees for sanctioning meets would be cut off if the aviators found their performances in the air did not count.

The credit of detecting the joker in the agreement is credited to President Allan A. Ryan of the Aero Club, who is also Chairman of the committee to arrange a working agreement between the Aero Club and the National Council. The question, however, was decided at a general meeting of the Aero Club, and the action was unanimous. There is considerable speculation as to what the Aero Club will now do, as there is a general feeling that the failure to insert the clause giving the club the right to approve all members of the National Club was brought about by design and not inadvertently, and a deliberate attempt to subvert the authority of the Aero Club.

If it is possible to adjust the differences a special meeting of the Executive Committee of the National Council will be called and the necessary change made in the agreement to meet the views of members of the Aero Club. The entire matter will be brought to the attention of Secretary Duffy when he returns to this city to-day.

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

Connecticut League.

At Springfield—Springfield, 8; New Haven, 2.
At Waterbury—Waterbury, 5; Hartford, 1.
At New Britain—New Britain, 2; Northampton, 0.
At Holyoke—Bridgeport, 6; Holyoke, 5; (13 innings.)

American Association.

At Kansas City—Kansas City, 8; Indianapolis, 1.
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 8; Louisville, 6.
At Milwaukee—Toledo, 6; Milwaukee, 3.
At St. Paul—Columbus, 12; St. Paul, 6.

New England League.

At Lawrence—Haverhill, 10; Lawrence, 4.
At New Bedford—Brockton, 4; New Bedford, 1.
At Fall River—Fall River, 9; Worcester, 4.
At Lynn—Lynn, 6; Lowell, 3.

New York State League.

At Syracuse—Utica, 8; Syracuse, 3.
At Albany—Troy, 2; Albany, 1.
At Wilkesbarre—Wilkesbarre, 3; Elmira, 2.
At Scranton—Scranton, 3; Binghamton, 2; (14 innings.)

Tri-State League.

At Johnstown—Harrisburg, 16; Johnstown, 8.
At Altoona—Altoona, 6; York, 0.
At Trenton—Trenton, 16; Lancaster, 14.
At Wilmington—Reading, 8; Wilmington, 7.

Southern League.

At New Orleans—Montgomery, 5; New Orleans, 4.
At Chattanooga—Atlanta, 7; Chattanooga, 6.
At Birmingham—Mobile, 1; Birmingham, 0.
At Memphis—Ball park flooded.

Scores of Other Games.

At Exeter, N. H.—Phillips Exeter, 3; Princeton Freshmen, 0.
At Medford, Mass.—Tufts, 1; Vermont, 1. (Ten innings, darkness.)
At Schenectady—Union, 1; Colgate, 0.
At Syracuse—Penn State, 13; Syracuse, 2.
At South Field—Phi Delta Theta, 6; Sigma Chi, 0.

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COLLEGE BASEBALL.

At New Haven.

										R.	H.	E.
Yale	0	0	0	0	3	0	2	1	.	—6	8	3
Virginia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	2	5

Batteries—Freeman and Carhart; Rixey and Anderson. Umpire—Mr. Lawton.

At Amherst, Mass.

										R.	H.	E.
Lafayette	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	—3	6	5
Amherst	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

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18 West Sixty Ninth Street.

New York, March 25, 1911.

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Horace White

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FROM A MEMBER OF THE BOSTON BAR

Boston, April 13, 1911.

I have now had opportunity to examine the volumes and congratulate you and the multitude of your subscribers and readers on the wonderful work you have accomplished. I have owned at different times three editions of the Encyclopedia Britannica, each one of which seemed and was a great possession, but this work in every respect surpasses not only the previous editions but all other books.

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CIVIC BODIES TRY TO SAVE CITY HALL PARK

Scenic and Historic Preservation Society Fights Stilwell Court House Bill.

APPEALS TO LEGISLATORS

Board of Estimate's Committee to Report Soon on 22 Sites—Said to Favor One in Duane Street.

Almost as soon as the Stilwell bill possibly could become law and the proposal to rebuild the County Court House in City Hall Park possibly could be adopted, even if there was to be no opposition, the alternative plan of the Board of Estimate committee will be published, and Borough President McAneny said yesterday he expected that it will be ready to make its announcement within two or three weeks. Except for the provisions of the Stilwell bill, power to select a site rests with the board, so that it does not appear that there will be any material hastening of the new Court House by the resort to special legislation.

The Board of Estimate committee, which consists of Controller Prendergast, President Mitchel, and Mr. McAneny, has canvassed, Mr. McAneny said, twenty-two possible sites. He would not state which had seemed the most attractive, but he admitted that there had been consideration of the location which, it is understood, may be its final choice. This is the site behind the new Municipal Building, an irregular parcel of land bounded by Centre, Duane, and Pearl Streets and City Hall Place. A large part of it has been cleared, as a result of the construction of the Subway Loop.

Facing City Hall Place is a row of old tenement houses, and the only structure of any size upon it is the Hallenbeck office building. The city already owns a slice of it, and it is believed that it would fulfill all the requirements as to accessibility and would not cost nearly as much as other sites which have been recommended. The erection of the Court House there, it is said, would result in reclaiming a squalid neighborhood, and so increasing its assessable value.

The Scenic and Historic Preservation Society has addressed every Justice of the Supreme Court and member of the Legislature, setting forth its reasons against the bill. They are:

Because public sentiment in New York City, as manifested last year in the opposition of the Bar Association, the American Institute of Architects, numerous civic associations, and the almost unanimous voice of the public press, is overwhelmingly against the appropriation of any more park space for public buildings.

Because it will reduce the open-air space vitally needed in this congested centre of traffic and business.

Because in years gone by, notably in 1888 and 1890, the Legislature specifically enacted that the Municipal Building should not be located in City Hall Park.

Because the reasons for such exclusion are even greater now with respect to the Court House than then with respect to the Municipal Building.

Because the growth of the city, the increased traffic at this point, and the increased height of surrounding buildings dictate that, instead of further encroachments upon City Hall Park, any changes should be in the direction of the removal of buildings, except the City Hall, whenever the opportunity is afforded.

Because the erection of a ten-story Court House in the park will overshadow the beautiful City Hall, one of the architectural treasures of the city; minimize its importance as the seat of government, and render it less tenantable.

Because it will prevent the symmetrical development of a civic centre around the park.

Because it will take away from the people public ground which has belonged to them from their earliest history and is associated with the most highly prized traditions of their liberties.

Because, judging from past experience, the proposed new Court House must ultimately be enlarged, either by further encroachments on the park or by removal to a more commodious site.

Because the encroachment now proposed will create a precedent for the similar invasion of other parks—a course which, if not checked, threatens the very existence of the city's greatly needed park system.

Mr. Hall yesterday made an estimate of the number of persons who pass daily through the northern end of City Hall Park and are consequently concerned in its extension by the removal of the two old court buildings or its diminution by the enlargement.

"Twice a day," he said, "175,000 persons surge through the park on their way to or from the Brooklyn Bridge. In addition, on every business day 55,000 emerge from the Subway and enter it again at night. Perhaps another 20,000 converge on this centre daily from the elevated railroads and the street car lines. In other words, about 250,000 persons pass back and forth twice a day about the Court House. It certainly seems that it would be foolish to deprive them of any of the scanty open ground to be found in the park.

Will Restrict the Park More.

"If the new courts be built in City Hall Park they will be sooner or later either enlarged or removed to another spot. If they are enlarged, the park will be still further cut down; if they are removed, the city will find itself unable to acquire sites, now within its means, on account of their great rise in value. We should not forget the lessons of the past. A few years ago the block on the north side of Chambers Street from Centre Street to Broadway could have been acquired at a reasonable rate, but the erection of the new Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank Building has made its value prohibitive. The same will occur with regard to other sites that are desirable."

Mr. Hall was of opinion that the City Hall should be placed in a more prominent position. As things are today, it is deprived of much of the advantage of its site by the County Court House being so close behind it. If a larger Court House were erected on the same site, it would be still further dwarfed, and every consideration of the fitness of things made him oppose the proposal contained in the Stilwell bill.

The committee of the Municipal Art Society, which has been considering the question of the Court House site, has taken the view that so far from taking more of the scanty park space of the lower portion of the city for the new courts, it is important that they be placed in some district where their advent would bring about a general improvement of tone. They have recommended some such locality as Mulberry Bend or old Greenwich Village, where tenement houses and inferior buildings abound.

It is believed that it would soon follow that near the law courts the offices of lawyers would congregate and that the courts would be a magnet to draw much more desirable tenants than those now occupying the locality. As a result there would be erected substantial buildings, and the city would find such an increase in the value of the property that the assessments it could levy would recoup it for much of the expense of acquiring the site.

In this connection Mr. Shattuck, the Chairman of the committee of the Municipal Art Society, suggested yesterday that the rehabilitation of a district would be greatly facilitated if the city were permitted to purchase more real estate than an improvement actually needed. A constitutional amendment, providing for this, will be presented to the people next November, if the present Legislature approves it, and may become law. Mr. Shattuck suggested that if the purchase of the new site be postponed till this enlargement of the powers of the city had been effected much better results would be obtained in the long run.

MARK DRAPER CENTENARY.

Work of the Scientist Told by Many Speakers at New York University.

The centenary of John William Draper, scientist, inventor, historian and teacher, was celebrated at New York University yesterday morning. Memorial exercises were held in the university auditorium, Dr. John J. Stevenson, Emeritus Professor of Geology, presiding. Francis P. Bent, Vice Chairman of the Board of Aldermen, and John H. Boschen represented the city. Mr. Bent read resolutions in honor of Dr. Draper, which were passed by the Aldermen on April 25.

Other speakers were Dean Egbert Le Feare of the University Medical School, Professors Marshall S. Brown, Arthur B. Lamb and Charles L. Bristol and Albert E. Henschel. A committee from the Board of Education, more than a hundred guests, and the entire student body were present.

On the platform was Dr. Draper's grandson, now a freshman in the university, with his father, Daniel Draper, Director of the Obervatory in Central Park; Dr. Draper's daughter, Mrs. H. Dixon, and his grandaughters, Dorothy C. Draper and Harriet M. Draper.

Dr. Draper's discovery of the art of photography and his researches in chemistry were the subjects of Prof. Arthur B. Lamb's speech. Prof. Lamb now occupies the Chair formerly held by Dr. Draper. He said:

"Daguerre had not succeeded in taking portraits of persons. He was obliged to expose the plates for twenty minutes to a half hour in a bright light. Draper quickly saw how the process could be shortened. The face must be still more brilliantly illuminated. This he could accomplish by means of large concave mirrors, which would focus the sunlight full on the sitter's face. But these mirrors acted like burning glasses, and the heat and light would be blinding. Draper placed thin rectangular glass tanks containing a solution of copper sulphate between the mirror and the sitter's face. This allowed only the blue rays from the sun to pass through.

"The sitter could now endure without discomfort the accumulated and filtered sunlight and the light was sufficiently powerful to produce a picture in thirty seconds. His sister, Catharine D. Draper, had, therefore, the honor of being the first person whose portrait was taken by photographic means."

Prof. Marshall S. Brown spoke of Dr. Draper's connection and friendship with Gen. Sherman and Secretary Stanton of Lincoln's Cabinet. Dr. Draper's "History of the Conflict Between Religion and Science," Prof. Brown said, was a strong, if somewhat partisan, attempt to maintain the claims of modern scientific thought against ecclesiasticism. His "History of the Intellectual Development of Europe," published in 1862, he said, won immediate recognition at home and abroad and was soon translated into many of the languages of Europe."

Albert E. Henschel spoke of Draper's fame as an original thinker, and Prof. Charles L. Bristol told of the days when he was a student in New York University and Dr. Draper was a professor of that institution.

By order of Mayor Gaynor, the City Hall was decorated with National, municipal and State flags in honor of the occasion.

YESTERDAY'S WILLS.

FRANCESCA RANDOLFO (or Randolfi) died Feb. 5, 1911; left $850 personalty, $300 to Silvia Cefariello-Recora, $50 to Maria Ventraseo, $500 to John Palmieri in trust.

GEORGE REISS died April 13, 1911; left more than $10,000 realty and $450 personalty, one-third of his net estate to his widow, Anna Reiss, one-seventh of his net estate less $3,000 to his son, Hermar Reiss; one-seventh less $3,000 to his grandson, Henry Victor Reiss; one-seventh of his net estate to each of his children, William Reiss, Arthur Reiss, Lula Reiss Schaefer, Amelia Reiss, and Clara Reiss; $1,000 to Mathilda Doscher, $1,000 to Gesine Schenker, and $2,000 to Johanna Waring.

MARY ELTER died April 25, 1911; left about $20,000 realty and about $500 personalty, equally to her sisters, Catherine Shannon and Margaretha Schmitt, and her brothers, Bernhard and John Elter.

ROJAS FILIPSOHN died Nov. 6, 1910; left $500 personalty to his widow, Leah Filipsohn.

JOSEPH GROSNER died April 17, 1911; left less than $1,000 realty and more than $10,000 personalty to his widow, Bertha Grosner.

ROSIE LAZAROWITZ, some time before known as Rosie Scheinholz, died April 27, 1911; left $300 personalty to her niece, Ida Mandel.

KATHARINA HENRICH died Feb. 12, 1911; left $200 personalty, $66.66 each to her sons, Peter C. and Frank M. Henrich, and $16.66 each to her grandchildren, Mary, Gertie, William, and Anna Rinch.

THOMAS ACHELIS died April 6, 1911, at Bremen, Germany; left realty of unknown value and more than $10,000 personalty; provided that he should be buried in Greenwood Cemetery, no matter where he died, in the plot with his father's remains; left $10,000 to his brother, George Achelis of Westchester; $5,000 each to his nephews, Thomas Schmidt, Thomas F. Victor, and Thomas Achelis; $5,000 to the German Hospital and Dispensary, Park Avenue and Seventy-seventh Street; $5,000 to the German Society of 13 Broadway, $5,000 to the Deutscher Verein of Central Park South, $5,000 to the Metropolitan Museum of Art, $5,000 to the German Evangelical Church of Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn; $2,500 to the Deutscher Frauenverein of Brooklyn, and $2,500 to the Social Club Germania of Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn. The following bequests to institutions in Bremen, Germany: Burger Park Verein, 20,000 marks; Verein zun Wohlthein, 5,000 marks; Auskunfts Stelle fuer Wolthaetigkeit, 5,000 marks; Idioter Anstalt, 2,000 marks; Verein fuer Blinde, 10,000 marks; Wiconissen Anstalt, 2,000 marks; Erziehungs Verein, 1,000 marks; W. L. Frauen Kirche, 2,000 marks; Pensions Anstalt fuer das Bremen Stadt-Theatre, 2,000 marks; to Gustav Adolph Verein, 1,000 marks; Kranken Anstalt, 2,000 marks; Nord-deutsche Naissions Gesellschaft, 1,500 marks; Musiker Wittwen und Unterstultzungs Casse, 2,000 marks; Pensions Anstalt des Bremischer Theatre und Concert Orchesters, 2,000 marks; Perlen Colonien, 1,500 marks; Krankenhaus zum rothen Kreuz, 2,000 marks; Bremer Museum, 10,000 marks; Bremer Kunstler Verein, 5,000 marks; Bremer Kunsthalle, 20,000 marks; to Ernest Meentzen, an employe, 10,000 marks; to F. Dietrich, an employe, 5,000 marks; to Herman Herlon, his coachman, 10,000 marks; to his housekeeper, Miss Minna Luehr, 5,000 marks; the will provides that if gold is at a premium the legacies shall be paid in lawful money of the United States and the German Empire; the residue of the estate goes equally to living brothers and sisters, or to the issue of brothers and sisters who predeceased the testator. The will provides for the amicable continuance of his interest in the firm of Frederick Victor & Achelis until such time as liquidation may be conveniently made. The executors of the will were Senator Hildebrand of Bremen and Fritz Achelis of New York. In a later codicil John Achelis is made American executor and John Schmidt, a brother-in-law, the German executor. The codicil reveals his interest in the firm of Frederick Victor & Achelis to be $1,500,000.

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PROTEST AT INROADS ON THE CIVIL SERVICE

Defenders of the Merit System Appeal to Dix to Check Controller Sohmer.

FORTY PLACES MADE EXEMPT

Democratic Platform Pledge Betrayed, Says Senator Loomis—Governor May Act Before the Courts.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 5.—Declaring that the exemption from civil service restrictions of forty places in the office of State Controller Sohmer would be a great step backward, advocates of reform raised their voices before Gov. Dix to-day against the State Civil Service Commission's action in removing those positions from the merit class. The officials are transfer tax appraisers, court and trust fund examiners, stock transfer examiners, and prison clerks. The action of the commission was taken on the application of Controller Sohmer, and the Governor's approval is required to make the ruling effective.

In the case of stock transfer tax examiners Justice Rudd has issued a writ of mandamus requiring the commission to rescind its action. The case has been appealed by the State to the Appellate Division. Application for a similar writ has been made to Justice Howard in Troy in behalf of the transfer tax examiners. The action of the Governor in giving a hearing to the opponents of the resolution is taken as an indication that he intends to pass upon the commission's resolution before the courts decide upon the legality of the resolution.

"Indorsement of this resolution would be an act of party perfidy, in view of the words of the Democratic platform," said Senator Loomis of Buffalo. "I don't see how such action could be defended before the people."

Samuel H. Ordway of the State Civil Service Reform Association said it was one of the most severe attacks ever made on the merit system.

Henry W. Hardon, representing the Citizens' Union, said the Governor himself had asked that some of the offices mentioned in the resolution be made competitive.

Alfred J. Talley of New York and ex-State Controller Martin H. Glynn of Albany defended the resolution making the places exempt. Gov. Dix reserved decision.

WANT COLLINS'S PRISON JOB.

ALBANY, May 5.—Gov. Dix said to-day that he expected to appoint a State Superintendent of Prisons next week to succeed Cornelius V. Collins, resigned.

Among the candidates for the place are Arthur A. McLean of Newburg, Treasurer of the Democratic State Committee, who is understood to have the support of Charles F. Murphy; Daniel Conway of Troy, Col. Joseph Scott, Superintendent of Elmira and Napanoch Reformatories; Thomas Mott Osborne, State Forest, Fish, and Game Commissioner, and George E. Van Kennan, one of the Commissioners appointed by Gov. Dix to investigate the Prison Department.

The Book of the Moment

The
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the powerful new novel by
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Bookreaders the country over are praising and discussing this novel. Have *you* decided which is the stronger character—the great, domineering lawyer or the meek little stenographer? "Probably the most brilliant of the novelist's numerous studies of character amid varying conditions of life."—*Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.*

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any set of circumstances which should make it perfectly possible and highly desirable that a very charming, lovable sort of girl should pass herself off as the widow of a man she had never seen? If you cannot, read—
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Can you imagine a situation where a man loves the woman he calls his wife and can't tell her so; while she loves him and can't possibly tell him so? If you can't guess, read—
RINA RAMSAY'S
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MAGAZINE WRITERS
THE EDITOR for May contains 8 pages of advertisements and notices of the specific manuscript needs of 46 magazines, motion picture manufacturers and publishers. Sent by return mail for 15 cents. The Editor, Box R, Ridgewood, N. J.

STORY OF A YOUNG MAN'S
TRAMP ACROSS THREE STATES
alone, camping along the way and cooking his meals by the roadside. Prepaid 25c. W. MOORE, 324 East 144th St.

Autograph Letters
of Celebrities Bought and Sold. Send for price lists. WALTER R. BENJAMIN, 225 Fifth Av., New York. Pub. THE COLLECTOR, $1 a yr.

WHY PLAYS SHOULD BE PUBLISHED, and how to read plays, by Annie Nathan Meyer, Etc. Free sample copy for a postal to Brandu's, 767-769 Lexington Av., N. Y.

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NEWS OF BOOKS

Contents of The New York Times Review of Books, Published with To-morrow's Times.

Memories and Impressions.
A most amusing book by the iconoclastic grandson of a Member of the Pre-Raphaelite Brotherhood.

The Black Vulture. (Poem.)
By George Sterling.

Columbus's Great Undertaking.
A critical history, in French, of the discoverer's epoch-making adventure.

Miss Glaspell's "Visioning."
A writer who sees the world more as spirit than as material.

"A Parisian Princess."
A French romance by an Englishman who knows what he is writing about.

Col. Ingersoll "Appreciated."
A laudatory life of the "Great Agnostic" by an undiscriminating admirer.

Folazzaro's Reanimation.
As presented, in literary form, in "Leila," it is not very convincing.

On the Wings of Pegasus.
New poetic plays by Mr. Rice and new and old poems by Emily Brontë—A Persian translator's English version of Omar.

Books for the Amateur of Art.
Several dealing with the great European masters, and one with the Japanese.

New York Literary Notes.
Some new Napoleon letters—Fiction and Science for publication in May—A posthumous work by William James.

"Yellow Men and Gold."
Mr. Gouverneur Morris turns out a good, old-fashioned tale of treasure-trove.

"Charles II. and His Court."
A biography that does not overemphasize his affairs of the heart.

BOOKS REVIEWED.

The following books will be reviewed in to-morrow's NEW YORK TIMES REVIEW OF BOOKS:

A PARISIAN PRINCESS. By Frankfort Sommerville. London: John Long.

YELLOW MEN AND GOLD. By Gouverneur Morris. Dodd, Mead & Co. $1.20.

LEILA. By Antonio Fogazzaro. Translated by Mary Pritchard-Agnetti. George H. Doran Co. $1.35.

VISIONING. By Susan Glaspell. F. A. Stokes Co.

INGERSOLL: A Biographical Appreciation. Herman E. Kittredge. New York: Dresden Publishing Co.

HISTOIRE CRITIQUE DE LA GRANDE ENTREPRISE DE COLOMB. By Henry Vignaud. Paris: Peter H. Welfer. 30 francs.

MEMORIES AND IMPRESSIONS. By Ford Madox Hueffer. John Lane Co. $1.60.

CHARLES II. AND HIS COURT. By C. P. A. Byett. G. P. Putnam's Sons. $3.50.

THE IMMORTAL LURE. By Cale Young Rice. Doubleday, Page & Co. $1.25.

OPTIMOS. By Horace Traubel. B. W. Huebsch. $1.50.

THE OXFORD BOOK OF BALLADS. By Sir A. T. Quiller-Couch. The Clarendon Press. $2.50.

ONE HUNDRED MASTERPIECES OF PAINTING. By R. C. Witt. John Lane Company. $4.

A HISTORY OF JAPANESE COLOUR PRINTS. By W. von Seidlitz. J. B. Lippincott Co. $6.50.

PIRANESI. By Arthur Samuel. Charles Scribner's Sons. $5.

THE RUBAIYAT. Translated by Isaac Dooman. Gorham Press. $1.

AMONG THE AUTHORS

MR. STEWART EDWARD WHITE writes to his publishers that he is "having a bully time on his African expedition; has shot thirty-nine different species of game, including seven lions, and has been in some really tight squeaks."

MR. THOMAS NELSON PAGE and Mrs. Page were recently in New York, visiting Mr. F. Hopkinson Smith, the artist-author.

MR. EUGENE MANLOVE RHODES, author of the Mexican border story, "Good Men and True," began his career as a cowboy. He recently came from his early haunts in New Mexico and visited Manhattan from a distance, having commenced in the purlieus of Yonkers and then moved on to Brooklyn, whence he has just returned home to Apalachin, N. Y.

MR. JOSEPH C. LINCOLN, who has just returned from Jamaica, is at work upon the concluding chapters of his new novel, "The Woman-Haters," which will be published some time this spring.

MR. RICHARD TJADER will make a lecture tour through most of the cities of New England, his subject being the big game of Africa, of which he has recently written.

MRS. ELSA BARKER has chosen as the place in which to work on her "Stories from the New Testament," which will be published as a companion volume to her "Stories from the Old Testament," the Garden of Allah. Palestine itself, for various reasons, hardly satisfies her requirements for a protracted residence. But in the desert to which she has now gone she believes she has much of the atmosphere needed for her work.

M. HENRY BORDEAUX, whose novel, "The Parting of the Ways," was recently published here in an English translation, is certain, it is said, to become a member of the French Academy in the near future. He is described as being a provincial of the best type, as distinguished from the Parisian, and his works express the French provincial's rigid conception of duty.

MR. H. G. WELLS is at work upon a novel in which he leaves business and politics to enter the field of household economy. "Marjorie" will probably be its title, and it has for its heroine "a charming girl, with a disposition to spend money freely."

MR. W. B. MAXWELL—one of three author-sons of Miss M. E. Braddon—makes this statement in a discussion that has been going on in a British paper as to whether there should be a love-interest in short stories:

"No doubt writers of less strength do suffer in the firm belief that love must sooner or later be introduced into every form of fiction, however short. Speaking as a reader, I can truly say that I have felt discomfort from the violent wrench with which the love interest is sometimes dragged in at the very last moment—for instance, when one reaches the end of a stirring tale of adventure."

"J. E. BUCKROSE," author of "Down Our Street," is the pseudonym used by Mrs. Falconer Jameson, a native of Yorkshire. This novel is her fourth.

FLORENCE BARCLAY'S "Rosary" is vastly liked and praised by the Rev. Dr. G. Campbell Morgan—a sounder critic of theology, perhaps, than of literary art. He says of the novel:

It is dominated by the highest conception of art, and there is nothing in tone, of color or of music, to offend. Perhaps its strongest quality is its psychology. I consider this to be one of the finest pieces of mental analysis that I know.

MR. IRVING BACHELLER, who went to Beaufort, N. C., for a rest after finishing his latest novel, "Keeping Up With Lizzie," has had to give up his plans for remaining there until summer. This week, Mr. Bacheller is in Minneapolis where he is filling a lecture engagement, and he will spend some time in the Middle West before returning to New York.

MR. WILL N. HARBEN, the author of nearly a dozen novels of plain Georgia folk and life, is this week seeing the characters in one of them—"Ann Boyd"—as they speak and move in the scenes of a play made from the book by Lucille LaVerne. The play was produced in Boston on Monday. "Ann Boyd" was one of the novels of Mr. Harben's which led W. D. Howells to characterize him as "one of the best of American localists." His latest novel, "Dixie Hart," was published last fall and he is now finishing another which will be published in the autumn.

MR. FREDERICK W. TAYLOR, the father of scientific management, is now engaged in a special research for the Government which will determine how Mr. Taylor's ideas can best be applied to navy yards and to fleets as fighting machines. The publication last week of his "Principles of Scientific Management" has virtually given to the world the entire system. In fact, Mr. Taylor has announced that he wishes, hereafter, to make no profit from his discoveries.

MR. HENRY MCHARG DAVENPORT, who was for some time literary editor of The Columbian Magazine, has written a story of "prep." school life, entitled "The Likable Chap," which will be published in September. Mr. Davenport generates literary energy largely on the tennis-courts and golf-links, and is now at his old school at Morristown, playing baseball on the scrub and enjoying himself with the racquet and the golf club.

MR. GEORGE S. VIERECK has just sailed for Germany, where he will lecture, in German, on American poetry and other subjects.

MR. PAUL L. HAWORTH, author of "The Path of Glory," a romance of the time of the French and Indian Wars, culminating in the fall of Quebec, when "the path of glory" led Wolfe to his death, is a product of the fruitful literary soil of the Hoosier State. Mr. George Ade once remarked, apropos of a statement that many great men came from Indiana, that "the greater they are, the sooner they come." Mr. Haworth forms no exception to the rule, for he left home soon after graduating from the State University, taught history at Columbia, and is now a member of the staff at Bryn Mawr.

A THRIFTY BOOKSELLER

A THRIFTY druggist in a Western ranch town, where the author of "Me Smith" is well known, received a stock of the book, and, as he had ordered liberally, decided to present a few copies to his friends as presents. The heavy demand, however, exhausted his supply before a new one was received. But the village sage, instead of disappointing prospective customers, went around and collected the copies he had given away to his friends and put them on sale.

A SERIES FOR BOY'S

HAVING completed her popular "Sidney" series of books for girls, Anna Chapin Ray has now written the first of a new series for boys entitled "Buddie: the Story of a Boy." Miss Ray's fondness for boys has long been apparent, but not until now has she been able to make a boy her central character.

A REPRINT OF THE 1611 BIBLE

THE Oxford University Press has made an exact reprint, in Roman type, of the Authorized Bible of 1611, and prefixed to it an interesting bibliographical introduction by Mr. A. W. Pollard. The volume measures about 8 by 5½ inches, and is sold in England at eight shillings and sixpence. (New York: Henry Frowde.)

MRS. BURNETT IN BERMUDA

MRS. BURNETT'S visit to Bermuda has inspired a local poet to bid her welcome in the most approved form of doggerel. Here is a "specimen brick":

Your fame was here before you,
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GEN. JAMES GRANT WILSON'S seventy-ninth birthday was celebrated at the Washington Irving High School on April 28th, the guest entertaining the pupils with his personal recollections of Irving, who died over fifty years ago.

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Keeping Up with Lizzie
By Irving Bacheller.

Brimful of Chuckles.—*Boston Globe.*

The biggest hit of the day.—*Chicago Advance.*

Pretty good fun is Keeping up With Lizzie.—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

Mr. Bacheller tells with shrewd humor * * * the whole story of the mad rush for wealth, display, pretence * * * that characterizes our age. He does it pleasantly, lightly.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

It is almost too true to be funny; it is both.—*Monthly Book Review.*

A smile, a grin, a laugh, and a grand, good story.—*Kingston Observer.*

Irving Bacheller's farce satire should place him with the immortals.—*Seattle Post-Intelligencer.*

The Young Pitcher
By Zane Grey.

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By Justin Huntly McCarthy.

Here we have a "vision of all the gallant men and good women that had given life and love, goods and gear, for the Stuart cause." The story covers a portion of this period, and it is concerned with the romantic adventure of releasing from captivity the affianced bride of the King. The dash, the zest, and the joy of life have not been caught in the pages of a book so completely since Mr. McCarthy wrote "If I Were King."

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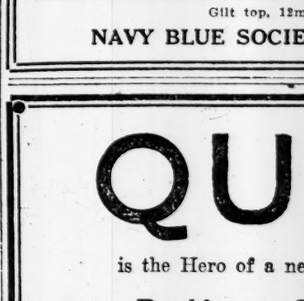

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MEXICO AND THE UNITED STATES.

Readers of Mr. STEPHEN BONSAL'S dispatches from Mexico City to THE TIMES have for some days known what is now openly admitted in Washington, that the situation in Mexico has become so serious and critical that it is an occasion of grave concern to our Government and to the people of this country. The Government of President DIAZ has given every evidence of its desire to protect the lives and property of foreigners, but it can no longer conceal its inability to guarantee their protection. It is only too plain that the Mexican Government has reached a stage of weakness where it would no longer be able to protect even itself against an assault upon the capital of any considerable body of insurrectionists under capable leaders. Of course, foreigners have little to expect of a Government which cannot defend itself.

It is not altogether a question of the issue of the peace negotiations. Should they succeed or should they fail, the causes of anxiety would not be removed. No partisan chieftain ever made a fairer offer to an established Government than that made by MADERO through his peace commissioners. If President DIAZ will retire and if Vice President CORRAL will resign, then MADERO himself will renounce his provisional Presidency, the Minister of Foreign Relations, Mr. DE LA BARRA, to become acting President, and order a general election according to the Constitution. Should this offer be accepted, it would give rise to the hope, if not to the expectation, that peace would follow. But would the countless leaders of bands and groups of insurrectionists, all over the republic, accept the settlement proposed by MADERO as satisfactory to themselves and to their followers? Many of these bands are little better than brigands. They are not disciplined, and it is not evident that they are actuated by any common political ambition. The retirement of DIAZ is one point upon which they all seem to be agreed. It does not appear that they have been consulted about the choice of DE LA BARRA as acting President. The substitution of DE LA BARRA for DIAZ, with MADERO deposed and the insurrection still going on under some other chief, or under many chiefs, would hardly remove the causes of our anxiety.

That we have cause to view with much concern all these developments in the Mexican situation was made evident on Wednesday by Mr. BONSAL'S report of the demand of Dr. RHOMBERG, the German Chargé d'Affaires, that the Mexican Government afford protection to a number of German subjects who, with some Americans, had fallen into the power of the insurrectionists at Cuernavaca. The Government at once sent a small force to the relief of the imperiled Germans and Americans, but it appears to have failed in its purpose. This at once raises the question, to whom are Germany and other foreign Powers to look for the protection of their nationals in Mexico. The question is not academic, it is not one for leisurely consideration. In the Mexican capital and at other places in the republic foreigners are in a state of great alarm. The conditions are described to be "intolerable." The answer to the question as to the source from which protection must come was plainly suggested in President TAFT'S address at the Peace Conference in Baltimore on Wednesday, when he said that the people of this country have no desire for territorial aggrandizement, that they would not permit their Government to take any territory if it would, "or to interfere except to aid those foreign Governments and foreign people to maintain peace and order within their borders."

It would be only through the collapse of authority in Mexico through the failure of all Government, only under the urgent necessity of affording protection to foreigners, that the President would ask Congress for the authority to intervene by sending troops into Mexican territory. Much as our people are by tradition opposed to policies of adventure, and certainly, as the President says, to all policies of aggrandizement, there is probably no American who would not very much prefer that we should undertake this service of protection than that we should leave it to be performed by a European Power in behalf of its endangered citizens or subjects.

The duty is plain enough, should the occasion arise. The fervent hope of the American Government and of the American people is that it may not arise. There is a grain of encouragement in the language of Mr. LIMANTOUR'S letter of instructions to Judge CARBAJAL, the peace commissioner on behalf of President DIAZ. That letter recognizes FRANCISCO MADERO as the "chief of the revolution." If MADERO has such authority as to be recognized as the veritable chief of the revolution, the prospects of peace through the negotiations are manifestly better than they would be did the decision rest with a dozen or a score of chiefs. There is encouragement, too, in the statement that some of the rebel chiefs have joined in a letter to MADERO declaring that they would not support the negotiations unless the retirement of DIAZ were made an indispensable condition for peace. That would imply that DIAZ out of the way, they will assent to the terms of settlement made by MADERO. That would be the best way out so far as now appears, certainly the best for us. A settlement that should really bring peace would put an end to the dangers that now threaten foreigners in Mexico, for it would put an end to what is practically a condition of anarchy all over the republic.

PARADE OF THE WOMEN.

This afternoon the women who believe that their sex will be uplifted if they can obtain the right to vote will try to demonstrate their fitness for the suffrage by parading on Fifth Avenue. The British suffragettes had a monster parade in London which, to be sure, has not yet secured for them the privilege of voting for members of Parliament, but impressed a multitude of onlookers mightily. Women march well, and good marching is always worth looking at. It was proved long ago that if the chief work of soldiers was marching women would make better soldiers than men. Since the Amazons in "The Black Crook," forty-five years ago, the West Point Cadets and the Seventh Regiment have not been accounted our best marchers. The feminine sense of time is keener than the masculine. The presence of a few men in the ranks, however, may disturb the harmony of the spectacle.

To-day's parade will be a symbol only. Whether 3,000 women are in line, or only 1,500, only a figurative goal will be reached. But it requires enthusiasm and energy to march five miles or so through city streets under the searching eyes of a crowd which will not all be sympathetic. The paraders will be aware that many will watch them with derision, many more with mere curiosity, comparatively few with perfect sympathy, implying belief in the righteousness of their cause. They will hope, however, to make converts by marching, as they doubtless make them by all their other demonstrations.

The idea of the parade is perfectly logical. It will indicate the courage of the paraders, the strength of their conviction, and their determination to win. No cause can be won without efforts of this strenuous and showy sort. If the parade turns out as well as its promoters expect, doubtless many thousands of persons in New York, who have never given much thought to the matter, will feel to-night that woman suffrage is nearer at hand. Perhaps it will not be nearer, but it is worth while for the suffragists to make hesitant and hitherto uninterested people think so. They may get the suffrage some day, but never by reading papers at women's clubs and passing resolutions. We sincerely hope, for their own sakes and the sake of the State, that they will fail. But their parade will give them a valuable advertisement.

WORKINGMEN'S INSURANCE.

England is plainly ready to take another long step away from the old policy of the nation as to individualism, a policy which, whatever its shortcomings, was for at least a century closely connected with the tremendous progress of the people in prosperity and power. A few years since, old age pensions were established with practically no opposition from the Conservatives, even in the House of Lords. Now the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. LLOYD-GEORGE, brings forward his scheme for insuring wage earners against sickness and unemployment. The principle is substantially the same, and our dispatches indicate that there will be as little opposition.

Both schemes are based on the assumption that that part of the community that pays taxes ought to save the wage earners from poverty due to inability to earn, caused by advancing age or illness or want of employment. On the face of it this seems like pure class legislation, but it must be borne in mind that the wage earners, so long as they are able to pay rent, bear a share in taxation, and often a share greater in proportion to their means than that of the well-to-do. And also it must not be forgotten that there has always been recognized, in modern times, the obligation of the community to take care of paupers, in health as well as in sickness. The radical difference in the previous practice and the recent is that the stigma of pauperism is removed and the aged, the ill, or the unemployed are to be aided without incurring any loss of consideration on that account. In the new insurance scheme, also, there is a certain contribution to the fund required from those who get the benefit, whenever they may be earning. In Mr. LLOYD-GEORGE'S bill it amounts to about 45 per cent., the employer contributing 33 per cent. and the Treasury 22 per cent. The system is no novelty. It is in operation in much the same form in Germany, and in that country there is little dissatisfaction with its working in any class.

So far as concerns insurance against loss from illness, there is little that can be urged in objection. There is a distinct gain to the whole community in the security thus attained, and the contribution required of the wage earners seems large enough, the insurance paid small enough, to do away with the temptation to "sojering" in any serious degree. The insurance against loss from unemployment is a different matter, and much less easy to appraise. Its actual effect will depend very much on the measures adopted to aid in the proper distribution of employment, the bringing together of those having work to give and those willing and able to do the work. Roughly, the demand and the supply are generally substantially equal. The difficulty is in the unforeseen variations at different times and in different regions. A system of labor exchanges has been undertaken in England, but has not been developed sufficiently to test its efficacy. A quite elaborate system is being tried out in Germany, with excellent results so far. The problem in the whole industrial world, in extending partly unearned aid to any class, is how to avoid demoralization, how to prevent the loss of self-respect, independence, self-reliance, and the sense of responsibility for those dependent on the wage earners. Undoubtedly this is a very serious problem, and to disregard it is to court insidious and permanent dangers. The conception of a vague Providence called "society," which can be relied on to see that individuals do not incur the full consequences of laziness, shiftlessness, and want of foresight, works like a slow poison in the minds of persons liable to the infection.

There has always been in English-speaking communities—and, of course, in many others, whom we need not now consider—a wholesome dread of being classed as dependent, a wholesome pride in being recognized as able and ready to support one's self and one's family. It has put vigor and endurance and enterprise into the very fibre of the race, and has made it in times past the most powerful element in the industrial evolution of the world. It would be a tragedy to have it impaired. To guard against its impairment is the supreme duty of those who are engaged in plans lessening the risks and insuring against loss from unemployment.

THE PARK INVADERS.

The danger of the destruction of City Hall Park by the erection upon it of the monster Court House will not be averted until the Board of Estimate has definitely selected a suitable site for that building and made arrangements to pay for its construction. It seems likely now that the preposterous Stilwell bill will be smothered in the Assembly. The Chairman of the Committee of Cities has expressed his opposition to the seizure of the park, and hearings will be given to the opponents of the measure before action is taken. But the disposition of many otherwise worthy citizens to appropriate city park lands for building purposes will always have to be reckoned with. Each new scheme of this sort which comes to light seems to have a new set of supporters who argue plausibly in its favor, and are invariably prepared to assert that their particular scheme is not an encroachment on park land at all. Each attempted invasion must be fought with unflagging energy, or the parks will be covered with buildings.

Obviously, City Hall Park should be restored as soon as possible. The objectionable Mullet Post Office will doubtless go in good time, and its site should be recovered by the city. The Tweed Court House will be useless when the new Court House is finished. It is understood that the members of the Board of Estimate have practically agreed on a Court House site which will meet the requirements alike of bench and bar. When their plans are completed, City Hall Park will be safe from invasion—by a Court House. The erection there of a building for some other purpose may be urged within a year, while every other park in the city limits must be watched continually to protect it from invasion.

THE STATE'S BANK BALANCES.

It was reported yesterday that the State had $21,935,163 in bank. Happily there is no scandal current regarding the State's bank deposits, which is the best of reasons for taking care that one shall not arise. In the case of the State, as in the case of the city, the best way to prevent scandal regarding the distribution of deposits would be to prevent their accumulation. Twenty millions of dollars is a large sum of cash, larger than private capitalists allow to lie idle.

Admittedly it is difficult for public finances to be conducted as efficiently as private, for the reason, if there were no other, that it is necessary to conduct public finance according to rule rather than according to unlimited discretion. In the case of the city the reduction of the city's bank balances is associated with another reform, desirable for independent reasons. It is desirable that the city should collect its taxes earlier in the year. If it did so there would be a large reduction in both the city's balances and in its borrowings in anticipation of payment of taxes. In the case of the State also it may appear that the reduction of the balances may be coupled with some other desirable arrangement of the State's finances, and thus the one reform helps the other. It is a task peculiarly suitable for a business Governor, and is along the lines he has proposed for himself.

HOW TO LEGISLATE.

If it is difficult to write intelligible statutes, as some imagine to be the case, the obvious thing to do is to enact that all statutes shall be intelligible, after which none will be unintelligible. This simple, sensible, straightforward course has been taken by the Inter-State Commerce Commission, which has passed a statute of its own, declaring that "tariffs are to be construed according to their language, and the intention of the framers does not control."

What a world of trouble would have been saved if the draughtsmen of the income tax amendment had only used some plainer language than the phrase "from whatever source derived." The intention was to except some sources of revenue for reasons of public policy. Senator ROOT propounded this theory with much cogency, but Gov. HUGHES argued that the words meant just what they said, and that the intention could not control. The draughtsmen of the anti-trust law had a similar misadventure. They enacted that "every" restraint of trade was unlawful, and meant only that bad restraints should be unlawful. But the Supreme Court, like the Inter-State Commerce Commission, has ruled that not even legislators may mean one thing and say another. The intention to write a good law is of no avail if, in fact, a bad law is written.

The instances cited may seem to show a certain imperfection in the order of the Commission that railways should use such language that their patrons may "readily understand" their meaning. Railway patrons have seldom complained that they did not understand what the rates were. The cases of the anti-trust law and the income tax amendment suggest that the authors of our statutes favor the use of obscure language, which can be made to mean anything or nothing or the opposite of what anybody imagines it to mean. That means prosperity for the lawyers, and then anybody can have the sort of law he wants merely by hiring the right lawyer and paying him enough.

The report that the immense siphon now being bored to convey from the Catskills under the Hudson River, near Storm King Mountain, 600,000,000 gallons of water for this city, has been broken by a blast that let in the river, is erroneous. In all bores of this magnitude, fissures are met, containing deposits of water which may have been confined for centuries. The roof at the point above the fissure, which has now been pumped clear of water, is a thousand feet thick, and there is no danger whatever that the Hudson River will seep through it.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Law-making of the Very Worst.

If any single act of a Legislature could condemn its members and the people who elected them of incompetency to live under a representative form of government, it would be perfectly fair and true to say that this condemnation was brought on this State, and perhaps upon the United States, by the act of our Assembly, Thursday, when by the overwhelming vote of 96 to 5 it passed the Farrell bill.

For that bill, which declares ineligible for an appointive office in any city, borough, or county, persons who have not lived therein for three years, and makes the appointment of such ineligibles a misdemeanor, is certainly the very culmination of folly and absurdity—of what it would be no exaggeration to call criminal stupidity. The only consolation to be found for the appallingly close approach to unanimity with which the outrageous bill was passed lies in the fact that there has been no popular demand whatever for the establishment of any such restriction upon the appointive power, and in the possibility, therefore, of believing as well as hoping that in what they did the Assemblymen acted as representatives, not of the people at large, but of the much smaller class to which a good many of them belong—that of men who live out of politics, and who look at office holding as an end, not as a means.

It is natural enough that among such men there should still linger the illusion that an office is merely an opportunity for drawing a salary—that the truth should never have dawned upon them that the creation of the office and the payment of the salary are merely devices for getting something done, and that such claim or right as anybody has to either is based on his ability and inclination to do, for the money, the something required more efficiently than anybody else. This obviously opens a field of legitimate choice far wider than any city or county, and the idea that any such territory either always should or always could satisfactorily fill all its own offices from its own inhabitants can be honestly entertained only under a complete misunderstanding of the purposes for which Governments are set up.

For the management of its affairs a city like New York, or any city for that matter, needs many kinds of specially trained experts, and its frequent failure to get them has been largely due to the very notion which the Farrell bill embodies.

He Owes an Apology to Animals.

Being ourselves tenderly considerate of the rights and feelings of animals, we are inclined, if not exactly to resent, at least somewhat severely to criticise the injustice we see in a simile used by Mr. PRICE COLLIER in his address at the Baltimore Peace Conference. He was talking about India, one of the many countries concerning which he has written in a way that edified most of his readers and interested and entertained all of them.

In the course of his remarks Mr. COLLIER said that the natives of India were not able to govern themselves. That assertion is violently denied by a few millions of those natives, but the probability of its truth is more or less reluctantly admitted by most other people, including the managers of the British Empire, who ought to know even more about the facts in the case than Mr. COLLIER does. So we are not disposed to enter into any controversy with the distinguished traveler on that point, but why, oh why, did he have to say that the natives of India are no more fit for self-government than the inmates of a menagerie?

If they are as fit, the English haven't the shadow of an excuse for remaining in India another day, for in not a single menagerie—or out of one—is there a single animal, whether furred, feathered, or scaled, that is not ideally competent to manage its own affairs without any help from anybody. That competency is the fundamental requirement of all animal life, from the lowest to the highest, and as the individual animal that cannot meet it, whether because of accident or old age, departs very promptly for whatever limbo has been provided for whatever of soul he may have, it is safe to say that any animal not doomed to death within a day or two might well be taken as a model of self-governing efficiency.

Of course, the inmates of a menagerie, if left to themselves—in the menagerie—would immediately declare war on each other and fight till only the fittest for survival in those particular conditions remained uneaten, but that is self-government, too, the kind of which Dame Nature seems thoroughly to approve. Not one of them would apply for alien assistance, and none would set up a despot to rule the rest by the exercise of arbitrary will. Within their several races the animals long since attained governmental ends which are even now hardly within sight of men, not to speak of within reach, and it is our belief that Mr. COLLIER ought to apologize to the beasties he has libeled.

School Fees Are Not the Remedy.

To the recent suggestion by one of our correspondents that a small fee should be demanded from pupils in the public schools who want more than primary instruction, several other correspondents have given approval more or less enthusiastic.

This indicates the existence of a somewhat widespread feeling that the State tries to do more educating than it can do well, and that the place to concentrate energies and resources is at the bottom, not the top, of the public school system. What is apparently expected of the proposed fee, however, is that it would separate, or tend to separate, the children into those qualified for higher education and those who might better go to work as soon as they have acquired the elements of book learning. But would the fee have any such effect?

The boys and girls with the mental capacity to utilize what a high school or college can give them are not necessarily those with a little or much more money than the rest, nor does the lack of the excess prove the utilization impossible. It strikes us that free schools ought to be free all the way up, and that how far up the free schools should go is quite another and unrelated question, to be settled on its own merits.

CHILDREN IN THE STREETS.

Doubts Whether the Suffragist Panacea Would Diminish Fatalities.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

That is a remarkable communication in to-day's TIMES signed "Harriot Stanton Blatch."

How on earth Mrs. Blatch expects to reduce the street accidents to children by woman's suffrage is beyond the comprehension of man, but it is in line with usual feminine reasoning.

If women would devote less of their time to politics—a sphere to which they are wholly unfitted by nature and instinct—and more to the home, and particularly to seeing that their children are not permitted to use the driveway in the streets for playgrounds, the mortality of children from the source of which Mrs. Blatch complains and seeks to remedy, would be more greatly reduced than the votes of all the women could accomplish in a thousand years, unless the streets could be converted into a feminine Utopia by prohibiting vehicular traffic and converting them into rose gardens, which would be safe for the children and pleasing to the suffragettes.

W. W. REINAL.

New York, May 4, 1911.

Polygamous Instinct and Suffrage.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Men who know something of the world and its history must rather chuckle at the way in which Miss Chittenden in her article in Wednesday's TIMES called "Wives in Two States" saddles upon women or, apparently, only upon woman suffragists, the vice of polygamy. Those of us who have given the matter thought have been under the impression that women have been historically monogamous in their instincts, but Miss Chittenden and some of our "anti" friends seem firmly convinced that polygamy is, if not an actual emanation of the woman's suffrage movement, a vice toward which all suffragists are rapidly drawing. I would draw Miss Chittenden's attention to the fact that it is a far cry from Idaho to New York. This is one of the times when "comparisons are odious." I would also suggest that if the Federal Government failed in its effort to stamp out polygamy a few women with their enfranchisement new upon them could hardly be expected to succeed.

CONSTANCE ELPHINSTONE KLOTS.

New York, May 4, 1911.

Wants $300 Worth Duty Free.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Can nothing be done to effect a change from $100 to at least $300 in the amount a returning traveler is allowed to bring into this prosperous country of ours in foreign purchases?

This would still prevent our millionaires from entering jewels and Paris gowns, but it would allow the thousands of people who will go abroad this Summer with only small amounts to spend to have the very great pleasure of doing a little shopping abroad, and every woman knows how much this adds to her trip.

Our Government does not need the small but obnoxious amounts collected from wretched travelers.

F. H. DOANE.

New York, May 5, 1911.

Campaigning Officers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Isn't it rather too bad that the Government time of Government administrators has to be spent in campaign lecturing tours, to the dire neglect of Government business?

Why cannot our candidates for office allow the deeds of their present works to speak for them? Why not publicity through the newspapers instead of the "personal contact," which, however delightful, is for an incumbent of an office neglectful of the business of office?

JOHN DISBROW.

West Orange, N. J., May 5, 1911.

Musical Prizes.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The grand opera prize of $10,000 has been won by America's foremost composer, and we certainly shall look forward with great interest to the production next Winter of "Mona."

To those equally attentive to real good comic opera it will be interesting to watch the result of the prize of $1,000 offered by Messrs. Shubert, with an additional $1,000 by Charles K. Harris, for an American operetta by an American author and composer.

MUSIC LOVER.

New York, May 4, 1911.

Complains of Pavement Openings.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Repeated complaints to the Borough President's office, the Commissioner of Highways, the Chief Engineer of Highways, have failed to elicit any explanation as to why ten openings made in the asphalt block paving at 178th Street and Wadsworth Avenue intersection in July, 1910, have in all that time remained unrepaired.

B. J.

New York, May 4, 1911.

FINING EMPLOYES.

Questions Whether the City or Private Employers Should Punish in This Way.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Presumption that the Police Department is always an interesting subject of discussion for New Yorkers is my excuse for reverting to a letter printed by you several days ago, entitled "Police Commissioner as Petty Judge," the main point of which was that such a duty for the "extreme head" of the force is undignified and pernicious in effect.

Now, I hold that the lack of dignity is not in the sitting of the Police Commissioner as petty Judge, but in the system of fining in itself. Would you, Mr. Editor, regard it as a dignified proceeding to fine your $3 or $5 a week office boy, say, the half of his pay as a warning against the repetition of a fault? Would you consider it as a measure of discipline conducive to honesty? Would you estimate it in effect anything better than demoralizing? Would you not either dismiss that boy on the spot, or have him understand that the fault repeated would mean dismissal? Is the case of a policeman materially different? Is not the policeman supposed to live upon his pay? Is he not all the time under pressure to turn his head away while somebody does something which, though unlawful, is something that perhaps a majority of his fellow-citizens want to do? Is there not somebody usually ready to make it worth his while to turn his head away? Is not that "the easiest way" for him? In short, does not "graft" make up his losses in fines?

Would not a preferable alternative appear to be a system of demerits that in a certain cumulative degree would vacate that particular officer's job?

J. W. E.

New York, May 4, 1911.

The Test of Friendship.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your correspondent who seeks a friend to whom explanations of one's conduct are unnecessary will not find one at such short notice as his letter presumes one to think he expects.

Such a person is evolved only after a long period of close and intimate acquaintanceship. So familiar should they be with the emotions and personality of each other that one could predicate the effect of any occurrence upon the other.

Only in these circumstances could they render sympathy and aid in those crises in which friendship is tested.

C. A. C.

Brooklyn, May 5, 1911.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Men do exist who are friends worth having, and not from a material standpoint. I refer to some of the natives of India. Some years ago I was overseer of a gang of workmen in Zanzibar, East Africa, and the "jemedar," or boss workman, was just such a friend to me as "Veritas" vainly seeks here, and will, I fear, continue to seek vainly. And there are many men, mostly English, in the Far East who possess such friends, mostly servants. My Swahili "boy" or house servant wept when I left, and he also showed qualities of friendship I have never seen equaled here. But of course these two were uncivilized, and therefore didn't know the meaning of the word friendship.

SAHIB.

New York, May 5, 1911.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The definition of a friend which "Veritas" gives is good. If "Veritas" wants just such a friend let him (or her) prove such a one to another and the law of which Burroughs sings so beautifully in "My Own Shall Come to Me" will act for him (or her) in due time. Remember, though, that Burroughs does not literally mean to sit absolutely still with folded hands. Be serene in mind, have faith that the more one becomes like one's ideal the nearer one's ideal comes to him and—be friendly.

H. W. R.

Westfield, N. J., May 3, 1911.

"The Woman Soul Leadeth Us."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Reading the play of Aristophanes last Fall I came upon a sentence apt for a transparency or banner among the militant Votes for Women. It was in the Thesmophoriazousai, Lines 335, 336, 349, 350, and may be translated in this wise:

If any plot against the cause of women,
Curse him that he may perish miserably,
He and his house.

I copied the sentence and addressed it, with suggestions for its use in the women's parade, then booked for an ensuing day, to the President of the college women's division. Doubtless it is my quotation and translation on account of which Mrs. Killani apostrophizes the "hallowed shades of Aristophanes" in a late issue of THE TIMES.

There is a delightful legitimacy in the use of the sentence by the militant suffragists. First there is the truth of the statement—as it does exist in human life. Then the humor of its application, so after the Aristophanic manner that if the mighty Hellenic juggler were to listen to the call of the apostrophe to look or to come from the Orphic Elysium, he would doubtless be the first and loudest in applause.

Mrs. Killani says Aristophanes flouted the women of Athens. What did he not flout?—even to one of the greatest ethical teachers of history, Socrates windily "chinning" in a basket. These women of Athens whom he flouted had redeeming company.

Even with the militant suffragists on Saturday the old rule still holds good—the old rule of Goethe about the Ewigweibliche drawing us on and upward, translated by Mrs. Killani's father, I believe, in this wise:

The Indescribable,
Here it is done:
The Woman-Soul leadeth us
Upward and on.

KATE STEPHENS.

New York, May 4, 1911.

City Hall Park.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial articles on the theme "Preserve City Hall Park" express, it seems to me, the dominant sentiment in this city, for any one who has lived here for any length of time must have observed, whenever the question has been raised, the overwhelming public sentiment against the erection of any more buildings in this park. On the contrary, there seems to be a very strong sentiment, especially among architects, that all which are now there, except the City Hall, should be removed.

ALBERT E. DAVIS.

New York, May 4, 1911.

LADIES' DAY.

Hooray, hooray,
For Ladies' Day,
The day when ladies come
In serried front
To do their stunt
And march to fife and drum.

Ho, ladies, fair,
From everywhere
In this big town of ours,
Turn out to-day
In fierce array
And manifest your powers.

Fall in, fall in,
And soon begin
To tramp the streets all day;
There's nothing like
A ladies' hike
To bring the men to bay.

Turn out, turn out,
With whoop and shout,
And fling your banners high;
You've got to get
In line, you bet,
Resolved to vote or die.

March on, march on,
The rising dawn
Of promise is at hand,
And ere the night
Puts you to flight,
You'll occupy the land.

Fall in, fall in,
If you would win
You must not get there late;
And, ladies fair,
Take care, take care
To keep your hats on straight.

W. J. LAMPTON.

GOV. WILSON AGAINST BIPARTISAN POLITICS

Says the Machine Is Supplied with Funds by Men Who Buy the Legislation They Need.

DEMOCRACY'S OPPORTUNITY

He Tells the Kansas City Knife and Fork Club the Recall Will Make Officials Responsible.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 5.—Gov. Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey arrived here this morning and to-night delivered the first speech of his Western tour before the Knife and Fork Club of this city.

A Reception Committee, headed by Gov. Hadley of Missouri, escorted the visitor from the station to his hotel. The New Jersey Executive was the guest of various local civic organizations during the day. The programme provided for a luncheon at noon given by the Knife and Fork Club and Commercial Club, a drive, a public reception at the Commercial Club rooms in the afternoon, and the Knife and Fork dinner.

Gov. Wilson will leave to-morrow morning for Denver. The Governor's address at the Knife and Fork Club banquet to-night was in part as follows:

"Undoubtedly the present moment offers a greater and larger opportunity to the Democratic Party than to the Republican Party, but this is not because there are not men in the Republican Party who have devoted their whole intelligence and energy to necessary reform, but because the Democratic Party as a whole is freer to move and to act than the Republican Party is.

"Let us ask ourselves very frankly what it is that needs to be corrected. To sum it all up in one sentence, it is the control of politics and of our life by great combinations of wealth. Men sometimes talk as if it were wealth we were afraid of, as if we were jealous of the accumulation of great fortunes. Nothing of the kind is true. America has not the slightest jealousy of the legitimate accumulation of wealth. Everybody knows that there are hundreds and thousands of men of large means and large economic power who have come by it all perfectly legitimately not only, but in a way that deserves the thanks and admiration of the communities they have served and developed. But everybody knows also that some of the men who control the wealth and have built up the industry of the country seek to control politics and also to dominate the life of common men in a way in which no man should be permitted to dominate.

"In the first place, there is the notorious operation of the bipartisan political machine; I mean the machine which does not represent party principle of any kind, but which is willing to enter into any combination, with whatever group of persons or of politicians, to control the offices of localities and of States and of the Nation itself in order to maintain the power of those who direct it. This machine is supplied with its funds by the men who use it in order to protect themselves against legislation which they do not desire and in order to obtain the legislation which is necessary for the prosecution of their purposes.

"The recall is a means of administrative control. If properly regulated and devised it is a means of restoring to administrative officials what the initiative and referendum restore to legislators—namely, a sense of direct responsibility to the people who choose them.

"The recall of Judges is another matter. Judges are not lawmakers. They are not administrators. Their duty is not to determine what the law shall be, but to determine what the law is. Their independence, their sense of dignity, and of freedom, is of the first consequence to the stability of the State. To apply to them the principle of the recall is to set up the idea that determinations of what the law is must respond to popular impulse and to popular judgment.

"It is sufficient that the people should have the power to change the law when they will. It is not necessary that they should directly influence by threat of recall those who merely interpret the law already established.

"The second power we fear is the control of our life through the vast privileges of corporations which use the wealth of masses of men to sustain their enterprise. It is in connection with this danger that it is necessary to do some of our clearest and frankest thinking. It is a fundamental mistake to speak of the privileges of these great corporations as if they fell within the class of private right and of private property. Those who administer the affairs of great joint stock companies are really administering the property of communities, the property of the whole mass and miscellany of men who have bought the stock or the bonds that sustain the enterprise."

AUTO LICENSES NOT DELAYED

Plates Ready for All Who Have Applied, Says Secretary of State.

Secretary of State Edward Lazansky declared unjust yesterday recent criticisms that automobile owners were suffering annoyance by being stopped by the police because their machines bear last year's number plates, although they have been unable, owing to dilatory methods of the automobile bureau, to obtain new number plates prescribed by the Callan motor vehicle law. He declared that far from being dilatory, the staff of the bureau at Seventy-fourth Street and Broadway, as well as at the Secretary of State's office in Albany, has brought its affairs up to the minute, and it is now possible for any owner of a new automobile to register and receive his number plate within ten minutes by calling at the office, where 75,000 number plates are on hand.

Renewals of old number plates, he said, were at first handled at the Albany office, where all the previous arrangements had been made, and the earlier records are kept. Nevertheless, he said, all such renewals are sent by the local bureau to Albany, filed, and the number plates sent to the bureau here for owners of the cars within three or four days of their application.

"Every automobile owner in the State who handed in his application for a number plate by May 1," said Secretary Lazansky, "has either received his plate or been notified that it is ready for him at this office or one of the branch offices of the bureau. If they have not handed in their application or called for the plate when notified, it is their fault, not that of the bureau."

The Secretary said he had asked the police to arrest all owners of cars equipped with only the blue 1910 number plates, but that the police have notified him that there are practically none with the old plates now in the streets of the city. The exceptions, he said, number no more than five or six, and those are non-residents of New York City. He was able to find only a record of one such, a resident of Yonkers, who was fined $5.

Despite the initial delay due to lack of time for preparation given to his predecessor and later to failure of the contractors to supply the new number plates on the specified day or of the specified quality, the handling of the work of the bureau, he said, has now been brought under control. 59,062 owners of automobiles having been registered and 22,000 chauffeurs licensed up to May 1. So far the receipts from registrations this year total $630,000. Bids will be opened for the 1912 number plates on Tuesday, and the Secretary expects to have the plates in storage in the cellar of the bureau by October and ready for owners of automobiles by January 1.

FRESHMEN DEBATE FORTIFYING CANAL

Princeton, Arguing Against, Wins from Yale, but Loses to Harvard.

STRONG NEUTRALITY PLEA

Student Orators Sure a Treaty Would Be Effective — Crimson Teams Score a Double Victory.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., May 5.—Representatives of the freshman classes of Yale and Princeton debated in McCosh Hall to-night the question, "Resolved, That the United States should fortify the Panama Canal, the legal right being conceded." The Princeton men argued against fortification and won.

This was the first triangular debate for first-year men in the history of Yale, Harvard, and Princeton. A team representing Princeton also debated on the negative side at Cambridge, and another Harvard team likewise debated at New Haven, completing the triangle.

The Yale freshmen who met Princeton were H. C. Link, A. C. Spurr, and J. A. Levy. Princeton's speakers were David Robert Hawkins, a member of Whig Hall, who debated on his high school team at Kansas City; Charles Bunn of Whig Hall, who prepared at Hotchkiss, nd was a member of the winning inter-club team, and Julius Ochs Adler, who debated in the inter-society debates at Lawrenceville for two years and won a prize last year.

Prof. Theodore W. Hunt of the English department presided, and the judges were former Congressman Richard Wayne Parker, William D. Leonard, and John S. McMaster of Jersey City.

H. C. Link, opening for Yale, maintained that the United States should fortify the canal for three distinct reasons: First, because fortifications are necessary; second, because they are effective, and third, because neutralization, the only other method worth considering, is inadequate.

Mr. Spurr contended that the object of fortification was to protect the canal properties from the depredations of possible enemies. He pointed out that the fortifications would be much more effective than ships of the navy, and suggested that as the canal was being built for the exclusive use of the United States in time of war, it should be properly guarded. Mr. Levy summarized the situation for Yale in the third speech of his side.

For Princeton Mr. Hawkins argued that fortifications would be unnecessary in protecting the canal, because the navy could take good care of the situation. Neutralization would keep the canal free and open at all times.

Mr. Bunn, the second speaker, said that the policy of the United States in such matters was against such a procedure, and that the commercial interests of the country would be better subserved under neutral conditions.

Mr. Adler, summing up for Princeton, first took up the effectiveness of neutralization, and showed how it would protect the canal. He cited several historical instances in which neutralization obtained successfully, as for example in the Franco-Prussian war. By analogy he showed that the stability of neutralization would be certain in the case of Panama, because the tract's commercial value would force all nations to respect a treaty. The second half of Mr. Adler's speech was devoted to the obligation of the United States to draw up a treaty with other nations as an honorable course. On this point he quoted many Presidents of the United States, and quoted also from President Taft and Ambassador Choate.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 5.—Harvard defeated Princeton here to-night in the first leg of the Harvard-Yale-Princeton freshman debate. The Crimson upheld the affirmative of the question, "Resolved, that the United States should fortify the Panama Canal."

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 5.—The Harvard freshmen debaters won from the Yale freshmen to-night. The winners argued for fortifying the Panama Canal.

NUMBERS AND MAIL BOXES.

Art Society and Other Civic Bodies Propose New Ordinances.

At a meeting of the Municipal Art Society together with the representatives of various civic associations of the city at the Press Club yesterday afternoon, following a luncheon, it was decided that the Chairman of the Street Fixture Committee of the Art Society should appoint committees to prepare designs for new post-boxes and arrange for their location, and another to draw up an ordinance in relation to the numbering of houses and the marking of streets, to be submitted later to the proper municipal authorities.

Both these subjects were discussed at great length, but most of the discussion was reserved for the post-box question, J. W. Lieb, Jr., in connection with the draftsmen of the Edison Electric company, has prepared a sort of Renaissance post-box which fits in with the present lamp-post system of Fifth Avenue, and which has been highly approved. Charles R. Lamb, architect, objected that this box would not do at all for other districts and he expressed a desire to have at least four different kinds of boxes designed for use in this city; one for prominent thoroughfares like Fifth Avenue, one to be placed on houses, one on joint lamp-post and fire alarm, and one for the east side.

Mr. Nicholson, who represented the City Club, gave it as his opinion that there should be some uniformity about the post-box.

When the next subject was brought up, the point was made that although there is an ordinance requiring house owners to put numbers on their houses the city legal department has said that it is too indefinite to be enforced, so that the drawing up of a new ordinance seemed to be necessary. The fact was deplored that Mrs. Vanderbilt and J. P. Morgan, among others, had no house numbers, and that Macy's and Saks could be found by number with difficulty. It was suggested that the new ordinance call for a city official who should have the right to have numbers put on the houses of recalcitrant owners.

Suffragette Lawyer Married.

Miss Crystal Eastman, lawyer and prominent suffragette, was married yesterday afternoon at City Hall to Wallace J. Benedict, a Milwaukee insurance man, by Alderman Smith. Mrs. Benedict said that she does not intend to desert the "cause." She has been one of its most prominent local speakers. She recited the prologue at the recent woman's suffrage benefit at the Broadway Theatre.

Yale Chapter of Chi Phi Dinner.

Members of the Yale Chapter of the Chi Phi Fraternity, who were graduated in 1885 and 1886, are to be guests at a dinner given at the Waldorf-Astoria by the chapter to-night.

Although fourteen of the graduates are still living, the only ones who reside near enough to attend are Edwin Y. Judd, Hartford, Conn.; W. W. Atterbury, Philadelphia; W. S. Bartlett, New York; Emile Baumgarten, New York; A. H. Rudd, Philadelphia, and E. C. Shaw, Akron, Ohio.

Clock at Brooklyn Bridge Terminal.

There will be no more craning of necks to see the time on the City Hall tower from the Brooklyn Bridge Terminal, as the Bridge Department installed yesterday a large clock at the entrance of the bridge, over the police booth.

This is the first time in the history of the Brooklyn Bridge that a clock has been installed for the public's use. It is said that there will be clocks put up on all elevated platforms of the bridge.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Seton Porter, whose marriage to Miss Gertrude Cheever, daughter of John D. Cheever, is fixed for June 3, will give his farewell bachelor dinner at Sherry's on May 28.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Denegre and their daughter, Miss Marie Elaine Denegre, who have been occupying the town house of Mrs. S. Barton French the past Winter, will depart soon for England to attend the coronation, and will remain abroad several months.

The marriage of Miss Ellen Emmet, daughter of Mrs. Christopher T. Emmet, and William B. Rand, son of the late George C. Rand of this city, will take place at 12:30 to-day at the country place of the bride's mother at Salisbury Conn.

Mr. and Mrs. Percy L. Fearn and Mrs. Bradford Weeks are at the Hotel Gotham after a stay of three months in Costa Rico.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Prime have left the Buckingham and have opened their country place, Wyomissing, in the Delaware Water Gap.

Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Mott Warner will leave the Plaza the middle of May for Hohokus, N. J., where they have taken a house for the Summer. Later they may make a brief trip abroad.

Mrs. Allen Fitch gave a luncheon yesterday at Sherry's for her second daughter, Miss Diantha Fitch, and the members of her class at school, who will be graduated this month. There were about forty guests in all.

Mrs. Egerton L. Winthrop, Jr., will give a luncheon to-day of a dozen covers and afterward with her guests will march in the Equal Franchise Society division of the Woman's Suffrage parade.

Mrs. Robert H. Turle has closed her Brooklyn house, and is now at the Garden City Hotel, L. I.

Mr. and Mrs. William Sherman Scott and Mrs. Scott's daughter, Miss Salisbury, are at the Ritz-Carlton preparatory to sailing for Europe on May 9. They will return to this side in October.

Mrs. William C. Boone of 327 Central Park West gave a luncheon yesterday for Mrs. John F. Shafroth, wife of Gov. Shafroth of Colorado.

Children of Guild to Give Play.

The children belonging to the Guild of Children of the Parks and Playgrounds Association will give a play, a pantomime, and folk dance in costume on Monday afternoon next from 3 to 5 in the roof garden of the Waldorf-Astoria.

Members of the council of the association who are interested in this entertainment include Mrs. Herbert Satterlee, J. Pierpont Morgan, Jacob Schiff, Levi P. Morton, Mrs. James Roosevelt, Mrs. Morris Kellogg, W. Bayard Cutting, Mrs. William Phillips, and the Misses Eleanor Hewitt, Dorothy Whitney, Mabel Choate, Pauline Robinson, Margaret Whitney, and Mary Morton.

Heretofore this annual entertainment has had a formal list of patronesses, and tickets have been sold, but this year it has been decided to give free admission, in order that more people may see what is being done under the auspices of the association.

Labor Temple Meetings.

The People's Choral Union, consisting of 350 voices, will sing "The Creation" under the direction of Alfred Hallam at the Labor Temple, Fourteenth Street and Second Avenue, on Sunday night at 7:30 o'clock. The chorus will be assisted by Mrs. Frances Fisher Hosea, soprano; F. R. Lamont, tenor, and Austin T. Ball, bass. Following the organ recital by G. Scott Hunter, at 3:30 o'clock, there will be a recital of "Enoch Arden" by Miss Lilian Leighton Lamson.

At the Open Forum on Tuesday night at the Labor Temple Dr. J. D. Harrigan will give an address on "Anti-Vivisection," and at the Labor Temple Brotherhood meeting, on Wednesday night, John W. Batdorf will speak on "Labor's Coherent Right to Capital." Dr. George Donaldson will give an illustrated address on Thursday night on "Russia and the Russians," and the Rev. H. P. Vaughn will speak on Friday night on "Amos, the Man Who Read God's Mind." On Saturday night there will be the people's programme of music and motion pictures.

OFF FOR EUROPE TO-DAY.

Some of the Passengers Sailing on Eight Steamships—The Arrivals.

The transatlantic steamships sailing today and some of those booked to depart on them are:

CINCINNATI (Hamburg)—George Asch, Mr. and Mrs. Bertrand Beer, Mr. and Mrs. David E. Barr, Mrs. R. A. Black, Paul Clayton, E. L. Carpenter, Mr. and Mrs. B. Edmund Davis, Arthur L. Day, Miss M. A. Duer, Prince and Princess Engalitcheff, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Hagenah, Mr. and Mrs. W. I. Jennings, Berthold Jacobi, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Kubin, Arthur von Koenig, Mr. and Mrs. Elias Michael, Mr. and Mrs. George F. Marion, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. H. Randolph, Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Rogers, C. A. Sprockels, Mrs. H. B. Sayles, Mrs. George E. Van Cleve Baronin von Wolzogen, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Garber, Carl Grosse, and Eugen von Zimmerer.

BALTIC (Liverpool)—Mr. and Mrs. Barrett Andrews, William H. Atkinson, Mrs. Rowse Babcock, Mr. and Mrs. Sydney Brooks, F. H. Canty, Mrs. Dan T. Casement, Mrs. Charles P. Egan, T. Egan, C. Elliott, Mrs. F. W. Francis, Lady Lillian Grenfel, Mr. and Mrs. Adam C. Hay, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Hilliard, Mrs. C. M. James, S. L. Lawson, Miss Henry A. Murphy, David M. Oppenheim, George W. Prange and Sir Crossby Rayner, Mr. and Mrs. C. Sears Ramsey, Mrs. Elizabeth Walton Robert, Mr. and Mrs. James M. Sullivan, Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Tindle, Rear Admiral and Mrs. Van Reypen, Miss F. C. Waldron, and Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Wood.

CARONIA (Liverpool)—Mrs. Julius Beer, Mrs. Robert B. Bell, Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Bowen, Mr. and Mrs. U. B. Bourn, Mrs. Arthur L. Cahn, Miss Eleanor Fisher Clarke, Mr. and Mrs. Frank H. Connor, Mr. and Mrs. Hughes Fawcett, Mrs. J. H. Finlay, Mr. and Mrs. John Glendenning, George B. Lamb, Mrs. M. A. McArthur, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Oake, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Robertson, Mr. and Mrs. Williams Steel, H. B. Tremaine, and Mrs. E. York Triscott.

MINNEWASKA (London)—Mrs. R. Snowden Andrews, Mr. and Mrs. George T. Beale, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Cook, Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Cutter, Miss Josephine Plows-Day, William A. Drayton, Mrs. Percy C. Eastment, Miss J. M. Emerson, F. E. Galbraith, Stanley Harris, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hemingway, Stratton C. Langslow, F. J. Millholland, Mr. and Mrs. Henry V. Ogden, John T. Porter, Mrs. C. K. Stewart, Charles W. Ten Broeck, Mrs. G. E. Ward, and Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Wendell.

KOENIGIN LUISE (Naples)—Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Bushley, Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Calley, Mrs. N. C. Casselberry, Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Duryea, Mr. and Mrs. Willis Fowler, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Graham, Mr. and Mrs. Adolf J. Grimberg, John Kilgour, Miss Ellen N. La Motte, Prof. Valerian von Loga, Mrs. J. Howard Marshall, William T. Shepherd, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Snyder, and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wilcox.

NEW YORK (Southampton)—Erminio Ahrens, Mrs. F. M. Bacon, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Childs, Herbert Cohen, Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Davidson, Lewis Einstein, First Secretary American Legation at Peking; Mr. and Mrs. Clement A. Griscom, W. La Fontaine, Henry Sherwood Morris, Miss H. Grace Parsons, Mrs. William Rudolph, and Mrs. Eleanor G. Wyeth.

FURNESSIA (Glasgow)—Mrs. J. E. Bell, Mr. and Mrs. John A. Borthwick, John Bartley, Mrs. Alice Dalzell, Gordon Dorman, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Gorman, Capt. Charles Morrison, Dr. Malcolm McHardy, Joseph Pratt, Mr. and Mrs. William Nethercut, Mrs. Maud Stevens, and Mrs. William Wallace.

FINLAND (Antwerp)—Miss M. B. Brittan, Miss Stela L. Carpenter, Charles W. Eaton, F. G. Foreshaw, Miss Janet S. Gow, A. H. Ross, Mrs. A. W. Sage, Mr. and Mrs. William O. Sawtelle, and John Tanner.

The steamships arriving yesterday and some of the passengers were:

LUSITANIA, (Liverpool)—F. R. Aldrich, Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Alley, R. M. Ballantyne, Sir A. Bateman, W. M. du Bois, Mrs. B. H. Bowen, Donald S. Boynton, T. D. M. Burnside, F. Ambrose Clark, J. C. Collins, Mr. and Mrs. Ambrose Cramer, Mr. and Mrs. De Witt Cuyler, Philip T. Dodge, Mr. and Mrs. J. Robertson Dunn, W. Temple Franks, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. S. Gibbons, Isaac Guggenheim, Mr. and Mrs. Eric Hambro, A. M. Holbrook, E. H. Holton, Col. H. Hughes, C. C. Knowles, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Letts, T. W. Myers, J. D. Pease, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Poland, J. C. Quayle, Mr. and Mrs. Sam Sloan, Lady Sybil Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Brenton Tomkins, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel P. Tull, L. H. von Stade, Mme. Von Lortsch, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Wheeler, Mrs. A. J. Drexel, Mr. and Mrs. J. Del Drago, and Henry M. Ziegler.

CRETIC, (Naples)—Hugo M. Alfano, Mrs. M. L. P. Barker, Mr. and Mrs. Donald M. Cameron, Mr. and Mrs. John F. Cook, Count and Countess du Besse, Miss A. L. Drake, Mrs. Robert Ferrie, Mrs. William A. Finley, Mrs. William M. Laffan, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Palmer, Capt. John F. Parker, U. S. N.; Mrs. Parker, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Thorndike, Henry D. Titus, and Mr. and Mrs. Robert P. Whitacre.

SUFFRAGISTS MARCH IN PROCESSION TO-DAY

Imposing Protest Planned Against Inaction of the Judiciary Committee at Albany.

WOMEN OF EVERY SPHERE

They Will Be Marshaled in Distinctive Bodies, Each with Its Appropriate Banner.

The biggest thing in the way of a procession which the woman suffragists have ever had in the United States will march down Fifth Avenue from Fifty-seventh Street this afternoon with many bands, many brilliantly colored banners, and 2,500 persons, largely women, in line. In this way they will protest to the Judiciary Committee of the State Legislature, which has not reported their suffrage bill.

It will not be a great procession in numbers, but it promises to be brilliant and effective. Following the big general suffrage banner will come the delicate little lady of long ago in her sedan chair; following her will be a float, showing the women in various one-time domestic industries, which have now been taken from the homes and placed in shops and factories where women have followed them to earn their living as they did before in their homes. Following these will come the women workers whom the changed conditions have sent into the world for self-support, marching in bodies, each with an appropriate banner.

Another float, which was not expected in the first place, but which the Pennsylvania woman suffragists are managing, will be an interesting feature of the procession. It will represent the earliest woman suffragists of the State of William Penn, Quaker women who from time immemorial have been noted as homekeepers and housekeepers.

It will be a democratic procession. Automobiles are barred, and there will be only one carriage in which will be a few older women, the pioneer woman suffragists who are not sufficiently young and vigorous to march. The Rev. Antoinette Brown Blackwell has come up from her Summer home, at Martha's Vineyard, expressly to take part in the parade.

There will be men, too, the New York State Men's League for Equal Suffrage, 200 of them, carrying their banner, led by Prof. John Dewey of Columbia University, James Lees Laidlaw, the banker, and Vladimir Simkhovitch. Men from the New Jersey Equal Suffrage League will also march.

All social conditions of women will be represented in the procession, women of wealth, women of moderate means, and the poorest women. A letter was received yesterday from Mrs. Mary Kelly of 121 Manhattan Street saying she hoped to be able to join the parade, but that she was a charwoman and might not be able to get off. A large number of Jewish women on the lower East Side will be prevented from coming because they cannot parade on their Sabbath day. Some of the business women will not march because they will not be allowed to do so by their employers. In one large business firm downtown, where many women are employed, they have been given to understand that any woman who marches will lose her position. It is said also that there are husbands who have said that their wives would be husbandless if they marched. Some of the strongest anti-suffragists have been encouraging the parade, hoping that the women may lose prestige by it.

The marchers will meet at 3:15 at the respective places where they are to enter the procession, which is due to start at 3:30. It will go from Fifty-seventh Street down Fifth Avenue to Union Square, where it will turn in at Seventeenth Street. There will be a bandstand in the middle of the Square, where the Gregorian Quartet will also be placed, and will sing the new Woman Suffrage March, composed for the occasion. Around the Square at intervals will be the ten automobiles which will be used as speakers' stands. The little house at the north end of the Square will be reserved for the women pioneers.

The big suffrage banner which leads the procession will be carried by Miss Alberta Hill, Miss Inez Milholland, and Miss Fullerton of Yonkers. This banner, which is very handsome, was given by Mrs. Alice Duer Miller. On it are the words:

"We prepare the children for the world; let us prepare the world for the children."

The first thing in the way of a band will be the Scotch pipers in the costume of the famous Black Watch of Scotland. They represent the primitive music. Following them will march the Executive Board of the Woman's Political Union, Mrs. James John Winters Brannan, Mrs. Harriot Stanton Blatch, Miss Caroline Lexow, and Mrs. John Rogers, Jr. In the sedan chair, carried by men in knee breeches and cocked hats, will be Mrs. Leigh French.

Mrs. Nora Blatch de Forest will be banner marshal. Mrs. Augusta C. Hughston will be the marshal of the Woman Suffrage Party. Mrs. Hughston will wear a simple white tailor-made gown. Every one is requested to dress simply in white.

Mrs. Philip Lydig has presented the banner for the women voters—a very handsome one. The women marching under this will come from the five States where women vote. There are twenty Norwegian women who will march with this delegation, as women vote in Norway. Mrs. Walston Brown, daughter of the late Robert Ingersoll, will carry the Peace banner. There will be 100 women from Mrs. Mackay's Equal Franchise Society, carrying the handsome banners of the society, and led by Mrs. Herbert Winthrop, Jr. Mrs. Thompson-Seton and Mrs. Hepburn will lead the Connecticut delegation, and Mrs. Archibald Alexander, sister-in-law of Mrs. Richard Stevens, who has just resigned from the New Jersey Equal Franchise Society, will lead the delegation from that body. There are other suffragists from New Jersey who will march.

Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, President of the National Woman Suffrage Association, in cap and gown, will march with the college woman's delegation, and the New York State Woman Suffragists will be led by their President, Miss Harriet May Mills. Miss Mary Donnelly will lead the Fourteenth Assembly District branch of Mrs. Belmont's Political Equality Association.

There will be a Julia Ward Howe Banner from Boston. Mrs. de Forest will carry the Elizabeth Cady Stanton banner, Miss Anne Miller the Gerrit Smith banner, and Elizabeth Smith Miller's banner will be carried by her grandson. There are profession and trade banners that are varied and interesting, representing picturesquely the work of their followers. The milliners' banner with the hat will attract attention. The women motorists' banner shows a car driven by a woman.

Musicians, sculptors, doctors, lawyers, homekepers, cooks, milliners, artists' models, hairdressers, writers, aeronautists, janitors, mountain climbers, and tearoom proprietors will be a few of the women who will represent the present-day ocupations of their sex. The athletic women will form an interesting part of the procession. Some of them will march with handkerchiefs tied over their heads, as they go to the tennis or golf field, and there will be a few on horseback.

Following the great suffrage parade, Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont will give a suffrage ball for the various branches of her Political Equality Association tonight in Terrace Garden, East Fifty-eighth Street. Mrs. Belmont will be present, occupying a box. The hall will be decorated in crimson, the association colors. There will be many fancy dances.

Lee-Harris Wedding on May 18.

The marriage of Miss Mary Kuhn Harris, a niece of Mr. and Mrs. C. Hartman Kuhn of Philadelphia, and ex-United States Minister Joseph Jenkins Lee of Maryland will take place at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. Charles Boone, Devon, Penn., on Thursday, May 18. Immediate relatives only will be present.

The bride's sister, Mrs. Boone, will be the matron of honor. Mr. Lee's best man is to be Adrian Iselin Lee, and the ushers are to be Charles Carroll, Jr., Charles Boone, and Charles O'Donnell Lee, Jr.

Mr. Lee is well known in New York, where he lived for some time. He is related to the Iselins, and was one of Col. Roosevelt's Rough Riders.

LADY SIBYL SMITH HERE.

Won't Take an Active Part in the Suffrage Movement.

"I am no celebrity, I am just a plain person," said Lady Sibyl Smith, the English suffragist, upon her arrival yesterday on the Cunarder Lusitania. Lady Sibyl is accompanied by her husband, Vivian Smith. This is her first visit to this country, and she is anxious to see something of the way the fight for the cause is carried on here.

Lady Sibyl Smith is a daughter of Lord Antrim and her husband is a partner in J. P. Morgan's London house. Mr. Smith and Lady Sibyl will be the guests of Mr. Morgan, Jr. She said she would take no active part in the American suffrage movement. From New York Mr. Smith and his wife will go to Canada, returning to England in June.

On the Lusitania also came Eric Hambro, the London banker. He comes to visit J. P. Morgan, Jr., and with Mr. Smith and his wife will be the guests of the banker on a transcontinental trip. Afterward he will spend some weeks hunting in Canada.

ENGLISH SUFFRAGE NEAR?

Bill Enfranchising 1,000,000 Women Passes Second Reading.

LONDON, May 5.—Another woman's enfranchisement bill was introduced in the House of Commons to-day by Sir George Kemp, Liberal member for the Northwest Division of Manchester. The measure confers the right to vote upon every woman possessed of the household qualification, but it is provided that married women shall not be permitted to vote in the same constituency with their husbands. It is calculated that such legislation would enfranchise 1,000,000 women.

Simultaneously with the introduction of the bill a petition opposing female suffrage bearing 53,000 signatures, of which 31,000 are those of women, was laid on the table of the House.

The "household qualification" relates to the required occupancy as owner or tenant of a house or a part of a house in which the landlord or superior tenant does not reside. The bill, therefore, does not give female lodgers the right to vote, as the present law gives male roomers if the rental they pay is $50 or more a year, or about $1 a week.

The bill passed the second reading stage by a vote of 255 to 88, and was referred to a committee of the whole house.

This majority is greater by 57 votes than that given the second reading of the Shackleton Woman's Suffrage bill in July.

Pressure will be brought to bear on the Cabinet to obtain facilities for the passage of the measure. The suffragettes have promised to abstain from militant tactics if the Government does not oppose their legislation.

OLD 3D CORPS CELEBRATES.

Gen. Sickles at Anniversary of Williamsburg Fight Tells How Young He Is.

Major-General Daniel E. Sickles was the guest of honor at the forty-seventh annual reunion of the Third Army Corps at the Hotel Manhattan last night, it being the anniversary of the battle of Williamsburg. About eighty veterans and their wives, children, and grandchildren were present.

The Third Army Corps was organized at Brandy Station, Va., Sept. 2, 1863. General Sickles was its first President. The corps suffered so severely in the battle of Gettysburg that soon afterward all that was left of it was consolidated into one division and transferred to the Second Corps under General Hancock.

Speeches were made last night by the Rev. Joseph H. Twichell, chaplain of the corps; General Sickles, and General James G. Wilson. "I am," said General Sickles, "85 years young. But this is the seventeenth frolic I have had in the last four weeks, going home at all hours from 12 to 3 and 4 in the morning and making a speech every time. This is the seventeenth speech I have made in four weeks."

NIGHT MASS IN CATHEDRAL.

Archbishop Will Celebrate at the 10th Anniversary of This Service.

The tenth anniversary of the institution of the night workers' mass will be held in St. Patrick's Cathedral to-morrow morning at 2:45 o'clock. The mass will be celebrated by Archbishop Farley, assisted by the Rev. Luke J. Evers, rector of St. Andrew's Church. The Rev. Father Lyons of Boston, who has started a night workers' mass in Boston, will be one of the honorary deacons and a sermon on "The Mission of a Daily Newspaper" will be preached by Bishop James A. McFaul of Trenton. More than 7,000 tickets have been issued, and it is expected that the cathedral will be filled. The entire middle aisle is to be reserved for printers and other night workers.

The night workers' mass was started ten years ago by the Rev. Father Evers by a special dispensation from Rome, and the idea has since been copied by churches in nine other cities of the United States. It was the fact that so many night workers complained that the hours during which they worked made it impossible for them to attend the regular masses that caused Father Evers to take the matter up, he said. Since then the masses have been held at 2:30 o'clock every Sunday morning in St. Andrew's Church in Duane Street, and there is now a regular attendance of more than 800.

DAILY CONCERTS IN PARK.

But in Minor Playgrounds Number for the Summer May Be Reduced.

Daily orchestral concerts in the Mall in Central Park are planned by Commissioner Stover for this Summer, those on Saturday and Sunday to be held in the afternoon and the other five each week in the evening.

By the union rules, musicians receive a lower rate of pay if they are called upon to play daily in the same place.

It is not unlikely, however, that the band concerts in other parks will have to be reduced in number from those of last Summer. The amount provided in the budget this year for park concerts, $30,000, is the same as last year. But the Aldermen granted Mr. Stover an additional $25,000 last Summer, and though he has asked now for a grant of $20,000 he is not certain that it will be forthcoming.

The Park concerts will begin in the middle of June. In addition, the Dock Department will give concerts on the eight recreation piers of Manhattan from the Saturday before July 4 to the Saturday after Labor Day, a season of ten weeks.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The annual meeting of the Actors' Fund of America will be held at the Gaiety Theatre on the afternoon of May 9. The principal business will be the election of officers.

Blanche Bates will end her season's run in "Nobody's Widow" at the Hudson Theatre on Saturday, May 20, and on the following Monday Henry B. Harris will present at that house Edgar Selwyn's comedy, "The Country Boy," which had a run at the Liberty Theatre early this season.

William Collier will celebrate his 1,000th performance in "The Dictator" at the Comedy Theatre on Monday, May 15. The number of performances includes those given in America, England, and Australia since the farce was first produced seven years ago.

The first performance of Elizabeth Jordan's new play, "The Lady from Oklahoma," in which Herbert Kelcy and Effie Shannon are to be starred, will be given at the Apollo Theatre, Atlantic City, on May 15.

John Cort has engaged J. H. Corville for one of the principal roles in support of Lawrence D'Orsay in a revival of "The Earl of Pawtucket."

Owing to the fact that Lew Fields will not end his season in "The Hen Pecks" in time to take part in the forthcoming Friars Frolic tour, there will be a change in the company as announced earlier in the week. "The Hen Pecks" will remain at the Broadway Theatre until well into the Summer.

The Lew Fields Baseball Club from the Broadway Theatre, and the Winter Garden team, met the team from the Metropolis Theatre yesterday afternoon at Crotona Park. In the first game the Metropolis nine defeated the Winter Garden by a score of 19 to 6, and in the second the Broadway Theatre aggregation turned the tables on the Metropolis team, and won by a score of 11 to 7.

WANT FREMSTAD FOR SALOME

Soprano Will Not Sing Role in Paris as Substitute for Mary Garden.

Mme. Olive Fremstad, dramatic soprano of the Metropolitan Opera Company, yesterday received a cable from Paris inviting her to sing Salome at the Paris Opéra this Summer. It will be remembered that Mme. Fremstad created the part in America and sang it at one performance. Later she sang it three times with a German company, Richard Strauss conducting, at the Chatelet in Paris, in the Spring of 1907. She has refused the present offer because she needs rest, and because singing Salome would require not only a complete restudying of the part, as she has not appeared in it for so long a time, but also learning the rôle in French.

The reason for this offer is probably the more or less settled fact that Miss Mary Garden is not to sing at the Paris Opéra this Summer. She decided to undertake a concert tour in this country instead. In the meantime André Messager has been keeping the wires busy trying to get Miss Garden to set a date for her first appearance at his institution. This she has been unwilling to do. In fact she made up her mind some time ago that she would not sing for some time after she arrives in Europe.

As a result it has been necessary for Mr. Messager to find substitutes for her in several rôles. Salome is one of them. Thais is another. It was also planned that she should sing in the first production of Giordano's "Siberia" at the Opéra. Now Mme. Lina Cavalieri will probably be heard both in "Siberia" and "Thais."

LAMBS' AUCTION GETS $9,000.

Stars Sell Boxes and Seats for Public Gambol at The New Theatre.

Boxes and seats for the Lambs Club public gambol, to be held at The New Theatre next Friday afternoon, May 12, were sold at auction at the Hudson Theatre yesterday afternoon. About $9,000 in premiums over the regular prices of the seats was paid, and the bidding was spirited.

Before the auctioneers began their work Joseph R. Grismer, Shepherd of the Lambs, made a speech, telling what the gambol was all about, and introducing De Wolf Hopper. Mr. Hopper also made a speech. He said he had never had a chance to enter The New Theatre, because he had been speding his time in such places as Rock Springs, Wyo., and he assured the prospective buyers that he intended to see to it that all of the boxes at the playhouse were filled.

William Collier, Jefferson De Angelis, Douglas Fairbanks, Robert Hilliard, Thomas A. Wise, Wilton Lackaye, and other prominent actors took turns at auctioneering. The first box was sold to Joseph R. Grismer for $400, and the second was bought by Henry Smith for $410. Other boxes went to J. B. Greenhut, $175; Joseph Brooks, $185; Henry Blossom, $170; John L. Golden, $170; Alfred Seligman, $160; William Collier, $125; Georgia Caine, $105. Blanche Bates also bid in a box at $100. Henry B. Harris bought the first choice of orchestra chairs at $30 each, and Leo Ditrichstein got the second choice at $25 apiece. About one-third of the capacity of the house went at a premium, and the remainder of the seats will be sold at the box office.

BALALAIKA ORCHESTRA.

Next Season's Plans for Pavlowa and Mordkin and Deaghileff's Dancers.

Max Rabinoff, who will leave New York to-day on the Königen Luise, announced last night some of the plans of his firm, which include G. P. Centanini and Ben Atwell, for next season. These cover a tour of America by the Russian Balalaika Orchestra, of which W. W. Andreeff is the conductor. Pavlowa and Mordkin will make another tour of this country, perhaps their last. They will stay here one month longer than they did last season.

Theodore Stier, who acted as musical director for Pavlowa and Mordkin last season, will return under Mr. Rabinoff's management, but with a different organization. It is probable that Mr. Stier will have charge of a new municipal orchestral venture in a Western city. A new conductor will be engaged for Pavlowa and Mordkin.

Pavlowa and Mordkin and the Russian Balalaika Orchestra will make three joint appearances at the beginning of the season in Madison Square Garden. These performances will be given on October 16, 17, and 18.

This management will also have charge of the tour of Serge Deaghileff's organization of Russian dancers, who are to appear at the Metropolitan Opera House. The list of names includes Miles Karsavina, Gheltzer, Feodorova, Schollar, and Mr. Nijinsky. This organization will give thirty-four performances out of New York, between here and Denver.

Charles Klein Returning from Europe.

Charles Klein the dramatist, and Mrs. Klein are expected in New York to-day on the Hamburg-American Line steamer Amerika from a several months' European trip. During their stay abroad Mr. Klein has visited Vienna, Naples, Berlin, Paris, and London, and has arranged with a number of foreign playwrights for the production of new plays in this country by the Authors Producing Company, of which he is the General Director. He will immediately begin the organization of companies to be sent out in "The Gamblers" next season. The original company in this play will end its season at the Majestic Theatre, Brooklyn, tonight, and will begin its second season at the Shubert Theatre, Boston, in October.

Robert Mantell Acts Iago.

Robert Mantell appeared in the rôle of Iago in "Othello" last night at Daly's Theatre for the first time during his present season here. Last week, when this play was put on he assumed the character of the Moor. Last night Fritz Lieber played Othello, Marie Booth Russell was the Desdemona, Agnes Elliott Scott the Emilia, Casson Ferguson the Roderigo, and Guy Lindsay the Cassio. "King Lear" will be the bill this afternoon, and to-night Mr. Mantell will be seen in "Richard III."

INDIANA GIRL IN OPERA HERE.

Mme. Parks-Brownrigg, Coloratura Soprano, Engaged for the Metropolitan.

Another American girl, Electra Parks-Brownrigg, from Indiana, has been engaged for next season at the Metropolitan Opera House. It was announced last night. Mrs. Parks-Brownrigg, who is a coloratura soprano, signed a contract with Mr. Gatti-Casazza just before that impresario departed for Europe.

Although she is a native of Indiana her mother is a New Yorker and a musician, and her four children have inherited voices. One sister is a pianist and one brother a dramatic tenor. Another brother, Richard Earle Parks, a bass-baritone, has been engaged by Col. Savage for his production in English of "La Fanciulla del West."

From her childhood, Mme. Parks-Brownrigg has been brought up with the idea that she was to become a singer. She studied first in New York and then abroad to prepare herself for an operatic career, spending three years with the younger Lamperti. She also studied with Mattino of Milan.

She made her debut at the Palermo Opera singing Inez in "L'Africaine." She has sung in Venice, Rome, and Russia. She recently gave up a contract to sing in Moscow to return to America and marry J. Newman-Brownrigg.

"PINAFORE" TO BE REVIVED.

Fritzi Scheff, Marie Cahill, Hopper, and Powers for Casino Production.

The Shuberts and William A. Brady announced yesterday that they would revive "H. M. S. Pinafore" at the Casino Theatre to follow "The Balkan Princess" and to open on May 29. The operetta will be put on for four weeks only, and the cast is promised to be even more prominent than the cast of the revival of "The Mikado" last Spring.

Fritzi Scheff, De Wolf Hopper, Marie Cahill, James T. Powers, and Vida Whitmore have been engaged to appear in the revival, and other stars will be added to the cast as soon as arrangements can be made. The chorus will be composed of the pick of the Shubert musical productions that are now closing their seasons.

'THE CLOUDS' GOES TO BIJOU

Julius Hopp Calls Mass Meeting to Protest Against Sunday Theatre Law.

Julius Hopp announced yesterday that he had completed arrangements whereby the drama, "The Clouds," which was forbidden by the police for a Sunday evening performance at the Lyceum Theatre, would be given at the Bijou Theatre during the week of May 15.

On next Wednesday evening, May 10, a mass meeting will be held at the Bijou, under Mr. Hopp's auspices, to protest against an alleged violation of the Sunday law in connection with some theatres and the action of the police in preventing a private performance of a drama set for Sunday.

JUSTICE E. A. SPENCER DEAD.

Supreme Court Jurist Dies at His Home in Gloversville.

GLOVERSVILLE, N. Y., May 5.—Supreme Court Justice Edgar A. Spencer of the Fourth Judicial District of New York State, died at his home early to-day following a general breakdown. The funeral, which will be held here Sunday afternoon, will be attended by many of the Judges of the Supreme Court of the State.

Justice Spencer was elected a Justice of the Supreme Court of New York from the Fourth Judicial District in 1901, for the term expiring Dec. 31, 1915. He had held the offices of City Clerk and City Attorney of Gloversville. Justice Spencer was born at Cherry Valley, Otsego County, Nov. 23, 1847. He was admitted to the bar at Albany in 1875 and began the practice of law in Gloversville, where he had made his home.

Fire Chief William C. Astley.

William C. Astley, Chief of the Newark (N. J.) Fire Department, with which he was connected almost forty-four years, died yesterday at his home, 263 High Street. He had been ill for two weeks. Chief Astley was appointed a fireman on Sept.

SPORTING NEWS

Continued from Page 8.

TRAVIS WINS CLOSE MATCH WITH KIRKBY

Garden City Veteran Plays Gardiner White in Garden City Golf Final To-day.

Class won out in the second and semi-final rounds of the invitation tournament at the Garden City Golf Club yesterday. For the chief cup, Walter J. Travis of the home club and Gardiner W. White of Oakland, the interscholastic champion, survived, while in the second set Fred Herreshoff, the metropolitan title holder, and A. W. Tillinghast of Philadelphia reached the decisive stage.

The match of the day resulted in the semi-final tilt between Travis and Kirkby. At the outset the Englewood champion got the jump on the veteran, winning the first two holes in 3s and supplementing this fine start by annexing the fourth and sixth holes. This placed Kirkby 4 up, and it looked bad for the "Old Man."

For a time thereafter the tide turned, Travis winning the seventh and eighth holes and halving the ninth, so that Kirkby turned for home 2 up, the cards reading 37 to 39 in favor of the leader.

Kirkby became wild at the eleventh and thirteenth holes, both of which he lost. That squared the match, but when Travis made a hash of the fourteenth and fifteenth holes Kirkby became 2 up with only 3 holes to play.

Once again the fortunes of war shifted. Kirkby pulling his drive to trouble at the sixteenth and getting trapped at the home hole. This enabled Travis to square the match, and he won at the extra hole, 4 to 5, Kirkby missing a short put.

In the other half of the semi-final White for a time experienced trouble with Louis Livingston of Westbrook. The last named hit the pin on his tee shot to the second hole and got a 2. At the time Livingston stood 2 up, and he maintained this advantage until the thirteenth. The schoolboy then got going, and won five straight holes and the match by 3 up and 1 to play. The last hole was not played, but White had a 3 for a 7S. The summary:

First Sixteen.—Second Round—Oswald Kirkby, Englewood, beat C. P. Rogers, Baltusrol, 1 up; W. J. Travis, Garden City, beat W. W. Taylor, Ardsley, 8 up and 6 to play; Louis Livingston, Westbrook, beat W. S. Brown, Montclair, by default; Gardiner White, Oakland, beat F. S. Wheeler, Apawamis, 9 up and 7 to play.

Semi-Final Round.—White beat Livingston, 3 up and 1 to play; Travis beat Kirkby, 1 up, (19 holes.)

Second Sixteen.—Second Round—C. D. Cleghorn, Ekwanok, beat Robert Watson, National, 2 up and 1 to play; Fred Herreshoff, Garden City, beat Percy Pyne, 2d, Princeton, 6 up and 4 to play; A. W. Tillinghast, Philadelphia, beat F. D. Foot, Apawamis, 3 up and 2 to play; W. D. Johnson, Garden City, beat Clifford Dunning, Nassau, 2 up and 1 to play.

Semi-Final Round.—Herreshoff beat Cleghorn, 5 up and 4 to play; Tillinghast beat Johnson, 6 up and 5 to play.

Third Sixteen.—Second Round—C. B. Macdonald, Garden City, beat A. E. Jones, Nassau, 8 up and 4 to play; P. R. Jennings, Garden City, beat C. L. Chapman, Westbrook, 1 up, (19 holes;) Maurice Malloy, Garden City, beat A. F. Sutherland, Englewood, 2 up and 1 to play; F. W. Dyer, Montclair, beat D. M. Parker, Garden City.

Semi-Final Round.—Macdonald beat Jennings, 3 up and 2 to play; Malloy beat Dyer, 3 up and 2 to play.

Fourth Sixteen.—First Round—F. C. Bliss, Garden City, beat A. H. Johnson, Scarsdale, 1 up, (20 holes;) R. A. Day, Dyker Meadow, beat J. K. Van Vranken, Midland, 1 up, (19 holes;) R. M. Tarleton, Oakland, beat T. T. Rushmore, Garden City, 2 up; W. J. Ebert, Scottish-American, beat J. C. Powers, Garden City, by default; W. H. Mills, Garden City, beat R. A. Rainey, Lakewood, 2 up and 1 to play; Ray Twyseffort, Bridgehampton, beat Dyker Meadow, Wilson, 1 up; T. Merrett, Montreal, beat C. S. Carter, Nassau, by default; A. S. Higgins, St. Andrew's, beat Frank Presbrey, Garden City, by default.

Second Round.—Bliss beat Day, 2 up and 1 to play; Ebert beat Tarleton, 1 up, (19 holes;) Twyeffort beat Mills, 1 up; Merrett beat Higgins, 4 up and 2 to play.

RACES AT BELMONT TERMINAL

Meadow Brook Steeplechases Under National Association Auspices.

The Meadow Brook Steeplechase Association will hold its annual Spring meeting this afternoon at the Belmont Park Terminal, under the rules of the National Steeplechase and Hunt Association, with five races on the card. Each has filled to expectations. The chief interest will probably lie in the eighteenth running of the Meadow Brook Hunt Cup, at a distance of three and a quarter miles over a post and rail course. The entries follow:

FIRST RACE.—The Rats Cup, steeplechase; about two miles. Alice Carneal, 156 pounds; Web Carter, 158; Battleta, 144; Frank Stagg, 146; Far West, 158; Telegraph, 146; Dolly Spanker, 158; Macedonian, 158; Yama Christy, 153.

SECOND RACE.—The Combination Plate; handicap for hunters, hacks, and galloways; seven furlongs. Royal Vane, 148 pounds; Norwood, 146; Battleta, 145; Prince Pro Tem, 145; Punch, 145; Nestor, 152; Supplement, 145; Far West, 165; Left Over, 140; Meno, 152; Nattie Bumpo, 162; Booger Red, 170; The Thief, 150.

THIRD RACE.—The Steward's Open Steeplechase; four-year-olds and upward; about two miles. Hylda, 152 pounds; Brendan, 154; Ontario, 159; Oaklawn, 149.

FOURTH RACE.—Meadow Brook Hunt Cup; three and one-quarter miles, post and rail course. Carmen, 168 pounds; Magnella, 168; Foxy Foot, 168; Tyosa, 168; Essex F., 168; Butwell, 168; Stripling, 168; Diana, 168; Maple Leaf, 168; Ringlets, 168.

FIFTH RACE.—Richard Peters Challenge Cup; three-year-olds and upward; one and one-half miles. Unico, 135 pounds; Richmond Duke, 158; Left, 158; Endymion, 158; Tivolini, 153; Al H. Woods, 153; Meno, 153; Nosegay, 132; Royal Vane, 155; Eileen Aroon, 130; Hylda, 153; Frank Stagg, 155; Silver Ball, 153; Loyal Street, 155; Nattie Bumpo, 153; Ontario, 155.

COLUMBIA CREW TROUBLES.

'Varsity Boat Wrecked and Ruprecht Leaves College for the Year.

Just as Coach Rice had his Columbia crews coming along at an encouraging clip in the final period of training prior to the Annapolis race, his star of fortune seems to have deserted him and everything has gone wrong all at the same moment. Yesterday afternoon was an unlucky Friday afternoon. One 'Varsity oarsman announced that he would have to leave the squad for this year, another in the second boat was absent on account of sickness, one of the freshman eight has mumps, and to crown it all, the coxswain ran the 'Varsity shell into a buoy and nearly sank the boat.

The accident to the shell was serious, but fortunately the shell was not the new one just brought over from England. Several of the outriggers were broken off, the bow smashed, and general havoc done. Coxswain Brock kept his head in spite of the bad mess he had steered the boat into and backed the eight out, and then steering over well to the west shore, the oarsmen slowly paddled the boat back to the barge.

W. E. Ruprecht, who rows at No. 2 in the 'Varsity, announced yesterday that his father was seriously ill and that he would be forced to go home at once, to stay indefinitely. Ruprecht rowed on the freshman eight last year and seemed to be sure of his place on the 'Varsity this year. H. Cole, who also rowed on the freshman eight last year and until yesterday was working on the second 'Varsity crew, was sent in in Ruprecht's place.

One of the heaviest men in the freshman shell, L. Martin, at No. 5, has been attacked with mumps, and this means that he will be on an enforced vacation for some time to come. In his place J. Miller, who has been in the second boat, has been sent in.

Lacrosse on Castle Point Field.

Stevens Institute and Swarthmore lacrosse teams will play on the Castle Point Field in Hoboken this afternoon. The teams are well matched and a close and excellent contest should be played.

MAYOR ATTENDS GAMES.

Compliments Schoolboys and Officials of Roosevelt A. L. Contests.

With Mayor Gaynor and several other persons prominent in municipal, educational and athletic circles present, the eighth annual games of the Roosevelt Athletic League were held last night at the Seventy-First Regiment Armory and eclipsed any event of its kind ever held in connection with Public School athletics. Fully 6,000 persons witnessed the games.

The league is composed of six schools, No. 14, 18, 19, 27, 40 and 49 of the Borough of Manhattan and brought out over a thousand competitors, ranging from the small primary boy up to the higher classes.

The Mayor occupied a seat at the finish line together with James E. Sullivan, Secretary of the A. A. U., the Hon. Edgerton L. Winthrop, Jr., President of the Board of Education; General George C. Wingate, Commissioner of the Board of Education, and founder of the Public Schools Athletic League; Commissioner Haupt and District Superintendent Maxwell. In an address made by the Mayor he stated that the event was one of the greatest of its kind he had ever witnessed and added that he was more than pleased with the work of the officials.

The relay races furnished the most exciting finishes and came in for the greatest amount of excitement. The most important of these was the 352-yard relay for the championship of the eighty-five-pound class, and was won by the school team from Public School 19.

The 440-yard relay for the 100-pound boys was the most closely contested of the lot, and was a nip-and-tuck battle with all four of the leading schools from the start. Public School 19 again proved its superiority in this style of running, and after a hard fight in the last lap came up to the tape first by inches, defeating Public School 27 in a great finish.

Two Public School Athletic League records were equaled and two were established. In the 60-yard dash N. Koschelle of Public School 19 equaled the figures for the distance, making the 60 yards in 0:07 2-5, and the other mark equaled was that of the 70-yard dash by V. Gassner of School 40, who covered the distance in 0:08 3-5, which equals the mark set in 1906.

The new marks to be established were in the 50-yard event, which was done by L. Doherty, who bettered the old mark of 0:06 4-5 by one-fifth of a second. In the 880-yard relay the team from Public School 27 covered the 880 yards in 1:46 1-5, the old mark being 1:47 3-5. The summaries.

50-Yard Dash, 85-Pound Limit.—Won by L. Doherty, Public School 18; V. Oliveri, Public School 19, second; H. Dignam, Public School 27, third; E. Minikel, Public School 40, fourth. Time—0:06 3-5.

60-Yard Dash, 100-Pound Limit.—Won by N. Koschelle, Public School 19; H. Kaner, Public School 19, second; D. Zaccardo, Public School 27, third; S. Hamburger, Public School, 18, fourth. Time—0:07 2-5.

70-Yard Dash, 115-Pound Limit.—Won by V. Gassner, Public School 40; N. Picciano, Public School 27, second; G. Armb, Public School 27, third; W. Albrecht, Public School 18, fourth. Time—0:08 3-5.

100-Yard Dash, Championship, Overweight.—Won by B. Elston, Public School 27; J. Reinhard, Public School 27, second; F. Lowney, Public School 19, third; R. De Maro, Public School 27, fourth. Time—0:11 4-5.

100-Yard Dash, Novice, Overweight.—Won by A. Palescar, P. S. 19; F. Volpe, P. S. 40, second; R. Gough, P. S. 40, third; A. Cicatelle, P. S. 40, fourth. Time—0:12.

352-Yard Relay Race, Novice.—Won by P. S. 14 team, composed of Fair, Paul, Mathew, and Hurwitz; P. S. 18 team, composed of Greenberg, Metzler, Kaplan, and Nelson, second; P. S. 40 team, composed of Viverani, Dick, Mirikel, and Trapp, third; P. S. 27 team, composed of Williams, Butcher, Ryan, and Aramanio, fourth. Time—0:47 1-5.

Potato Race, Novice.—Won by V. Cerebone, P. S. 19; W. Goldberg, P. S. 19, second; H. Schander, P. S. 19, third; C. Meyer, P. S. 40, fourth. Time—0:28.

352-Yard Relay, 85-Pound Limit, Championship.—Won by Public School 19 team, composed of Dougherty, Dubner, Cohen, and Scimeca; Public School 27 team, composed of Dignam, O'Brien, Tedaldi, and Callahan, second; Public School 14 team, composed of Kloepfer, Fennelli, Smith, and Amato, third; Public School 40 team, composed of Anderson, Rosenfeld, Kaufman, and Dunleavy, fourth. Time—0:45.

440-Yard Relay, 100-Pound Limit.—Won by Public School 19 team, composed of Koschelle, Kaner, Goldstein, and Markstein; Public School 27 team, composed of Zaccado, Silverman, Brown, and Kane, second; Public School 18 team, composed of Hamburger, McCann, Schlossberg, and Lubin, third; Public School 14 team, composed of Alvino, Schurig, Bergoffen, and Steinbecker, fourth. Time—0:54 4-5.

Four-Lap Relay, 115-Pound Limit.—Won by P. S. 19, team composed of Gertner, Roddy, Brocida, and Schnackerberg; P. S. 40, team composed of Gossner, Mannino, Salzman, and Beckley, second; P. S. 27, team composed of Armb, Piccano, Herrick, and Ferdeber, third; P. S. 49, team composed of Cohen, Schwartz, McCann, and Brown, fourth. Time—1:28.

Medley Novice Relay.—Won by P. S. 19, team composed of Brucar, Guinta, Schultz, and Falenscar; P. S. 27, team composed of McFall, Miles, Arcuri, and Gainsford, second; P. S. 40, team composed of Lorea, Geranden, Fenelon, and Gough, third; P. S. 14, team composed of Zucker, Hecht, Held, and Grace, fourth. Time—1:17 2-5.

880-Yard Relay, Heavyweight.—Won by P. S. 27, team composed of De Maro, Elston, Scott, and Reinhard; P. S. 14, team composed of Crone, Macauley, Weiner, and Becker, second; P. S. 40, team composed of Kennedy, Cicatella, Lamport, and Gartner, third; P. S. 19, team composed of Ball, Scillifotti, Berkowitz, and Goldberg, fourth. Time—1:46 1-5.

NEW YORK HORSES LEAD.

Florham Stud Captures Three Blues at Newark Horse Show.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, May 5.—Mayor Haussling and many other city officials were present to-night at the second session of the New Jersey Horse Show in the First Troop Armory. Ten classes were judged in the presence of a large crowd. The classes on view included harness horses, polo ponies, police mounts, pairs of harness horses, saddle horses, combination harness and saddle horses, ladies' qualified hunters, and middle-weight hunters. The troopers' horses in Class 32, which is to be judged to-morrow afternoon, gave an exhibition performance to-night. The summaries:

Police Mounts.—Won by Sergt. Stucky's Duke; Policeman Anderson's Dick, second; Policeman McEvoy's Tom, third.

Pairs of Harness Horses.—Won by Florham Hackney Stud's Florham Tip Top and Florham Top Notch; De Witt C. Flanagan's Prince Charming and Ratapian, second; George Gustav Rohlig's Manhattan and Dignity, third.

Saddle Horses, Ridden by a Lady.—Won by Miss Claire A. Knapp's Zulal, ridden by owner; W. A. McGibbon's Molly Bawn, ridden by Miss M. Hubbs second; Myron H. Oppenheim's Watchful, ridden by Miss Louise Van Wyck, third.

Harness Horses.—Won by Brook Farm's Energy; Mrs. Julius S. Walsh's Dixie, second; Florham Hackney Stud's Florham Enterprise, third.

Saddle Horses.—Won by Florham Hackney Stud's Florham Fancy; Mrs. James B. McKay's Lady Debonair, second; Myron H. Oppenheim's Fairy Queen, third.

Harness Horses.—Won by Florham Hackney Stud's Florham Tip Top; Richard Delafield's Roundelay, second; Richard Delafield's Energy, third.

Polo Ponies.—Won by Peter Hauck's Fancy; Peter Hauck's Herricken, second; John C. Wilmerding, Jr.'s, Diane, third.

BEATEN FENCER THROWS DOWN SWORD

Dr. Schlinkmann of Baltimore Withdraws from Events for Championship Honors.

New York fencers showed to advantage last night in the preliminaries for the championship of America with foil, dueling sword, and sabre at the New York Athletic Club. There were competitors from Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Chicago, the only man of the invading force to cut any figure in the competitions being Alfred E. Sauer of the Illinois A. C., the sabre champion of two years ago, who managed to show to advantage by winning his several bouts with that weapon.

George H. Breed of the Fencers Club of New York, was easily the best all-around men on the strips, as he won all of his bouts in the foils, and lost but one of five in the dueling swords. Victor P. Curti, New York A. C., made a similar showing in the foils, but fell a victim to each of his opponents in the sword events.

August G. Anderson, New York A. C., the sabre champion of 1906 and 1908, won his bouts in this event in decisive fashion, and it was conceded that the match between him and Sauer would be well worth witnessing in the final round to-night.

A most extraordinary occurrence was seen in the early part of the sabre competition when Dr. J. H. Schlinkmann of Baltimore, who had failed to win a single bout in either the foils or dueling swords, announced his withdrawal from the tournament, disgruntled with the decision after his bout with C. A. Bill in the sabres, in which the verdict was against him 9 points to 4. His action put the schedule all askew, and much unfavorable comment resulted from his action, which is said to have been unprecedented in fencing annals, as the rule is that entrants shall compete to the end of the series no matter what decisions are given against one.

The entrants were as follows:

Foils—Alfred E. Sauer, Illinois A. C.; Dr. J. H. Schlinkmann, Baltimore Fencers' Club; L. M. Fleisher, Philadelphia; Dr. F. W. Allen, Boston A. A.; Victor P. Curti, New York A. C.; Dr. J. E. Gignoux, New York A. C.; Sherman Hall, Fencers' Club, and George H. Breed, Fencers' Club.

Dueling Swords—E. B. Meyers, Fencers Club; George H. Breed, Fencers' Club; Victor P. Curti, New York A. C.; Paul Benzenburg, New York Turn Verein; Dr. J. H. Schlinkmann, Baltimore F. C., and Alfred E. Sauer, Illinois A. C., and J. W. Knox, Illinois A. C.

Sabres—A. G. Anderson, New York A. C.; C. A. Bill, New York A. C.; Victor P. Curti, New York A. C.; J. E. B. Parker, University of Pennsylvania; Alfred E. Sauer, Illinois A. C.; Dr. J. H. Schlinkmann, Baltimore F. C., and J. W. Knox, Illinois A. C.

The judges were Dr. Jerome M. Hammond, New York A. C.; Charles Tatham, Fencers' Club; A. V. Z. Post, Fencers' Club; John Allaire, New York Turn Verein; G. K. Bainbridge, New York A. C.; Dr. Cairns, Fencers' Club, and M. J. Escherrria, New York A. C.

Summaries of the bouts:

Foils.—Hall beat Schlinkmann, 5 to 4; Breed beat Fleisher, 5 to 3; Allen beat Gignoux, 8 to 4; Curti beat Sauer, 6 to 4; Fleisher beat Hall, 12 to 11; Breed beat Allen, 4 to 3½; Gignoux beat Sauer, 12 to 9; Curti beat Schlinkmann, 9 to 5; Allen beat Hall, 13 to 8; Breed beat Sauer, 5 to 4½; Gignoux beat Schlinkmann, 7 to 4½; Curti beat Fleisher, 13 to 4; Breed beat Schlinkmann, 12 to 6; Gignoux beat Fleisher, 8 to 5; Curti beat Allen, 9 to 6; Breed beat Hall, 9 to 8; Curti beat Gignoux, 7 to 2; Fleisher beat Schlinkmann, 6 to 5, and Sauer beat Allen, 3½ to 2.

Dueling Sword.—Myers beat Benzenburg, Breed beat Schlinkmann, Sauer beat Curti, Meyers beat Knox, Breed beat Curti, Benzenburg beat Gignoux, Gignoux beat Benzenburg, and Gignoux beat Curti.

Dueling Swords.—Knox beat Schlinkmann; Schlinkmann beat Myers, Breed beat Lauer, Curti lost to Benzenburg, Benzenburg lost to Curti, Knok beat Breed, Lauer beat Gignoux, Knox lost to Lauer, Lauer lost to Lauer, Lauer lost to Knox, Myers beat Gignoux, Breed beat Myers, Sauer beat Benzenburg, Knox beat Curti, Gignoux beat Schlinkmann.

Sabre.—Anderson beat Parker, 10 to 2; Bill beat Schlinkmann, 10 to 4; Lauer beat Knox, 9 to 6; Anderson beat Byrne, 8 to 7, Sauer beat Bill, 9 to 2, Knox beat Byrne, 9 to 2; Lauer beat Parker, 10 to 4, Knox beat Bill, 9 to 2.

WILL FEED 5,000 ORPHANS.

Benjamin Briscoe Will Play Host at Auto Day Outing.

Benjamin Briscoe, President of the United States Motor Company, yesterday offered to bear the expense of a luncheon at Dreamland, Coney Island, for the 5,000 orphans who will participate in the annual outing of the Orphans' Automobile Day Association on June 7.

The event this season will be the seventh annual outing for the orphans of New York. Year by year the charity grew in magnitude, until last year's outing involved 4,700 children. This year several hundred more will be provided for. The association asks charitable citizens to loan cars, or to hire cars for them, and in many cases cash has been given to the association to hire motor vehicles of one kind or another. Last year the officials could not provide for all who wanted to go. As in previous years, the orphans will be the guests of Dreamland, where, following the luncheon by Mr. Briscoe, the amusements and concessions will be thrown open to them.

Bob Burman Arrives In City.

Bob Burman, who shattered Barney Oldfield's records at the Daytona Beach, when he drive his mile in the sensational time of 25:40, reached New York late last evening to superintend the work on his new 521-inch Benz car which he will pilot in the great 500-mile race at the Indianapolis Motor Speedway May 30. E. A. Moross, who purchased the car for Burman, was notified by the Speedway management that the entry of Burman, which was received by them the last hour of April 30, and was the last entry in the race, is No. 45, and that the Speed King would be the last man to start away.

Pope-Hartford Team to Leave.

The Pope-Hartford automobile team for the Indianapolis Speedway Sweepstakes will start for Indianapolis to-day. The trip will be made by route. Louis Disbrow will drive one of the Vanderbilt Cup cars, which he will use part of the time as a practice car at the Speedway. Whalen and W. Emil Holt, President of the Pope-Hartford Company, will accompany Disbrow over the route with another racing car.

S. P. A. Car Wins Turin Race.

Cesare Conti, representative in the United States and Canada of the S. P. A. automobile of Italy, received cable advices yesterday to the effect that a 16.20 S. P. A. won the 1,000-mile tourist race for the King's Cup at Turin. The cable further states that it was the only race of its kind throughout the year, there being twenty-three competitors, of which there were five S. P. A.'s. All cars were driven by owners and the winning car was driven by Spedoni.

AL KAUFMAN KNOCKED OUT.

Jim Flynn's Right-Hand Swing to Jaw in Tenth Round Wins.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 5.—With a hard right hand swing to the jaw Jim Flynn of Pueblo, Col., knocked out Al Kaufman of San Francisco in the tenth round of their fight here to-night.

1,000 RUNNERS TO START.

Twelve-Mile Race Attracts Greatest Field Ever Seen Here.

With such sterling distance runners as Kramer, Tewanima, Smith, Bellars, Ahlgren, McGinn, Masterson, Dwyer, Mellor, Reynolds and the championship teams from Baltimore and Philadelphia among the entries, the 12-mile race to be held this afternoon gives promise of being in point of numbers the greatest athletic event ever held.

Among the entries, which number one thousand, are many of the best runners in this part of the country, and athletic history will probably be made in the race at the 12-mile distance, from Fordham Road to City Hall.

The big inducement in this race is that the leaders can be reasonably sure of getting consideration when the selection is made for the American representatives at the Olympic games next year in Stockholm.

The arrangements for the race itself and for the million or more people that will come out to see the runners are perfect in every detail. The policing of the course is most complete. The runners will have a clear road at all times and will be cared for all along the route. But again the warning is sounded against any attempt to cheat or to coach runners. It will be impossible for any runner to resort to fraud without being detected. A volunteer corps of watchers will be distributed along the route and their reports will be final, so that anyone that is guilty of an infraction of the rules will not only forfeit his chances for a prize, but will also be suspended by the A. A. U.

The race will start promptly at 1:45 P. M. The route is down Jerome Avenue to Seventh Avenue to 110th Street to Fifth Avenue to Washington Place and down Broadway to the City Hall.

FINE TRIALS BY CHAMPIONS.

Workouts for Celtic Park Race To-morrow Show Great Performances.

Celtic Park, Hawthorne Field, and Columbia Oval, the training camps of the runners who are to try conclusions in the fifteen-mile world's professional championship to-morrow at Celtic Park, under the auspices of the Monument Club, have been busy spots recently where many followers of the champions witnessed the finishing touches the men put on their training work.

Each of the men, with the exception of Longboat, did his final trial for the race at either of the tracks named. The Indian made the oval at Hamilton, Ontario, the scene of his final workout, and traveled the race distance, fifteen miles, in 1:21:12, which rather shows that Tom will be a hard man to beat to-morrow.

Holmer went twelve miles in 1:06:04 4-5 in a style which indicates that he will be hard to beat. Queal had to be content with ten miles, his time being 54:56 2-5. Ljungstrom, the speedy Swede, negotiated eleven miles in just 46 seconds over the hour, and showed conclusively that he is an outdoor runner solely.

Lawson Robertson's protégé, Willie Kohlemainen, was carried along by pacemakers for thirteen miles, which he accomplished in 1:12:30. That Jim Crowley has regained form and speed was evidenced by his ten miles in 53:42. Ted Crook gave ample testimony that he would be on the job when he reeled off eight miles in 43:38, and Matt Maloney proved that he still had his pace by doing 1:07:46 2-5 for twelve miles.

NEW AIRSHIP STATION.

Clifford B. Harmon Plans Experimental Grounds at Greenwich.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., May 5.—Clifford B. Harmon plans to make Greenwich an airship station, and his new aeroplane of the military type which arrived in New York this week will be brought to Greenwich as soon as cleared by the Customs inspectors. This aeroplane has a record of a sustained flight of 9½ hours afloat. Mr. Harmon has leased Sandy Beach, the spot where he made his landing when he made his cross-sound flight last Summer, and will proceed at once to build a hangar to house the big plane.

Mr. Harmon will make experiments especially with pontoons and other safety appliances which he has designed. He will have as a pupil Joseph Anderson, a Greenwich high-school boy who has perfected an aeroplane engine of special design, with double propellers, and who has consulted Mr. Harmon and added his ideas to what he had already planned.

LAST POLO PRACTICE AT GEORGIAN COURT

Meadow Brooks Move to Westbury and Britons Are Going to Cedarhurst.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKEWOOD, N. J., May 7.—By the consent of all concerned, the members of the Meadow Brook team and the sextet of British officers who have been engaged in practice play at Georgian Court since early in April, concluded to cease operations here after an interesting four-period game this afternoon, in which Lieut. Palmes, Lieut. Edwards, Capt. Lloyd, and Capt. Cheape outpointed a very strong team comprising Alexander Brown, Malcolm Stevenson, Joshua Crane, and Rudolph Agassiz, by a score of 5 goals to ¼.

The Meadow Brook players shipped their fifty-five ponies to Westbury, L. I., today, and will resume practice at Meadow Brook Tuesday. It is possible that they will use Mr. Phipps's field occasionally. The English team will leave Lakewood for Rockaway on Monday with their string of thirty-five ponies, and practice on the Cedarhurst field.

The British players acted cohesively throughout, kept their positions, and passed the ball forward persistently despite vigorous counter play on the part of Messrs. Brown and Stevenson. Individual spectacular driving rather than team work characterized the placings of the mixed organization, and the result was repeated scoring by the English No. 1, Lieut. Palmes, who registered in the second period after exciting opposition lasting nearly three minutes, and Capt. Cheape followed in slightly shorter time.

In the third period the game was wholly in favor of the military brigade, and Lieut. Palmes got past the home team's "back" once under two minutes, but it took over four minutes before he again broke down the guard.

In the final bout both teams were wrought up to concert pitch. Capt. Edwards, who was a wonderful No. 2 on the English side, put the ball through in 5 seconds. Mr. Agassiz came to the rescue of the American team at the wind-up and scored the only goal for the side, and this would have been recorded in full but for the fact that Mr. Stevenson had lost ¼ for a safety stroke in the early play and again suffered the loss of ½ a goal in the last rally.

Line-up and summary of the game:

ENGLISH.	AMERICANS.
Lieut. Palmes,	Alex Brown,
Lieut. Edwards,	M. Stevenson,
Capt. H. Lloyd,	Joshua Crane,
Capt. L. Cheape.	R. L. Agassiz.

Goals—First period, none. Second period: Palmes, (1.) Cheape, (1.) Third period: Palmes, (2.) Stevenson lost ¼. Fourth period: Capt. Edwards, (1.) Agassiz, (1.) Stevenson lost ½ goal. Total—English, 5; American, ¼.

CIRCLES CAPITOL DOME.

Lincoln Beachey Inaugurates Washington Meet with Long Flight.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—Ascending at Benning race track this afternoon Lincoln Beachey, the aviator, flew over the eastern section of Washington and circled the Capitol building high above the dome. This feat inaugurated Washington's three days' aviation meet. It is the first time that an aviator has circled the Capitol building in a heavier-than-air machine.

When here several years ago Beachey flew over the city in a dirigible balloon, encircled the Washington monument and the Capitol. This was his intention today, but owing to a heavy wind he deferred it. A. D. McCurdy and Hugh Robinson, both using biplanes, also made ascensions.

Lieut. Theodore Gordon Ellyson of the navy to-morrow will attempt several flights with a view to obtaining a pilot's license. Ellyson is an expert in submarine navigation, and if he is successful will be the only officer in the navy to hold such a license. He was recently detailed to San Diego, Cal., for instruction in aviation.

Johnstone Joins International Aviators

St. Croix Johnstone of Chicago has joined the forces of the Moisant international aviators. Mr. Johnstone will be seen in a series of exhibitions, and will also enter all the big contests that will be held on this side of the Atlantic, particularly those of a cross-country nature. In all of his work Mr. Johnstone will use the new Moisant metal limousine monoplane. Should conditions warrant it, Johnstone will try for a place on the American team that will race for the international aviation trophy in England July 1.

McMAHON FOULS McKINNON.

Pittsburger Repeatedly Lands Low Blows and Is Disqualified.

Bill McKinnon, the Boston middleweight, defeated Tom McMahon of Pittsburg last night at the National Sporting Club, a foul blow by the latter bringing the battle to an end in the sixth round of a scheduled ten-round bout. McMahon had fouled McKinnon three times previously, in the second, fourth, and fifth rounds, and each time had been warned by the referee. On each occasion the pair had been allowed to continue after shaking hands, but in the sixth round McKinnon sank to the floor as if in pain from the blow, and referee Haley disqualified the Pittsburger.

The bout did not produce much to make the small crowd enthuse. Both fighters bear reputations of being slam-bang artists, always ready to mix and exchange punches, but they showed no such qualities during the time they were in action last night. McMahon's left swing, which put Sailor Burke to the canvas three times in the first round two weeks ago, did not land with much success on McKinnon's jaw, and the Boston boy was never in distress. He guarded his jaw so well that many of these wallops landed on his arms and gloves. For work accomplished, McKinnon had a shade the better of the bout.

The best bout of the evening was the six-round semi-final in which Johnny Dundee opposed Mike Malia. Dundee had the advantage in height and reach, and he is far above the ordinary boxer in footwork and cleverness, but he found in Malia a rugged little boxer with plenty of cleverness. Dundee had the better of the milling all the way, but he was not able to punish Malia to any extent, and the latter was always dangerous. He had a harder punch than his opponent, and he landed several times on Dundee with enough force to shake the latter up.

In the second semi-final Bob Williams, the Masked Marvel, took about all the punishment that can be crowded into four rounds from Jack McFarland. McFarland was shorter than his opponent, and much more rugged, and he forced the going all the way. Williams showed nothing except ability to stand on his feet regardless of how fast or how hard the wallops landed.

McFarland May Fight Wolgast.

CHICAGO, May 5.—Packey McFarland has signed an agreement to fight Ad Wolgast, lightweight champion, ten rounds in Milwaukee on June 9 or 10, and if not in June, on Labor Day, according to Frank Mulkern, a promoter of Milwaukee. The agreement calls for McFarland to weigh in at 133 pounds at 8 o'clock or 134 pounds at 5 o'clock. Mulkern says he has Wolgast's word that either of the above weights will be satisfactory. He has wired to Wolgast, at Los Angeles, the terms of the agreement, and says he is certain that he will receive a favorable reply.

Stag at Fairmont To-night.

Joe Coster is in shape for his ten-round bout with Charlie Griffin at the Fairmont Club to-night. He says that he has recovered his old-time stamina and will give the Australian the hardest kind of a battle. In the semi-final, also of ten rounds, Willie Jones will meet Milton Blier, and Nick Muller and Jack McFarland will box six rounds. There will be four other bouts.

NOTES OF THE BOXERS.

The Sharkey A. C. will hold its regular weekend stag at the clubrooms, Columbus Avenue, near Sixty-fifth Street, to-night, and the matchmaker has arranged a most attractive programme. Johnny Lore and Bobby Dawson, the Fighting Messenger, will do the honors in the star bout, and Joe Mooney will hook up with Young Barney in the semi-final.

While removing bandages from his hand after the bout with Young Bosse at Waterbury Thursday night, one of the seconds of Young Dyson accidentally cut the boxer's hand, and it was necessary to call a physician to dress the wound. Three stitches were required to close the cut. Dyson will be unable to take part in any bout for about three weeks. He was scheduled to appear before one of the local clubs next week.

Because they could not agree within half an hour on weighing-in time, the match between Johnny Coulon and Harry Forbes, scheduled for next week at Fort Wayne, Ind., has been called off. Coulon wanted to weigh 116 pounds at 6 o'clock and enter the ring at 9:30 o'clock.

The bout between Pal Moore and Matty Baldwin, scheduled for next Tuesday evening before the Armory A. A. at Boston, has been called off owing to the injury which Moore sustained to one of his hands in his fight with Jack Redmond at Boston last Tuesday night. Porky Flynn and Jim Savage have been secured for the star bout.

Joe Coster, the Brooklyn featherweight, and Frankie Conley, will probably come together in a twenty-round bout before the West Side A. C. of New Orleans on May 28. Coster will box ten rounds with Charley Griffin before the Fairmont A. C. to-night and he will take on Patsy Kline in a ten-round bout at Brooklyn on May 18.

Jack Britton, the Chicago lightweight, and Johnny Marto of the west side have been matched for the star bout of ten rounds at the Twentieth Century A. C. next Tuesday night.

Yale Fears Defeat at Princeton.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 5.—For the first time in track athletic history the Yale track team left here to-night fearing defeat by Princeton in their annual dual games to-morrow. The Tigers have never won a meet from Yale, but it is certain that to-morrow's score will be closer than ever, with the chances slightly favoring the Tigers, who will present a stronger all-around team. Yale expects to capture both sprints with Thatcher and Reilly, the pole vault with Gardner, both hurdles with Chisholm and the shot-put with Capt. Kilpatrick. Princeton is practically sure of winning all the distance events.

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25 cents for Two
3 HEIGHTS 1/4 SIZES
The Frisco
Unites the foremost style with the utmost wear
It's hand-made—that's why
MADE BY FRISBIE, COOKE CO. TROY, N.Y.

FIAT
The Master Car
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Touring Car
Completely Equipped
$4,500
BROADWAY, at 57th St. N.Y.
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SWIMMING
SCIENTIFICALLY TAUGHT
in a 10 Lesson Course.
PRIVATE INSTRUCTION.
Gentlemen—Ladies—Children.
Dalton Swimming School,
19 to 23 West 44th St., N. Y.

THE TURF.
RACING — Steeplechases
AT BELMONT PARK TO-DAY
—TERMINAL—
ADM. $3.00. First Race at 2:30 P. M.
Special train leaves Pennsylvania Station 1:00 P. M. connecting at Jamaica with the 1:02 P. M. train at Flatbush Av., (Brooklyn).

SPORTING GOODS.
EVERYTHING FOR BILLIARDS and BOWLING
Prices and Terms to Suit.
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ALL MAKES	Bought, Sold and Exchanged. Times Sq. Auto Co., 1710 B'way.
AMERICAN TRAVELER	Broadway and 54th St., N. E. Cor.
AUTOCAR	Commercial—Pleasure. 423-430 W. 19th St. Tel. Chelsea 6000
BENZ	Auto Import Co. of America. 244-6-8 West 54th Street, N. Y.
BRUSH	Cars. John Moore & Co., 2,006 Broadway. 'Phone 5360—Columbus.
BUICK	Motor Co., B'way, bet. 58th & 56th Sts. 'Phone 4040 Col.
CORBIN	1,888 Broadway, (63d St.) 'Phone 5903 Columbus.
CADILLAC	Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage. Columbus Circle. Tel. 8310 Col.
CARHARTT CARS	1,939 Broadway, near 63d St. Tel. 7170 Col.
E-M-F & Flanders	Studebaker Bros. Co. of N. Y. Broadway and 59th St. Phone 7151 Columbus.
FIAT	"THE MASTER CAR." Fiat Automobile Co., 1,788 Broadway. 'Phone 8448 Col.
KNO

TO PROTECT GIRLS SEEKINGEMPLOYMENT

Anthony Comstock Wants to Imprison Those Who Send Decoy Answers to Advertisements.

THREE RECENTLY JAILED

Those Who Give Information to Mr. Comstock's Society Will Be Guarded from Notoriety.

For the protection of persons who advertise, especially young women who use the employment columns of the daily papers, Anthony Comstock, Secretary of the Society for the Suppression of Vice, made public yesterday the details of several cases of fraudulent use of the mails in answering such advertisements.

It is Mr. Comstock's conviction that there are in this city a number of persons who make a regular business of sending fraudulent answers to advertisements in the "Situations Wanted" columns of all the papers, and that it is vitally important that these persons be detected and sent to prison.

Through Mr. Comstock's activities three such persons have been sentenced to long terms in the Federal prison at Atlanta, Ga., within the past few weeks. They selected advertisements in each case from girls who wanted places as domestics or nurses. The letters they sent in answer to the advertisements were improper and often insulting, but Mr. Comstock had difficulty in obtaining convictions on account of the reluctance of the recipients of the letters to appear as witnesses in court. This difficulty he finally overcame by co-operating with the girls and having them write answers to their undesirable correspondents, the answers then being traced through the Post Office department, and evidence secured on which the cases could be brought to trial.

The most recent violation of the postal laws handled by Mr. Comstock had to do with a young man whose letters were signed "Valentine Du Bois." He answered the advertisement of a young girl, who advertised for a position as nursemaid. The girl, who was 17 years old, brought the letter answering her advertisement to Mr. Comstock, but pleaded not to have her name used in any way in connection with the case.

The reply had been addressed in the care of a newspaper, and Mr. Comstock immediately inserted another advertisement, initialed as was the first one, in the same newspaper. It was addressed to Du Bois, and read:

> Would like to correspond with you further if you're not fooling. Send address.

The advertisement was answered by a second letter, naming a saloon at 2,308 Jerome Avenue as a place to which correspondence might be delivered. A watch was set for Du Bois and he was nabbed. It then turned out that he was the son of a well-known Bronx resident and was using a fictitious name.

He was brought to trial a week ago, and upon pleading guilty was sentenced to three years and six months in the Federal prison at Atlanta.

Oscar Kruger answered an advertisement inserted by a young orphan girl in a morning newspaper. He named a corner at which he proposed that the girl meet him, promising to present a scheme to her whereby both would make much money. When the girl brought the letter to Mr. Comstock she said she was without relatives or friends and had no one to administer to her correspondent the thrashing he deserved. Mr. Comstock said he would consider her in the same light as he would if she were his own daughter, and asked if she was brave enough to keep the appointment suggested, provided he should follow a short distance behind. The girl agreed to do this, and Kruger was nabbed, a sentence of eighteen months in the Atlanta prison following his trial and conviction.

Of twelve other cases still under investigation, Mr. Comstock feels confident that six or more involve White Slavers who are watching the employment columns for the purpose of recruiting new victims. In one letter, addressed by Jules Angelo from Syracuse to a young woman advertiser in this city, Angelo outlined the scope of his White Slave activities and the number of his victims, with the amount of net profits he took from them. He is now serving a four-year sentence.

Not all the cases have to do with persons fraudulently answering genuine advertisements. Mr. Comstock found a business man regularly inserting advertisements for stenographers, all of which were fraudulent, as no stenographer was desired, and those who replied were asked to discuss other suggested lines of employment. This man's case is still under advisement, but data have already been obtained to base charges of a criminal nature.

"I want all work seekers through the newspapers to know," said Mr. Comstock, "that they may trust this office absolutely and that we will never divulge information given to us in confidence. All we want to know is how to reach the fraudulent correspondents, and the matter of securing evidence will then be carried on by us in a way completely to eliminate our original informant. The newspapers are giving me their hearty support, and place every facility at my disposal to effect arrests after we once start to trace a case. Every young woman who receives a fraudulent answer to an advertisement cannot do better by all others who may be compelled to advertise for positions than to bring to us the letters sent to her."

Mr. Comstock's office is at 140 Nassau Street.

THE WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW.

Business Less in Volume, but Improvement Is Foreshadowed.

In their weekly reviews of trade conditions, Dun and Bradstreet report a lessened volume of business, with signs pointing to improvement in the future if the early indications of good crop yields are borne out. Dun says:

> The increasingly bright outlook for the wheat crop is responsible for a somewhat better feeling in business as to the future. But the actual volume of trade, while necessarily large because the daily necessities of a vast population are large, is nevertheless slow, halting and without enthusiasm. Taken in the aggregate, and especially in such basic trades as iron and steel and dry goods, consumption is much below producing capacity, and even concessions in prices fail to produce activity. The export trade is much more vigorous than the domestic, because manufacturers, no longer finding the home market for their goods sufficient, are diligently seeking outlets abroad. It is noticeable that for the present at least the trade recession seems to be felt more keenly in the West than in the East, and even the fine crop prospects do not altogether offset the effect of lower farm values. The mail order houses complain of reduced orders.

Bradstreet says:

> Industry has been rather quieter, notable in this respect being building, partly because of less activity in this line and partly because of sporadic strikes, of which the industrial unrest at some centres like Chicago, where 40,000 people are idle, is illustrative. Still May 1 has brought rather less than expected disturbances, the most widely disseminated trouble being that among machinists. Iron and steel have been rather quieter with a slowing down of output reported.
>
> As to the outlook, it may be said that while the tendency at present in trade and industry is to mark time, basic conditions, and more especially the crop outlook, contain some notably strong features. Prominent in this are largely increased areas in the staple crop, wheat; large if not record areas in oats and corn, and probably a record area in cotton, though corn and cotton both promises to have a late start.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

MARX RIVESMAN, dealer in dry goods at 21 Orchard Street. Schedules show liabilities, $14,186, and assets, $6,444, consisting of stock, $4,001; fixtures, $100; accounts, $2,269; claim, $71, and cash, $3.

BARNET TURETSKY.—Judge Hough has denied a discharge to Barnet Turetsky, dealer in dry goods, of 206 East 102d Street, against whom a petition was filed on Jan. 23, 1909. Seaman Miller, referee, recommended that a discharge be denied on the ground that he made a false statement to obtain credit.

EASTERN SAFE AND VAULT COMPANY of 400 Broadway. Schedules show liabilities, $122,854, and nominal assets, $96,005, consisting of stock, $15,678; accounts, $60,297; commissions, $20,000; machinery, $595; cash, $1,390; samples, $17, and a claim for $28. Among the creditors are the Herring-Hall-Marvin Safe Company, $72,568; estate of W. H. Phelps, Dover, N. J., $9,753; Mark W. Norman, $5,403; William H. Smith, Flatbush, $4,527; Edwin Hall, $3,439, and Abbe G. O'Reilly, $3,357; wages, $2,999.

BRENNER BROTHERS.—Meilech and Aaron D. Brenner composed the firm, manufacturers of costumes, 128 to 144 West Twenty-fifth Street; also did business as the High Grade Silk Company, 171 and 172 Main Street, Paterson, N. J.; petition filed against the firm by Louis Hamburger & Co., $212; Rader Brothers, $55, and Sigmund Loewenstein, $236. Judge Hough appointed Henry Lesser receiver, and authorized him to continue business for thirty days. Liabilities, $30,000, and assets, consisting of merchandise, $4,000; machinery and fixtures, $2,000, and equity or accounts, $1,500. Meilech Brenner is also in business alone as a dealer in trunks at 570 Grand Street. His liabilities in this business are said to be $1,500, and assets, $1,000.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Aldrich, J. Ennist—National Cash Register Co., $161.
Allison, James M.—L. J. Earle, $238.
Avallone, Joseph, and Paulien et al.—Germania Bank of the City of New York, $4,769.
Blumberg, Aron—I. Blumberg, $321.
Budow, Cecil, or Charles—City of New York, $598.
Brown, Robert—Same, $303.
Burchell, Frank W.—Same, $116.
Brina, Cesare—Same, $208.
Bodenstein, Morris—Same, $208.
Bears, Clifford L., et al.—Sixty Wall Street, $1,030.
Barabini, Aleussandro, administrator—C. Puricelli, $1,082.
Brendon, Charles, et al.—T. J. Duffy et al., $405.
Case, Edwin R.—City of New York, $113.
Cogill, Henry—E. C. Irvine, $1,316.
Connolly, Michael—City of New York, $398.
Charles, Christopher—Same, $413.
Chaplin, Walter R.—Same, $303.
Cochran, Thomas—Whitall Tatum Co., $530.
Conway, William E.—Minder Stable Co., $343.
Curry, Charlotte—W. E. Bacheller, $690.
Campion, Marion G., and Mary L.—J. M. Farley et al., costs, $109.
Dietz, Gustav—City of New York, $215.
Dabney, William A.—Same, $215.
Devermann, Mary—Same, $215.
Denyse, John L.—Same, $215.
Dickinson, Leon—Same, $215.
De Castro, Juan B.—Same, $215.
Donaldson, John, et al.—O. McWilliams et al., $2,133.
Dalton, Elizabeth—City of New York, $215.
Driscoll, Joseph F.—T. E. Driscoll, $700.
Freed, Joseph and Herman—N. Y. Edison Co., $138.
Freedman, Harry H.—A. Klotz et al., $143.
File, Eugene F., et al.—Michael Cohen & Co., $483.
Same—Same, $272.
Same—Same, $272.
Fructus, Claudius—A. K. Wright, $1,329.
Giersch, Stephen E.—R. A. Childs, $183.
Guttman, Abraham—Simmons Hardware Co., $245.
Goldberg, Joseph—H. Graf, $111.
Howard, Michael, et al.—S. P. Jones et al., $520.
Hasbrouck, Matthew F., et al.—N. Y. Tel. Co., $115.
Hay, Paul F.—Same, $115.
Hemming, Henry B.—H. Schwed, $465.
King, Fred C.—W. A. Tucket et al., $2,114.
Kyle, Orlin C. and Edward C., (not summoned) —W. Hauck, $154.
Keller, Augustus R.—Sixty Wall St., $1,091.
Klein, Morris T.—James S. Kirk & Co., $128.
Kingsland, Jennie T. and Albert A., (not summoned)—C. H. Martin, $459.
Leo, Joseph R.—P. L. Pfalzgraf et al., $241.
Levy, Frieda—F. Westhelmer et al., $456.
Lanzke, Gustav A.—J. Schecker, $551.
Levy, Samuel—George Ringler & Co., $11,657.
Langlois, Elizabeth—Herringbone Metal Lath Co., 513.
Murphy, Arthur, (not summoned,) et al.—Strauss Pritz Co., $504.
Montani, Emil and Fortunati—J. A. Taylor, $355.
McEvoy, Joseph C.—F. W. Whitridge, costs, $105.
McEvoy, Catherine—Same, costs, $105.
Nusbaum, Hiram—Eells & Mott Co., $302.
Natkins, Benjamin—M. J. Gordon et al., $604.
Nolan, Robert A.—M. Malbin, $139.
Oakley, Caleb, et al.—S. P. Jones et al., $520.
Pisani, Victor—B. Stow, $169.
Palmer, J. Curtis, et al.—Michael Cohen & Co., $272.
Same—Same, $272.
Same—Same, $433.
Roeder, A. Bart—N. Y. Telephone Co., $158.
Rowe, Thomas—P. Leserman, Jr., $169.
Rosenberg, Henry, et al.—Strauss Pritz Co., $504.
Robinson, Douglas, et al., recrs.—J. Guttenberg, $362.
Robinson, Douglas, et al., recrs.—J. Guttenberg, $362.
Russo, Domenico—George Ringler & Co., $5,797.
Schaufler, Walter A.—Brooks Bros., $136.
Schmidt, Gustav—C. Burkelman, $133.
Suskin, Philip, et al.—J. A. McCafferty, $229.
Schlobohm, Otto—P. H. Comerford, $1,257.
Schultz, Robert—Francis H. Leggett & Co., $192.
Schatzabel, Gustav—City of New York, costs, $106.
Sloan, John V., et al.—W. S. Bainbridge, $247.
Slauson, Edward V., et al.—Sixty Wall St., $1,030.
Sherwood, Charles A.—H. H. Salmon et al., $414.
Sussman, Ludwig—M. Lipshitz et al., $267.
Schiller, Jennie—C. Snyder et al., $117.
Still, Stephen G., et al.—Germania Bank of New York, $4,796.
Taylor, R. E., et al.—Cinematograph Publishing Co., $161.
Thompson, Jennie B.—R. Semple, $401.
Vanoni, Frederick L.—C. C. Campbell, $373.
Venezia, Pasquale—Italian Importing Co., $188.
Same—W. A. Knotts, $123.
Ward, Charles M.—W. J. Mitchell, $512.
Winans, Eugene A.—H. W. Merchant, $150.
Herbert Building Co.—Paul Ruinart Champagne Co., $398.
Western Metals Reduction Corporation—New York Telephone Co., $182.
Jafe Cafe Co.—D. Freda, $180.
Boston Insurance Co.—Blue Ribbon Auto and Carriage Co., $1,120.
Norcross Brothers Co.—C. Swenson, costs, $119.
Holcomb & Caskey Co.—E. C. Smith, $120.
R. E. Taylor Co. et al.—Cinematograph Publishing Co., $161.
Edinburgh Construction Co. et al.—Michael Cohen & Co., $433.
Same—Same, $272.
Same—Same, $272.
Brooklyn Heights R. R. Co.—J. Leiblich, $5,635
Eureka Trap Rock Quarry Co. et al.—O. McWilliams et al., $2,133.
Aqueduct Construction Co.—A. B. Smith et al., $130.
Binney Godfrey Co.—Aetna Life Insurance Co., $150.
Wyckoff, Church & Partridge—J. A. Morse, $593.
Ira Realty Co.—S. Wolf, $335.
Empire Graphite Co.—Riegal Sack Co., $124.
Katonah Construction Co. et al.—Germania Bank of the City of New York, $4,769.
Charles Brendon Co. et al.—F. J. Duffy et al., $465.
Gordon & Stein Contracting Co.—H. Schimerling, $113.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date when judgment was filed:

Brown Bros., Inc.—R. I. W. Damp Resisting Paint Co., April 8, 1911, 176.
Butler, Joseph—P. Barnard, April 26, 1911, $130.
Beckmann, Charles—A. Stradtmann, April 18, 1911, $1,037.
B. A. & G. N. Williams—F. C. Meyer, Nov. 9, 1909, $122.
Same—Same, April 29, 1911, $138.
Same—Same, Oct. 22, 1908, $2,132.
Cytte, J. Henry—Amsterdam Rubber Co., April 12, 1911, $237.
Edelstein, Samuel—W. C. Demorest, March 20, 1911, $196.
Elevated and Subway Realty Co. and Cliffwood Brick Co.—M. Spiro, April 26, 1911, $215.
Elevated and Subway Realty Co.—M. Spiro, April 29, 1911, $215.
Fuller, Louis E., and Elizabeth M.—T. K. Willmerding, Oct. 1, 1906, $1,362.
Howard, William P.—W. C. Lester et al., April 19, 1911, $159.
M. F. Construction Co.—G. B. Raymond & Co., March 4, 1911, $1,125.
Same—Same, Jan. 15, 1911, $840.
Same—Same, Jan. 5, 1911, $1,524.
Same—Peter H. Reilly & Brother Co., Feb. 8, 1911, $783.
Same—N. Hirschhorn et al., Jan. 25, 1911, $572.
M. F. Construction Co., Morris Frankel, and Richard H. Gatling—I. Butler, Feb. 10, 1911, $1,026.
McAllister, James, Daniel, William, and James P.—City of New York, Feb. 18, 1910, $4,970.
Same—Same—Nov. 22, 1910, $116.
Merrill, Frank A. and William G.—Standard Regulator Co., April 19, 1911, $1,528.
McMullen, Alexander—Northern Bank of New York, April 7, 1911, $164.
Monarch Spring Water Co. and John H. Gordon—L. A. Kafer et al., March 15, 1911, $267.
Page, Frederick—G. Altfeld, April 4, 1911, $1,716.
Post, George, James W. Kent, and Edward P. White—H. R. De Milt Co., April 19, 1911, $300.
Reed, Julia A.—White, Frost & White, July 14, 1910, $1,908.
Ralli, Constantine P.—Richardson & Boynton Co., Dec. 20, 1897, $108.
Saltzsieder, Frederick W.—D. Butler et al., March 17, 1908, $101.
Sleppin, Slata—A. Wexler et al., June 25, 1910, $1,004.
Tower, Walter B.—B. Salinger, Feb. 1, 1911, $159.
Michigan Steel Boat Co.—W. A. Haase, April 6, 1911, (vacated,) $1,108.
Wildrick, Charles W.—E. B. Perry, April 20, 1911, (vacated,) $602.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—Changes in Medical Reserve Corps: First Lieut. H. D. Phelan, upon arrival at San Francisco, proceed to Fort Barry, Cal., for duty, relieving First Lieut. C. F. Dickenson; Lieut. Dickenson to Fort Duchesne, Utah, for duty; First Lieut. E. W. Bayley, to San Francisco, and proceed to Fort Sill, Okla., for duty.

Capt. H. L. Kinnison, Quartermaster, relieved as Assistant to Depot Quartermaster, San Francisco, and report to General Superintendent Army Transport Service, duty as Quartermaster and Acting Commissary of the Transport Sheridan, with station at San Francisco, relieving Capt. E. Bell, Quartermaster, who will report to the officer in charge of construction work at posts in and about San Francisco, and of the improvements pertaining to new supply depot at Fort Mason, Cal., for duty as his assistant.

The following-named officers will proceed to Governors Island, N. Y., and report May 12 to the Commanding General, duty pertaining to organized militia: Capts. F. E. Lacey, Jr., First Infantry; R. Alexander, Nineteenth Infantry; E. V. D. Murphy, Twenty-seventh Infantry, and First Lieut. G. C. Marshall, Jr., Twenty-fourth Infantry.

A board to consist of Capts. G. W. Kirkpatrick, Fifteenth Cavalry; H. C. Smither, Fifteenth Cavalry; H. H. Baily, Medical Corps, and First Lieuts. R. F. Tate, Fifteenth Cavalry, and W. P. J. Ruddy, Medical Reserve Corps, is appointed to meet at Fort Myer, Va., to conduct examinations of applicants for commissions in volunteer forces.

Capt. R. P. Rifenberick, Jr., U. S. A., retired, to Omaha for recruiting duty, relieving First Lieut. R. D. Bates, Coast Artillery.

Col. O. B. Mitcham, Ordnance, to Fort Du Pont and Fort Delaware, Del., and Fort Mott, N. J., to inspect armament.

First Lieut. W. E. Prosser, Signal Corps, is relieved from duty with Company E, Signal Corps, and will proceed to Valdez, Alaska, and report by letter to officer in charge of the Washington-Alaska Military Cable and Telegraph system, for duty, relieving Capt. B. O. Lenoir, Signal Corps, who will proceed to Seattle, for duty in the office of the officer in charge of the Washington-Alaska Military Cable and Telegraph system.

First Lieut. C. E. Holmberg, Medical Corps, relieved from further duty at Presidio of San Francisco, and will report to the commanding officer General Hospital, Fort Bayard, N. M., for duty.

First Lieut. J. B. Van Horne, Medical Reserve Corps, relieved from further duty in the Philippines Division, and will report in person to the commanding officer General Hospital, Fort Bayard, N. M., for duty.

Major J. F. Morrison, General Staff, detailed for temporary duty with organized militia of Wisconsin from June 5 to 7 and will report at State Military Reservation, Camp Douglas, Wis.

Capt. B. C. Gilbert, Coast Artillery Corps, relieved from the service.

Assignments of officers recently promoted: J. F. Guilfoyle, from Lieutenant Colonel, Seventh Cavalry, to Colonel, Ninth Cavalry; C. H. Watts, from Lieutenant Colonel, Ninth Cavalry, to Colonel; F. A. Edwards, from Lieutenant Colonel, Twelfth Cavalry, to Colonel; M. W. Day, from Lieutenant Colonel, Sixth Cavalry, to Colonel; H. S. Bishop, from Lieutenant Colonel, Fifteenth Cavalry, to Colonel; E. P. Andrus, from Lieutenant Colonel, Second Cavalry, to Colonel; F. W. Sibley, from Lieutenant Colonel, to Colonel, Fourteenth Cavalry; H. W. Wheeler, from Lieutenant Colonel, Fifth Cavalry; A. P. Blocksom, from Major, Tenth Cavalry, to Lieutenant Colonel, Sixth Cavalry; J. A. Gaston, from Major, First Cavalry, to Lieutenant Colonel, First Cavalry; H. L. Scott, from Major, Fourteenth Cavalry, to Lieutenant Colonel; L. C. McCormick, from Major, to Lieutenant Colonel; H. L. Ripley, from Major, Eighth Cavalry, to Lieutenant Colonel, Second Cavalry; J. G. Galbraith, from Major, Fourth Cavalry, to Lieutenant Colonel, Fourth Cavalry; J. B. Erwin, from Major, Ninth Cavalry, to Lieutenant Colonel; G. H. Morgan, from Major, Third Cavalry, to Lieutenant Colonel, Eleventh Cavalry; D. H. Boughton, from Major, Fifth Cavalry, to Lieutenant Colonel; H. G. Sickel, from Major, Twelfth Cavalry, to Lieutenant Colonel, Twelfth Cavalry; F. O. Johnson, from Major to Lieutenant Colonel, Fifteenth Cavalry; H. J. Slocum, from Major, Seventh Cavalry, to Lieutenant Colonel; W. J. Nicholson, from Major, Seventh Cavalry, to Lieutenant Colonel, Seventh Cavalry; F. W. Foster, from Major, Fifth Cavalry, to Lieutenant Colonel, Fifth Cavalry; W. C. Brown, from Major, Third Cavalry, to Lieutenant Colonel, Third Cavalry; E. P. Brewer, from Major, Seventh Cavalry, to Lieutenant Colonel, Seventh Cavalry; L. M. Brett, from Major, First Cavalry, to Lieutenant Colonel; H. J. Goldman, from Major, Twelfth Cavalry, to Lieutenant Colonel, Twelfth Cavalry; A. C. Macomb, from Major, Ninth Cavalry, to Lieutenant Colonel, Ninth Cavalry, and T. J. Lewis, from Major, Thirteenth Cavalry, to Lieutenant Colonel, Thirteenth Cavalry.

The Navy.

Lieut. Commander D. V. H. Allen and Lieut. H. Frankenberger, home and wait orders.

Lieut. C. M. Austin, to duty as Inspector of the Ninth Lighthouse District, San Juan, P. R.

Lieut. A. W. Johnson, to the Nebraska as senior engineer officer.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Brutus at Charleston, Vulcan, Perkins, Drayton, and Terry at Norfolk; Petrel at Santo Domingo City, Castine, Severn, Grayling, Narwhal, Salmon, Tarpon, Snapper, Bonita, and Stingray at Newport; Arethusa at Hampton Roads, Delaware at Tompkinsville, Saratoga at New Orleans, and Albany at Yokohama.

Sailed—Stringham and Bailey from Annapolis for Chesapeake Bay, Hist from Guantanamo for Norfolk, Idaho from Philadelphia for New Orleans, Chester from Santo Domingo City for Guantanamo, Des Moines from Hampton Roads for Charleston, and Cuttlefish, Tarantula, and Viper from Norfolk for Charleston.

DECISIONS AND CALENDARS.

STATE.

Decisions.

The Appellate Division, First Department, announced the following decisions yesterday:

Anna Hemmerich, appellant, vs. Union Dime Savings Institution, respondent.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. Opinion by Clarke, J. Order filed.

In the matter of the City of New York, re approaches to bridge over Spuyten Duyvil & Port Morris Railroad. Order modified by affirming report as to amount of award, and returning same to Commissioners to make award to unknown owners, without costs to any party on this appeal. Opinion by Clarke, J. Settle order on notice.

In the matter of Charles H. T. Collis, Commissioner, &c.—Order modified by sending proceeding back to new Commissioners, and as modified affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. Opinions by Ingraham, P. J., and Scott, J., (Scott, J., dissenting.) Settle order on notice.

George Ehret, Jr., et al., as executors, respondents, vs. George Ringler & Co., defendant; Anna Hachmeister et al. as administrators, &c., appellants.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied, with $10 costs. Opinions by Scott, J., and Ingraham, P. J., (Ingraham, P. J., dissenting.) Order filed.

William A. Logan, trustee in bankruptcy, vs. Seventh Trust Company, &c., as administrator, respondent.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied, with $10 costs. Opinion by Ingraham, P. J. Order filed.

Emil C. Brendlin, respondent, vs. Lucius H. Beers, appellant.—Determination and judgment appealed from reversed, and judgment of City Court of Jan. 29, 1910, affirmed, with costs in this court and at the Appellate Term. Opinion by McLaughlin, J. Order filed.

People ex rel. John W. Wood, relator, vs. Department of Health, respondent.—Writ dismissed and proceedings affirmed, with $50 costs and disbursements. Opinions by Dowling and Scott, JJ., (Scott and Miller, JJ., dissenting.) Order filed.

Ludwig & Co., respondent-appellant, vs. the Claviola Company et al., appellants-respondents.—Judgment affirmed, with costs to plaintiff and against defendants. Opinions by McLaughlin, J., and Ingraham, P. J., (Ingraham, P. J., dissenting.) Order filed.

The Macey Company, appellant, vs. the City of New York, respondent.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. Opinion by McLaughlin, J. Order filed.

Marc Klaw, appellant-respondent, vs. New York Press Co., Limited, respondent-appellant.—Judgment, so far as it sustains demurrer to fourth defense, affirmed; so far as it overrules demurrer to third defense, reversed and demurrer sustained, without costs to either party, with leave to the plaintiff to withdraw demurrer to fourth defense, and with leave to the defendant to amend answer. Opinion by Scott, J. Settle order on notice.

The People, plaintiff, vs. Frederick W. Whitridge, as receiver, defendant.—Exceptions overruled and judgment ordered for defendant upon dismissal of complaint, with costs to defendant. Opinion by Scott, J. Settle order on notice.

Same, appellant, vs. same, respondent.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. Opinion by Scott, J. Order filed.

Sophie M. Lagrave, appellant, vs. Leopold Hellinger, respondent.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. Opinion by McLaughlin, J. Order filed.

Sadie M. Begen, appellant, vs. Isabella M. Pettus et al., respondents.—Judgment reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant to abide event. Opinion by Scott, J. Order filed.

Eppinger & Russell Company, respondent, vs. United States Wood Preserving Company, appellant.—Judgment affirmed, with costs, with leave to defendant to withdraw demurrer and to answer on payment of costs in this court and in the court below. No opinion. Order filed.

People ex rel. Frederick C. Gerhardt, relator, vs. William F. Baker, as Commissioner, respondent.—Writ sustained, proceedings reversed, and relator reinstated, with $50 costs and disbursements. Opinion by Miller, J. Order filed.

Tidewater Building Company, respondent, vs. John H. Hammond et al., ancillary executors, appellants.—Judgment affirmed, with costs, on opinion of the referee. Order filed.

Michael McNamara, respondent, vs. City of New York, impleaded, appellant.—Judgment and order reversed as against the city, and complaint as against it dismissed, with costs to said appellant in this court and in the court below. Opinion by Scott, J. Order filed.

James P. McGovern, appellant, vs. Morgan P. Leihy et al., respondents.—Judgments affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

People ex rel. Charles H. Stebbins, as executor, &c., respondent, vs. Lawson Purdy et al., as Commissioners, appellants.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and proceedings dismissed, with $50 costs. Opinions by Ingraham, P. J., and Scott, J. (Scott, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Luman W. Johnson, Incorporated, respondent, vs. Isaac Wilson et al., appellants.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Ingraham, P. J., dissenting. Dissenting opinion by Ingraham, P. J. Order filed.

Lancelot M. Berkeley, respondent, vs. Frank M. Dusenberry and others, appellants.—Motion to dismiss appeal denied, with $10 costs. Order filed. Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion remitted to Trial Term to set cause down for trial. Opinion by Scott, J. Order filed.

Willard S. Allen, appellant, vs. National Surety Company, respondent.—Motion to dismiss appeal denied, with $10 costs. Order filed. Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted, with $10 costs. Opinion by Scott, J. Order filed.

Ernest W. Bischoff, respondent, vs. Nathan J. Packard and others, impleaded, &c., appellants.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted, with $10 costs. Opinion by McLaughlin, J. Order filed.

Edward G. Wasey, as trustee in bankruptcy, respondent, vs. Edward Holbrook, impleaded, appellant.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted, with $10 costs. Opinion by McLaughlin, J. Order filed.

Alexander Sedgwick, respondent, vs. Seward Development Company, impleaded, &c., appellant.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied, with $10 costs. Opinion by Miller, J. Order filed.

Matter of Frank M. Hardenbrook, an attorney.—Application denied. Settle order on notice.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Blanchard, J.—Ex parte business.

CITY COURT—Special Term and Chambers—Schmuck, J.—Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Guy, J.—In re Brown—Edward S. Booth.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Hill v. Hill —Ely Newman. Laighton v. Laighton—William Allen. Barclay v. Barrie—Frederick R. Rich.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Bischoff, J.—Stern Bros. v. de Pedro, Jr.—Albert Sanders.

CITY COURT—Schmuck, J.—Leonard Hangen v. Morris Fenichel—Henry M. Steinert, Conron Bros. Co. v. Christopher Missall—Peter McElgott.

POLICE DEPARTMENT NEWS.

Patrolmen appointed after probation and assigned in precincts as indicated—W. C. A. Austin, 2; John P. Challan, 21; J. H. Cox, 26; Robert M. Drum, 5; H. M. Edwards, 9; Paul Fahje, 28; J. J. Garraston, 8; William C. Goehring, 6; J. Gross, 15; George Henenlotter, 1; F. La Battaglia, 18; Theodore Lobdell, 25; E. Lynch, 22; Patrick J. Malone, 14; H. C. McCarthy, 3; John McKinney, 43; T. McMahon, 22; Louis A. Nielsen, 2; I. K. W. Nylin, 39; James J. O'Connell, 21; J. L. O'Gorman, 15; John T. O'Hare, 1; W. P. Porter, 39; Frederick Prigge, 2; J. P. A. Rafter, 29; Joseph L. Ryan, 8; E. C. Schmidt, 9; Maurice R. Slattery, 40; L. Smith, 6; Adam Stolzenberger, 5; J. Sullivan, 18; Frank J. Szuminsky, 21; G. Tirello, 21; Theodore R. Unger, 22; P. J. Waag, Jr., 13; Emil J. Winkel, 9.

Pensioned — Patrolman Thomas Banigan, Bridge Precinct D, at $700 per annum. Appointed Oct. 14, 1881.

Transferred—Sergt. John D. Tomfort, 157th to 165th Precinct; Patrolmen—P. Gough, 143d to Thirty-third Precinct; T. N. Hill, C. O. Squad to 162d Precinct.

Permitted to leave city for thirty days on sick leave—Patrolman J. Schifferdecker, C. O. Squad.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Hillman's, Chicago, Ill.; H. Shepard, laces, handkerchiefs, and neckwear; 104 Worth Street.
Loveman, Joseph & Loeb, Birmingham, Ala.; S. Lindy, ladies' and infants' wear; 31 Union Square; The Hermitage.
Ely & Walker Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; A. Jungk, hosiery and gloves; 258 Church Street; Hotel Navarre.
Shuman, A., & Co., Boston, Mass.; W. Jackman, furnishing goods; Hotel Imperial.
Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; J. C. Murphy, representing; L. L. Cole, representing; 104 Worth Street.
Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Miss A. L. Gill, ribbons; 116 Worth Street.
Boston Store, Chicago, Ill.; Miss M. McGrath, millinery; 114 Fifth Avenue; Hotel Wellington.
Miller, Rhoads & Swarts, Norfolk, Va.; W. C. Barrett, knit underwear; H. L. Linnell, upholstery goods; 53 White Street.
Gold, M. P., Troy, N. Y.; hosiery and furnishing goods; Hotel Albert.
Reeves, C. E., & Co., Nashville, Tenn.; D. F. C. Reeves, domestics; 51 Leonard Street; Hotel Mresiin.
Moses, D. & Co., Lynchburg, Va.; M. Moses, cloaks; Hotel Breslin.
Kokas Company, Boston, Mass.; W. F. Kokas, Jr.; Hotel Broztell.
Hale Brothers, San Francisco, Cal.; S. C. Harshburger, merchandise manager, 895 Broadway; F. A. Lyon, hosiery; Park Avenue Hotel.
May Company, Cleveland, Ohio; R. T. Montgomery, carpets; 4 Washington Place.

Equipped factory for dresses; Wilcox, Singer machines to be sold; proprietor retires. L 171 Times.

Guide for Buyers.

One line, 12 months, $116.80;
6 mos., $61.88; 3 mos., $32.76;
1 mo., $11.40.

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EMBROIDERIES AND LACES. Leumann, Boesch & Weingart, 123 5th Av.
MANICURE SUPPLIES. Lustr-ite. (Floridine Mfg. Co.,) 42 Franklin.
MARABOU Neckwear, Novelties & Trimmings Hauser & Davis Mfg., 59 East 8th St.
NECKWEAR. Men's. Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 Broadway.
RUBBER ROOFING AND ROOF PAINT. The Rubber Roofing Manufacturing Co., 50 Church St.
SPECTACLES, Eyeglasses, Optical Goods. Spencer Optical Co., 7 Malden Lane.

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ANNOUNCEMENT
To the Dry Goods & Notion Jobbers Of the United States of America
—EMBROIDERIES—
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Ending Tuesday, May 9th, 1911
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Church Services To-morrow

Baptist.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, 92d and Amsterdam.—Frank M. Goodchild, D. D., Pastor. 11, "The Power of a Common Life." 8, "Wounded by Friends." Everybody Welcome.

COLLEGIATE BAPTIST CHURCH OF THE Covenant, West Thirty-third St., Between 8th and 9th Avs.—Dr. Oscar Haywood, pastor, preaches morning 10:45, "Meditation"; evening 7:45, "What Is Sin?" Singing by men. All invited.

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, 8 West 46th St.
9:40 A. M.—Bible Classes for Young Women: Miss Platt, Leader. Young Men: Dr. Moore, Leader. Topic: "City Advantages."
11:30 A. M.—Public Worship. Sermon by THE REV. W. H. P. FAUNCE, D. D., President of Brown University. TOPIC: "GREATEST OF ALL AMBITIONS." 8:00 P. M.—Public Worship. Sermon by DR. ADDISON MOORE. "MAKING THE MOST OF OTHER PEOPLE."

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Irregular, Closing Higher —Call Money Rates 2@2⅜ Per Cent.

REACTION IN WHEAT PRICES

New Crop Months Decline Despite Further Rise in May Option at Chicago.

In the early trading on the Stock Exchange yesterday a substantial recovery occurred in some of the leading active issues, but these higher prices did not hold well, and during the afternoon a general recession carried prices back close to the final figures of Thursday. This movement, however, was in turn succeeded by another recovery, so that small net gains were shown in a majority of the stocks at the end of the day. American Cotton Oil, with a net advance of 1 point, Canadian Pacific showing a rise of 1½, and International Harvester with a gain of 2⅜ points, were the chief issues which made exceptional gains. Losses of a point or more were recorded in a few inactive issues. Dealings in the bond market were smaller than on Thursday, but were again distributed over a large number of issues. The larger supply of some bonds called into the market by the advance of the last few days made possible purchases of some leading issues at concessions from the previous day's quotations, but in a number of bonds further advances accompanied the trading.

The discrepancy between the price of May wheat in Chicago and the other wheat options was widened yesterday by a further rise, which carried the quotations for May up to 98. A half-cent recession from this price left May wheat at the close almost one full cent higher than the close of the previous day and more than a cent above the New York price. Weather advices from the Spring wheat territory in the Northwest received early in the day laid emphasis on the need of rain in that section, and these reports, coupled with the further advance in May wheat on the technical situation prevailing in that option, caused an advance in the new crop options as well. A substantial reaction followed later, and the close for the new crop months was well below the previous day.

A gain of from $1,000,000 to $2,000,000 in the cash holdings of the banks was indicated by yesterday's currency estimates. The actual gain reported by the banks last week was much under preliminary estimates, but any addition to surplus reserve under existing conditions is just so much added to a sum already needlessly large. Indeed, the lessening of the cash inflow to New York, so far as it has significance at this time, carries favorable rather than unfavorable import. The usual reviews of trade suggest a halt this week in the somewhat larger retail trade movement noted a week ago.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

American Radiator Co. for dividend on preferred.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2@2¾ per cent., with the last loan at 2 per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2¼ per cent.

Time money rates, 2¼@2½ per cent. for sixty days, 2½@2¾ per cent. for ninety days, and 2¾@3 per cent. for four, five, and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 3½@4 per cent. for sixty and ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 3¼@4 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 4@5 per cent. for others.

Private discount rates abroad: London, 2⅛ per cent., off ⅛ per cent.; Paris, 2⅛ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 2⅛ per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $316,522,966; balance, $15,335,882; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $406,502.

The local banks lost $3,994,000 on Sub-Treasury operations this week.

Sterling exchange was steady, with demand quoted at $4.8640@$4.8650; sixty days at $4.8425@$4.8440, and cables at $4.8670@$4.8680.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.20 plus 1-32@5.20 plus 1-16 for cables and 5.20@5.20 plus 1-32 for sight; reichsmarks, 95 3-16@95¼ less 1-32 for cables, and 95⅛@95 3-16 less 1-32 for sight.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, 10c. discount; Chicago, 20c. premium; St. Louis, 25c. premium; St. Paul, 90c. premium; San Francisco, 20c. premium; Montreal, 46⅞c. discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was ⅛d. higher in London, at 24 9-16d. per ounce, and ¼c. higher in New York, at 58¼c. per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 45c.

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 5.—Advices from the East to the effect that the Northwestern Elevated first mortgage 4 per cent. bonds, outstanding to the amount of $18,000,000 are to be refunded by means of temporary loan or short terms notes, stimulated trading in the stocks. Northwestern Elevated common advanced nearly a point on this information. This is the result of the merger negotiations, it being announced that no permanent financing will be attempted by the Northwestern this year, and that the National City Bank of New York will supply the money necessary to put through this temporary refunding operation. The fact that so large a bond issue of the Northwestern falls due Sept. 1, of this year, complicated the negotiations for a merger of the Chicago Elevated railroads, while the consolidation project also seriously interfered with the financing of the refunding operation of the Northwestern. In order to get this out of the way of the merger negotiations and at the same time make it easier to finance it, a short term note refunding operation was arranged to care for the Northwestern obligations for a year or two. The new notes of the Northwestern, it is understood, will bear 5 per cent., while the bonds to be refunded are 4s.

Trading on the Exchange was very meagre, and with one or two exceptions price changes were inconsiderable.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
125.	American Can	10½	10¼	10¼
75.	American Can pf	86¾	85⅞	85¼
60.	Am. Shipbuilding	72	72	72
50.	Am. Telephone	149	149	149
25.	Booth Fisheries	43	43	43
15.	Chic. Rys., Series 4	4¾	4¾	4¾
150.	Chicago Subway	5	4⅞	4⅞
25.	Chic. Tel. & Tel.	155	155	155
75.	Diamond Match	98	98	98
40.	K. C. Ry. & L.	18¾	18⅝	18¾
400.	Int. Harvester	129	126¾	128⅞
100.	National Biscuit	138	137	138
50.	Northwestern Elevated	21¾	21¼	21¼
100.	People's Gas	105	104¼	105
162.	Sears-Roebuck	143¼	142¾	142¾
25.	Sears-Roebuck pf	121	121	121
50.	South Side Elevated	71	71	71
25.	Streets Stable Car	10¼	10¼	10¼
182.	Swift & Co.	102	102	102
70.	United Box Board	4¾	4½	4½
475.	U. S. Steel	75½	75	75⅜

BONDS.

$8,000.	Chic. Rys. 1st 5s	90¾	90⅜	90⅜
2,000.	Chic. Rys. 4s, B	87⅜	87⅛	87⅛
1,000.	Knickerbocker Ice 5s	98½	98½	98½

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

		Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
4s,	May, '58, l'chg	100	100¼	100	100¼
4s,	Nov., '59, l'chg	100	100¼	100	100¼
4½s,	May, '57, l'chg	108¾	109	108¾	109
4½s,	Nov., '57, l'chg	108¾	109	108¾	109
4½s,	May, '17, l'chg	102¾	103½	102¾	103½
4½s,	Nov., '17, l'chg	102¾	103½	102¾	103¼
4s,	May, '57, l'chg	100	100¼	100	100¼
4s,	Nov., '56, reg	99¼	99½	99¼	99½
4s,	May, '19, l'chg	99½	100	99½	100
4½s,	March, '60, old	102¾	103	102¾	103
4½s,	March, '00, new	104	104¼	104	104¼
3½s,	May, '54, coupon	89	89¼	89	89¼
3½s,	N., '54, coup., l'g	89	89¼	89	89¼
3½s,	May, '54, reg	89	89¾	88¾	89¾
3½s,	Nov., '41, reg	89¼	90¼	89¼	90¼

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Friday.

Total sales May 5, 1911 324,394
From Jan. 1, 1911 34,690,944
Corresponding period last year 73,347,324
"Rights" not included in total.

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
27	28	200	Allis-Chalmers pf	27¼	27¼	27	27	−1
62⅜	63½	5,100	Amalgamated Copper	62⅞	63¾	62⅞	63⅜	+⅞
47¼	47½	10,300	Am. Beet Sugar	47	48	47	47¼	+¾
104⅞	105	600	Am. Can	104½	104½	104½	104½	+⅞
85¼	85½	400	Am. Can pf	85½	85½	85½	85½	−⅛
114	116	100	Am. Car & Fdy. pf	115	115	115	115	−⅝
57	57¼	1,400	Am. Cotton Oil	57	57⅝	57	57⅝	+1
22⅝	22⅞	200	Am. Ice Securities	23	23	23	23	−⅝
36	38	100	Am. Locomotive	38	38	38	38	...
74⅜	74⅞	4,400	Am. Smelt. & Ref	74¾	75½	74⅝	74⅞	+¼
104⅜	105¼	100	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	105	105	105	105	...
40	42	200	Am. Steel Foundries	43½	43½	43½	43½	−⅜
117½	119	500	Am. Sugar Refining	118	118	117⅝	117⅝	−¼
117½	118½	30	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	118	118	118	118	...
148⅝	149	2,000	Am. Tel. & Tel	148¼	149½	148¼	148⅞	+⅝
98	98¼	450	Am. Tobacco pf	98½	98½	98½	98½	...
33	33¼	200	Am. Woolen	33	33	33	33	−⅛
90¾	90⅞	200	Am. Woolen pf	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝	−⅛
37½	38	100	Anaconda Copper Co	37⅝	37⅝	37⅝	37⅝	+⅜
109	109¼	8,700	Atch., Top. & S. F	109¼	109⅞	109	109	+½
103⅛	103⅜	300	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	103⅜	103⅝	103⅜	103⅜	+⅞
104⅝	105	400	Baltimore & Ohio	105	105	105	105	...
...	...	5	Bank of Commerce	217½	217½	217½	217½	...
61⅛	61½	100	Bethlehem Steel pf	61¼	61¼	61¼	61¼	+¾
78⅝	78⅞	5,150	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	78⅜	79¼	78⅜	78⅝	+¼
234⅛	234½	14,000	Canadian Pacific	233	236	233	234½	+1½
27⅞	27½	200	Central Leather Co	27¼	27¼	27⅛	27⅛	−⅛
98½	100	200	Cent. Leather Co. pf	99	99	99	99	+⅝
80⅝	80⅞	2,100	Chesapeake & Ohio	80¾	81¼	80¾	80¾	−¼
21½	21¾	300	Chicago Gt. Western	21½	21½	21¼	21½	...
119½	120¼	1,100	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	120½	120⅞	120	120	+½
144½	145½	400	Chi. & Northwestern	145	145	145	145	−½
201	210	100	Chi. & Northwest. pf	201	201	201	201	...
24½	25	2,300	Chino Copper	24⅞	25	24⅝	24⅝	+⅛
53	54	100	Colorado Southern	53	53	53	53	+¼
...	...	500	Comstock Tunnel	*26	28	26	26	−1
144	144¼	1,100	Consolidated Gas	144¼	144⅝	144⅛	144⅛	+⅛
73	80	50	Crex Carpet	75	75	75	75	−1⅝
169	171	115	Delaware & Hudson	170⅛	170¼	170¼	170⅛	+⅜
65	65½	820	Den. & Rio Grande pf	65	65½	65	65¼	+⅞
14⅝	15⅛	100	Duluth, S. S. & A	15	15	15	15	−⅛
30⅞	31¼	3,000	Erie	31	31⅜	30⅞	31	+¼
47⅞	48¾	500	Erie 1st pf	48¾	48¾	48½	48½	+⅛
37	38¼	100	Erie 2d pf	37¾	37¾	37¾	37⅜	−¼
80	85	20	Evansville & T. H. pf	81½	81½	81½	81½	...
107½	108	25	General Chemical pf	108	108	108	108	...
157	157½	240	General Electric	156½	157½	156½	157½	...
5⅞	6	2,300	Goldfield Consol	6⅛	6⅜	6	6	−⅛
126½	127	1,600	Great Northern pf	127	127¼	126¾	126¾	...
60	61½	600	G. N. certs. Ore Prop	60¾	60⅞	60¾	60⅞	...
18⅝	18⅞	2,800	Interborough-Met.	18⅝	19¼	18⅝	18⅝	+⅝
52⅝	52⅞	3,900	Interborough-Met. pf	52	53¾	52	52¾	+⅜
127⅞	128⅛	7,800	Int. Harvester	128	129⅜	127¾	128¼	+2⅝
47	47½	100	Int. Paper pf	47	47	47	47	−⅛
46½	47½	100	Int. Steam Pump pf	46⅞	48¾	46⅞	48⅛	−⅛
88¾	88¾	100	Nev. Consol. Copper	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	...
106⅞	107	500	New York Central	106¾	107	106⅝	106⅝	...
42⅛	42⅜	400	N. Y., Ont. & West	42¾	42¾	42⅜	42½	+⅛
106⅝	107⅛	800	Norfolk & Western	106⅝	106¾	106⅝	106⅝	+⅛
124½	124¾	2,750	Northern Pacific	124½	124⅞	124¼	124⅞	+⅜
24¼	25	200	Pacific Mail	24¼	24¼	24¼	24¼	+¼
50⅝	51⅛	200	Pacific Tel. & Tel	51½	51½	51	51	...
122⅝	122¾	4,200	Penn., ex d. & ex r	122¾	122¾	122¼	122¼	+¼
2 3-16	2¼	19,100	Penna. rights	2 3-16	2¼	2 3-16	2 3-16	...
104⅛	104½	100	People's Gas, Chi	104½	104½	104½	104½	...
20⅝	21	100	Pittsburg Coal	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	+⅛
77	79	1,100	Pittsburg Coal pf	79¼	79¼	78⅞	78⅞	−⅛
119	119¾	230	Pub. Serv. Corp., N. J.	119	119	119	119	−⅛
100	100½	1,050	R'way Steel Sp. pf	100½	100½	100½	100½	...
17⅞	18	200	Ray Consol. Copper	18	18	18	18	+⅛
155	155⅞	83,200	Reading	155	156	154⅞	155⅜	+½
89	91	246	Reading 1st pf	89⅝	90	89⅝	90	−1
97	99	100	Reading 2d pf	97½	97½	97½	97½	−2½
30¾	31	1,500	Rep. Iron & Steel	31½	31½	31	31	−¾
30⅛	30½	1,310	Rock Island Co	30¼	30⅝	30	30	+⅛
62¼	63	200	Rock Island Co. pf	63	63	62⅜	62⅝	+⅝
63½	64	100	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf	64	64	64	64	...
40⅜	40¾	125	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	41	41	41	41	−¼
114⅝	115	1,400	Southern Pacific	115⅜	115⅞	114¾	114⅝	−⅛
27⅞	27⅝	500	Southern R'way ext	27	27⅝	27	27¼	...
64	64¾	600	South. R'way pf., ext	64¼	64⅝	64¼	64⅝	+⅛
36⅜	37¼	100	Tennessee Copper	37⅜	37⅞	37⅜	37⅜	+⅛
11½	11¾	2,700	Third Avenue	11½	11¾	11⅝	11⅝	−¼
19½	20	200	Tol., St. L. & West	19⅝	19⅞	19⅝	19⅞	...
48	49	200	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	49⅜	49⅝	49⅜	49⅜	−⅛
68½	69½	410	Underw'd Typewriter	68	69	68	69	+1¾
106¼	107	50	Underw'd Typew'r pf	106¾	106¾	106¾	106¾	...
6¾	8	100	Union Bag & Paper	7½	7½	7½	7½	+¾
177½	177⅝	33,000	Union Pacific	178	178⅝	177½	177⅝	+¼
94½	95	300	Union Pacific pf	94½	95	94½	95	+¾
105	105¾	100	United Dry Goods pf	105½	105½	105½	105½	...
41½	42½	100	United R'ways Inv	42	42	42	42	...
75	75½	900	U. S. Realty & Imp	75	75	75	75	+1½
40¾	41¾	300	U. S. Rubber	41½	41½	41¼	41¼	−½
76	77	100	U. S. Rubber 2d pf	77	77	77	77	−½
74⅝	75	61,600	U. S. Steel	74⅞	75½	74¾	74¾	+⅜
119	119¼	600	U. S. Steel pf	119¼	119¼	119	119⅛	+⅛
45	45¼	100	Utah Copper	45	45	45	45	+⅛
61¾	61⅞	5,300	Va.-Caro. Chem., ex d	62⅛	62½	61¼	61⅞	+⅛
123	126	100	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf	123	123	123	123	...
16	16½	200	Wabash	16	16	16	16	...
36	36⅞	100	Wabash pf	36⅝	36⅝	36⅝	36⅞	+⅛
54½	55	600	Western Maryland	55	55	54⅝	55	+½
74⅝	75	7,300	Western Union Tel	74½	75⅜	74½	74⅝	+¾
68	69⅞	100	Wisconsin Central	70¼	70¼	70¼	70¼	+¼

*Cents per share.

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 5.—The local market opened steady, but both traders and commission houses were inclined to sell a moderate amount of stocks during part of the session, and the general list suffered a fractional reaction. The undertone turned strong in the afternoon, however, and the market closed steady.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$137,000.	Am. T. & T. 4s	90⅝	90⅜	90⅝
8,000.	Am. T. & T. conv. 4s	110¾	110¾	110¾
2,000.	Ariz. Com. 5s	88½	88½	88½
10,000.	A., T. S. F. adj. 4s, stamped	92	92	92
4,000.	Central Vt. 1st 4s	90¼	90	90
1,000.	Mass. Gas 4½s	100	100	100
1,000.	N. E. Cot. Yarn 5s	103⅜	102⅜	102⅝
2,000.	Un'd Ft. 4½s, 1923	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜
1,000.	West End 4s, 1915	99	99	99
21,000.	West. T. & T. 5s	98½	98½	98½

RAILROADS.

10.	Atchison	109⅜	109⅜	109⅜
11.	Boston Elevated	127	127	127
34.	Boston & Albany	210½	210½	210½
73.	Boston & Maine	113	113	113
1.	Boston & Prov	295	295	295
46.	Fitchburg pf	128	127½	128
12.	Maine Central	200	200	200
199.	Mass. Electric	18¼	18¼	18¼
80.	Mass. Elec. pf	88	88	88
125.	N. Y. Central	106⅜	106⅜	106⅜
1.	Northern of N. H.	141¼	141¼	141¼
102.	N. Y., N. H. & H.	146¼	146	146¼
130.	Union Pacific	178⅜	178	178
17.	West End	99¼	99¼	99¼
46.	West End pf	103½	103	103

TELEPHONES.

2,460.	American	149½	148¼	148⅞
77.	Mexican pf	6¼	6¼	6¼
21.	New England	145	145	145

MISCELLANEOUS.

90.	Am. Ag. Chem.	58	57¾	58
128.	Am. Ag. Chem. pf	101⅞	101⅜	101¾
100.	A., G. & W. I.	10	10	10
225.	Am. Pneu. Service	5½	5½	5½
185.	Am. P. Serv. 2d pf	17⅜	17	17
207.	Am. Sugar Ref.	118½	117½	117½
81.	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	118½	117⅞	118
10.	Am. Woolen	34	33½	34
26.	Am. Woolen pf	91¼	90½	90½
50.	East Boston Land	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜
100.	Eastern S. S.	88½	88½	88½
20.	Edison	287¼	280¾	280¾
95.	General Electric	157½	157	157½
70.	Mackay pf	74¼	76	76
90.	Mass. Gas	41¾	41¼	41¾
89.	Mass. Gas pf	96	95½	96
1,790.	Penn. rights	2¼	2⅛	2⅛
6.	Pullman	161	161	161
20.	Reece Folding Mach.	5	5	5
150.	Rotary Ring	4½	4⅝	4½
25.	Seattle Electric	108	108	108
40.	Swift	102	101½	102
30.	Torrington, Class A	31	31	31
5.	Torrington pf	29	29	29
87.	United Fruit	187	186	186
226.	United Shoe Mach	54	53¾	53¾
62.	Un. Shoe Mach. pf	28½	28¼	28¼
1,905.	U. S. Steel	75½	74⅞	75¼
45.	U. S. Steel pf	119¼	119	119

MINING.

40.	Adventure	5¾	5¾	5¾
66.	Algomah	7¾	7	7¾
1,415.	Amalgamated	63⅜	62⅞	63⅜
145.	Am. Zinc	25	25	25
802.	Arizona Com	15½	14⅞	15½
400.	Atlantic	5¼	5¼	5½
100.	Butte Coalition	17¼	17¼	17¼
125.	Butte Balaklala	5⅛	5 1-16	5 1-16
217.	Calumet & Ariz	51¼	51	51¼
2,043.	Chino Copper	25¼	24½	24⅝
30.	Copper Range	62	61½	61⅝
2.	Daly-West	4½	4½	4½
80.	East Butte	11¾	11⅝	11⅝
100.	Franklin	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜
1,310.	Giroux	6⅛	6	6¼
255.	Greene-Cananea	6¼	6	6 1-16
100.	Hancock	23½	23½	23½
110.	Inspiration Copper	7⅝	7 5-16	7 5-16
50.	Island Creek pf	88½	88½	88½
120.	Isle Royale	13⅜	13⅛	13⅜
110.	Kerr Lake	6⅜	6 3-16	6⅜
350.	Lake	33⅜	32½	33
20.	La Salle	3½	3½	3½
2,385.	Mayflower	1⅝	1 5-16	1⅜
50.	Michigan	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
885.	Nevada	18⅞	18⅝	18⅞
1,315.	New Arcadian	4¼	3½	4¼
55.	Nipissing	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜
175.	North Butte	28⅝	28	28⅝
200.	Old Colony	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 3-16
255.	Old Dominion	40¼	40	40¼
5.	Osceola	102	102	102
50.	Ray Cons	18	18	18
10.	Shannon	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜
50.	St. Mary's Land	48	48	48
50.	Superior & Boston	4¼	4¼	4¼
42.	Sup. & Pittsburg	14½	14½	14½
425.	Tamarack	39	35	35
140.	Trinity	4	4	4
700.	Tuolumne Copper	4¼	4¼	4¼
114.	U. S. Smelting	34⅛	34	34⅛
350.	U. S. Smelting pf	46⅜	46	46⅜
55.	Utah Cons	14⅜	14½	14½
10.	Utah Copper	45	45	45
5.	Wolverine	108	108	108

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Friday.

Mexico once more became a factor in the later dealings on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. Disturbing advices regarding the situation there were responsible for a good deal of selling in the afternoon, but the offerings appeared to be generally well absorbed. The market continued broad in its scope, and commission houses again handled a great number of orders in odd lot sizes. The sales totaling 52,388 shares were distributed among forty-nine different stocks.

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,340.	Amal. Copper	62⅝	63⅞	62⅝	63⅜
1,980.	Am. Beet Sugar 4s	47	48¼	47	47¼
10.	Am. Car & F	53	53	53	53
40.	Am. Cotton Oil	57	57½	57	57⅝
20.	Am. Ice	23	23	23	23
1,920.	Am. Smelting	74¾	75½	74⅝	75
20.	Am. Steel Fdys.	43⅛	43¾	43⅛	43⅝
70.	Am. Sugar	118	118¼	117½	117¾
10.	Anaconda Cop	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞
570.	A., T. & S. F.	109⅛	109¾	109⅛	109¼
100.	Balt. & Ohio	104⅞	104¾	104¾	104¾
500.	Brook. R. T.	78⅝	79¼	78⅝	78⅝
1,740.	Canadian Pac	234½	236¼	233½	234¼
30.	Cent. Leather	27⅜	27⅜	27⅛	27⅛
330.	Ches. & Ohio	81	81⅛	80⅝	80⅝
420.	C., M. & St. P.	120½	120½	120⅛	120⅛
100.	Chino Copper	25	25	24⅞	24⅝
80.	Consol. Gas	144½	144½	144¼	144¼
10.	Corn Products	14	14	14	14
430.	Erie	31	31¼	30¾	30¾
10.	Erie 1st pf	48½	48½	48½	48½
40.	Gt. Nor. pf	127¼	127¼	127¼	127¼
60.	Inter.-Met.	10	10⅛	10	10⅛
210.	Inter.-Met. pf	52¼	53	52¼	52¾
320.	Lehigh Valley	175⅜	175⅜	174⅜	174⅞
10.	Louis. & Nash	146	146	146	146
20.	Mo., K. & T.	33	33	32¾	32¾
510.	Mo. Pacific	40⅝	40¾	40	40¼
80.	Nat. Lead	52	52½	52	52½
20.	N. Y. Central	106¾	106¾	106⅝	106⅝
10.	N. Y., O. & W	42¾	42¾	42¾	42¾
170.	Nor. Pacific	124⅝	124⅞	124⅝	124¼
580.	Pennsylvania	122¼	122½	122¼	122½
1,528.	Penn. rights	2¼	2¼	2¼	2⅛
10.	People's Gas	104½	104¾	104½	104⅝
10.	Pitts. Coal	20½	20½	20½	20½
15,660.	Reading	155¼	156	154⅜	155⅛
110.	Rock Island	30⅜	30⅜	30	30
150.	Southern Pac	115⅛	115⅝	115¼	115¼
20.	Southern Ry.	27¾	27¾	27¼	27¼
120.	Tenn. Copper	37⅛	37½	37⅛	37⅜
600.	Third Avenue	11⅜	12¼	11⅜	11⅝
8,880.	Union Pacific	178	178⅝	177½	177½

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Small Cash Gain.

The banks have been receiving a good deal of cash from the interior this week, but the outflow has been considerably heavier, so that a relatively small net gain in cash was indicated by yesterday's estimates of the week's currency movements. It is principally from the South and the Middle West that money came to New York last week, while shipments were made principally to East and other nearby points. A halt in the increases in cash holdings at this centre is not to be regarded in any way unfavorably, inasmuch as a heavy movement of cash to New York at this time would indicate continuing and increasing dullness in trade. The gain in cash as figured yesterday amounts this week to something more than $1,000,000, an amount so small as to afford no sure indication of the actual cash showing to be made in to-day's bank statement, inasmuch as the discrepancy between Friday's estimates and Saturday's actual figures frequently amounts to a reason greater sum. The shipments made by the banks this week included $1,000,000 transferred through the Sub-Treasury to San Francisco.

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More Idle Cars.

The American Railway Association's fortnightly bulletin reports an increase in the number of idle freight cars, although the increase is relatively small. There was a decrease of 8,600 in the number of coal cars not in use, but an increase of 7,500 in idle box cars, and a smaller increase in miscellaneous types. For all groups there was a net increase of 2,300 cars. The figures indicate a substantial improvement in the coal trade in the lake district. In part, this is ascribed to the activity accompanying the opening of the navigation season on the Great Lakes. The increase in the number of box cars sidetracked in the past two weeks was general except for the Northwest group, where it remained stationary. As there are 1,000,000 box cars on the roads reporting to the association, the 7,500 increase amounts to but .8 per cent.

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May 30th Holidays.

It has already been decided by the Board of Managers of the Cotton Exchange that there will be no extra holidays in connection with Memorial Day. There had been some talk of closing the Exchange on the day preceding, but in view of the fact that May 29 will be the first notice day for the delivery of cotton on June contracts the managers deemed it best not to close on that day. No petition has been circulated on the Stock Exchange asking for an extra holiday, and as May 30 falls on Tuesday this year it is not likely that the governors will be asked to declare one. When a holiday falls on Friday or Monday the brokers frequently stretch it into a three-day vacation by omitting the usual two-hour session on Saturday, but a strong sentiment against closing at other times has developed recently in certain quarters. In this instance there is a special reason for keeping the Exchange open Monday for that happens to be one of the two Supreme Court decision days remaining before the recess. If the long awaited Tobacco and Oil decisions should be handed down on May 15, there might result such an increase in the volume of trading that the members of the Exchange would not welcome an extra holiday two weeks later.

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Conference at Steel Offices.

In the light of Frank B. Kellogg's position as Special Prosecutor for the Government in several important trust cases, his visit to the offices of the Steel Corporation yesterday afternoon was watched with considerable interest. Mr. Kellogg is counsel for the Corporation in some matters and it was thought that his visit might have reference to Representative Stanley's resolution for an investigation of the steel trust. A special meeting of the Finance Committee of the corporation was held yesterday, but so far as could be learned its purpose, like Mr. Kellogg's call, had to do only with routine matters.

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Missouri Pacific's Earnings.

Net earnings of the Missouri Pacific have suffered heavy losses with the slackening in trade throughout the road's territory. At the end of the ninth month of its fiscal year there remained $10,119,148 after operating expenses, a decrease of $1,880,000, or 15.6 per cent. from last year. March made a relatively better showing than the months which preceded it, although there was a 10 per cent. decrease in that month. Gross revenues lost $500,000 in March, but half the loss was made up by reductions in operating expenses. For the nine months' period, total gross earnings led last year by $67,000, but there was an addition of $1,947,000 to the cost of operation.

UNITED RAILWAYS GAIN.

Holding Company for Tractions Has More for Dividends and Greater Surplus.

The United Railways Investment Company, which is a holding concern for the United Railroads of San Francisco, the Philadelphia Company, and other street railway and power companies, earned a surplus of $766,468 for the year ended Dec. 31, 1910. This is equivalent to 4.79 per cent. on the $16,000,000 of preferred stock, which compares with 3.2 per cent. earned in 1910 and 1.7 per cent. in 1909.

In his report to the stockholders, President Ernst Thalman says that the acquisition of the Sierre & San Francisco Power Company has resulted in a substantial saving to the United Railroads in the cost of its power. He notes that $20,000,000 of the $41,000,000 common stock of the Philadelphia Company was listed on the Parquet of the Paris Bourse in March, 1911. "The Direcors believe," says the report, "that the result of this action, which was accomplished only after prolonged negotiations, will be beneficial not only to the holders of the securities of the Philadelphia Company, but to the stockholders and security holders of the United Railways Investment Company."

At the annual meeting of the Investment Company in Jersey City yesterday Emil Loeb and Eben Richards were elected Directors, succeeding M. Kuhlerskchy and C. S. Shepard.

Extends Great Western Power Co.

Edwin Hawley, President of the Great Western Power Company, has sold to a banking syndicate securities of that company, from the proceeds of which it will pay $4,000,000 for the City Electric Company of San Francisco when it takes over the property on July 1. The City Electric is the principal operating and distributing company in San Francisco. After the merger it will be connected with the hydro-electric plants of the Great Western Power Company.

Bush Terminals Increase Capital.

ALBANY, May 5.—The Bush Terminal Company of New York to-day certified to the Secretary of State that the amount of its capital stock has been increased from $8,500,000 to $12,000,000 and the Bush Terminal Buildings Company certified that its capital stock had been increased from $10,000 to $7,010,000.

The Best Month in Advertising.

In April, The New York Times printed 3733 columns of advertising—a greater volume than ever before in any single month in its history, and a greater quantity of high-class advertising than ever before printed in any American newspaper in a similar period. The New York Times daily excludes columns of advertisements because of their objectionable or doubtful character.—Adv.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Stocks Very Dull, with Prices Moving Within Narrow Limits.

WESTERN PACIFICS FIRMER.

Sharp Reaction In American Tobacco After Early Strength—Standard Oil Closes Higher.

The market for Curb stocks was very dull yesterday, with prices moving within a very narrow range. The chief interest continued to centre in the bond market, and particularly on Western Pacific 5s. Wheat showed a firmer tone than on Thursday, closing at 92⅜, an advance of ⅝ from the final price of the preceding day. American Tobacco was weak, with a net loss of 3 points for the day at 458. In the earlier trading it sold up from 456 to 458, from which it later reacted to 450. Standard Oil rose a point to 672. In the mining list the changes were confined to the smallest fractions, with these mostly on the side of gains.

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Transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
90..	Am. Tobacco	456	458	450	453
2,000..	Bay State Gas.	½	½	½	½
100..	Con. R. T. pf.	28½	28½	28½	28½
8..	Standard Oil	672	672	672	672
120..	Studebaker Co. pf	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾
600..	U. S. L. & H.	1⅝	1 11-16	1⅝	1 11-16
100..	U. S. L. & H. pf	8¼	8¼	8¼	8½

MINING STOCKS.

1,000..	Braden Copper	4	4	4	4
208..	British Col. Cop	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼
600..	Butte Coalition	17½	17½	17	17½
1,000..	*Cobalt Central.	6	6	5	5
500..	*Carisa	20	23	20	22
1,000..	C. O. D. Con..	9	9	9	9
50..	First Nat. Cop.	1⅝	1¾	1⅝	1⅝
800..	Giroux Mining.	6	6⅛	6	6⅛
500..	Gold Hill	½	½	½	½
500..	Greene Can	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
5..	Gug. Explora.	190	190	189	189
500..	Insp. Copper	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
1,000..	*Jumbo Extens.	28	29	28	29
1,500..	Kerr Lake	6¼	6¾	6¼	6⅝
700..	M. of Mex.	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼
200..	McK.-Darragh..	1⅜	1¾	1⅜	1⅜
7,500..	Nevada Hills	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼
5,000..	N.-U. M. & S.	11-16	⅝	11-16	13-16
100..	New Balt. Cop.	6½	6½	6½	6½
100..	Sup. Mines Co..	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼
1,100..	Ohio Copper	1⅛	1⅛	1 11-16	1⅛
4,800..	*Porcu. Central.	75	80	74	77
1,000..	*Pres. East D..	37	37	37	37
1,000..	Ray Central	1 9-16	1⅝	1 9-16	1⅝
500..	S. U. M. & S.	13-16	⅞	13-16	⅞
200..	Tenn. Copper	1½	1½	1½	1½
1,500..	Ton. Mining	6	6¼	6	6¼

BONDS.

$80,000..	Am. Cot. Oil 5s.	96¾	97	96¾	97
23,000..	Beth. Steel 6 p. c. notes.	101	101	101	101
10,000..	Ches. & Ohio 4½ p. c. n's.	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾
50,000..	M., K. & T. 5 p. c. notes.	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾
9,000..	South. Bell Tel. & Tel. 5s.	99¼	99¼	99½	99¼
50,000..	Texas Co. 6s.	102¼	102¼	101½	102
27,000..	West. Pac. 5s.	92¼	92¾	92	92¾

*Sells cents per share. ‡odd lots. Note—Not reported yesterday, 100 Studebaker at 48.

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The bid and asked prices at the close of the market yesterday compare as follows with those of Thursday:

	May 5. Bid.	May 5. Asked.	May 4. Bid.	May 4. Asked.
Am. Tobacco	451	454	456	458
Am. Writing Paper	1½	2½	1	2¼
Am. Light & Trac.	284	288	284	288
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	104	106	104	106
Bay State Gas	½	¾	½	½
Borden's Cond. Milk	121	123	121	123
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	109	110	109	110
Braden Copper	3 15-16	4 1-16	4	4⅛
British Col. Copper	5	5¼	5	5¼
Butte Coalition	17	18	17	18
Chicago Subway	4¾	5	4¾	5
Cobalt Central	5	6	5	6
Davis-Daly Copper	1⅛	1½	1⅛	1½
First Nat. Copper	1½	1¾	1½	1¾
Giroux Mining	6	6¼	6	6¼
Greene-Cananea	6	6¼	6	6¼
Guggenheim Exp.	189	192	190	192
Intercontinental Rub.	29	30	29	29½
International Salt	5	5	5	5
Kerr Lake	6¼	6¾	6⅛	6¼
Rose Con.	4 9-16	4⅝	4 9-16	4⅝
Manhattan Transit	¾	1	¾	1
Mason Valley	8¼	8¾	8¼	8⅜
Nipissing	10⅜	10⅝	10⅜	10⅞
Ohio Copper	1 11-16	1⅞	1 11-16	1⅞
Ray Central	1 9-16	1 11-16	1 9-16	1⅝
Standard Milling	15	18	15	18
Standard Milling pf.	48	50	48	52
Standard Oil	670	675	670	675
Studebaker Co.	48	50	48	50
Studebaker Co. pf.	102¼	102⅝	102¼	102⅜
Tonopah Mining	1 1-16	1 3-16	1 5-16	1 6
United Cigar Mfrs.	55	57	55	57
U. S. Light & Heat	1⅝	1¾	1 9-16	1 11-16
U. S. Light & Heat pf.	8	8¼	8	8¼
Western Pacific 5s.	92	92½	91⅝	91¾
Yukon Gold Mines	3⅜	3 15-16	3⅜	3 15-16

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange little was shown in business yesterday. Commodities were unchanged, except tin, which improved ¼c. in the asking price.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

	Friday. Bid.	Friday. Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.
Standard Copper	11.60	11.70	11.60	11.70
Spot	11.60	11.70	11.60	11.70
May	11.60	11.70	11.60	11.70
June	11.65	11.75	11.65	11.75
July	11.65	11.75	11.65	11.75
Lead	4.40	4.50	4.40	4.50
Spelter	5.40	5.45	5.40	5.45
Tin	41.50	42.00	41.50	41.75

On the Metal Exchange in London yesterday, quotations for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin are given below. These closing prices compare with Thursday's final figures:

	£ s. d. Friday.	£ s. d. Thursday
Copper, spot	53 17 6	54 0 0
Copper, futures	54 10 0	54 12 6
Pig tin, spot	193 0 0	191 10 0
Pig tin, futures	189 10 0	189 10 0

The market ended firm. Spanish pig lead was steady and unchanged at £12 17s. 6d. Cleveland warrants were quoted at 46s. 11½d. Spelter was steady at £24 5s.

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, May 5.—Following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot. 5	5½	Jackpot	5	5½
Elkton	55	56	McKinney	28	29½
El Paso	52	54	Old Gold	2¾	4¼
Findlay		5	Portland	92	95
Gold Dollar.	9½	10¼	Vindicator	74	79½
Isabella	10	10¾	Jen. Samp.	9	11

Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was:

Working balance in Treasury offices, $24,846,775; in banks and Philippine Treasury, $31,292,093.

The total balance in the general fund was $83,466,052.

Ordinary receipts yesterday were $1,913,548, with ordinary disbursements of $1,512,947.

The surplus to date this fiscal year is $266,325, as against a deficit of $16,071,690 at this date last year.

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

The Treasury Statement.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday as follows:

	May 5. Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$902,583	$3,712,022
Int. rev.	876,521	3,001,486
Corp. tax	8,753	51,747
Miscellaneous	125,690	792,125
Total rcts.	$1,913,548	$7,557,381
Expenditures	1,512,947	8,842,881
Deficit	*400,600	1,285,499

*Surplus.

$269,126,730		
242,969,684		
7,397,590		
41,214,378		
$560,708,384		
560,442,059		
*266,324		

FINANCIAL NOTES.

All of the $1,200,000 International Steam Pump Company first lien 5 per cent. bonds recently offered by William Salomon & Co. have been sold.

E. H. Gary, Chairman of the Steel Corporation, has been elected President of the Minnesota Steel Company, a subsidiary concern, which is erecting plants at Duluth.

Weekly Failure Report.

Bradstreet's reports 234 business failures in the United States during the week, against 240 for the previous week and 191, 214, 288, and 154 for the corresponding weeks of 1910 to 1907. The Middle States had 74, New England 23, Southern 37, Western 53, Northwestern 18, and Far West 29. Canada had 26, against 28 for the preceding week. About 78 per cent. of the total number of concerns failing had capital of $5,000 or less and 15 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

COMMODITY MARKETS.

WHEAT—Wheat was active and strong during the morning, advancing to new high levels, but reacted late and closed at the low point for the day. The selling in the afternoon was not active, but when early buyers tried to get out there was little or no support. There were also reports of considerable headed to Chicago for May delivery. The early advance was due to further active covering of shorts in Chicago May, which advanced to 8⅛c over July. The new-crop months were affected by the weather conditions, and in the Northwest the Fall deliveries showed again the most strength. The weather was dry in North Dakota, and while there is no immediate need of rain reported, still the apprehension is there. The Modern Miller report was quite bearish, showing gains in most of the leading Winter wheat States, compared with last month, and reported acreage abandonment of 2,353,000 acres in those States. The Ohio State report was favorable, showing a gain of 3 points during April, with present condition of 87 two points better than last year. Receipts West have decreased a little the past week, while shipments from the interior have increased. Cables were very firm, reporting advances in England, and on the Continent, and there was some unfavorable crop news from Russia. The Argentine cable was favorable. Argentina exports were 3,288,000 bushels, against 2,120,000 bushels the previous week. Australian, 1,592,000 bushels, against 960,000 bushels the previous week. Indian, 344,000 bushels, against 616,000 bushels. Bradstreet's American, 1,944,000 bushels, against 1,686,000 bushels. World's exports were estimated at 11,144,000 bushels, against 11,088,000 bushels the previous week, and 9,108,000 bushels last year. No export business was reported. Cash, No. 2 red was quoted at 97½c free on board; No. 1 Northern, Spring, $1.08⅜; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.06¼; No. 1 Manitoba, $1.05¼.

CORN—The market was also active and strong during the morning, influenced by the general advance in grain. There was active covering of shorts, while cash corn was strong and quoted ¼ to 1c higher in all markets. The strength in the spot deliveries has been a conspicuous factor in the recent advance. Receipts West have increased this week, and are more than double last year, but this has been offset by largely increased interior shipments. Bradstreet's exports for the week were 275,000 bushels, against 734,000 bushels the previous week. There were no Argentine exports. Late the market weakened under general profit-taking, closing quiet. No export sales were reported. No. 2 corn was quoted at 60c, free on board.

OATS—Trade in oats was also active and prices strong, reacting at the close with corn. The early advance was influenced by firmness of cash oats, moderate Western receipts, continued good interior shipments, and the Ohio State report showing 0 per cent. decrease in the oats area this season. Cash oats were quiet. Standards were quoted at 39¼c; No. 2 white, 39¼c; No. 3 white, 39¼c.

PROVISIONS—Trade in hog products was slow with the tone of the market only about steady. The hog movement was fairly liberal at Western points, and five hogs were lower. Cash demand was reported quiet.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	..	..	96⅛	96⅜
July	96⅝	95⅜	95⅝	95⅞
September	95¼	94⅛	94½	94⅞
Corn—				
May	61	61	61	60
July	..	..	60	60
Lard—				
Spot	..	..	8.05@8.15	8.04
May	..	..	8.05@8.15	8.04
July	..	..	8.12@8.22	8.15
September	..	..	8.24@8.30	8.24
November	..	..	7.90@8.05	7.90
January	..	..	7.90@7.95	7.80

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	98	97⅛	97⅛	96⅝
July	89⅞	88⅜	88⅝	89¼
September	89	87⅞	87⅞	88½
December	90¾	89⅝	90	90¼
Corn—				
May	54⅝	53⅜	54	53⅝
July	53⅜	52⅝	52⅝	52½
September	54	53¼	53¼	53⅜
December	52	51½	51½	51⅝
Oats—				
May	33¼	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝
July	33	32½	32⅝	32⅝
September	32	32	32⅛	32⅛
Lard—				
May	..	..	7.92½	7.92½
July	8.07½	8.00	8.02½	8.05
September	8.15	8.10	8.10	8.12½
Ribs—				
May	8.00	7.92½	7.92½	7.92½
July	7.90	7.80	7.85	7.87½
September	7.80	7.77½	7.80	7.80
Pork—				
May	..	..	15.70	15.65
July	14.90	14.82½	14.85	14.92½
September	14.42½	14.40	14.42½	14.45

COTTONSEED OIL.

There was a steady undertone in evidence during the session, with some indications of better support, but offerings appeared more abundant on a scale up. There were reports of a slight improvement in export business recently, and sales to foreigners are estimated at from 5,000 to 9,000 barrels. Domestic consumptive demand, however, is extremely limited, with buying generally of a hand-to-mouth character. Crude is quiet and steady at the South, with some concessions reported in sections, but on the whole holders are firm in asking prices. The basis for hedging in the future market is still an unsatisfactory one. Crude quoted at 5.08@5.20c. Future quotations follow:

	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Closing Asked.	Prev. Bid.
Spot			6.16@6.22		6.18
May	6.20	6.19	6.19@6.21		6.16
June	..	..	6.21@6.24		6.20
July	6.30	6.26	6.27@6.29		6.25
August	6.33	6.31	6.31@6.35		6.28
September	6.32	6.28	6.30@6.31		6.25
October	..	..	5.95@6.00		5.93
November	..	..	5.73@5.80		5.74
December	..	..	5.72@5.78		5.68

COTTON.

There was a decided change to the undertone of the market during yesterday's session and while for a time there was a resumption of Thursday's liquidation, this soon exhausted itself and values advanced quite rapidly, closing at practically the best of the day. Old crop months showed great latent strength and were not far from the highs attained by them on the previous upward movement.

A generally favorable weather map and rather indifferent cables were the factors relied upon for the early selling movement with initial values being 3 points advance to 3 points decline, old crop months displaying relative steadiness. Private crop reports were conflicting in tenor with those from Texas indicating that replanting will be necessary in many sections, this varying from 5 to 25 per cent., while at the same time the dispatches still continue to emphasize the need of clear and warm weather. Official predictions were not unfavorable, but it was apparent that the market had been sold out and on attempts of shorts to cover, a hardening tone developed with considerable bull aggressiveness witnessed at times.

Trade accounts from domestic quarters showed a slight improvement with Fall River advices to the effect that a small advance had been recorded in the price received for certain grades of print cloths, while Philadelphia yarn reports were also a shade more encouraging. No important change is noted in private Southern spot advices and the hesitation noted in the future market the past few days was practically without effect, yesterday's markets at the South being unchanged to ⅛c advance. Cables from abroad were at hand claiming a continued good business at Manchester, while advices from Bavaria stated that spinners were buying old crop options. That centre on Wednesday sent reports that a lock out was probable, although confirmation was never received.

Other factors which led to the strength in the afternoon were the more bullish statistics than anticipated, while private predictions from New Orleans intimated that unsettled conditions would again overspread the Western cotton belt by Sunday. It was difficult however, to awaken much outside demand in the market and realizing toward the close resulted in a partial reaction, new crop options showing a tendency to sag.

Intosight for the week according to the Cotton Exchange was 56,503 bales against 61,000 last week and 56,000 a year ago; since Sept. 1, total is 11,238,000 bales against 9,800,000 last year. Exports to date are 1,568,000 bales in excess of last year. The past week the visible showed a decrease of 174,000 bales against a decrease of 128,000 bales last year, the total now being only 2,000 bales above last year. Spinners takings of American cotton for the week were 231,000 bales against 180,000 last week and 184,000 a year ago.

New York spot cotton was quiet, 10c advance; middling uplands, 14.45. It was said that there were about 2,500 tenders in circulation, but these appeared to be well taken care of.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	15.38	15.15	15.37@15.38	15.20
June	..	..	15.36@15.38	15.15
July	15.40	15.17	15.39@15.40	15.21
August	14.87	14.63	14.85@14.87	14.65
September	13.50	13.37	13.49@13.50	13.42
October	13.01	12.85	12.99@13.00	12.90
November	..	..	12.92@12.94	12.83
December	12.91	12.74	12.89@12.90	12.79
January	12.86	12.76	12.88@12.89	12.78
March	12.92	12.84	12.95@12.97	12.88

Market steady, 7 to 21 advance.

COFFEE.

Coffee was inactive, sales aggregating 21,250 bags. The opening was unchanged to 4 points higher. Havre closed unchanged to ¼f. net higher, while Hamburg was ¼@¾ pfennigs net lower. Rio was 75 reis lower and Santos was unchanged. Spot coffee, 11¾c for Rio No. 7. Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	10.63	10.61	10.60@10.65	10.61
June	10.52	10.52	10.52@10.55	10.52
July	10.52	10.50	10.49@10.52	10.47
August	..	..	10.39@10.40	10.37
September	10.28	10.25	10.25@10.27	10.28
October	10.06	10.06	10.05@10.07	10.07
November	..	..	9.99@10.01	10.00
December	9.93	9.90	9.90@ 9.91	9.92
January	..	..	9.90@ 9.92	9.92
February	..	..	9.91@ 9.93	9.93
March	9.95	9.93	9.93@ 9.94	9.93
April	..	..	9.94@ 9.95	9.93

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

CANADIAN NORTHERN—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
4th week April.	$409,200	$397,600	$11,600
Month April	1,845,400	1,153,100	192,300
July 1-April 30.	12,288,300	10,367,700	1,920,600

CHICAGO & ALTON—

4th week April.	254,481	229,589	24,892
Month April	1,034,428	945,770	88,658
July 1-April 30.	12,110,170	11,320,094	790,076

DETROIT & MACKINAC—

4th week April.	28,245	32,447	*4,201
Month April	97,551	107,289	*9,735
July 1-April 30.	1,041,180	1,064,350	*23,169

DETROIT, TOLEDO & IRONTON—

3d week April.	39,373	25,164	4,209
July 1-April 21.	1,497,011	1,284,471	212,539

INTERNATIONAL & GREAT NORTHERN—

4th week April.	218,000	228,000	*10,000
Month April	677,000	653,000	24,000
July 1-April 30.	7,588,000	7,232,000	356,000

IOWA CENTRAL—

4th week April.	72,865	67,233	5,612
Month April	295,211	264,897	20,314
July 1-April 30.	2,082,068	2,841,524	140,534

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS—

4th week April.	718,494	969,324	*150,830
Month April	2,109,022	2,233,637	*124,615
July 1-April 30.	24,855,719	22,689,205	2,166,514

MISSOURI PACIFIC—

4th week April.	1,218,000	1,308,000	*90,000
Month April	4,194,108	4,283,697	*89,589
July 1-April 30.	44,515,595	44,486,450	29,145

SOUTHERN RAILWAY—

4th week April.	1,821,287	1,877,985	*56,728
Month April	4,721,574	4,773,436	*52,062
July 1-April 30.	50,522,974	48,108,961	2,714,013

TEXAS & PACIFIC—

4th week April.	393,141	417,451	*54,310
Month April	1,077,911	1,221,513	*143,601
Jan. 1-April 30.	4,759,958	5,082,030	*322,072

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & WESTERN—

4th week April.	76,664	67,763	8,901
Month April	296,678	201,950	4,728
July 1-April 30.	3,147,061	3,145,296	1,765

*Decrease.

MOBILE & OHIO for March—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Mileage	1,114	1,114	1,114
Gross	1,017,345	932,886	837,588
Exp. and taxes.	728,850	697,896	597,007
Net	288,495	234,990	240,576
9 mos. gross	8,359,491	7,858,942	7,379,017
Exp. and taxes.	6,142,715	5,702,006	5,148,287
9 mos. net	2,216,776	2,156,936	2,231,680

MISSOURI PACIFIC for March—

Mileage	7,236	7,170	6,488
Gross	4,341,752	4,840,870	4,052,875
Expenses	3,132,186	3,385,003	2,986,768
Net	1,209,616	1,445,867	1,066,107
9 mos. gross	40,269,997	40,202,523	35,347,120
Expenses	30,150,849	28,203,858	25,125,949
9 mos. net	10,119,148	11,998,667	10,221,171

NORFOLK & WESTERN for March—

Gross	2,885,340	3,154,285	2,467,958
Expenses	1,804,171	1,900,505	1,606,750
Net	1,081,162	1,253,779	959,208
Other income	80,523	44,001	.....
Total income	1,161,688	1,297,780	.....
Chgs. and taxes.	497,218	443,127	463,426
Surplus	664,475	954,654	495,782
9 mos. gross	26,874,090	25,923,927	21,646,715
Exp. and taxes.	17,159,211	15,292,012	13,106,845
9 mos. net	9,714,889	10,631,915	8,540,066
Other income	1,012,489	412,038	.....
Total income	10,727,808	11,043,947	.....
Chgs. and taxes.	4,617,576	4,196,295	3,985,707
9 mos. surplus	6,109,732	6,847,652	4,554,359

PACIFIC COAST COMPANY for March—

Gross	589,835	575,848	529,578
Expenses	410,872	472,745	474,203
Net	28,963	103,100	65,374
9 mos. gross	5,896,713	5,926,951	4,753,126
Expenses	4,897,234	4,696,432	4,108,029
9 mos. net	999,479	1,230,519	645,097

Miscellaneous Earnings.

DE LONG HOOK & EYE CO. for the year ended March 31—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Net earnings	122,979	145,160	119,259
Dividends	80,000	70,000	60,000
Balance	42,679	75,160	59,230

GENERAL ASPHALT CO. and its subsidiaries for the year ended Jan. 31—

Total earnings	16,004,174	13,992,983	11,818,528
Total exp	14,144,770	13,842,722	10,169,935
Balance	1,859,404	1,650,261	1,648,593
Rents, rec., int., divs. &c.	121,929	169,426	152,617
Total inc	1,981,334	1,819,687	1,801,410
Chgs., depr., & general exp	879,259	787,946	774,280
Net profit	1,102,075	1,031,741	1,027,130

NEVADA CONSOLIDATED for the quarter ended March 31—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Net earn. from mine, invest., & mis.	1,012,729	826,984	185,745
Dividend	749,380	745,151	4,229
Bond interest	.....	1,271	*1,271
Balance	263,349	80,562	182,787
Less dep. acc.			
Steptoe plant.	136,583	130,443	6,440
Surplus	126,466	*49,881	176,347
Cop. prod., lbs.	15,823,743	13,528,647	2,295,096

*Decrease. †Deficit.

PHILADELPHIA CO. and affiliated operating companies' combined income and profit and loss account, not including the Allegheny Heating Co., for the year ended Dec. 31, 1910—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Op. revenues	20,244,427	18,230,189	2,005,238
Op. exp. & tax.	10,655,178	9,541,708	1,113,953
Net op. rev.	9,588,676	8,697,390	891,286
Other income	293,320	281,832	12,488
Gross income	9,881,996	8,978,723	903,773
Deduc. fm. inc.	1,488,961	1,442,374	44,587
Balance	8,393,034	7,536,348	859,186
Fixed charges	3,411,981	3,419,020	*4,039
Net income	4,981,453	4,117,327	864,126
Imp., bet. & extra. exp.	1,586,035	1,157,773	428,262
Surplus	3,395,417	2,959,554	435,863
Prev. surp.	12,884,779	2,040,722	*55,943
Adjust. (credit).	16,839	13,749	3,090
Total surplus	6,297,035	5,014,026	383,009
Pr. & loss (dab)	285,459	608,188	*317,679
Divs. declared	2,903,221	2,377,807	525,414
P. & L. surplus	3,108,354	2,933,081	175,273

*Decrease.

†The difference between

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

A Million Dollar Loft to be Erected by the Mills Estate on Fourth Avenue—Another Times Square Improvement—Deal in the Midtown Loft Zone—Big Bronx Sale.

The market showed a well diversified list of transactions yesterday in business, apartment and private dwelling property. One of the interesting events of the day was the announcement that the large dry goods commission house of William Iselin & Co., now and for many years at Greene and Canal Streets, has closed a long-term lease with the Mills Estate for the new commercial building to be erected on the southwest corner of Fourth Avenue and Twenty-sixth Street, opposite Madison Square Garden. The Mills Estate recently increased its holdings there by the purchase of the three old houses at 42, 44 and 46 East Twenty-sixth Street, giving a plot for the new improvement of 98.9 feet on Fourth Avenue and 200 feet on the Street.

The coming removal of the Iselin firm is in keeping with the migration of scores of old established commercial houses of the dry goods and kindred trades in the downtown section to the new Fourth Avenue business centre. Building operations on the new structure, which will be twelve or more stories, will begin, it is said, within a short time and it will be ready for occupancy early next year.

Another important deal in the Broadway district just above Times Square has just been closed in the leasing for twenty-one years at an aggregate rental of about $500,000 of the seven-story apartment house known as the Pocantico, on the northeast corner of Broadway and Fifty-third Street. The lease has been taken from the Quinan Estate and the syndicate acquiring it is being organized as the Broadway and Fifty-third Street Company. The building will be remodeled for stores on the ground and second floors, similar to the operation now going on in the old apartment house on the upper end of the same block. The brokers in the transaction were Mark Rafalsky & Co. The deal exemplifies the rapid business development of the old apartment structures in the Broadway blocks just below Fifty-ninth Street.

Deal in Midtown Loft Zone.

An important deal in the midtown loft zone was announced yesterday by the H. M. Weill Company, which sold to the A. & S. Construction Company, Samuel Gordon, President, for Thomas F. Kaughran, 142 and 144 West Twenty-sixth Street, four and five-story buildings, on plot 45.2 by 98.9, between Sixth and Seventh Avenues. The property will be improved immediately with a twelve-story loft building.

The A. & S. Company recently sold 28 and 30 West Twenty-fifth Street, a twelve-story loft structure, Valencia Court, 317 and 319 West Ninety-fifth Street was given in exchange for the Twenty-fifth Street property.

East Thirty-fourth Street Sale.

The H. M. Weill Company has sold for the estate of Susan Hilton, 238 East Thirty-fourth Street, a three-story and basement dwelling on plot, 18.3 by 100.

The same brokers have also sold the property at 335 West Thirty-fifth Street for P. W. Vallely to Dennis Scully.

Big Apartments for West Eighty-first Street.

The Estate of Marshall O. Roberts and Virginia Osborn has sold to the Carnegie Construction Company, of which Charles Newmark is President, a plot 50 by 100 at 45 and 47 West Eighty-first Street, directly opposite the Museum of Natural History, and about 100 feet east of the Hotel Walton, which occupies the Columbus Avenue corner. The property is in the same block with the home of the American Geographical Society, purchased recently by Archer M. Huntington, and the Beresford Apartments, occupying the Central Park West frontage of the block.

Ground will be broken at once for a high-grade elevator apartment.

Mrs. A. L. Heinze Sells Dwelling.

Mrs. Ada Louise Heinze has sold through De Selding Brothers 14 East Seventy-second Street, a five-story and basement dwelling on a lot 27 by 102.2. The property has been held at $350,000. The purchaser was represented by Goeller, Schaffer & Eisler.

Realty Company Increases Holdings.

Maria Olt has sold to the Lionheart Realty Company 839 West Fifty-fifth Street, a three-story and basement dwelling on lot 18 by 100.5, between Eighth and Ninth Avenues. The house lies between the Cambric apartments at 847-855, erected by Bing & Bing, and another plot at 821-827, also acquired by them as a site for an apartment house.

The same company has also purchased 821 East 117th Street, a five-story tenement on a lot 25 by 100.1.

Buyers for Apartment Houses.

Apartment house property figured prominently in yesterday's transactions. H. L. Goodman sold the Kaaterskill South, a seven-story house, at the northwest corner of 141st St. and Hamilton Place. The property has a frontage of 119.9 feet on the place and 23.8 feet on the street. The purchaser gives 212 and 214 East 118th Street, two three-story and basement dwellings in 118th Street, between Second and Third Avenue.

On the upper west side Oscar D. & Herbert V. Dike sold for F. B. D. Reynolds, 28 Macombs Place, a five-story apartment house having five families on a floor; also the five-story apartment house on the northwest corner 165th Street and Morris Avenue, 51 feet on the avenue and 108 feet on the street.

J. L. Van Sant and W. S. Patten have purchased from Joseph H. Davis 1,525 and 1,527 Amsterdam Avenue, a six-story apartment house on plot 44 by 100, between 135th and 136th Streets. The plot of six lots at the northwest corner of Boscobel Avenue and Jessup Place was given in part payment.

The K. & S. Company has sold through M. G. Straus, 271 West 117th Street, a five-story flat, on lot 25 by 100.11. Selma Newman holds title to the parcel. The Engelhardt estate recently bought 273, adjoining.

George Kraus has sold for Solomon Cohn 60 West 106th Street, a five-story triple flat on plot 27 by 100, to a client for investment.

Big Deal in Hunts Point Section.

A Bronx deal of more than ordinary magnitude has been negotiated in the Hunts Point section by M. I. Strunsky & Co. in conjunction with A. Selkin, who have sold for the Getsky Realty Company the entire block front on the north side of 163d Street, between Tiffany Avenue and Fox Street, near the intervale Avenue station of the Subway. The property includes about 10½ lots, and has a frontage of 214.6 feet on 163d Street and 125 feet each on the other thoroughfares. The plot has been held at $110,000. The buyer is a builder, who will immediately improve the property with two high-class six-story elevator apartment houses.

Bronx.

Kurz & Uren, Inc., have sold for a client the northwest corner of 142d Street and Wales Avenue, a vacant plot of land, 50 by 100.

Heller & Sussman have sold for Mr. Goldberg 2,146 Hughes Avenue, 86 by 100. Mr. Goldberg took in part payment in Yonkers a cottage 30 by 100.

Oscar D. & Herbert V. Dike sold to F. B. D. Reynolds the five-story apartment house on plot 51 by 103, at the northwest corner of Morris Avenue and 165th Street.

Charles Griffith Moses & Brother have sold for William Greenhalgh 435 East 165th Street, a three-story frame dwelling, on lot 28 by 250, occupied by the seller for more than thirty-seven years. The purchaser will occupy after alterations.

Ernst & Cahn and J. J. Pittman sold to J. H. Wellwood of the University Heights Realty Company, the plot 80 by 119, on the west side of Kingsbridge Terrace, about 140 feet south of Albany Road.

Lauter & Blackner have sold for the Maze Realty Co. to Anna R. Cortes 665 Beck Street, a four-story double flat, on plot 33.3 by 125. In part payment the buyer gave 335 East 152d Street, a three-story flat, on lot 25 by 100. The buyer recently acquired the adjoining house at 661 Beck Street. The same brokers have sold for E. F. Todd, 812 Elsmere Place, a three-story flat, on lot 25 by 100, to Sophie Von Hagen, who gave in part payment sixty-six acres of land at Kinderhook, N. Y.

Paul Bultmann has sold for the Franklin Avenue Company a five-story apartment at the northeast corner of Franklin Avenue and 170th Street. The sellers took in part payment the vacant plot 104 by 149 feet, on the west side of Clinton Avenue, near 175th Street. The total amount involved was about $60,000.

Brooklyn.

Charles E. Rickerson has sold 231 Sterling Place, between Vanderbilt and Underhill Avenues, a three-story and basement brownstone dwelling, for a client to J. F. H. King; also, 20 Seventh Avenue, between Park and Sterling Places, a three-story and basement, brownstone dwelling, for a client to Daniel Maroney.

Historic Sands Point Estate Sold.

Edmond J. Butler has sold for W. De Forest Wright to Ralph Thomas the property at Sands Point, Long Island, recently purchased from M. C. D. Borden. The property consists of 7 1-3 acres of land unimproved. It adjourns the Lighthouse Reservation of the United States Government on the Point and has two water fronts. It was the site of the Sands Point Hotel, which was a popular Summer resort forty and fifty years ago. The hotel was destroyed by fire about twenty-six years ago, and soon after the property was purchased by Mr. Borden, who held it until the past month, when he sold it to Mr. Wright.

Mr. Wright had not taken title to the property when negotiations were opened for a resale.

Recent Buyers.

F. Schaefer is the buyer of All View at Premium Point, New Rochelle, N. Y., the sale of which by C. Oliver Iselin was reported Thursday. The purchase price was about $250,000.

The Albermarle Hotel Company, which runs the Albermarle and the Hoffman House is the buyer of 5 West Twenty-fourth Street, sold recently by Charles Reed.

Sale of Plainfield Lots.

Bryan L. Kennelly will sell at auction to-day on the premises at Netherwood station, Plainfield, N. J., 161 building plots known as Chelsea Park. A special train, with free transportation, will be run to the Netherwood station at 1:30 o'clock from Liberty Street, and 1:15 from Twenty-third Street.

Notes.

Richard H. Scobie has leased for P. Wattenberg, who is erecting a three-story building at 1,246 to 1,260 Boston Road, the store, 25 by 100, to a Mr. Koover, and for Paul Dannhauser 2,781 Third Avenue, near 148th Street, the entire three-story building with store for a term of years to Harry Krimsky.

Jacob Katz has been appointed receiver of the rents of 1,991 and 1,993 Washington Avenue, Bronx, a five-story flat, pending a suit brought by the Superior corporation to foreclose a second mortgage of $12,000. The prior mortgage is $48,000.

Albert Sanders has been appointed receiver of the rents of 305 East 119th Street, a four-story flat, in proceedings brought by William F. H. Armstrong, trustee, to foreclose a mortgage of $10,000.

S. Osgood Pell & Co. have rented the James Byrne property at Locust Valley, and also the Drake farm at Roslyn, L. I.

Herbert A. Sherman has leased for the Summer for Stanley Cunningham his house on Grace Church Street, Rye., to the Rev. Arthur R. Gray.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

177th St, 503 to 517, n s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 170x—, four five-story flats; foreclosure sale, to the Broadway Amsterdam Company, $181,000.

Southern Boulevard, n w corner of Avenue St. John, 100x105, two five-story flats, with stores on corner; foreclosure sale, adjourned to May 15.

Hughes Av, 2,124, e s, 86.1 ft n of 181st St, 16.7x84.10x16.7x84.7, two-story brick dwelling; foreclosure sale, adjourned to May 8.

165th St, 802 to 814, 138.11x88.9x irregular, seven three-story brick dwellings; foreclosure sale, to Sadie Goldman, $65,900 and interest.

By Samuel Marx.

76th St, 435 and 437, n s, 100 ft w of Avenue A, 50x102.2, two four-story tenements; foreclosure sale, readvertised for May 19.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

131st St, 513 West, for a two-story stable, 25x95; P. J. Devine, 3,099 Broadway, owner; J. C. Cocker, architect; cost $6,000

6TH AV, e s, 50 ft n of 28th St, for a three-story loft and store, 40x67; E. B. de Plasse and V. B. Klopman, owners; J. C. Westervelt, architect; cost $20,000

Westchester Av, s s, 65 ft e of Fox St, for an open air theatre; Cohn Brothers, 879 Prospect Av, owners; Koppe & Daube, architects; cost $50

Blackrock St, w s, at Westchester Creek, for a one-story frame pump house, 17½x34½; Bronx Gas and Electric Co., Westchester Av, owner.

Westchester Av, s s, 53 ft w of Robbins Av, for a one-story brick store, 37.2x42; Margaret M. Grauer, 648 St. Ann's Av, owner; Robert Glenn, architect; cost $2,200

Valentine Av, s w corner of 192d St, for a one-story frame garage, 14x17; Mrs. F. M. Wright, on premises, owner; Fred Hammond, architect; cost $150

Bronx Park Zoological Garden, 280 ft e of Southern Boulevard, for a one-story brick zebra house, 174x36; City of New York, owner; La Farge & Morris, architects; cost. $35,000

149th St, n s, 250 ft w of Melrose Av, for a two-story brick bank, 25x70; The Bronx National Bank, Thomas J. Quinn, Bergen Av and 149th St, Vice President, owner; Harry T. Powell, architect; cost $20,000

Pugsley Av, n e corner of Clason Point Road, for a one-story frame stand, 14x20; Martin J. Kane, on premises, owner; W. H. Frey, on premises, lessee; W. S. Austin, architect; cost $100

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Madison Av, n w corner of 42d St, to a five-story hotel; estate of James J. Belden, owner; H. J. Hardenbergh, architect; cost....$25,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, MAY 5.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. Where attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

AMERICE ICE CO. to Knickerbocker Ice Co., 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City; all liens, May 5; attorney, Frank. R. Savidge, 170 Broadway $1

EATHGATE AV, e s, 40 ft n of 176th St, 28x76.7; Rodman J. Pearson to Rose E. Jameson, 1,568 Bathgate Av, (mtg $5,750,) April 14, 1909; Rose E. Jameson, 1,568 Bathgate Av $1

BROOK AV, 558, e s, 25x100; Anna Will to William B. Kirchhof, 579 Eagle Av, May 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, the $100

COLUMBUS AV, 70, w s, 25x100; Hermann A. Strubbe and another to Charles A. Flammer, 247 West 102d St, or 299 Broadway, May 4 .....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Charles A. Flammer to Savings Bank and Arlon H. Chesley, in charge; Rollins & R., 32 Nassau St $1,000

WASHINGTON AV, n s, 178.4 ft e of Jackson Av, e s, 103.9x41.3, May 10, 1906; Philip and Max Weinstein to Herman M. Weaver; Rose & P., 128 Broadway $10,000

WATER ST, 87, 28.8x63.8, May 4, 1909; Water St. Realty Co. to Walter S. and Augustus C. Gurnee and William N. Cromwell, trustees Isabel G. Montant, wife Walter S. Gurnee, deceased; owner, New York Cotton Exchange, 60 Beaver St; Sullivan & Cromwell, 49 Wall St $26,000

187th Av, 410, e s, 100x24.8, April 24, 1905; Alfred Freund and Carrie, his wife, and another to Ellis L. Price, 128 Chestnut St, Roselle, N. J.; satisfaction to William Heaslip, on premises; Wheeler & N., 309 Broadway $15,000

3D AV, 1,139 and 1,141, e s, 80.5 ft s of 67th St, 100x240, June 30, 1905; Hamilton Heights Syndicate to New York Life Insurance Co.; owner, Wessex Realty Co., 31 Liberty St; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $50,000

3D AV, 1,385, e s corner of 70th St, 85.2x21, May 5, 1908; Samuel E. Cahn and Gertrude H., his wife, to Alois Lazansky, Brooklyn; owner, James Connolly, 186 East 79th St; Jonas, Lazansky & N., 44 Court St., Brooklyn $7,000

3D ST, 50 and 52, s s, 101.9x37.6x101.1x37.6, May 2, 1904; Harry Maurer to Max D. Steuer; owner, Max Schwartz, 362 Riverside Drive; Max D. Steuer, 320 Broadway $5,000

8TH AV, s e corner of 149th St, 100x87.5, July 18, 1910; Sigmund B. Heine to Louis Masbach; Max Stern, 280 Wall St $2,500

10TH ST, 319 East, n s, 94.8x25, April 18, 1907; Joel M. Chassis and Annie, his wife, to Josephine Hirschberg, 109 2d Av; Aronson & Kutner, 320 Broadway $3,000

26TH ST, 441 West, n s, 98.9x26.8, June 29, 1891; Henrietta, wife of Isidor Hirsch, and Bertha, wife of Isidor Schmidhopf, of Grand Lodge of the United States Independent Order Free Sons of Israel; owners, Francesco and Providenza Licato, 12 Rivington St; S. B. Hamburger, 291 Broadway $12,000

29TH ST, 218 West, s s, 98.9x24.10, Feb 8 1904; Lucy A. McKetrick to Evelyn A. Mossman, owner, I. Alexander, 225 West 29th St; attorney, William Powell, 29 Wall St. .$12,500

SAME PROPERTY, Feb 21, 1910, F. Richards to Mary J. Lynn $8,500

36TH ST, 237 West, n s, 98.9x18.6, March 24, 1908; Edward F. and William J. Martin, owners, 820 Washington Av, Brooklyn, to Jennie Marshall, Brooklyn, and John G. Faron, South Orange, N. J., trustees of John Gray, deceased; Miller & Bretzfelder, 120 Broadway $5,000

44TH ST, n s, 425 ft e of 8th Av, 100.5x21.3; Salomon P. Cahen to Albert J. Hatch, Stamford, Conn.; owner, Waldemar M. Cahen, 601 West 156th St; Adolphus D. Pape, 95 Liberty St $7,500

66TH ST, West, n s, 25.6x100, Oct 29, 1908; Grace Schneider, owner, Hotel Endicott, 81st St and College Av, to Maximilian Morgenthau; attorneys, Rose & Putzel, 128 Broadway $10,000

70TH ST, s s, 350 ft e of Columbus Av, 20x100.5, May 27, 1902; Arthur Rodman Parsons to Mary Smith, Morristown, N. J.; owners, John R., Alexander G., William S., and Irene V. Sheehan and others, 38 West 70th St; Forbes J. Hennessy, 32 Liberty St $30,000

76TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of 1st Av, 102.2x25; 76th St, n s, 150 ft w of 1st Av, 102.2x25, Feb. 20, 1911; Nibur Realty Co., 141 Broadway, to Irving Bachrach, 74 East 92d St; Samuel Bitterman, 309 Broadway $1,250

88TH ST, s s, 462 ft w of West End Av, 16.8x102.2; Feb 1907; Josephine Y., wife of Alfred M. Judson, to Edward Simmons Hall, 129 East 54th St, executor of Maria S. Gourlay; owner, Realty Company of America, 2 Wall St; Odell & O., 60 Wall St $22,271

91ST ST, n s, 125 ft w of 3d Av, 25x100.8, July 3, 1907; Philip J. Reitmayer to the Yorkville Bank, 1,511 3d Av; owners, Keeler & Keeler, 168 East 91st St; F. P. Hummel, 1,511 3d Av $5,000

104TH ST, s s, 118 ft e of West End Av, 100.11x120, Jan. 30, 1895; Sophie M. Cox and John H. Stollman to Edward S., Theodore S., and Helen F. Avery, administrators of Mary E. Brinckerhoff; owners, Adele C. S. and Charlotte E. E. Stallman, 250 West 104th St; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $15,000

124TH ST, n s, 195 ft w of 4th Av, 100.11x17.6, Sept. 3, 1896; James H. Daly and May G., his wife, New York, and Margaret Daly, Lakewood, N. J., to the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St; owners James H. Daly, 1,959 84th St., Brooklyn, Richard H. Clarke, 51 Chambers St $4,000

SAME PROPERTY, March 21, 1902; same to same $600

125TH ST, 306 West, s s, 100 ft w of 8th Av, 99.11x25, 135th St, 308 West, s s, 99.11x25, Feb. 20, 1911; Nibur Realty Co., 141 Broadway, to Irving Bachrach, 74 East 92d St; S. Bitterman, 309 Broadway $2,000

138TH ST, 578 and 580 East, s s, 100x50, Sept. 8, 1910; Value Realty Co., owner, 35 Nassau St, to Julia Lipps, Mount Vernon; Smith Williamson, 864 Alexander Av $18,000

140TH ST, 66 West, s s, 100x40, Jan. 20, 1911; Cantiague Development Co., owner, 185 Madison Av, to Max Borck, 1,824 Madison Av; Charles L. Berck, 256 Park Row $1,000

SAME PROPERTY, Nov. 25, 1910; same to Bertha Kaufmann, 141 West 127th St; owner, same; address, party of the second part $1,400

156TH ST, 417 and 419 East, n s, 50x100x irregular, July 20, 1906; Julius H. Haas and Fannie M., his wife, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; owner, Alfred J. Sterne, 2,643 Broadway; Saxe & Powell, 51 Chambers St... $11,000

156TH ST, 417-419 East, n s, 50x100x irreg, July 22, 1908; Julius M. Haas to Fernando Wood; Saxe & Powell, 51 Chambers St .$5,000

159TH ST, s s, 113.8 ft e of St. Nicholas Av, 50x100, May 5, 1908; Ann, wife of Thomas J. McGuire, to James Devlin; owner, Consolidated Gas Co., 4 Irving Place; Francis C. Devlin, 203 Broadway $25,000

Assignments of Mortgages.

AMERICAN MORTGAGE CO. to John M. Bowers $18,000

BUTTERFIELD, Caroline M., to Caroline M. Butterfield and others $1

BRISCOE, Cheseleigh H., to Mutual Life Insurance Co $100

BOWIT, Max, to David Bankier $1

CARTER, Florence B., to American Mortgage Co $25,000

DEGNAN, J. Lawrence, to Sarah Wiener..$400

ENGEL, William, to William Ziegler....$4,000

GARONE, Martin, to Max Kave $100

GLENZ, George, to Carl Klug $100

HAFT, Isaac, to Benny Cohen and another.$100

HYDE, Albert F., to Thomas E. Greacen $116,800

SAME to same $50,000

JAY, William, executor, to William Jay, trustee $17,264

KAHN, Eugene, to Union Exchange National Bank $1

KELLY, Shaun, executor, to Edith Kelly.. Omitted

KRAMER CONTRACTING CO. to Raisler Heating Co $1

KUTZ, Luiga, to Annie Theallis $6,000

LEDWITH, Joseph M., to the Joseph M. Ledwith Realty Co $1

LIPPMANN, David, to Joseph M. Ledwith.. $2,727

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO. to Hudson City Savings Institution $33,000

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO. to Ida Campion $15,000

SAME to Albany Savings Bank $33,000

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE AND TRUST Co. to Lawyers Mortgage Co $35,000

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE AND TRUST Co. to Lawyers Mortgage Co $26,000

SAME to same $26,000

MANHATTAN MORTGAGE CO. to Guaranteed Mortgage Co $82,000

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO. to Cheseleigh H. Briscoe $100

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO. to William L. Condit $125,000

McDONALD, Peter, to Emma Linson .$17,000

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO. to Wesley Thorn $100

SAME to Title Guarantee and Trust Co...$100

SAME to Wesley Thorn $100

SAME to City Realty Co $100

NEW YORK MORTGAGE AND SECURITY Co. to Benjamin Mordecai $28,000

NATHAN, Marcus, to Rachel Mamlock..$1,425

O'BRIEN, John, to Guardian Trust Co....$1

ROTHMAN, Emil, to Estates Settlement Co .....Omitted

STEMME, Anna S., to Henry Stemme..$17,000

ST. NICHOLAS AV. REALTY CO. to Charles H. Freeman $10,000

SOUND REALTY CO. to A. J. O'Donovan, 2d assignment $1

SCHEER-GINSBERG REALTY AND CONstruction Co. to Abel King $100

STALP, Walter F., to Albertina Stalp....$4,000

STRAUSS, Selina, to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co $35,000

THORN, Wesley, to Mutual Life Insurance Co $100

SAME to same $100

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO. to Libby Caille $25,000

WEST 47TH ST., INC., to Maximilian Morgenthau $100

Recorded Mortgages.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 6 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

BAEHRLE, Philipp F., to Francis U. Johnstone, trustee, Cooperstown, N. Y.; Catharine St. e s, Lot 245, map of Washingtonville, 25x100, May 5, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Reeves & T., 165 Broadway $3,000

BAUM, Henry, to Harlem Savings Bank, 124 East 125th St; 182d St, e s, 88 ft w of Hughes Av, 33.2x99.4, April 25, 3 years; attorneys, S. K. & B. F. Wightman, 132 Nassau St $10,000

BLAKE, Fred M., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; 58th St, 337 West, n s, 20x irregular, May 5, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway $45,000

BENAIM, Abraham J., to Sophia D. Benaim, 485 Central Park West; 34th St, 407 West, 20.10x74.1, prior mtg $10,000, May 5, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, J. F. Benaim, 31 Nassau St $8,500

BROWN, ALFRED L., to Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway; 24th St, n s, 120.10 ft east of 7th Av, 20.10x98.9, May 5, 3 yrs 5 per cent, attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 135 Broadway $22,000

BUCKLEY, James P., Catherine and Annie, heirs, to Westchester Trust Co., Yonkers, N. Y.; 49th St, n s, 400 ft w of 10th Av, 25x100x, prior mortgage $2,500, May 1, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Walsh, W. B. & E., 2 Hudson St., Yonkers $2,500

BUHRMEISTER, Pauline, to Henry F. Meyer, 295 East 161st St; Park Av, s e corner of 110th St, 75.8x39, prior mtg $25,000, May 4, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, H. S. Fleischer, 132 Nassau St $4,000

CAVINATO, Mary, to Sidney Katz, 200 West 88th St; 6th Av, 81, n w s, 25x97.3; West Broadway, s w corner of 3d St, 100x25, May 5, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, H. J. Cohen, 61 Park Row $5,000

CULLO & CO. to Mary S. Croxson, 39 Pierrepont St, Brooklyn, N Y; 147th St, n s, 80 ft southeast of Robbins Av, 87.6x79, May 5, 1 yr, 6 p. c.; attorney, S. G. Thomas, 40 Wall St $16,000

DAILEY, William J., to Martha A. Fechtman, White Plains, N. Y.; 122d St, 8 West, 21x100, May 4; dus as per bond; attorneys, Finch & C., 32 Nassau St $2,000

D'ASCOLI, WM. R. to U. S Fidelity & Guaranty Co., 45 Cedar St; Spring St, northeast corner of West Broadway, 25x75; West Broadway, e s, 75 ft north of Spring St, 0.8x25 (prior mtg $60,600), May 4, install 6 per cent; attorney, L. Dennis, 45 Cedar St

FEISER REALTY & CONSTRUCTION CO., to Abendroth Brothers Co., Coster St, e s, 260 ft s of Spofford Av, 20x100, April 18, 1 year, 6 p.c.; address, Portchester, N. Y $925

GASS-Frank, to John Wesp, Ferris Av, Bronx; Jackson Av, s s, 225 ft e of Garfield St, 25x100, May 1, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Frank Gass, Westchester, N Y $2,500

GIBRALTAR REALTY CO. to Walter A. Burke, executor, 125 Park Av; Sherman Av, n w s, 100 ft northeast of Dyckman St, 100x250, May 4, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway $5,000

GLENNON, Edward G., to Hermann H. Cammann and another, executors, 165 West 58th St; 48th St, n s, 220 ft e of 7th Av, 20.2x 88.9, May 5, 2 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $25,000

GRUEN, Fanny, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; Wales Av, s e corner of 152d St, 100x46, May 5, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway $40,000

SAME to same; 152d St, s s, 46 ft e of Wales Av, 54x100, May 5, due as per bond; address, same $87,000

HERB, Jacob, to Emily Nuoffer, 1,061 St. Nicholas Av; James Slip, n e corner of South St, 84.10x45, May 5, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, M. S. Hoffman, 198 Broadway .$12,000

HERBST REALTY CO. to Manhattan Mortgage Co., 200 Broadway; Vyse Av, e s, 75 ft s of 173d St, 50x100, May 5, due, &c., as per bond; address, 200 Broadway $35,000

JOHN M. SLATTERY BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION CO. to Chelsea Realty Co., 135 Broadway; 81st St, n s, 198.8 ft w of 3d Av, 56.6x102.2, prior mtg $30,000, May 4, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway $70,000

LEE, Mordecai & Son, 135 Broadway; same property, prior mtg. $30,000, April 1, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, same $10,000

KING, Rolland D., to Metropolitan Savings Bank, 59 Cooper Square East; Bryant Av, 1,419, w s, 25x100, May 4, 5 years; attorneys, A. S. & W. Hutchins, 94 William St $1,500

LOWENTHAL, Henry S., to Seth S. Terry, at Montclair, N. J.; Madison Av, 168, 25.4x 53, prior mtg $125,000, May 1, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, S. S. Terry, 66 Broadway $30,000

MAUCERI, Domato, to Antonio Maugeri, 220 East 148th St; 150th St, 264 East, s, 25x 100, May 4, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $5,000

MOTT AVENUE REALTY CO. to City Mort. Co., 15 Wall St; Mott Av, e s, 100 ft n of 144th St, 100x161.6, May 6, demand 6 per cent; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St $68,000

ROLL, Caroline, to Herbert Germond, 421 Lexington Av; Park Av, s s, 75.1 ft n of Gouverneur Place, 24.4x182.11, May 1 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $10,000

RUPPERT, Jacob, to Ellen King, 84 East 39th St; 2d Av, n w corner of 90th St, 100.8x100, April 15, 5 years; attorneys, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway $50,000

RYAN, Wm., Sr., to Andrew Trenchard at Mount Vernon, N Y, 147th St, s s, 152.4 ft west of Timpson Place, 61.1x100, May 5, due as per bond; attorney, T. E. Clocke, 2022 Boston Road $1,000

SAFFER, Lena, to Mutual Trust Co, trustee, Port Chester, N. Y.; Monroe St, 23, n s, 226.8 ft e of Catherine St, 25x100, May 5, attorneys, Dexter, O. & Gr., 71 Broadway $24,000

SHEEHAN, John R., and others to Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., 22 William St; 70th St, s s, 350 ft e of Columbus Av, 20x100.5, April 27, 8 years, due as per bond; attorneys, Geller, E. & H., 22 Exchange place $26,000

STADTA, Martin, and Barnaba Bevo, 1,624 Avenue A; Freeman St, 912, s s, 37.6x—, prior mtg $33,000, May 4, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, John C. Hoenminger, 5 Beekman St $5,000

SAME to George Glenz, 912 Freeman St, same property, April 20, prior mtg $8,000, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Charles A. Furthman, 3d Av and 148th St $4,750

STEBBINS HOLDING CO to Isaac L. Kip and another, executors, 448 5th Av; Stebbing Av, s e s, 200 ft n of 169th St, 50x131.6, May 5 d demand, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway .$45,000

SAME to same; Stebbins Av, s e s, 150 ft n e of 160th St, 50x123.7, May 5, demand, 6 p. c.; attorneys, same $45,000

SAME to same; Stebbins Av, e s, 100 ft n e of 169th St, 50x125.9, May 5, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, same $45,000

STERNE, ALFRED J. to Blanche S. Zweighaft, guardian, 2345 Broadway; 156th St, n s, 200.2 ft west of Elton Av, 50x— 3 yrs 1 3 yr 5 per cent; attorneys, Saxe & Powell, 51 Chambers St $16,000

UTARD, Emile, to Pierre Canipaux, at Nancy, France, Sedgwick Av; e s, 58 ft s of Undercliff Av, 46x76, May 4, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Kelley & C., 99 Water St $7,000

VALUE REALTY CO to Sarah E. Fernald, 34 West 72d St; 138th St, s s, 112.3 ft e of St. Ann's Av, 50x100, May 5, 5 years; attorney, R. B. Kelly, 170 Broadway $25,000

WEIHER CONSTRUCTION CO to Harry Weaver, 154 West 118th St; Adams Place, n e corner of 182d St, 49.1x80, prior mtg $45,000, May 4, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway $5,000

WENKE, Bernhardt C., to Charles Sudbrink, 1,016 Woodycrest Av; Ogden Av, s e, 25 ft s of 164th St, 25x90, prior mtg $7,000, May 5, due June 80, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Cowan, K. & M., 140 Nassau St $2,500

WESSER REALTY CO. to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St; 44th St, n s, 248.8 ft e of 2d Av, 26.5x100.5, May 5, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $12,000

Satisfied Mortgages.

With name and address of lender's attorney.

AMSTERDAM AV, s w corner of 71st St, 115x100.5, Nov. 28, 1906; Peter D. Plunkett to American Mortgage Co; Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St $30,000

AMSTERDAM AV, 454, s w corner of 82d St, 27.2x87; Columbus Av, 131, n e corner of 68th St, 80x100.5; Water St, 361, e s, 39.4x 22.8x38.11x219; Lexington Av, 1,621, n e corner of 102d St, 55x40.6; 2d Av, s w corner of 47th St, 73x25; also parcels known as 877 2d Av, 2,499 2d Av, 539 and 541 3d Av, 719 3d Av, 842 7th Av, 870 and 872 8th Av, 640 8th Av, 830 8th Av, 619 and 620 9th Av, 246 11th Av, and 417 East 24th St, June 25, 1907; Albert J. Adams and S. Adams, his wife, and others to Charles F. Bauerdorf, 625 West End Av, and George Kalsch, 240 Sandford Av, Flushing, L. I., as executors of Albert J. Adams, deceased; Deyo & Bauerdorf, 111 Broadway $150,000

AUDUBON AV, s s, 40 ft s of 167th St, 40x95, June 19, 1906; Altman Realty Co. to Warren W. Foster and United States Tru. Co., owners, Raphael and Albert Steinthal, 211 West 85th St; Wilson M. Powell, 29 Wall St $33,000

AUDUBON AV, s e corner of 167th St, 40x95, June 19, 1906; Altman Realty Co. to some; owner and attorney, same $42,000

BROOK AV, e s, 25 ft n of 150th St, 100x25, April 3, 1905; Gussie Lindner, Louis and Celia Joseph and others to Eliza Meister, administratrix of Louis Meister, deceased; owner, William B. Kirchhoff, 579 Eagle Av; Sol C. Bernstein, 25 Broad St $4,800

CAULDWELL AV, w s, 271.11 n n e of 165th st, 80.2x102.3x54.11x —, April 30, 1909; Lena Lipkin to E. W. Klappert; Wisselman & Klappert, 31 Liberty St $5,000

CORTLANDT ST, 73, mortgage on fixtures, &c., April 18, 1905; Julia K. Steinfels to James S. Kelly; Hulls, W. & B., 120 Broadway $12,500

FREEMAN ST, 912, s s, 100.6x25x16x12.7x 112.6x82.9x37.6, March 30, 1910; George Glenz & Kathe, his wife, to Harris Ratner; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway .7,000

GORE LOT 93, map of Belmont Village, begins s s of Jackson Av, where same is intersected by boundary line between Lots 92 and 93, runs s e along said boundary line 6 to boundary line of land formerly of Benjamin C. Brown x w along said land to s e of Jackson Av, n e 3.5 to beginning; also Lot 93 and part of Lot 92, same map, begins at point on s e s of Jackson Av adjoining Lot 94, runs s e of Lot 94 100x n e along Lots 103 and 104, 115x n w parallel with Columbus Av 100x s w 115 to beginning, Feb. 6, 1903; Robert Welsh to Korner & Schwabeland, a copartnership; owner, Catharine A. McGuire, 1,911 Arthur Av; Forster, Hotaling & Klenke, 59 Wall St $1,000

GRACE AV, w s, 125 ft s of Lyon Av, 100x25, May 6, 1908; Elizabetta M. Cupeta to Albert Mamlock, executor of Rachel Mamlock; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway .$1,650

HEATH AV, e s, at intersection of northern boundary line of lands now or formerly of Tec

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New modern one-family house, 8 rooms and bath, fine central location; rent $30 per month. John Donaldson, Oak St., near Jamaica Ave., Richmond Hill, Long Island.

JAMAICA 2 lots, $50 cash, $8 monthly; city improvements; trolley and new subway. Attorney, 1,083 Broadway, Brooklyn.

Hollis, L. I.—House, eight rooms and bath; all improvements; 50x100; five minutes from station; $4,800, $800 cash. L 168 Times.

At Stony Brook, 15 acres Sound front; high bluff; bargain to quick buyer. Stephen Yates, 146 East 34th St.

A Remarkable Achievement

The total sales of the Windsor Land and Improvement Co. from Jan. 4, 1911, to April 26, 1911, amounted to the colossal sum of $500,491.

In a single week the huge sum of $90,000 worth of land was sold to investors, which proves that the public will at all times buy Long Island Real Estate provided the property is offered by a firmly established institution of indisputable integrity.

WINDSOR LAND and IMPROVEMENT CO.,
TIMES BLDG., New York. 44 COURT ST. Brooklyn.

Whitestone, L. I.—Comfortable house, 10 rooms, gas, furnace, garden, trolley passes door, $400 year; also attractive shore cottage, 7 rooms, $360 year. 20 North 8th Av., Whitestone, L. I.

Great Bargain.—White stucco house; $6,500; worth $8,500; $1,000 cash; in village. Roddy, Hempstead, L. I.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN

West Side.

2, 3, 5 AND 6 ROOMS.

Two and three rooms have kitchenettes; high-class elevator apartment; new building; beam ceilings, parquet flooring, tiled baths and showers, telephone, electric lights, wall safes, and all modern improvements.
DAWSON ARMS,
225 West 110th St., Facing Central Park.
Rents $35 to $75. Open Evenings.

THE AYLESMERE,
60 WEST 76TH ST.

Seven and eight large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry; two elevators, night and day, passenger and service; steam dryer; convenient to all traction lines; rent $1,000 to $1,500. SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

LINCOLN,
306-310 West 51st St.

Attractive apartments of 4 and 5 large, light rooms, elevator, telephone, all improvements. Superintendent or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

West Side.

Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

THE MIDLOTHIAN
353 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.

Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

BROOKLYN.

MONROE COURT & JEANETTE APARTMENTS
BEVERLEY ROAD & EAST 21st ST.,
IN BEAUTIFUL FLATBUSH, BROOKLYN.

Do not fail to see these before renting elsewhere.
Suites of 5, 6 and 7 rooms.
Rents $40 to $60 per month.
Location Choicest—Transportation Best
Finest Reception Hall in the City
Uniformed Attendant in Public Lobby
EQUIPMENT—Telephone in each apartment, Vacuum cleaner system free to tenants, electric light, shower baths, hardwood trim throughout, Parquet floors in all rooms, Beam ceilings, safe vaults, Refrigerator closets, with windows to open air.
To be reached by Brighton Beach open subway to Beverley Road Station or Flatbush Av. car to Beverley Road. Send for booklet. Agent on premises, or
ABELS GOLD REALTY CO.,
44 Court St., Brooklyn.
Telephones Main 4016-4057.

BRONX.

The best apartments for the cheapest rents will be found here.

ELEVATOR
2-4-5-6-7-8 Rooms
$35, $40, $50, $60, $65, $70
NON-ELEVATOR
3-4-5-6-7 Rooms
$22, $25, $30, $30, $34
THE HENRY MORGENTHAU CO.
THE HUNT'S POINT BUILDING
163d St. and Southern Boulevard.
Take Bronx Subway to Simpson St.
Walk one block.

KEMP-JONES APARTMENTS,
950-974 Anderson Av., near Jerome Av.
2-3-4-5-6 Rooms, $22-$40.
High-class; every improvement; private 'phones, electric light; near park athletic grounds, boat clubs. Office, Ogden Av., 162d. Telephone 537 Melrose.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

Cottages for rent, season or year; $800 upward; have bargains. Rutzel, Cedarhurst, L. I.

Bungalow, furnished; sleeping porches, studio (kitchen and bath); garden; $50 per month. Address H. Child, Brookhaven, L. I.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

FOR SALE AT HOLLYWOOD PARK—HOLLYWOOD LAKE, WEST END, N. J.

New tapestry brick and concrete houses—open fireplaces—just leaving the builder's hands; also two frame cottages, parklike grounds, best of neighbors, the late John A. McCall and Guggenheim mansions in the immediate section. Land and cottages situated directly south of Hollywood Lake—Hoey, Overlook, Woodgate and Highland Avenues. Finest location on Jersey Coast. Rising ground. No mosquitoes. Liberal terms. Prices of houses on application.

APPLY TO YOUR OWN BROKER OR TO
JOSEPH P. DAY, 31 Nassau St., New York.
HOLLYWOOD PARK—D. W. HEATH, Agent,
Brighton Ave. at R. R. Crossing, West End, N. J.
B. W. ROWE, 71 Broadway, New York.

WEEQUAHIC PARK TRACT, NEWARK, N. J.

The beautifying and constant improvement of the Weequahic Park makes this part of Newark most attractive as a place of residence.

There is no section of Newark where in the immediate future development will be more rapid or real estate values increase to a greater extent.

BEAUTIFULLY LOCATED PLOTS for sale; all restricted. Title guaranteed by Fidelity Trust.

Take Pennsylvania, Central, or Lackawanna trains to Newark and Mt. Prospect cars to property.

Maps and further particulars.
FRANK J. BOCK, General Manager,
Firemen's Building, Broad and Market Sts., Newark, N. J.

A SPANISH MISSION

seashore home; new and up to date; most artistic in all respects, inside and out; terra cotta tile and stucco construction, (the latest and best,) red Spanish tile roof; large living and sleeping porches, all tile floored; 11 rooms and 3 baths; finest plumbing, specially designed electroliers, everything the best; large wooded plot, convenient to ocean bathing beach, station, and trolley; 1½ hours from New York; delightful, countrylike location on Jersey coast; bargain at $19,000; terms arranged. OWNER, Room 517, 115 Broadway.

GREENVILLE HEIGHTS

Distant four and one-half miles from New York City Hall.
UNSURPASSED FOR RESIDENCE
Semi-detached one-family houses seven rooms, bath and laundry, eight rooms, bath and laundry, Parquet floors, all improvements,
$25 TO $35 PER MONTH
JOHN E. McARTHUR,
Boulevard and Fulton Ave., Jersey City.

ASBURY PARK

Attractive stucco bungalow, 6 rooms and ¾ of an acre of ground of high elevation, commanding fine view of surrounding country. Ideal for Summer home. Will sell complete for $1,500 on easy terms. Box L 41 Times.

HILLCREST In the Highlands of New Jersey. These ¼-acre plots, acres, bungalows, $250, $350 up; $25 down, $10 monthly; in a residential park; elevation 650 feet; 5 minutes' walk to station; 50 minutes from Broadway, on road of anthracite; cheap commutation. Water sports. Write, call, phone for free booklet, pictures. CARL MAU, 1 Union Square, N. Y.

CRAFTSMAN
SEMI-BUNGALOW

Contains eight rooms and tiled bathroom, steam heat and all improvements; PICTURESQUE, CONVENIENT AND ECONOMICAL; mission interior; SOMETHING DIFFERENT; now ready for occupancy; high, delightful location; five minutes from station and trolley, schools, churches, &c.; large plot; price $6,500; easy terms. NUTLEY REALTY CO., West Nutley, N. J., 99 Nassau St., New York.

Cranford.—New house, 8 rooms and bath, just completed, up-to-date in every detail, in the best residence section of Cranford, 34 minutes out on the Central Railroad of New Jersey; immediate occupancy; all improvements, sewer, water, gas, electric lights, and fixtures; street macadamized and has sidewalks, curbs, &c.; price, $5,950, easy terms; $400 cash; balance $40 a month, includes all carrying charges. Write for photo and complete details. S. Gourley, owner, 210 East 23d St., N. Y.

Bungalow Farm $99

10,000 square feet of land, $10 down, $5 monthly; boating, bathing, fishing; fare 14c.; 4-room bungalow, $385.
C. NICHOLS,
258 Broadway, N. Y.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE 35 minutes Broadway, 8 rooms, bath, laundry, servants' toilet. Gas, electric light, heat, stable, fruit, shade trees; $5,500. Easy terms. Boating, bathing, field club. Owner, Room 459 Fifth Avenue Building.

This Bungalow, $275.

FARM ONLY $95

20,000 square feet. Rich soil; 100 peach trees with each acre. Fare 15c. $9 down, $3 monthly. Address Mountain View, 75 Times Downtown.

ON THE RIVER—$95

BUNGALOW Farm, 3,750 sq. feet of land, high, dry; 35 minutes from Broadway; one minute from station; fare 13c.; mountain scenery, boating, bathing, fishing; title guaranteed; $10 down, $5 monthly. Address LACKAWANNA, 63 Times Downtown.

June 1, Custer Av., 77, Newark, (Weequahic Park), two blocks from Park View Station, Central R. R., near trolley, rent, beautiful ten-room house, just completed, every improvement; steel garage; $68. Henry J. Foley, 11 Clinton St., Newark, or owner, next door.

ALMOST SIX ACRES fertile vacant land; 1-3 mile from station, hour from here; some majestic oak trees, pretty glen; bubbling spring; distant views, river near by; 1,000 feet frontage; seems like it was made to order for country home site; $350 per acre cash. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

A real old Colonial house at Westfield; 10 very large rooms, rebuilt into a magnificent home with every convenience and luxury; big plot on a commanding hill; $12,000; $2,000 cash; also new house at $5,250; payments like rent. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

New house, sale or rent, Bloomfield, N. J.—Eight rooms, all improvements; large shade trees; good location; eight-minute walk to Lackawanna Station; four minutes to electric road; $5,400. Wm. R. Ward, 86 Beach St., Bloomfield, N. J.

Special Spring discount to inquiries this week for a Westfield plot, 100x100, near depot, close to many houses, &c.; on a hill; $10 cash, $8 monthly; be sure to send name this week. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Do not purchase a plot until you see one at Fanwood, right at the depot; all street improvements, very fine, very cheap, easiest terms; send name for map and free tickets. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

$4,000 buys 8-year-old 9-room house; 11 miles New York; 4 minutes depot; in beautiful residential section; modern improvements; steam heat, gas, electricity; must sell; easy terms. W. E. A., Room 1,209, 20 Broad St.

SURROGATE CITATION.

CUSHING, ELLEN.—The People of the State of New York, by the grace of God, free and independent.—To CATHERINE L. STEWARD, Cornelia M. Palmer, Mary F. De Forrest, and Catherine L. Steward, William G. DeWitt, and Mortimer Bishop, executors named in the last will and testament of ELLEN CUSHING, deceased, the heirs and next of kin of Ellen Cushing, late of the County of New York, deceased, send greeting:

Whereas, Catherine L. Steward of Irving, Marshall County, Kansas, and William G. DeWitt and Mortimer Bishop of the City of New York, have lately applied to the Surrogates' Court of our County of New York to have a certain instrument in writing, consisting of a will and one codicil thereto, both bearing date the eighth day of June, 1908, relating to both real and personal property, duly proved as the last will and testament of Ellen Cushing, late of the County of New York, deceased; therefore you and each of you are cited to appear before the Surrogate of our County of New York, at his office, in the County of New York, on the 26th day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, at half past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the probate of the said last will and testament.

And such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof we have caused the Seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York, to be hereunto affixed.

Witness, Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of our said County of New York, at said County, the 24th day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

[L.S.] JAMES M. DOWDNEY,
Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.

AUCTION SALES.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer

REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON
OFFICE NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.,
Wednesday, May 10th, 1911
at 12:30 o'clock, at the EXCHANGE SALESROOM, NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET, BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.

$3,000 Chicago & Northwestern R. R. sktg. fd. 5s, 1929.
$3,000 N. Y., Chi. & St. Louis R. R. 1st 4s, 1937.
$2,000 Chi., St. Paul, Minn. & Omaha R. R. Consol. 6s, 1930.
$2,000 Chi., St. Paul & Minn. R. R. 1st 6s, 1918.
$3,000 Long Island R. R. Consol. 5s, 1931.
585 shs. Patchogue Manufacturing Co.
25 shs. Plymouth Mills, N. Y.
40 shs. Central Park, North & East Rivers R. R. Co.
1 sh. Morris County Golf Club.
BY ORDER OF ADMINISTRATORS.
$21,000 Council Bluffs City Water Works Cons. 5s, 1948, Oct., 1903 coupons attached.
$20,000 Brooklyn Union Gas Co. 1st Consol. 5s, 1945.
100 shs. Railway Steel Spring common.
400 shs. Trampe Consolidated Mining Co.
1,730 shs. Batopilas Mining Co.
1,400 shs American Sugar Refining Co. common.
12 shs. Westchester Fire Insurance Co.
BY ORDER OF TRUSTEE.
6 shs. Procter & Gamble Co. common.
FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
50 shs. Nassau Trust Co. of Brooklyn.
$2,000 Commercial Mining & Milling Co. 6% bds.
25 shs. Guardian Trust Co. of N. Y.
1,833 1-3 shs. Estate of Chatham.
$114,000 New Orleans, Mobile & Chicago R. R. 1st and Refunding Mtge. 5 p. c. Bds., 1960.
106 shs. New Orleans, Mobile & Kansas City R. R. Prefd.
300 shs. Coal River Land Co.
100 shs. Gulf States Investment Co.
1,120 shs. Sundstrom & Stratton Co.
3,014 shs. Guarantee Realty & Development Co.
100 shs. Page-Hersey Iron Tube & Lead Co., Ltd., Common, (Hypd.)
$30,000 Consolidated Lithograph Co., Coll. Trust 5 p. c. 20-year Gold Bds., Trust Co. Receipt, (Hypd.)
10 shs. National Reserve Bank.
100 shs. Lawyers Westchester Mtge. & Title Co.
60 shs. Nassau Trust Co. of Brooklyn.
$1,000 City of Montgomery, Ala., 6% Bd., 1934.
$1,000 Columbia, S. C., Canal 6% Bd., 1919.
$5,000 Western N. Y. & Penn. Rwy. Co. 5% Ind. Mtg. Bds., 1943.
14 shs. Aetna Insurance Co. of Hartford.
$10,000 Newton Rwy. 5% Bds., 1924.
$10,000 Havana Tobacco 5% Bds., 1922.

TAKE NOTICE THAT BY VIRTUE OF A lien held by me as executrix of the estate of JULIUS D. ICHENHAUSER, deceased, against the following described property—works of art, consisting of stoneware of the 16th, 17th, and 18th centuries, Majolika & Fayence ware of the 16th and 18th centuries, glass vessels comprising a collection of ancient glass work, 20 stained glass panels, gilt silverware of the 14th, 16th, 17th, and 18th centuries, bronze and tin ware of the 16th century, boxwood carvings of the 16th century, paintings, and various antique sundries of the 16th, 17th, and 18th centuries—belonging to Hans E. C. Felix, who resides at 140 East 21st Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, and now in my possession, a catalogue of which may be obtained by application at the rooms of the Anglo-American Fine Arts Co., I will sell such personal property by James P. Silo, auctioneer, at public auction to the highest bidder to satisfy such lien at the salesrooms of the Anglo-American Fine Arts Co., No. 523 Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 8th day of May, 1911, at 11 A. M.

The above works of art are now on exhibition and may be seen between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5:30 P. M. on any day except Sundays prior to the sale at the salesrooms of the Anglo-American Fine Arts Co.

Dated New York, April 21, 1911.
DIAMANTE ICHENHAUSER,
As Executrix of the last will and testament of Julius D. Ichenhauser, deceased.

NOTICE OF SALE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY TO SATISFY LIEN.

TAKE NOTICE that the undersigned has a lien upon the following-described personal property and will, pursuant to the provisions of the lien law of the State of New York, sell the said personal property to satisfy said lien at public auction, to the highest bidder, on the 22d day of May, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon, at No. 29 East Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, in the city where said lien was acquired.

The property to be sold consists of one (1) black horse, one (1) roan horse, two (2) gray horses, three (3) sets of harness, and the name of the owner for whose account the same is held is The Elm Forwarding Company, a corporation, of No. 516 West 26th Street, New York City.

Dated New York City, May 5th, 1911.
CARLL SMITH'S SON,
JOSEPH K. SMITH, Proprietor,
Lienor, 29 East Street, New York City.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

(CONTRACT 63.)
CATSKILL AQUEDUCT.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, seventh floor, 165 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, May 16, 1911, for Contract 63, for the construction of a portion of the city tunnel of the Catskill aqueduct, a circular tunnel in rock 15 feet inside diameter, and about 21,200 feet long. From the northerly end of the work in Yonkers, about 200 feet north of the New York City line, between Jerome and Mt. Vernon Avenues, the tunnel line extends in a general southerly direction through the Borough of The Bronx, under Van Cortlandt Park and Jerome Park reservoir, and thence beneath the Old Croton aqueduct and Aqueduct Avenue to Burnside Avenue, near University Heights. Tunnel construction will be carried on through five shafts, spaced from 3,500 to 5,000 feet apart, and varying in depth from 215 to 240 feet.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders, and pamphlets of contract drawings can be obtained at the above address by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President,
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
JOSEPH P. MORRISSEY, Secretary.

(CONTRACT 65.)
CATSKILL AQUEDUCT.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, seventh floor, 165 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, May 16, 1911, for Contract 65, for the construction of a portion of the city tunnel of the Catskill aqueduct, a circular tunnel in rock, 15 feet and 14 feet inside diameter. From the northerly end of the work at Aqueduct and Burnside Avenues near University Heights, the tunnel line extends in a general southerly direction under Aqueduct and Lind Avenues, in the Borough of The Bronx, to the crossing under the Harlem River at 167th Street, near Highbridge, thence beneath Highbridge, St. Nicholas, and Morningside Parks and connecting streets, in the Borough of Manhattan, to Central Park near Eighth Avenue and West 99th Street. The work will be carried on through 7 shafts, spaced from 2,500 to 5,100 feet apart, and varying in depth from 260 to 475 feet.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders, and pamphlets of contract drawings can be obtained at the above address by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President,
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
JOSEPH P. MORRISSEY, Secretary.

(CONTRACT 66.)
CATSKILL AQUEDUCT.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, seventh floor, 165 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, May 16, 1911, for Contract 66, for the construction of a portion of the city tunnel of the Catskill aqueduct, a circular tunnel in rock, varying from 14 feet to 12 feet inside diameter. From the northerly end of the work in Central Park, near Eighth Avenue and West 99th Street, the tunnel line extends in a general southerly direction under Central Park, Sixth Avenue and Broadway to 14th Street, Union Square. The work will be carried on through 6 shafts, spaced from 2,300 to 4,550 feet apart, and varying in depth from 200 to 250 feet.

At the

FOR SALE.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
3 MONTHS FOR $5.00
and upwards. We also have them to sell. All makes. All prices. Latest models. Fully guaranteed. Liberal allowance for machines taken in exchange. Send for catalogue.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO.
345 Broadway, | 10 Barclay St.,
Cor. of Leonard St. | 7 Doors from B'way.
Tel. 5408 Franklin. | Tel. 6353 Cortlandt.

DESKS & OFFICE FURNITURE
NEW AND SLIGHTLY USED.
Budd & Co., 40 E. 20th St.
Telephone 2661 Gramercy.

High-Grade Office Furniture
desks, tables, partitions, telephone booths; new and slightly used, &c.; immense stock to select from. BUDD & CO., 73 Spring St. Tel. Spring 5483.

CLOTHES of DISTINCTION NO FIT NO PAY.
Special SUIT to ORDER $20. Value $30.
Grossman, 84 Nassau St., 1 flight up.

SCHOOLS.

The Berlitz School of Languages
MADISON SQUARE, (1122 BROADWAY).
Harlem Branch..343 Lenox Av., near 127th St.
Brooklyn " ..218-220 Livingston St.
Schools open all year. Catalogue on demand.

THE BROWN SCHOOL OF TUTORING
is now permanently located in its own building at 241 West 75th Street.
Students accomplish 3 to 4 years' work in one. Lessons at home or at the school. Telephone 8894 Columbus.

LOOKING FOR A SCHOOL OR CAMP? YOU CAN FIND THE SCHOOL WANTED by writing School Agency, M. 41 Park Row, N. Y.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of REPETTI COMPANY, bankrupt.—No. 14,525.—In bankruptcy.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt and all other parties in interest:

Notice is hereby given that the real estate and personal property belonging to the estate heretofore owned or controlled by the above-named bankrupt as a running business or otherwise, including bills and accounts receivable up to and including the date of passing the title of all the personal property of the bankrupt, exclusive of cash in the hands of the Trustee; and including the right, title, and interest of the Trustee in and to the good-will, processes, and trademarks, and also the right, in so far as the Trustee can convey the same, to the use of the name Repetti in connection with the manufacture and sale of products of the Repetti Company, and the right, title, and interest of the Trustee in all real estate belonging to the said bankrupt company, subject to all liens thereon, will be sold on open bid or bids as herein set forth, under the direction of Archibald Douglas, Trustee of the said bankrupt estate, at private sale at the office of John J. Townsend, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, Borough of New York, on the 16th day of May, 1911, at 2:00 o'clock in the afternoon.

A general description of the said property to be sold is as follows:

"All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the building erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of 124th Street, distant 140 feet easterly from the intersection of the easterly side of Fourth (now Park) Avenue and the southerly side of 124th Street, and running thence southerly parallel with Fourth (now Park) Avenue 100 feet and 11 inches to the middle line of the block between 123d and 124th Streets; thence easterly, along said line 25 feet one and one-half inch; thence northerly and again parallel with Fourth (now Park) Avenue, 100 feet and 11 inches to the southerly side of 124th Street; and thence westerly along the southerly side of 124th Street, 25 feet one and one-half inch to the point or place of beginning. The premises hereby conveyed being now known as 114 East 124th Street in said Borough of Manhattan."

Subject only to a mortgage of $20,000, with accrued interest at 5½% per annum from the 1st day of December, 1910, and also the right, title, and interest of the Trustee in the personal property of the said bankrupt contained in a 5-story factory building erected on said premises, fully equipped for the manufacture of chocolate preparations, chocolates, caramels, candies, and confections, and also including manufactured goods, materials used in manufacturing, machinery, utensils, boxes, office furniture and fixtures contained in said factory at No. 114 East 124th Street; and also the right, title, and interest of the Trustee in all of the following personal property: Horses, wagons, trucks, harnesses, etc.; also manufactured goods, show cases, counters, fixtures, boxes, fancy baskets and novelties, soda fountain and carbonator, ice cream plant, material used in the manufacture of ice cream and syrups in store at No. 2,125 Broadway (74th St.) and in store at No. 1,472 Broadway, (42d St.); also two soda water fountains and carbonators stored at John Matthews, Inc., No. 833 E. 26th St., together with fixtures, boxes, lumber, etc., stored in basement of No. 2,127 Broadway, and all other personal property of the bankrupt not hereinbefore mentioned.

Said personal property may be inspected at the factory of the bankrupt, No. 114 E. 124th Street, and at its store corner of 42d Street and Broadway, and at its store No. 2,125 Broadway, near 74th Street, and further particulars may be obtained by application to Archibald Douglas, Trustee, No. 280 Broadway, New York City, and to Walradt, Blaney & Hord, attorneys for the Trustee, No. 26 Liberty St., New York City.

Bids will be received for all of said property or for any portion thereof; any and all bids will be considered and any bids as may be approved by the court will on the date of the sale or thereafter be accepted, or such other and further action in reference to and sale of the assets of the estate in whole or in part, or any disposition of the assets or liabilities of the estate in whole or in part, as may to the referee seem proper and just, will be taken.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check for 10% of the amount bid, and bids for cash or on credit may be entertained at the option of the referee.

The contract between the Repetti Company and Automatic Vending Company for the sale and manufacture of chocolates and for advertising the products of the Repetti Company will be considered by the creditors and accepted or rejected or sold or reserved from sale.

All creditors and parties in interest are requested to attend at the time and place aforesaid and express themselves as to the rejection or acceptance of any and all bids.

The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of the said property from sale unless it brings at least 75% of the appraised value thereof and to reject any and all bids therefor.

Dated May 6, 1911.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
ARCHIBALD DOUGLAS,
Trustee, 280 Broadway, New York City.
WALRADT, BLANEY & HORD, Attorneys for Trustee, No. 26 Liberty Street, New York City.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of KANN TRADING CO., Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of a stock of human hair goods, puffs, curls, hair nets, glass ink wells, coloring machines, paper boxes, mica tubes, office fixtures, counters, desks, safe, cabinet, etc., will be sold at public auction by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at No. 215 Fourth Avenue, New York City, on May 12th, 1911, at 2 P. M. Said property may be inspected at the aforesaid address two days prior to the day of the sale, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Dated New York, May 5th, 1911.

CHARLES L. BROOKHEIM, Receiver.
ARTHUR LEONARD ROSENBERG, Atty. for Receiver, 100 Broadway, N. Y. City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of CLASM ENGINEERING COMPANY, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York, sells Saturday, April 29, 1911, by order of court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of two patents for blue printing machines, one being numbered 910,303, issued October 13, 1908, and one numbered 910,832, issued January 26, 1909.

H. & J. J. LESSER,
Attorneys for Trustee, 820 Broadway.
HENRY J. KRINSKY, Trustee.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FRANCIS C. OTT, Bankrupt.—No. 14,903.

To the creditors of Francis C. Ott of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the twenty-fifth day of April, A. D. 1911, the said Francis C. Ott was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the eighteenth day of May, A. D. 1911, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, May 1st, 1911.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 14,861.—ISAAC ALVIS, individually and as a member of the firm of H. S. BISCO & CO., Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Isaac Alvis, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 25th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 5th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, May 1st, 1911.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of ALFRED M. JUDSON, CHARLES Y. JUDSON, and PERCY W. SHERMAN, individually and as members of the firm of Judson & Judson, Bankrupts.

To Whom It May Concern:

Please take notice that an order was made by this Court on April 11th, 1911, and duly filed in the office of the Clerk of this Court on said day, directing all persons, firms, and corporations who have or assert any claims of any nature whatsoever to any stocks, bonds, or securities which are in the possession of A. Leo Everett, Esq., as Trustee in bankruptcy herein, or who have or assert any claims of any nature whatsoever to any sums of money, the proceeds of stocks, bonds, or other securities claimed as their property which may have come into the possession of the said A. Leo Everett as Trustee in bankruptcy herein, to file a verified claim thereto in the office of Hon. Seaman Miller, one of the referees in bankruptcy of this Court, at No. 2 Rector Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on or before the 9th day of May, 1911, and appointing the said Seaman Miller Special Master for the purpose of considering the said claims.

And you are further notified that the first hearing upon all claims which may be filed pursuant to the said order will be held before the said Special Master, will be held at the office of the said Special Master at No. 2 Rector Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on the tenth day of May, 1911, at three o'clock in the afternoon of the said day or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, and at that time and place the Trustee will move to dismiss the said claims.

Dated New York, April 19, 1911.

A. LEO EVERETT, Trustee.
PHILBIN, BEEKMAN, MENKEN & GRISCOM, Attorneys for Trustee, 52-54 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 14,763.—REGINA ZEISLER, formerly known as Regina Greenbaum, and ETHEL RODGERS, formerly known as Ethel Greenbaum, individually and as copartners under the firm name of GREENBAUM & RODGERS, Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that Regina Zeisler, formerly known as Regina Greenbaum, and Ethel Rodgers, formerly known as Ethel Greenbaum, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated April 27th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 5th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, May 1st, 1911.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JAMES FREEMAN BROWN COMPANY, Bankrupt.—No. 6,511.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 20th day of February, 1904, the above-named bankrupt was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and a first meeting of creditors was held March 24th, 1904, and trustee elected at said meeting; said trustee qualified and filed his bond; since then the trustee has filed his account and report and resignation as trustee herein, and the office of trustee being now vacant, a second first meeting of creditors will be held before me at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the eighteenth day of May, 1911, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, pass upon the resignation and account of the trustee herein, appoint a trustee, and transact such other and further business as may properly come before said meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, April 28th, 1911.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JACOB HESCHS and JOHN R. SEMPLE, copartners under name of HESCHS & SEMPLE, Bankrupts.—No. 14,-721.

To the creditors of Jacob Heschs and John R. Semple, copartners under name of Heschs & Semple, of the City, County, and State of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 31st day of March, A. D. 1911, the said Jacob Heschs and John R. Semple, copartners under name of Heschs & Semple, were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the 18th day of May, A. D. 1911, at 11:45 o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, May 1st, 1911.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of R. SCHLESINGER & CO., a New York Corporation, Bankrupt.—No. 14,751.

To the creditors of R. Schlesinger & Co., a New York Corporation, of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 28th day of February, A. D. 1911, the said R. Schlesinger & Co., a New York corporation, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the 18th day of May, A. D. 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, May 1st, 1911.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of R. SCHLESINGER & CO., a New York Corporation, Bankrupt.—No. 14,751.

To the creditors of R. Schlesinger & Co., a New York Corporation, of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 28th day of February, A. D. 1911, the said R. Schlesinger & Co., a New York corporation, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the 18th day of May, A. D. 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, May 1st, 1911.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ABRAHAM ZURICH, Bankrupt.—No. 14,977.

To the creditors of Abraham Zurich of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the twenty-second day of April, A. D. 1911, the said Abraham Zurich was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the eighteenth day of May, A. D. 1911, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, May 1, 1911.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MORRIS ROSEN, Bankrupt.—No. 13,038.

To the creditors of Morris Rosen of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the twenty-first day of May, A. D. 1910, the said Morris Rosen was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held before me at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the sixteenth day of May, A. D. 1911, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, May 2d, 1911.

NO. 14,599.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHN MATTHEWS, a corporation, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of John Matthews, a corporation, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 8th day of April, A. D. 1911, the said John Matthews, a corporation, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, New York City, on the 19th day of May, A. D. 1911, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, May 1st, 1911.

NO. 14,809.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL LEVY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Samuel Levy of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 4th day of April, A. D. 1911, the said Samuel Levy was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, New York City, on the 19th day of May, A. D., 1911, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
May 5, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 14,949.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HARRIS SEGALOWITZ, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Harris Segalowitz of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 1st day of May, A. D. 1911, the said Harris Segalowitz was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, New York City, on the 19th day of May, A. D. 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
May 5, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

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BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 14,964.—In THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ARON FREEDMAN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Aron Freedman of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 19th day of April, A. D. 1911, the said Aron Freedman was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, Room 1,575, Hudson Terminal Buildings, No. 50 Church Street, City and County of New York, on the 16th day of May, A. D. 1911, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
May 4th, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

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New York,	May 6, 9:30 A.M.	Baltic,	May 6, 11:00 A.M.
Minnewaska,	May 6, 12:00 Noon	Majestic,	May 10, 3:00 P.M.
Finland,	May 6, 10:00 A.M.	Cretic,	May 10, 12:00 Noon

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American Pier 62, N. R., 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
New York..May 6; June 3; July 1; July 29
Philadel'a..May 13; June 10; July 8; Aug. 5
St. Louis...May 20; June 17; July 15; Aug. 12
St. Paul...May 27; June 24; July 22; Aug. 19

Atlantic Transport
New York—London Direct. Pier 58, N. R.
Minnewaska..May 6; June 3; July 1; July 29
Minneapolis..May 13; June 10; July 8; Aug. 5
Minnetonka..May 20; June 17; July 15; Aug. 12
Minnehaha..May 27; June 24; July 22; Aug. 19

Red Star Pier 59, N. R., 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp
Finland....May 6; June 3; July 1; July 29
Kroonland..May 13; June 10; July 8; Aug. 5
Lapland...May 20; June 17; July 15; Aug. 12
Vaderland..May 27; June 24; July 22; Aug. 19
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New York—Queenstown—Liverpool
Baltic.....May 6; June 3; July 1; July 29
Celtic.....May 13; June 10; July 8; Aug. 5
Arabic.....May 20; June 17; July 15.....
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‡BULGARIA.....May 6, 2 P. M.
†AMERIKA.....May 11, 10 A. M.
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S. S. HAMBURG.....May 24, 2 P. M.
S. S. MOLTKE.....June 3
§S. S. BATAVIA.....June 21
§Will NOT call at Algiers.
Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.

TWO GRAND CRUISES "AROUND THE WORLD," etc.
Write for Booklets of All Cruises.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 Broadway, N.Y.

LONDON---PARIS---BREMEN
Express Steamers Sail Tuesdays, 10 A. M.
Kronprinz Wilhelm.....May 9
Kaiser Wilhelm II.....May 16
Kaiser Wm. der Grosse..May 23

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
Mediterranean Sailings on Saturdays.
OELRICHS & CO., Gen'l Agts., 5 Broadway, New York City.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
Furnessia...May 6, 3 PM| Columbia...May 20, noon
California..May 13, 9 AM| Caledonia..May 27, 9 AM
FIRST CABIN, $67.50 AND $72.50.
SECOND CABIN, $45 AND $47.50.
THIRD CLASS, $30 AND $31.25.
New Illus. Book of Tours mailed free.
HENDERSON BROTHERS. 17-19 Broadway.

ITALIAN,
FRENCH, GERMAN, SPANISH, ENGLISH
taught by Native Graduated Teachers.
Our "LOGICAL METHOD" enables pupils to use only the new language from the first lesson, and to learn thorough

Lost and Found

Mrs. L. H. Harpootlian, 569 West 150th Street, has recovered through an advertisement in The Times "lost" column a $300 diamond brooch lost by her on Saturday evening.

Upon discovering her loss Mrs. Harpootlian advertised in The Times. Monday brought her a letter from C. M. Sadler of 38 West Thirty-fourth Street, who had found the brooch.

The unusual finding of a lost $10 note is reported by E. C. Gray of 202 West Twenty-third Street. He placed an advertisement in The Times, and Wednesday he received a letter announcing that S. M. Ross of 255 West Seventeenth Street had lost it.

Advertisements in the Lost and Found columns of The New York Times are the best way of tracing losers or finders of valuables.

Any advertising agency, or telephone The New York Times, 1000 Bryant.

Lost

15c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—Between Atlantic City and Lakewood, between 10 A. M. and noon, Tuesday, May 2, from automobile, suitcase containing baby's clothing and some papers; suitable reward. N. H. Lyons, 288 Sterling Place, Brooklyn.

LOST—Wednesday evening, May 3, between East 66th St., Metropolitan Club, and New Amsterdam Theatre, straight diamond set clasp for end of dagger; liberal reward. Beebe, 60 Liberty St.

LOST—In Brooklyn, April 24, violin, Guadagnini model, and black leather case lined with red plush; reward and no questions asked if returned to 342 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

LOST—Tuesday matinee, at Folies Bergere, pair green enameled opera glasses, owner's name engraved on them. Mrs. Henry Steers, 22 East 47th St. Reward.

LOST—Tuesday evening, pearl sunburst., diamond centre; inscribed "From Emil, Eugene, and Richard" on back; reward. 65 West 68th.

LOST—In Subway, gold hunting case Waltham watch and chain; inscription in back; reward; positively no questions asked. J. B., 121 W. 91st.

LOST—Liberal reward for return of gold and blue enameled watch fob to T. D. Carman, The Outlook, 287 4th Av., New York.

LOST—On May 2, sterling silver match case. Finder will receive reward by returning same to 147 West 97th St.

LOST—Silver card case on chain, monogram L. R.; striped pattern; lost Friday afternoon. 856 West End Av.

LOST—Purse, keys, &c., gold watch, monogram I. E., gold fleur de lis pin. 596 Lexington Av.

LOST—Bar pin, cluster of diamonds in centre; reward. 5 West 95th St.

$100 REWARD.

For ring, sapphire and two diamonds, set flush in solid band of gold; lost about April 6, Park Av. and neighborhood of 58th St. Return to Black, Starr & Frost, 438 5th Av.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—Wednesday evening, neighborhood of 55th St. and Park Av., Boston bull terrier dog; brindle, white markings; license number 3,467. Please return to 51 East 55th St. Liberal reward; no questions.

LOST.—On May 5, strayed from Automobile Club, 54th St., near Broadway, small brown Pomeranian dog; answers to name of Pompom; $25 reward. Return to 4 East 65th St.

LOST—Orange Pomeranian or Spitz dog puppy; little white on chest and toes; pet of very sick child; liberal reward. Herbert Blume, 465 Prospect Place, Brooklyn.

LOST—Near 54th St., 5th Av., Boston brindle terrier; lame in front foreleg. Return to 30 West 54th St. Reward.

Found

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times

FOUND, May 4.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply Lost Property Room, 9 Morris St.: 2D AV. ELEVATED—Jewelry, books, gloves, powder, trousers. 3D AV. ELEVATED—Watch, wrist bag, books, papers, gloves, keys, beads, cigar case, slippers, tools, dry goods, lining, underwear, shirt, crockery, iron rod, signs, eggs, mesh bag, wall paper. 9TH AV. ELEVATED—Tin box, bracelet, satchel, cigars, manuscript, newspapers, gloves, book, envelopes, vest, frames, glove, keys, veil. 9TH AV. ELEVATED—Gloves, tin pail, steel. SUBWAY—Strap, umbrella, purse, eyeglasses, pin, charm, bracelet, lodge pin, buckle, books, gloves, shirts, keys, shoes, sugar, coffee, tin, coat hangers, whip, rule, lamp, level, piece rope.

FOUND, May 5.—NEW PENNSYLVANIA DEPOT. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.: Silver purse. EMIGRANTS' ROOM: Package. BAGGAGE ROOM: Cane. PENNSYLVANIA TRAIN, Pullman: Comb and brush, pajama coat, portable heater and cup, umbrella, toy dog, bag, pipe and tobacco.

FOUND, May 5.—PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Pair of gloves, package of brass, 1 umbrella, package of advertising matter. CORTLANDT ST. WAITING ROOM: Valise.

FOUND, May 5.—ERIE RAILROAD. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Package of medicine, package of shirts, package of clover cut seeds, blanket, gloves, portfolio containing silk samples, ladies' coat.

FOUND, May 5.—JERSEY CENTRAL RAILROAD. Apply Stationmaster, Jersey City, N. J. ON TRAINS, on the 2:11: Two umbrellas, 1 battery, package, blueprints. ON TRAINS, on the 3d: Four packages; on April 30th, leather grip.

FOUND, May 5.—NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: One memo. book, 2 packages, railroad ticket, umbrella, ring, pair of gloves, bankbook.

FOUND, May 5.—LONG ISLAND RAILROAD. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Two grips, 1 package.

FOUND, May 5.—LACKAWANNA RAILROAD. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Three packages, 1 suitcase.

FOUND, May 4.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN RAILROAD CO., (Hudson Tubes.) Apply 137 Christopher St.: Sheet music, bundle, box, package, purse, gloves, 2 satchels, 2 books.

For Sale

30c. a line 1 time; 85c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Slightly used office furniture from Carnegie Trust Company, desks, chairs, tables, adding machines, typewriters, filing cabinets, time clocks, mimeographs, multigraphs, neostyles, bookcases. NATHAN'S, White St. and West Broadway.

Rare Chance.—For sale, woodwork, mantels, complete, of several rooms, fine gas fixtures and ornaments, plumbing, &c., of a magnificent 5th Av. house; no dealers; can be seen by appointment. Address, Box 125, 1,364 Broadway.

For Sale.—Two printing presses, hand or power; also lot of shafting and pulleys; sell cheap, account moving. Call 2 to 4, Saturday. Argus Manufacturing, 147 West Broadway, city.

Desks, partitions, telephone booths, tables, chairs, wardrobes, mirrors, wall fixtures, business furniture all kinds. Finn Bros., 59-63 Franklin. 358 Broadway.

Exceptionally gorgeous silk embroidered coat, (Mandarin,) Japanese, never worn. 480 West 119th St., Apartment 31.

For Sale.—A Burroughs adding machine, slightly used; will sell cheap. L 117 Times.

Six horses, two trucks, and a business. Peter Schmidt, 2,415 8th Av., city.

Agents Wanted

30c. a line 1 time; 85c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

AGENTS.—We have the best proposition that any house can offer; something new; immense sales and big profits; send for particulars. River View Press, D2, Quincy, Ill.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

AFTERNOON EMPLOYMENT
WOMEN'S AND MISSES' SUITS.
R. H. MACY & CO. require several experienced saleswomen for their Women's and Misses' Suit Departments from 12 o'clock noon to 6 P. M. daily; permanent positions open only to those whose circumstances make afternoon employment desirable. Applications received at office of the General Manager from 8:30 A. M. to 5 P. M.

AN EXCELLENT OPENING for capable woman selling or recommending Spencer corsets; permanent; salary and commission or straight commission. 13 West 38th St.

AN experienced demonstrator on jewelry for New York City. Apply, stating experience, wages, &c., to G. L. Slade, 36 Garnet St., Providence, R. I.

DRESSMAKER wants helpers and finishers. Milmoe, 150 West 104th St. Telephone 3832 River.

GIRL wanted, for upstairs work in private house; willing to help in washing; wages $20. 317 West 24th St.

NEAT-APPEARING, educated young woman to interview ladies of the motoring world; leads furnished; compensation according to ability. Apply 9:30 to 11 A. M., Room 1,518, 79 5th Av.

NEAT Irish woman as good, plain cook and laundress. 195 West 86th St.; 4 to 6; references required.

OPERATORS.
R. H. MACY & CO. require experienced slip cover operators. Apply at office of General Manager.

SALESWOMEN.
R. H. MACY & CO. have vacancies in various departments throughout the store for competent, experienced saleswomen. Apply at office of General Manager.

SUITS.
R. H. MACY & CO. require competent, experienced saleswomen for their Women's and Misses' Suit Departments. Apply at office of General Manager.

WANTED—Quick, neat sewers to assist in small workroom. Telephone Madison Square —2404.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,

FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

WATCHMAKER.—Jewelry workroom requires a first-class watchmaker accustomed to fine work; splendid opportunity for permanent position to applicants who can qualify. Apply by mail or in person to Superintendent.

AUTO MECHANICS for cab and truck repairs; steady work. W. Erskine, 217 East 43d St.

BUSHELMEN.
R. H. MACY & CO. require competent, experienced bushelmen on men's clothing. Apply at office of General Manager.

EXPERIENCED SHOE SALESMAN wanted. Frank Bros., 224 5th Av.

MACHINISTS.—WANTED FIRST-CLASS MACHINISTS AND DIE-MAKERS, WHO CAN FURNISH GOOD REFERENCES FROM THEIR LAST TWO EMPLOYERS; ONLY MEN SEEKING STEADY AND PERMANENT EMPLOYMENT NEED APPLY. E. W. BLISS CO., 17 ADAMS ST., BROOKLYN.

SALESMEN, clerks, and others who will make a systematic canvass among their acquaintances or business men during spare time can build up a large income. Mr. McFarland, 47 Cedar St.

SALESMAN WANTED.—Experienced traveler to cover Middle West; also one for Eastern territory with line of art needle work and fancy linens, &c. A. & P., 458 Broadway.

SALESMEN—Choice Westbury, L. I., lots, centrally located; cheap; liberal commission; easy sellers; close depot, trolley; forenoon. Westbury Terrace, 115 Broadway.

SALESMEN.—Men over 25 to act as salesmen and collectors; must come well recommended; good paying, steady position. 277 Broadway, Room 601; ask for Mr. Routh.

SALESMEN (2) wanted, over 25, of good education and address, for out-of-town work. Shuman Co., 156 5th Av.

UPHOLSTERY.
R. H. MACY & CO. require experienced, competent upholsterers; also slip cover cutters. Apply at office of General Manager.

U. S. NAVY offers special advantages to MACHINISTS; no marine experience necessary. Also oilers, firemen, and coal passers; U. S. citizens only. Apply 80 South St., city.

WANTED—Young man, with executive ability to assist in the supervision of a department of 400 boys; must have a high school education. Apply to Mr. Schapiro, Orphan Asylum, 150th St. and Broadway.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Quick, correct figurer; understands office work; best references. Clerical, F 209 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Good knowledge stenography, moderate salary; best references; wishes position. Stenographer, 89 Delancey St.

LADY GOING ABROAD wishes to place her waitress and chambermaid; both highly recommended; can be seen at 31 East 57th St.

MANAGING HOUSEKEEPER.—Position of trust; fond of children; executive, industrious, and amiable. L 167 Times.

SECRETARY.—An intelligent secretary to author; literary work. Chartres, H 23 Times.

SEVERAL YOUNG GIRLS, 14 to 16 years old, would like positions in stores where they can begin as stock girls and where they can advance to saleswomen. Address F. B., Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; refined young woman of executive ability, rapid typist, versed office routine, wishes position with first-class firm; salary, $15; references. F 235 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, four years' experience, desires position where neatness, accuracy, intelligence, are desired; best reference from last employer; $12. F 236 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, spells and punctuates well, typewrites neatly and quickly; understands office work; references; salary, $8. F 237 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; accurate and thoroughly reliable; references furnished. F 233 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; well educated; given opportunity will prove ability. E 317 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Educational; three years' experience in general lines; moderate salary. F 210 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; any kind dictation, technical, &c. F 211 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; excellent education; best references; salary $8. F 206 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—18; some experience; references for exceptional perfect transcriptions; $8. E 318 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; very best references; $10. F 207 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—First-class; handle any work, however technical; unquestionable references. F 208 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

A.—ACCOUNTANT, certified, seeks part-time bookkeeping; same careful, scientific attention as to systematizing or auditing. Sper, Room 706, 56 Liberty St.

ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED.
All branches of work.
Moderate charges.
Room 501, 320 Broadway. Phone Worth 1818.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Examine accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up, makes up profit-loss, business statements. George Christie, 863 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ADVERTISING MAN, who has made a success on jewelry novelties and other specialties, using New York City and class publications, wishes position as last employers place no copy in Summer; reliable, industrious, and fertile in practical plans for business; age, 32; sixteen years in New York. F 244 Times Downtown.

A LONDON GENTLEMAN of education and ability desires a position to do newspaper or litrerary work; moderate salary. P 94 Times.

AMERICAN, 28, executive ability, understands accounts; English stenographer; two years Brazil; speaks, writes Portuguese, French, German. Address, Brazil Development, D 291 Times Downtown.

A1 OFFICE MAN, accountant, correspondent, bookkeeper and stenographer; unquestioned references, bond; young Southerner desires position where merit will win. L 68 Times.

BOOKKEEPING simplified; office systematizer; services to firms not employing regular bookkeeper; day or evening; moderate charge. Expert, F 209 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, reliable, experienced, and thoroughly competent; best references for honesty, sobriety, etc. L. C. D., 327 West 26th.

BUTLER, first class, highly recommended, wishes position in private family, can be seen at present place of employment, 11 East 86th St.

BUTLER.—Chinese young man wishes position in private family; houseman. F 286 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR.—Aged 26; reliable, steady; for city, country; reasonable salary. Vallario, 103 West 103d St.

COACHMAN.—A gentleman whose family is going abroad seeks situation for coachman; no faults; trustworthy. Apply by letter, 26 West 10th St.

COACHMAN.—A gentleman giving up horses wishes to place his first-class coachman. Address S., 14 East 57th St.

COLLECTOR who can collect desires position with first-class business house; 4 years' experience and A1 references. F 238 Times Downtown.

COLLEGE MAN wishes charge of party abroad after June 1; experienced tutor in languages; familiar with Europe, including interesting places neglected by large tours. L 170 Times.

DETECTIVE takes day's pay, city, country; confidential service. Wagner, 1,243 Lexington Av., New York.

FOREMAN.—All around man; real estate or builder; all references. Rutz, 927 Grant Av., Bronx.

IRISHMAN, 23 years, single, desires position as second gardener with private family; has had 4 years' experience on other side; is thoroughly acquainted with both flowers and vegetables; desires permanent position if he gives entire satisfaction; can furnish the best of references from employers in New York. L 159 Times.

NATIONAL FIRM wants to get opening for young man who has been their office boy for years and is capable and competent for bigger work; good appearance and business education; reliable and energetic; the present employers indorse in every way and use this method to get the boy advanced. L 162 Times.

PRIVATE SECRETARY.—Experienced correspondent; expert stenographer and accountant; previously employed in financial district of New York City; highest personal character, and best references guaranteed; salary $25-$30. Address B. H. D., 38 Vernon Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

PROOFREADER.—Experienced works of reference, geographical, historical, medical; thorough French, German, Latin. L 116 Times.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT.—Benno Phillipson, 21 White St. Telephone 8178 Franklin.

SECRETARY.—Literary ability; quick at figures, excellent bookkeeper, and a highly capable correspondent; abundant energy and perseverance; power of organization; excellent references. Address L 137 Times.

SWEDE wishes position with gardener; speaks English. H. Pearson, 330 West 17th St.

YOUNG MAN, 20 years of age, experienced in office work, has selling ability, seeks position as salesman or in office; can furnish first-class references. L 154 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24; ability; college graduate; excellent experience; desires position of responsibility in or out of town. R. F., 337 East 18th St.

Situations Wanted
Employment Bureaus

20c. a line 1 time; 55c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS. High-Grade Office Helpers Office Service Co. (Agency) 50 Pine St. Tel. 3425 John

Domestic.

BUTLER.—Swedish; competent, reliable; excellent references; city or country; $60. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

COMPETENT HELP.—All trades supplied. Riverside Employment Agency, 12 West 99th. Phone 1538 Riverside.

COOK.—Swedish; careful, clean, competent; no washing; country or city; good references; $30. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HELP. — Select colored help furnished. City, country. Middlesex Employment Agency, 81 West 132d St., 6370—Harlem.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, chambermaids; good references; city, country. Henderson's, 110 West 134th St. Telephone 486—Morningside.

INSTANT RELIEF EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 131 West 133d St. Telephone 7288 Morningside. Male, female help; colored.

MRS. LARSON'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY for select help, with first-class references, 53-51 East 125th St., corner Madison Av. Tel., Harlem—4283.

NURSE.—Fond of children; experienced; good references; city or country; $25. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

OLD DOMINION AGENCY, 88 WEST 134TH.—Bond, $1,000; guarantee A1 colored help. 1110 Harlem.

SHEPHERD AGENCY, 107 West 133d St.; tel. 6016 Morningside.—Domestic help furnished; male, female; references.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., NEAR WALDORF.

CATCH THE EYE.

AROUSE CURIOSITY.

AWAKEN A DESIRE TO SEND POSTAL FOR

ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET.

THEN MAKE GOOD.

$20 per week for two people includes cheerful, large, newly furnished electric lighted outside room, with pretty tiled private bathroom and forty-two delicious meals; delightfully situated in the metropolitan zone, within 35 minutes of Broadway. No ferries. No Subway. Splendidly appointed; palm room, smoking room, billiard room.

$28 for two people per week includes all of above accommodations and a parlor and private telephone added. There are special rates.

Instead of visiting twenty boarding houses to learn their prices range from $35 to $45 for exactly similar accommodations, come directly to us. Remember the above are our lowest rates and the hours are only 35 minutes from Broadway. We make no charge whatsoever for our services. Address or call Information Bureau, Room 1,814, No. 303 5th Av.

5TH AV., 46.—Beautiful small front room, second floor; excellent board; table guests accommodated; references.

20-22-33 WEST 16TH ST.
Large rooms, well furnished; excellent board; telephone.

46TH, 360 WEST.—Rooms, large, small; invalids, elderly people; attendance graduate nurse; private house.

47TH ST., 58 WEST.—Large room, private bath; also small room; telephone exclusive.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms; private baths; house, table strictly first-class; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Large and single rooms; references.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; references.

57TH ST., 319 WEST.—Rooms, single or en suite; private baths; near Subway, "L," and surface cars; table boarders.

58TH ST., 133-135 WEST.—Large, small, sunny rooms; near "L," Subway; parlor dining; board optional.

68TH ST., 70 WEST.—Large room; gentlemen only; also parlor floor; fine location; excellent table.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Large rooms; superior table; high-class house; all conveniences; telephone; references.

68TH ST., 70 WEST.—Large room, gentlemen only; also parlor floor; fine location; excellent table.

69TH ST., 129 WEST.—Handsomely furnished square front room; running water; also hall room; excellent parlor dining; refined. Telephone 59—Columbus.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large, single room; running water; telephone in room; references.

72D ST., 131 WEST.—Large front rooms, private bath; southern exposure; single room; table guests.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Phone 1336—Columbus. Large, small rooms; board; table guests accommodated; references.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Attractive single rooms; table guests accommodated; home cooking; reasonable; references.

76TH ST., 239 WEST.—Newly furnished, decorated, single and double, private bath, hot water; parlor dining; excellent table; table guests; telephone; Gentiles.

76TH ST., 105 WEST.—Rooms, with board; high-class; telephone; references; table guests accommodated.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large rooms, with board, adjoining bath; table guests; references.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Desirable single room; parlor dining; references required.

80TH ST., 141-143 WEST.—Handsome parlor floor, private bath; large, medium, sunny rooms; references.

80TH ST., 159-162 WEST.—Pleasant rooms; every convenience; ideal location; Subway, L; parlor dining room.

80TH ST., 154 WEST—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; superior table board; near Subway; reasonable.

81ST, 116 WEST.—Large, desirable room for gentlemen; strictly high-class board; references necessary.

81ST ST., 147 WEST.—Large, airy rooms, private bath, in exclusive house; meals optional; references.

81ST ST., 118 WEST.—Large southern room, bath, suitable for couple; single room; table guests.

81ST ST., 138 WEST.—In refined Jewish home, first-class room, board; table guests accommodated.

82D ST., 50 AND 52 WEST.—Attractive, newly decorated rooms, with first-class board; private baths; electric light; telephone.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—Newly furnished large room, private bath; Summer rates; parlor dining room.

83D 11 WEST.—Large, small, or connecting rooms, front parlor; excellent table.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant room; handsomely furnished; private bath; every convenience; telephone; superior board.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Large, small rooms; elegant Summer location; baths; first-class home cooking.

94TH ST., 65 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large front room, excellent board; table guests; telephone; references.

100TH ST., 237 WEST.—Large front room; home cooking; table guests; select neighborhood.

104TH ST., 29 WEST.—Large, comfortable rooms; superior board; refined surroundings; table guests; phone.

114TH ST., 528 WEST.—Large, light rooms, with or without board; refined home; near Columbia University; special Summer rates.

117TH ST., 417 WEST.—Modern private residence; southern exposure; one block from Broadway, overlooking Morningside Park; very quiet; beautiful double room, running water; smaller room also; immaculately kept; delicious cooking; references exchanged; Subway, elevated expresses; telephone.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms in newly furnished apartment; Southern cooking, daintily served.

149TH ST., 544 WEST. (The Audubon.)—A beautiful, healthy location, near Broadway, famous Riverside Drive; first-class rooms, board; extremely low rates.

156TH ST., 540 WEST.—Pleasant rooms, with first-class table board; every home comfort; block from Subway; private house. 'Phone 4678 Audubon.

ACROPOLIS HOTEL, 519 West 128d.—Singly or en suite; American and European plan; table board.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 258-260 West 44th St.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service; baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone 793 Bryant.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 718 (Washington Heights, near 145th St.)—Desirable rooms with excellent board.

THE CAMBRIA.
55th St., 347 West.; restaurant; thoroughly good home table of American cooking, with good service.

A.—THE EARLE.
Waverley Place, 103.—Beautifully furnished room, with private bath; excellent meals; central location.

A.—47TH AV.—Second-floor suites, with baths; single rooms; parlor dining room; small tables; transients and table guests accommodated.

East Side.

16TH ST., 132 EAST.—Large, small adjoining rooms; elegant board; every accommodation; southern exposure; references.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; exceptionally good board; telephone.

49TH ST., 9 EAST.—Large room with board; hall room vacant soon; references.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Rooms; excellent board optional; elevator; Summer engagements at reduced rates.

MADISON, 694-696, 23 East 63d.—Second floor, large rooms, $18 to $22, two persons, with board; single rooms, $8-$10.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE HEIGHTS, 5.—Overlooking water; most accessible locality Greater New York; Subway five minutes; Wall St. and Broadway, twenty; seaside; rooms, apartments, furnished, unfurnished; neighborhood, house, high-class; table choicest products New York markets. 'Phone 905 Main.

SOUTH ELLIOTT PLACE, 78, BROOKLYN.—Large and small rooms; first-class board; Summer rates; convenient to Subway and cars.

MONROE PLACE, 1, (Corner Clark.)—Exceptionally fine rooms; spotless; convenient to Subway and bridge.

Country Board

20c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

THE HALL, GLEN COVE, L. I.
Within commuting distance of New York; large wing; absolutely fireproof; rooms, with bath; steam heat; private bathing beach and dock; tennis courts; opens May 27; references. Address 53 Irving Place, New York. Tel., 2123 Stuy.

Party of adults or a family with children can find board with private family on a farm near Bath, Me. Large airy rooms, modern improvements, dairy and garden. Address Wilson McNear Wright, Bonnie Brae, Woolrich, Me.

Columbia, Butler, N. J., (Erholungsheim.)—Kneipp-water, massage; generation cures, etc. Ideal spot for restseekers. (Circular.)

CASTLETON AV., 999.—Large, airy rooms; high grounds; shade, piazzas; trolleys pass door; references.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 25.—Refined surroundings; beautiful, large front rooms; running water, bath; breakfast optional.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.—Elegantly furnished sunny rooms, single or en suite, for people seeking superior accommodations; private home.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Very pleasant room; modern; conveniences; telephone; also small single room; $2.50.

14TH ST., 337 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; large and small; all improvements; breakfast. B. B.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

36TH ST., 146 WEST.—Front basement, kitchen privileges; double, single rooms; running water; breakfast; telephone.

36TH ST., 38 WEST.—Large, small rooms, adjoining bath; breakfast optional; references required.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable hall room; large closet, bath, phone; private house; $5.

42D ST., 300 WEST.—Large and medium; outside; running water; two flights; reasonable. Rowland's bell.

46TH ST., 74 WEST.—Nice, airy, single, double rooms; 'phone; baths; running water; private house.

48TH ST., 107 WEST.—Elegantly furnished connecting rooms; bath; single, en suite; first-class house.

52D ST., 238, west of Broadway.—Nicely furnished rooms; beautifully located; light, with bath; rent reasonable.

52D ST., 238, west of Broadway.—Nicely furnished rooms; beautifully located; light, with bath; rent reasonable.

56TH ST., 68 WEST.—Desirable rooms, single or en suite; near Park; breakfast; references. Delacy.

60TH ST., 22 WEST.—Parlor bedroom; bath; $30-$50 month; meals; Subway; hotel service.

56TH ST., 345 WEST.—Large and small nicely furnished rooms; running water; baths; $4 upward.

64TH ST., 119 WEST.—Attractive, homelike rooms, with or without bath; all improvements; Summer rates.

65TH ST., 59 WEST.—Front room, elevator apartment; running water; telephone; steam heat; $5. Hart.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

69TH ST., 65 WEST.—Large rooms, with, without bath; southern exposure; airy, electric light; telephone.

70TH ST., 128 WEST.—Large single room with hot and cold water; references exchanged.

71ST ST., 243 WEST.—Large front room; conveniences; small room also; private house; 'phone; reasonable.

71ST ST., 116 WEST.—Desirable large front rooms with board; reference; telephone.

72D ST., 302 WEST, Near Riverside.—Extremely pleasant large room; parquet floor; running water; phone; Subway; gentlemen.

72D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable one, two room suites; high-class accommodations; table guests desired.

73D ST., 166 WEST.—Attractive rooms, large and medium; southern exposure; baths; Subway, elevated stations.

74TH ST., 106 WEST.—Large rooms; attractively furnished; single or en suite; also medium, reasonable.

74TH ST., 104 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large, small rooms; bath; all conveniences; 'phone; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room in first-class neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 104 WEST.—High-class light, airy rooms, nicely furnished; all modern improvements; telephone.

76TH ST., 59 WEST.—Bright rooms in high-class apartment; reasonable; telephone; all conveniences. Mathewson.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Medium-sized front room; hot and cold water; gentlemen; references.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Second story, en suite or single; also medium room; private house; references.

78TH ST., 114 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large and single rooms; bath adjoining; all conveniences; reasonable.

81ST ST., 135 WEST.—Very desirable large and small room; Summer rates; elevated, subway; telephone.

81ST ST., 169 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; special inducement for Summer. Osborn.

82D ST., WEST.—Single room, parlor, partial use of kitchen; references. Telephone 8273—Schuyler.

83D ST., 55 WEST.—Large and small room, suitable for three gentlemen; board optional; moderate.

84TH ST., 111 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable large front room, adjoining bath; refined; Summer rates. Anderson.

86TH ST., 126 WEST.—With private bath, electric lights, telephone; best references required.

87TH ST., 209 WEST.—Parlor and bedroom; private family; all conveniences; block from Subway. Brown.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Lovely, clean rooms, near Park; "L," Subway; select house; all conveniences; telephone.

92D ST., 76 WEST.—Pretty front room, independent entrance, $4; large parlor bedroom, piano. Scholes.

93D "L."—Large room, handsomely furnished, private house; only gentlemen; references. Telephone 5767 Riverside.

93D ST., 69 WEST.—Two connecting rooms; all conveniences; elevator; telephone. Dodge.

93D ST., 69 WEST.—Bedroom and parlor, all conveniences, telephone, elevator. Dodge.

94TH ST., 41 WEST.—Very pleasant room; modern; conveniences; telephone; also small single room; $2.50.

95TH, 50 WEST.—Near Park, L, Subway express; only few accommodated; board optional; references.

95TH ST., 145 WEST.—Large, sunny front room; running water; private house.

102D ST., 802 WEST.—Private house; large, comfortable furnished room, with bath; suitable for bachelors or married couple; select neighborhood; near Riverside Drive.

107TH ST., 210 WEST.—Large front room; ample closets; $7; elevator apartment; Southerners; references. Moncure.

108TH ST., 201 WEST.—Large front room, adjoining bath; private family; reasonable; telephone, electricity; references.

112TH ST., 504 WEST—Two rooms, 8th floor, full southern exposure; special privileges for Summer. Near Riverside, Subway and elevated. Clarke,

114TH ST., 508 WEST.—Apartment 62; elegant room in magnificent new elevator apartment; gentlemen.

118TH ST., 414 WEST.—Large, bright, front room; small room; kitchen privilege; transients accommodated. Smith.

118TH ST., 419 WEST.—Large, small rooms; southern exposure; references. After 12 o'clock, Apartment 10.

119TH ST., 430 WEST.—Cozy room in refined widow's home; exceptional; elevator; references. Apartment 31.

119TH ST., 420 WEST.—Sunny rooms, kitchen; beautiful view; elevator; telephone; restaurant; Subway; Apartment 21.

119TH ST., 420 WEST.—Fine room, southern exposure; large closets; elevator, bath, telephone; Subway. Apt. 29.

121ST ST., 170 WEST.—Cool corner, newly furnished; conveniences; telephone; Summer rates; $3-$5. Hungerford.

122D ST., 540 WEST. (Corner Broadway.)—Very attractive outside rooms; elevator, telephone; references. Apartment 61.

122D ST., 514 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Large, high-class room, single, double, electricity. Kenyon.

122D ST., 523 WEST.—Beautiful suite, light housekeeping; showers, baths; single rooms, $3. Carter.

123D ST., 348 WEST.—Unusual opportunity for single person or married couple seeking quarters in elegantly furnished private house; Summer rates. Phone 634 Morningside.

123D ST., 541 WEST.—Comfortable, sunny room; conveniences; 'phone; Broadway Subway; Summer rates. Hunt.

124TH ST., 541 WEST.—A look at my $3 rooms costs you nothing. Apartment 34.

135TH ST., 601 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Sunny room near Subway station and Riverside; elevator. Bolduan.

136TH ST., 144 WEST.—Elegant large bed and dressing room; bath; 'phone; near Subway; gentlemen; reference; private family.

137TH ST., 611 WEST.—Rooms facing River; hotel conveniences, home comforts, ideally combined; references. Pierson.

138TH ST., 628 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room, running water; private house; bath, shower; subway; reasonable.

157TH ST., (Washington Heights.)—Subway; dining room; telephone 203 Audubon.

173D ST., 538 WEST.—Neat room; running water; bath; private house; gentlemen.

ARGYLE, 128D, 524 WEST.—Beautiful furnished rooms; Broadway Subway and Hudson; 'phone 987 Morn.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

BROADWAY, 1,738.—Single room, next bath, in exclusive apartment house; newly decorated; electric light; $4 weekly; gentlemen only; board optional. Franklin.

BROADWAY, 1,738.—Room, with private bath, in exclusive apartment house; newly decorated; electric light; to gentlemen only; board optional. Franklin.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 410—Nicely furnished room, telephone, piano, for refined party, reference. Fisher.

1.—1.—Exceptional accommodations for gentlemen in private house with owner; no other roomers; one or two handsomely furnished rooms with private bath, or entire floor with two baths; reasonable for Summer; references. 63 West 46th St.

HAMILTON PLACE, 97, (Near 142d.)—Neat, clean room; private family; bath adjoining; telephone. Apartment 15.

IN PRIVATE HOUSE, A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOM. 115 WEST 82D STREET.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 20.—Elegantly furnished outside rooms, facing Morningside Park; every convenience; reasonable. Waters.

SEVEN ROOMS and foyer, overlooking Hudson River; will make big concessions till Oct. 1. The Antlers, 603 West 111th St., eighth floor.

TWO LARGE, light, airy rooms in private house, to refined business woman or couple; references exchanged; University Heights section, West Bronx. G, Box 25 Times.

VERY LARGE, cool room, suitable for two bachelors; bath, telephone, electric light; special Summer price. B., 350 West 71st St.

WEST END AV. (cor. 94th St.)—Attractive outside room; high-class apartment; southern exposure; breakfast optional; private family; references. T

BROKAW BROTHERS

ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

It's easy for a man to find a Suit or Overcoat in our stock which will fit as well as any a high priced custom tailor can make.

Our large stock permits of great freedom in the selection of a suitable style and color.

Our woolens, tailoring and styles are the best.

Sack Suits.....$18 to $45
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ESTAB OVER HALF A CENTURY

The SHIRT of a GENTLEMAN

GOTHAM MFG. CO.

Smart, - Perfect Fitting MADE BY Gotham Mfg. Co. Fifth Ave. Bldg., Madison Sq. West. NEW YORK CITY

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A new Red-Man collar made with "strapped seams." A collar with this seam wears longer, launders smoother.

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2 FOR 25 CENTS.

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SURPRISE AND DELIGHT YOUR FAMILY FOLKS

CHIANTI MORI-TOCCI, Red.
Case of 12 qts. $6.50
" 24 pts. 7.00

CAPRI TIBERIO-TOCCI, White.
Case of 12 qts. 7.00
" 24 pts. 7.50

LOCRI-OLD CALABRIAN, Red.
Case of 12 qts. $12.00

ALEATICO MORI-TOCCI, Red.
Sweetest dessert wine
Case of 12 qts. $14.00
" 24 pts. 15.00

CAMPI FLEGREI, Red,
Superb table wine in barrels of 26 gallons, $32.50 per barrel.

VIRGIN OLIVE OIL MORI-TOCCI.
None equal in existence. Pure. Sweet. Best restorer for stomach and bowels.
1 gall. can $4.00. ½ $2.10. ¼ $1.20.

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Style & Value Guaranteed
Middlemen's Profits Saved
The smartest soft hats you ever saw

Jaunty Troopers, $1.90 & $2.90
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Tweed Golf Caps, 50c & 95c
Wide Brim Derby, $1.90 & $2.90
Flexible or Stiff, Black or Brown
Why pay $3.00 to $4.00 elsewhere?

An Appeal for Hope Farm

VERBANK, Dutchess Co., N. Y.

WE are at present caring for 170 children on one farm of 600 acres. Most of these boys and girls come through the Juvenile Courts of this city. Our cottages are crowded to their utmost limit. Will you enable us to provide for more of these waifs and strays and help us in trying to make good citizens of them?

Checks payable to W. A. Greer, Treas., 209 East 42d St., N. Y. City.

The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.

Grape-Nuts

FOR THOSE WHO LIVE BY BRAIN WORK.

MAN WHO HELPED MAKE THE CHARTER

Financial Provisions, Credited to Frank W. Smith, Mentioned in "Letters to the Boss."

OTHER AUTHORS DISOWN IT

Prendergast Tells Committee It Was Drawn to Place Power Without Responsibility in Mayor's Hands.

The paternity of the provisions of the Gaynor city charter relating to the Finance Department, which take most of the auditing powers away from the Controller and confer them upon the Corporation Counsel, was established yesterday. At a hearing before the Joint Committee on Cities of the Senate and Assembly in the Aldermanic Chamber at City Hall it came out that Frank W. Smith, who used to be head bookkeeper in the Controller's office, shaped the provisions, acting in conjunction with assistants of Corporation Counsel Watson. This disclosure came through Smith's own eager advocacy of his handiwork before the legislative committee.

Although he is now clerk of the Court of Special Sessions in Brooklyn, he has appeared at both the hearings at which the Finance Department sections have been considered, strong in his criticisms of the administrations of Controller Prendergast and zealous to have the auditing power stripped from the Controller and turned over to the Corporation Counsel. The first day his appearance attracted some attention, but yesterday, in an argument intended as an answer to Mr. Prendergast's attack on the Gaynor charter, he wanted to know who the Controller was that he should criticise the work of men of twenty years' experience in matters relating to the Finance Department, and then he remarked that he had himself served upward of nineteen years in the Controller's office. This started an inquiry, and eventually the admission was gained from a prominent official in the Mayor's Cabinet that the assistants in the Corporation Counsel's office had "conferred" with Frank W. Smith in framing the Finance Department sections.

Smith in "Boss Letters."

But what attracted the greatest degree of attention was the recollection of the circumstances under which Smith left the Finance Department. His service there had been peaceful save in the 1907 panic, when drafts were made by somebody upon the sinking funds of the city to pay certain contractors who were hard pressed for cash. In December, 1909, however, The Morning American published the famous series of "Letters to a Boss," which comprised various communications sent to Charles F. Murphy at Mount Clemens, Mich., after the close of the last municipal campaign. One of these letters was from Charles C. Hughes, editor of The Realty Journal, and in that letter Mr. Hughes remarked:

"You will notice that I am making a fight for Frank W. Smith. You must have a man like Frank Smith on the inside to keep you posted as to the Prendergast administration."

Controller Prendergast had a lot of fun with the finance department provisions of the charter at yesterday's hearing. He likened the charter to Topsy "who wasn't born but just growed," and recounted some of the disclaimers already made, including Mayor Gaynor's of responsibility for it.

The Charter Disowned.

"Corporation Counsel Watson," said Mr. Prendergast, "has admitted that many of the provisions ought to be changed. His Honor the Mayor yesterday in the Board of Estimate said it was not his charter. Mr. McNulty of Mr. Watson's office, who admittedly has spent more time on it than any one else, said last week that one grave mistake had been made 'by inadvertence' in drafting it. Now whose charter is it? It is repudiated by the Mayor; it is looked at askance by the Corporation Counsel, there is no one to care for it, no one to stand for it."

Mr. Prendergast stated his belief that the Gaynor charter, in its abolition of the interdepartmental checks, was undoing the results of twenty years of charter making and administration.

Done, He Says, for Political Power.

The Controller attacked the transfer of the Bureau of Municipal Investigation and Statistics from the Finance Department to the office of the Commissioner of Accounts, explaining that, while the title of this bureau seemed to suggest a general investigating agency, as a matter of fact it had come to be used almost entirely for the examination of claims and contracts and for the analysis of departmental estimates in the making of the budget. The Controller argued that to transfer it to the Commissioner of Accounts without vesting in that official the duties of the bureau was an absurdity.

Senator Rose of Newburg, a member of the committee, asked the Controller:

Q.—The Commissioner of Accounts is an appointee of the Mayor, is he not? A.—He is.

Q.—Doesn't that answer your question as to why the Bureau of Statistics was transferred? A.—Why so?

Q.—Because my feeling is that the purpose of that and of the other changes that we have noticed was to centralize power in the office of the Mayor without the check of your office. A.—I prefer not to go into that unless I am directed to do so. I came here expecting to have a nice, pleasant afternoon with you—

Senator Cullen interrupted to say that the committee would be glad to have the further views of the Controller, and Mr. Prendergast went on:

"I should say that the kind of control intended for the Mayor was that kind which gives political power—a useful thing sometimes—but accompanies it with such an assortment of loopholes through which to creep when things begin to get warm that he would be able to throw all the responsibility on his colleagues in the Board of Estimate.

Wants Responsibility Fixed.

"In this connection I might call attention to the provision for the Budgetary Committee. Now, there never was a Budgetary Committee until we started one a year ago, yet we find here a committee made up of the Mayor, the Controller, the City Engineer—an appointee of the Mayor—a Borough President, to be designated by the Mayor, (whichever boy might prove that he was a good boy,) and the Chairman of the Finance Committee of the Board of Aldermen."

The Controller stated his specific objection to the section of the charter taking the power of audit away from the Controller. This is the section in which, particularly, the efforts of Frank Smith are reflected. It gives the Corporation Counsel power over litigated claims against the city, and also provides:

> In case of the failure of the Controller to adjust and allow any claim filed with him within thirty days from the date of filing such claim with him, the claim and all accompanying papers shall be transferred to the Corporation Counsel, and thereafter the Corporation Counsel shall have exclusive jurisdiction over the investigation and settlement of such claim.

Anonymous Charges Read.

Assemblyman Hoey interrupted to read an anonymous letter published in a newspaper accusing the Controller's office of delaying payment of claims so as to support an army of "political loafers," and stating that it was necessary to "grease the ways" in order to get claims through. Hoey wanted to know if the charges were true, and Mr. Prendergast emphatically declared that they were not true, and asked the name of the complainant. The Assemblyman said the letter wasn't signed, whereupon Mr. Prendergast stated that he would refer the committee to any of the contractors with whom the city did business. He produced a statement showing that the average time of getting small claims through the finance department was ten days, and the time for larger claims fifteen days.

The Controller favored taking the collection of taxes out of the Controller's office, but considered it just as illogical to place this function under the City Chamberlain's, the Mayor's appointee, who does the city's banking. In place of either the present practice or that proposed by the Gaynor charter, Mr. Prendergast suggested the organization of a new bureau for the collection of all the city's revenue.

After Mr. Prendergast was through Frank Smith made his reply, stating that the Finance Department sections of the charter had been prepared by people with twenty years' experience in such matters, who were expert in such matters before the Controller "knew the difference between the debit and credit side of a ledger."

Board of Estimate Against It.

President John Purroy Mitchel of the Board of Aldermen asked if the committee would grant a hearing next Friday to the special committee to be appointed by the Board of Estimate to protest against the Charter.

Chairman Cullen asked what assurance Mr. Mitchel had that such a protest would be made, and Mr. Mitchel, at whose side sat Borough President McAneny, replied that nine of the sixteen votes in the Board of Estimate were pledged to it. Mr. McAneny confirmed this statement and Senator Cullen agreed that the board should be heard next Friday.

Corporation Counsel Watson, in his remarks, made reference to the general provisions regarding claims which have been most objected to, but said that the idea that the Law Department have jurisdiction over litigated claims arose from the desire not to have two Law Departments in the city.

There will be a further hearing this morning.

DRAPER AGAINST CHARTER.

Education Commissioner Says Provisions "Defy All Accepted Theories."

The public school provisions of the Mayor's proposed city Charter were severely attacked in a letter from State Commissioner of Education A. S. Draper, read last night at a mass meeting at Kismet Hall, Brooklyn. The meeting was under the auspices of the Brooklyn Teachers' Association, and to them the letter was addressed.

Dr. Draper gave it as his opinion that no educational law had been proposed in any important American city in many years which so audaciously defied all of the accepted theories of reform in school administration as does the proposed Charter, which the Mayor has disowned, but which was drawn up by the Corporation Counsel. The Mayor has, however, approved the principle of a paid board.

Dr. Draper says of the Charter draft, in his letter:

> It proposes to make the school system of New York City a department of the City Government when, as I believe, the Legislature has no power to do that, and when it is the last thing it ought to do if it had the power. It proposes to pay the members of the Board of Education for their services, when every experienced man knows that the service is of a kind which will easily command better men without pay than with it. It is not clear from the wording of the chapter whether it is intended that the members of the proposed Board shall be expert educationists or not, but it is sufficiently manifest that it confuses and would destroy the necessary balance between a lay board of control and an expert supervisory and teaching staff.
>
> In leaving it to the Board of Estimate to fix salaries it leaves every educational officer and every teacher in the system at the mercy of a political board chosen without any reference to the management of popular education. It mixes up the affairs of the schools with municipal business and politics, and makes petty politicians and subservient heelers of the men and women who would not be driven from the teaching service by the degradation to which that service would be brought.

Meetings, similar to that in Brooklyn, protesting against the measure are to be held by citizens and teachers in many parts of the city in the next few days.

FOR INCREASED LAND TAX.

Mr. Marsh Says It Will Prevent Double Burden from Falling on Tenants.

Benjamin C. Marsh, Secretary of the Congestion of Population Commission, spoke before the Tenants' Union last night on the bill which it has caused to be introduced at Albany, providing for a lower tax rate on buildings than on land. The object is to reduce rents.

"Every tenant, that is every taxpayer, in New York City, has been deeply affected doubtless by the statement that the Board of Estimate has asked him to vote $800,000,000 for city improvements for five years," said Mr. Marsh. "The city is to spend this amount in corporate stock issues in addition to the annual budget for current expenses which should average approximately $180,000,000 for each of the next five years; $1,700,000 is approximately the sum, therefore, which New York City contemplates spending within that period. This is equal to nearly one-half the total assessed valuation of land in New York, about $4,000,000,000. The expenditure of this $1,700,000 will be largely for the benefit of the owners of the land. Admittedly the only way to prevent the landlord from taxing the tenants, in addition to this tax which is going to be put on them by the city, is to increase the tax on land so that the owners who are getting the benefit of this enormous expenditure will have to pay the tax.

"Over four-fifths of the population of New York City are tenants and should arise as suffering men, women and children, and insist that the Legislature pass the bill and protect them from this dual taxation by the city and the land owners."

GUGGENHEIM ON BUSINESS.

People Abroad Laughing at Us for Letting Politics Rule Trade.

Isaac Guggenheim returned from abroad yesterday on the Cunard liner Lusitania. "The people of Europe are surprised at the blue streak displayed in the stock markets here," he said. "They expect a big boom every week, basing their expectations upon the splendid crop outlook and the general advance of prosperity.

"The present situation, acording to my idea, is due to the course followed by Congress and political meddling, the foreign business men laugh at the way we let politics influence business. The Americans are not law breakers but law keepers. What we need is more business and less politics. Eternal investigations are hurting our business. On the other side they cannot understand why the Supreme Court decisions in the trust cases have been held up so long.

"Business in England and Germany is good, and there is much prosperity on the other side, particularly in Germany."

Mr. Guggenheim was accompanied by his daughter, Mrs. W. I. Spiegelberg. He will go to San Francisco to meet his wife, who is returning from a voyage to the Far East.

We Want Your Wife

Who Cannot Eat Anything

Without Acidity, Gases, Eructations, Distress After Eating, Excess of Mucus, Nausea, to "Try One More Good Dinner."

Anything desired, same as when well, and while taking food SIP

MAN-A-CEA WATER

A Natural Mineral Spring Water. (Not a Laxative Water.)

It Rarely, if Ever, Fails to Restore Good Digestion.

Ask your friends who have tried it.

Park & Tilford, Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., Charles & Co., Hegeman, Riker, Bigelow and all First-Class Druggists and Grocers, or MANACEA WATER CO., 13 Stone St., N. Y.

Sweet Peas Prize Mixed

Our mixture is each year improved by the newest large-flowering novelties and hybrid seedlings. The daintiest shadings as well as the darker self-colors are all included.

Vaughan's Seeds 25 Barclay Street Catalogue Free

KILLS HER HUSBAND WHO LOVED ANOTHER

Finds Letters from a Younger Woman Who Didn't Know That He Was Married.

SURRENDERS TO POLICEMAN

Crazed by Jealousy, She Admits—Husband, a Grocery Clerk, Courted the Cashier.

In a fit of jealousy Mrs. Frances O'Shaughnessy, 24 years old, shot and killed her husband George, a grocer's clerk, 21 years old, yesterday afternoon in their room at 85 East 118th Street, and then walking to 124th Street and Third Avenue, told Policeman Kirk what she had done and asked him to arrest her. She told the Lieutenant at the East 126th Street Station she had discovered a batch of love letters which had passed between her husband and Tessie Hayes, the eighteen-year-old cashier at the grocery store where her husband was employed, and that, crazed with the thought of losing her husband's love when she was about to become a mother, she had shot him. She was locked up on the charge of murder. Later she made a written confession of the crime to Assistant District Attorney Stickney and to Lieutenant Detectives Herlighy and Enwright.

The woman wept bitterly and said she regretted killing her husband.

"I was mad with jealousy," she said, "and did not realize what I was doing. My poor George, my poor George!"

She told the police that she had $140 at home, her total savings. She asked if the money could not be sent to Father Phelan of St. Cecilia Church, with the request that the money be used to bury her husband and to have a mass said for the repose of his soul. Detective Enwright went to the house and the money was turned over to him by Mrs. Caroline Gayer, the woman's landlady. He took it to Father Phelan, who said he would carry out Mrs. O'Shaughnessy's wishes. Mrs. O'Shaughnessy told Mrs. Marron, the matron, at the Station House she had eaten nothing for three days.

The O'Shaughnessys had boarded with Mrs. Gayer for two months. O'Shaughnessy had been in the employ of the J. Healey Grocery Stores for three years. About two months ago he was transferred to one of their stores at 1,998 Third Avenue, and became infatuated with Tessie Hayes of 226 East 100th Street, the pretty cashier of the establishment.

As was his custom he returned to his home early yesterday afternoon, and was to resume his work at the store later. Mrs. O'Shaughnessy had spent the morning at the home of a Mrs. Ford at 43 East Seventy-fourth Street, where she had been assisting in the housework. In a cabinet drawer at the Ford home the woman found a revolver, which she concealed in her dress and brought home with her.

Tenants in the house heard O'Shaughnessy and his wife quarreling, but thought nothing of it, as the couple had quarreled frequently of late. Then three shots were heard in rapid succession, and Mrs. O'Shaughnessy stepped into the hall and told one of the tenants that she had shot her husband and was going to the station house to give herself up. The first bullet went wild, the second struck O'Shaughnessy in the right forearm, and the third struck him in the region of the heart. Mrs. O'Shaughnessy said that after the shots were fired her husband had dropped to his knees and had died with a prayer on his lips.

Tessie Hayes, the cashier of the grocery store, did not know until later in the day that O'Shaughnessy had been killed. When told she cried hysterically. She said that O'Shaughnessy was transferred to the store where she was employed less than two months ago, and that was the first she had seen of the man. O'Shaughnessy, she said, showered attentions upon her, and, as she had no idea that he was married, she made no effort to discourage his attentions.

"George was good looking," she said, "and when I saw that he liked me it made me very happy. There was not much opportunity for me to talk to George in the store, because I was behind the desk all of the time, and he was kept pretty busy waiting on customers. So we used to write foolish little love notes on slips of paper, and the clerks in the store would act as messengers for us. They were such silly notes as people who like each other very much are in the habit of writing. George told me that he loved me more than anything else in the world, and that he would go through fire and water and even death to win me. And all of the time I never suspected that he was married. I am a communicant of St. Lucy's Church, at 388 East 104th Street, and several times George accompanied me to church. I told my priest about George, and he advised me not to have too much to do with him until I knew all about him.

"It was not until last Monday night that I found out that George was a married man and how much he had deceived me. He suggested after we quit work that we take a stroll. We were walking along Third Avenue, not a great distance from the store, when a woman came running up to us. George looked frightened. The woman asked me if I knew that the man I was with was her husband. I told her I supposed he was a single man. She then showed me the marriage ring on her finger and told me that she had worked hard to make George a good wife and had done everything possible to make him happy. She asked George if he could deny that she was his wife and George said nothing. Then she ordered him home. I told her I was sorry I had caused such trouble and told her I would have nothing more to do with George, and offered her my hand, but she refused to take it, and the couple went home.

"When I went home I sat down and wrote George a letter. I told him to be true to his marriage vows, and told him that if he had not loved his wife he would never have married her, and I told him it was his duty to be a good husband to her. Now he is dead and his wife is locked up in the station house it is terrible."

Neighbors said that the knowledge of O'Shaughnessy's deception had been a heavy blow to his wife. They said that in her delicate condition it had been more of a mental strain than she could stand.

When the body of O'Shaughnessy was searched at the Morgue letters were found which were presumably written by Miss Hayes, showing that after she learned that he was a married man they discussed his getting a divorce and marrying her. The letters showed that the aunt and uncle of the girl had importuned her to give the man up. In a letter to the girl O'Shaughnessy begs her not to think of giving him up, and tells her he could not live without her.

BURNS RESTAURANT FAILS.

Creditors File Petition in Bankruptcy and Receiver Is Appointed.

The Burns Restaurant and Hotel Company, which controls Burns's restaurant, at Forty-fifth Street and Sixth Avenue, has been put in the hands of receivers by Judge Hough of the United States Circuit Court as a result of a petition in bankruptcy filed by James Billings & Sons, the Manhattan Products Company, and John J. Sullivan, whose claims are $377, $128, and $159 respectively. The receivers are Robert B. De Camp, secretary and treasurer of the restaurant company, and Wilbur Lawrence. They gave a bond of $5,000 and were authorized to continue the business for ten days.

The assets of the company were estimated at $10,000, and it was stated that some suits have been brought against the company by creditors.

Burns's restaurant was started in 1880 by Samuel F. Burns, and after his death on March 1, 1903, the business was carried on by his estate for three months, when it was taken over by the Burns Restaurant and Hotel Company, organized with a capital stock of $200,000. The officers were Frederick R. Fitchett, President; Emily E. Burns, Vice President, and Robert B. De Camp, Secretary and Treasurer.

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HOW BETTER MADE

A name worth looking for. If the Young label is in *your* hat, you will have no doubts as to STYLE. The quality will prove its own case.

Derbies & Soft Hats $3 & $4.

Broadway at Dey St. | Broadway at Houston St.
Broadway at 14th St. | Broadway at 34th St.
Broadway at 38th St. | Broadway at Beaver St.
Fifth Ave. at 42d St. | Nassau St. at Fulton St.
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TO ORDER FOR $17.00

Two piece suit choice from 20 styles of high class worsted serges and 30 styles of plain and fancy cheviots. These goods must be seen to be appreciated, as they would cost double elsewhere.

ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

You Can Now Reach Philadelphia *by* Telephone in 60 Seconds

How to Call:

To make a "Two-Number" call give your operator first the name of the City, then the Exchange, then the Number; for example: "Philadelphia—Filbert 2790."

Remain at the telephone with the receiver at your ear until the connection is completed.

How to Obtain a Philadelphia Number:

In case you do not know the Philadelphia or Camden number, ask your operator for "Information Operator."

This rapid Long Distance Telephone Service is called "Two-Number" Service because calls are made by *Number* instead of by name. It will be in effect between New York and Philadelphia on and after May 1st, 1911, and the charge will be reduced to **65 cents** for the first three minutes; 20 cents for each additional minute.

If you desire to make a "*particular person*" call, ask for "Long Distance" and give the details of your call in the usual manner. The charge for this "particular person" Long Distance Service to Philadelphia will remain 75c. for a three-minute conversation, and 25c. for each additional minute. *Special calls*, such as "appointment," "messenger," and "collect" (or "reversed") calls, are also classed as "*particular person*" calls.

You will find, however, that the new "TWO-NUMBER" Service is a greater time-saver.

This "Two-Number" Service is available from all points in Greater New York, but, for the present, service will be somewhat slower from the following Exchanges:

City Island, Kingsbridge, Marble,
Williamsbridge, Westchester, New Dorp.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY

SAYS PRIZE PIG IS LAME.

Miss Pearsall Won It at Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont's Bucolic Dance.

Miss Ruth Pearsall of Baldwin, L. I., has heard the proverb about looking a gift horse in the mouth, but she does not think it applies to looking a gift pig in the leg. She won a pig a few evenings ago at a dance given by Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, at Freeport, L. I., in aid of the Hempstead Hospital, of which Mrs. Belmont was the founder, and she asserts that instead of the pig being a sound, kind, sweet-tempered animal, as she was led to suppose, she has found it to be lame, and, strictly considered as a pig, worth nothing at all.

At her home yesterday Mrs. Belmont denied, somewhat indignantly, that the pig offered by her as a prize at the barn dance in Freeport was a deformed animal. If the pig received by Miss Pearsall has one of its hind legs badly twisted, as Miss Pearsall and her father declare, she cannot explain its condition.

The barn dance given for the hospital was more typical of the country than most affairs of the kind. It was announced that the best dancer would receive a pig. Miss Pearsall proved herself the most expert at the terpsichorean art, and, accordingly, was awarded the porker. After it arrived at her home she wrote a complaint to Mrs. Belmont regarding the pig. The latter's secretary, J. A. MacMahon, replied. He declared that the pig was a perfectly good pig when it was sent to Miss Pearsall. Miss Pearsall left the matter to a committee of Baldwin farmers. They solemnly inspected the porker and unanimously agreed that it had been lame ever since the day it was born.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
4:25—Opp. 460 6th Av.; Degnon Cont. Co.	$10
5:00—68 Crosby St.; N. Doddato	$3,000
8:25—1,661 Morris Av.; C. Hauser	Trifling
8:35—106 W. 139th St.; H. Einstein	$50
9:25—16 E. 8th St.; Manhattan Art Co.	$25
10:30—198 Clinton St.; I. Atlaswitch	Trifling
10:40—229 W. 62d St.; S. Keene	$25
11:25—1,186 3d Av.; Jackson Stationery Co.	$10
11:55—254 7th Av.; Trammerson Realty Co.	$500
P. M.	
12:10—Foot of 34 Convent Av; Congo Greto	Trifling
3:00—253 West 60th St.; P. Montemera	$100
4:10—139th St. and Harlem River	None
4:45—217 Monroe St.; J. Denstnick	Trifling
5:45—13 Vestry St.; Felice Coggiano	$50
6:30—123 West 117th St.; Mrs. Jennie Lovett	Trifling
6:30—469 West 166th St.; D. Coffee	Trifling
7:05—1,178 Washington Av.; Mr. Piser	$300
7:15—236 West 126th St.; C. J. Kelleher	Trifling
7:50—74 Grand St.; Mellick & Co.	$5,000
8:00—293-295 Monroe St.; J. Van Brunt & Son	Trifling
8:25—398 10th Av.; Samuel Hollander	Trifling
8:50—230 East 60th St.; A. Steiner	Trifling
9:25—350 East 55th St.; Astor Estate	Trifling
10:40—1, 3, 5, and 7 Delancey St.; George Horn	Trifling
10:40—420 East 84th St.; John Mullin	$10
11:15—131 West 23d St.; James Wilson	$50
11:20—65 Greene St.; Davis & Co.	$500

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Quick and handy. The only self-sharpening razor.

Strops, shaves, cleans, without detaching blade.

All dealers sell it on thirty days' trial.

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WINTER GARDEN Evs. at 8. Matinees Tues., Thurs. & Sat. 2. 50th St. & B'way. Telephone 411 Columbus. "THE MUSICAL REVUE OF 1911", Ballet, Spectacle, Musical, Variete and Comedy Features. MATINEE TO-DAY 50c. to $1.50. 30 STARS. 250 NEAR STARS. SPECIAL SUNDAY NIGHT CONCERTS. 20 ACTS—3-HOUR SHOW.

LYRIC 42d, W. of B'way. Evs. at 8. Matinee To-day 2:15. 4 Weeks Only. WM. A. BRADY'S All-Star Revival of the Famous Union Square Theatre Success, THE LIGHTS O' LONDON By Geo. R. Sims.

DALY'S B'way & 50th St. Mr. Mantell Mat. To-day 2:15. THE MERCHANT OF VENICE; To-night 8:15. RICHARD III. NEXT and LAST Week: Mon. Eve., LOUIS XI.; Tues. Eve., THE MERCHANT OF VENICE; Wed. Mat., Wed. Thurs., Fri., Sat. Nights and Sat. Mat., JULIUS CAESAR.

THE PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8. Tel. 2628 Bryant. Mat. To-day 2:30. OVER NIGHT IN NEW YORK

CASINO Broadway & 39th. Evenings 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15. LOUISE GUNNING in A BALKAN PRINCESS

BROADWAY Thea., B'way & 41st. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15. LEW FIELDS IN THE HEN-PECKS

Maxine Elliott's Thea., 39th, bet. B'y & 6th Ave. Mat. To-day 2:30. Evs. 8:30. THE DEEP PURPLE By Armstrong and Mizner.

39th Street THEA., 39th, nr. B'way. Ev. 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15. JOHN MASON In Augustus Thomas' best play, AS A MAN THINKS.

William Collier's Comedy Thea., 41st, E. of B'y. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:20. William Collier in The Dictator

Lew Fields' Herald Sq. B'way & 35th St. Evs. 8:20. Matinee To-day 2:20. EVERYWOMAN (Her Pilgrimage in Quest of Love.) "EVERYWOMAN" MARKS AN EPOCH IN THE HISTORY OF AMERICAN DRAMA AND LIFE."—Elbert Hubbard.

MAJESTIC Broadway & 59th St. Evs. 8:15. Popular Prices. 25c-$1.50. Italian Comic Opera Co. Today & Tonight Boccaccio. NEXT MONDAY. Seats on Sale Now. THE SMART SET WITH S. H. Dudley AND Ada Overton Walker

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Begins 8:30. Matinees To-day & Thurs. 2:30. MRS. FISKE In MRS. BUMPSTEAD-LEIGH.

KNICKERBOCKER, Broadway & 38th St. Evening 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15. RALPH HERZ IN DR. De LUXE The Novelty Musical Comedy Success, By the authors of "Madame Sherry."

HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:20. DAVID BELASCO presents BLANCHE BATES In NOBODY'S WIDOW.

FOLIES BERGERE 40th St. B'way. RESTAURANT—THEATRE—MUSIC HALL. Telephone 8400 Bryant. MATINEE TO-DAY 2:15 to 5. LUNCHEON FROM 12:30. Tea, De Luxe at 4 o'cl. Interm. 2 REVUES & BALLET. NIGHTLY—DINNER from 6 o'cl. through Eve. Continuous service 8:15 to 11. Revues and Ballet—ETHEL LEVEY and 200 Artists. 11:15 to 1 A. M., SUPPER & CABARET. 10 Acts. SUNDAY 6:30 to 11:30 DINING CONCERT & CABARET SHOW.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. at 8:15. Last Matinee To-day 2:15. LAST 2 TIMES Spectacular Dramatic Triumph. THAIS NEXT MONDAY (Seats Selling) FRANCIS WILSON In THE BACHELOR'S BABY.

New Amsterdam W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15. THE PINK LADY Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy De Luxe.

LIBERTY W. 42d St. Overture 8:15. LAST SIX WEEKS. WILL REOPEN EARLY IN AUGUST. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15. Christie Macdonald in The Spring Maid.

"EXCUSE ME" AT THE GAIETY 46th St. & B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:30. 100th PERFORMANCE WED. EVE., MAY 10th. SOUVENIRS.

At Charles Dillingham's GLOBE 46 St. & B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mat. To-day 2:15. A Laugh or a Song Hit Every Minute. BAYES & NORWORTH In "LITTLE MISS FIX-IT."

GEO. M. COHAN'S THEATRE, B'way, 43 St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. GET RICH QUICK WALLINGFORD Phone 292 Bryant. COHAN'S BIGGEST HIT

GRAND Opera House, 23d St., 8 Av. 25c. to $1. Mat. To-day ALMA WHERE DO YOU LIVE

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. P. Armstrong's "Romance of the Underworld." Rush & Richfield Co., others.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. ELSIE JANIS and other Star Acts.

BRONX 149th St. & 3d Av. Daily Mat. 25c. Gus Edwards Song Revue, Rooney & Bent, McMahon & Chappelle.

MANHATTAN Opera House, 34th St., 8th Ave. 25c to $1. Wed. Mat. 25 & 50c. DE WOLF HOPPER—A MATINEE IDOL. Next Week—MADAME X—Original Co.

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50 STARS; also acts and other features from all the prominent N. Y. successes; also 100 leading actresses in black face in the All-Star Minstrels at the Monster Testimonial to Professional Woman's League. HUDSON THEATRE NEXT TUESDAY AFT'N. SEATS NOW.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:15. This Afternoon 2:15. MABEL HITE'S A HIT In "A CERTAIN PARTY."

BELASCO 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Thurs. 2:20. 276th TIME TO-NIGHT 'THE CONCERT"

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ACADEMY OF MUSIC. 10, 20 & 30c. THE WOLF Next Week—THE MAN OF THE HOUR.

COLUMBIA. B'way & 47th. BURLESQUE. To-day, 2:15. To-night, 8:15, 25c. to $1. Smoking.